MIG

MI'GA, f. f. a crumb. MI'GAS, a dish so called. MIGAJA, s. f. a bit, a crumb; a small portion or share of any great thing that is to be divided. MIGAJA'DA, s. f. a small bit. MIGAJO'N, s. m. a great piece of the crumb of bread without crust. MIGAJUE'LA, a little bit. MIGA'R, v. a. to crumble bread. MIGRATO'RIO, adj. passing, moving from one place to another.

MIJ

M170, f. m. the grain called millet. Mijo del sol, the herb groundsel.

MIL MIL, f. m. a thousand. Mil véces, a thousand times. MILAGRE'RO, f. m. the person who easily believes miracles. MILA'GRO, f. m. a miracle. Prov. Hägase el milagro, y hagalo el diabló, so the miracle be wrought, no matter if the devil do it. MILAGROSAME'NTE, adv. miraculoufly. MILAGRO'SO, adj. miraculous. MILANE'S, f. m. in cant, a pistol. MILA'NO, s.m. a kite. Milános, pl. so children call the flowers of thisles which fly about when blown upon. MILE'NTA, s. f. a thousand. Vul-MILE'RO, s. m. a bird called a titmouse. MILE'SIMO, adj. thousandth.

MILI'CIA, f. f. warfare; also the militia.

MILICIA'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the militia.

MILITA'R, v.n. to serve as a soldier. MILITA'L, adj. of, or belonging to soldiery or warfare.

MI'LITE, f. m. a foldier.

MILITA'NTE, adj. militant, serving as a foldier.

Iglésia militante, the church militant, the church of God upon earth that fights under his banner.

MILITARME'NTE, adv. according to military discipline.

MI'LITE f. m. a foldier.

MI'LLA, f. f. a mile, a thousand paces.

MI'LLAR, f. m. a thousand; also between three and four pounds of cocoa. MILLARA'DA s. f. the quantity of one thousand of any thing.

MILLO'N, f. m. a million, ten hundred thousand.

MIM

MIMA'R, v. a. to coax, to flatter, to wheedle.

MIMBRA'L, f. m. a place where oziers grow.

MI'MBRE, f. m. ozier.

oziers.

MIMBRE'RA, f. f. the place in which MIRABOLA'NO, f. m. the mirabolan, oziers grow.

MIMBRERA'L, f. m. the flock on which oziers grow, or the place where they

grow. MIMBRO'SO, adj. that is built with

oziers. MI'MO, f. m. a jefter, a mimick.

MIIMO'SO, adj. coy, affected, mimick.

MIN

MI'NA, f. f. a mine dug under ground,

either to undermine a place, or to dig out metal.

Mina mayor, in cant, gold. Mina menor, in cant, filver, Mina ludia, in cant, copper. MINADO'R, f. m. a miner. MINA'R, v.a. to undermine.

Minarse, v. r. in cant, to be gone. MINE'RA, f. f. 7 what is the vein of MINE'RO, f. m. \ metal in the mine. MINERA'L, f. m. mineral dug out of

a mine.

Minéro, a miner. MINIATU'RA, f. f. miniature, painting in little.

MI'NIMO, adj. the least.

Mínimo, s. m. a friar of the religious order of the Minimes who never eat flesh.

MI'NIO, f. m. vermillion. MINISTE'RIO, f. m. ministry, service,

discharge of duty. MINISTRA'R, v. a. to serve, to attend.

MINISTRI'L, f. m. a minstril, a mufician.

MINI'STRO, f. m. a minister, an officer, a fervant.

 $\pi IINORA'R$, v. a. to lessen. MINORATIVO, adj. that shortens or lessens any thing.

MINORIDA'D, f. f. minority.

MINOTAU'RO, f. m. a minotaure, feigned by poets to be half man and half bull.

MINTRO'SO, adj. obf. that tells lies. MINU'CIAS, f. f. pl. a fort of small tithes of fruit; trifles.

MINU'SCULA, f. f. fmall letter.

MINU'TA, f. f. a minute in writing; also a pocket-book or memorandum, a minute-book.

MINUTA'R, v. a. to make minutes of any thing.

MINUTO, f. m. a minute. MINUTO, adj. minute, small, very

little.

MIn

MInA'RSE, v. r. in cant, to go away, to remove.

MIO

MI'O, pron. poss. mine. Prov. Lo mín, mío, y lo tuyo de entrambos, what is mine is my own, and what is yours is for both of us.

MIR

MIRA, f. f. the aim of a gun; also intention, delign.

Miras de proa, a sea term; the chaseguns; two guns in the forepart of the ship fired upon those that are purfued.

Estár a la mira, to be in fight or looking on, to observe with particular care.

Poner la mira, to aim at one thing, to endeavour to get it.

MIRABE'L, f. m. a fort of yellow honey-fuckle.

MIMBREA'R, v. n. to work with MIRA'BLE, adj. wonderful, admirable.

a medicinal fruit so called.

MIRACULOSAMENTE, adv. miraculoufly, wonderfully.

MIR ACULO'SO, adj. wonderful, miraculous.

MIRAIDA, f. f. a look, a view, a cast of the eyes over a thing.

AHRADE'RO, f. m. a place to look out at.

MIRA'DO, adj. also considerate. Hombre mirádo, a man that confiders what he does.

MIRADO'R, f. m. the leads, or a turret on the top of a house; a balcony to look about.

MIRADURA, f. f. the action of look. ing.

MIRA'GLO, f. m. obf. v. MILAGRO. MIRAMAMOLI'N, f. m. the title given by the Moors to their great emperors. MIRAMIE'NTO, f. m. regard, conside. ration, reflection.

MIRA'R, v. a. to look, to behold, to regard, to observe, to consider. Mirar al traves, to squint, to cast a side

look. Mirár por encima, to look at any thing without attention.

Mirás se a los piés, is for one to know his defects.

Mirarse en alguno, to love one, to cherish him. Mirár sobre hombro, to look with con-

tempt or anger. Mirar de bito en bito, to look directly and

stedfastly on a thing. Prov. Quien adelante no mira atras fi balla, he who does not look before him, finds himself behind; that is, if a man has not a forecast, he will fail in his business, and be behing.

hand. MIRASO'L, f. m. the fun-flower.

MIRITA'QUE, f. m. moveable goods of small value.

MI'RLA, f. f. a black-bird; but, in cant, an ear.

MIRLA'DO, adj. precise, formal. MIRLAMIE'NIO, f. m. gravity, formality, preciseness.

MHRLA'RSE, v. r. to draw up the mouth, to be formal, to play the hy-. pocrite, to be grave.

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MI'RLO, f. m. gravity and affectation in the face; also a black-bird.

MIRO'N, f. m. a looker on, especially used for lookers on at play.

MIRRAU'STE, f. m. a sort of sauce made of pounded almonds for boiled fowl.

MIRUE'DANOS, s. m. pl. strawber-JICS.

MIS

MISCELA'NEA, f. f. a miscellany. MISERA'BLE, adj. miserable, covetous, wretched. MISER ABLEME'NTE, adv. miserably,

covetoufly, wretchedly. MISERAME'NTE, adv. wretchedly,

miserably. MISERE'RE, f. m. the procession in

which is fung the pfalm Miserie min MISE'RIA, f. f. misery, wretchedness covetousness. MISERICO'RDIA, f. f. mercy, puy

compassion. MISERICORDIOSAME'NTE,

mercifully. MISERICORDIO'SO, adj. mercifol. MISERO, adj. miserable, wretched, ch. vetous, poor, diffiessed.

MISE'RRIMO, adj. very wretched miferable.

MI'SMO, prep. perfonal, the same. MI'SSA, f. f. the mass, the service is

the Roman church. Missa rezáda, a private mass. Missi mayor, high mass.

Missa del gállo, the mass said at midnight on Christmas Day.

Miffa del álva, the mass said at break of day.

Prov. Van a missa los zapateros, ruis 10 a Dios que mueran carneros, the flies makers go to mass and pray to God that sheep may die, that so leather may be cheap; every man prays 10 God for his own advantage, though it be be to the detriment of another.

Prov. Buéno es missa missar, y cása quardár, it is good to go to mass, and to keep house; that is, it is good to serve God, but not to neglect the care of the samily upon pretence of being at church all day.

Prov. No éntra en méssa la campána y a sódos lláma, the bell does not go to mass, and yet it calls others; some preach much sanctity and practise

Prov Oyr missa, y dar celáda, no impide joi náda, to hear mass, and give a herse oats, does not hinder a jour-

prov. No sabér de la missa la média, not to know half the mais; that is, to be very ignorant.

MISSACANTA'NO, f. m. a priest that says his first mass; in cant, a cock.

MISSA'L, s. m. a missal, a mass book.

MISSA'RIO, s. m. a boy that serves at mass.

MISSIO'N, f. f. a mission, commonly of priests to preach and teach.

MISSIONE'RO.] f. m. a missionary, MISSIONA'RIO, one sent to propagate religion.

MISSI'VO, adj. missive, sent, to be sent.

MISSI'VA, f. f. a letter.
MISTE'LA, f. f. a cordial water.

MIT

MITA'D, f. f. the moiety, the half.
MITA'N, f. m. a flight fort of Holland.

MITHRIDA'TICO, adj. belonging to mithridate.

MITHRIDA'TO, s. m. mithridate, an antidote so called.

MITIGACIO'N, s. f. mitigation, moderation.

MITIGADO'R, f. m. asswager, pacifier.

MITIGA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to asswage, to pacify.

MITIGATIVO, adj. that will mitigate or asswage.

MITO'TE, s. m. an Indian dance so called.

MITRA, f. f. a bishop's mitre; it is also waggishly applied to signify a fort of cap made of pasteboard, which they put on the heads of bawds convicted, when led to punishment by the Inquisition.

MITRADO, adj. wearing a mitre; said of certain privileged abbots.

MIX

MIXTIFO'RI, s. m. a crime which the fecular or ecclesiastical tribunal can chastise.

MIXTILI'NEO, adj. in geometry, applied to a figure that describes a straight line and a curve on one side.

MIXTIO'N, s. f. mixtuse.

MIXTU'RA, f. f. mixture; also bread made of several kinds of corn.

MIXTU'RAR, v. a. to mix, to mingle.

MIZ, a word used to call cats.

MIZ, MIZO, s. m. a cat.

Mizo, f. m. in cant, one wanting one of his limbs, or one that is left-handed.

M O A

MO'A, f. f. in cant, money.

M O B

MO'BIL, adj. moveable.

Primér mobil, the primum mobile of the heavens.

MOBILIDA'D, f. f. mobility.

MO'BLE, adj. vid. MOVI'BLE.

MOC

MOCADE'RO, s. m. an old name for a handkerchief.

MOCADO'R, s. m. a handkerchief.

MOCADO'R, f. m. a handkerchief.
MOCA'NTE, f. m. in cant, a handkerchief.

MOCARRO, f. m. fnot.

MOCEA'R, v. a. to act like young people.

MOCEDAD, f. f. youth; an unlucky trick of youth.

MOCETO'N, f. m. a lusty young fellow.

MOCETO'NA, f. f. a lusty young wench.

MOCHA'DA, f. f. a blow given with the head.

MOCHA'R. v. a. to cut smooth, to cut off the horns, or the like.

MOCHA'ZO, f. m. the blow given with the butt end of a musket.

MO'CHE, adv. used in the phrase, a troche moche, without consideration, rashly, hand over head.

MOCHETA, f. f. a term in architecture; the edge of any work, particularly the columns.

MOCHETE, f. m. the tassel of a sparrow hawk.

MOCHI'L, f. m. a Boy that follows the camp.

MOCHILA, s. f. a scrip, a budget, a wallet, a false cover of a saddle, a port-manteau.

Mochila de grano, the husk of a seed in fruit.

MOCHILE'RO, f. m. a boy or servant, that carries the wallet or budget, a boy that follows the camp.

MOCHI'N, f. m. the executioner or hangman.

MO'CHO, adj. bare, smooth.

Carnéro mócho, a sheep that has no horns, that has the horns cut.

Arból mócho, a tree without brañches.

Mócho de arcabúz, the but end of a musket.

Pásse mócha por cornúda; let a beast without horns go sor one with horne. If we cannot have what we will, we must take what we can.

MOCHUE'LO, s. m. a horn owl.

MOCIO'N, s. f. motion; also tendency of the mind; also an inspiration.

MOCITO, f. m. a little young lad. MO'CO, f. m. fnot:

Mocos de berréro, the large flakes that fly off when the smith hammers iron.

Moco de candil, the knob that grows on the top of the snuff of a lamp or candle, for want of snuffing

Escogido a móco de candil, chosen by candle de light; that is, carefully examined.

MOCO'SO, adj. snotty.

M O D

MO'DA, f. f. use, custom, fashion. MODA'L, adj. belonging to use, custom, or fallion. MODE'LO, f. m. a model to build or do any thing by, a pattern. MODERACIO'N, f. f. moderation. MODERADAME'NTE, adv. moderately. MODERA'DO, adj. moderate. MODERADO'R, f. m. a moderator. MODERA'R, v. a. to moderate. MODERATO'RIO, adj. which can moderate or bring into order. MODERNAME'NTE, adv. newly, of latter times. MODE'RNO, adj. modern, of the latter times. MODEST'AME'NTE, adv. modefly, decently, composedly. MODE'STIA, f. f. modelly.

MODE'STO, adj. modelt, decent, com. posed.

MODIFICACIO'N, s. f. bringing into measure, modification.

MODIFICADO'R, f. m. the person who brings into measure or compass.

MODIFICA'R, v a. to bring into meafure or compass.

MODILLO, f. m. a particular manner. MODILLO'N, f. m. a modillion; in architecture, a certain support or moulding.

MO'DIO, f. m. a buffiel.

MODISTA, s. m. the person who observes and sollows the new fashions. MO'DO, s. m. the mean or manner; also used for decency, behaviour.

MODO'RRA, s. f. lethargy; also the dead of night when all are asseep.

Q árco de la modórra, the second watch in the night, being the dead of night

when all people are affeep.

MODORRA'R, v. n. to be drowfy, fleepy, or lethargick.

Moderiarse, v. r. to grow flabby and ready to rot; said of fruits.

MODORRI'LLA, f. f. a disease among the sheep; also the third watch of the night.

MODO'RRO, f. m. one that has a lethargy; a flow, heavy, foolish sel-

low.

MODRE'GO, f. m. a dunce, a block-

head, a dull fellow.

MODULACIO'N, f. f. sweetness, an agreeable harmony in the voice or infirument.

MODULA'R, v. n. to fing with harmony.

MO'DULO, s. m. a module, a term in architecture, signifying a part or quantity by which to calculate, adjust, and compose the rest of the members of an order.

MODU'RRIA, f. f. folly, ignorance.

MOE

MOE'DA, f. f. an old grove of oaks, a forest.

M O F

MO'FA, f. f. scoff, jeer, mock, mockery.
MOFADO'R, a scoffing jeering person.
MOFADU'RA, f. f. a mocking or
jeering.

MOFA'R, v. a. to scoff, to mock, to jeer. MOFLE'TES, s.m. pl. puffed up cheeks.

M O G

MO'GA, f. f. in cant, money.

MOGA'IE, f. m. a coarfe fort of glazing upon carthen ware.

Hacer una cosa de médio mogate, to do a thing by halves; taken from the pans which are glazed only within, and not without, which they call médio mogato, or half glazing.

MOGATO, s. in. vid MGOIGA' TO MO'GE, s. in. broth of any kind.
MOGE'LES, s. f. pl. on board ships, cer-

tain boxes fo:called.

MOGICO'N, f. m. a fift elenched; a box on the ear.

any ridiculous person or feast.

MOGIGATO, f. m. a fly knave, like a cat, who, when you speak lovingly to her, cringes, and, when you least think of it, claws you.

MOGOLLO'N, f. m. a lump, a clod, a shapeless piece; also a spunger, an interloper.

Interloper.

Comer de magalón, to spunge upon others.

MOGO'TES, s. m. pl. the horns of a

MOGO'MES, f. m. pl. the horns of a young deer sprouting out.
MOGRO'LLO, f. m. who cats and

drinks at the expence of others; adject used, unpolite uncivil.

[R r r] MQII

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MIMBRO'SO, adj. that is built with Oziers.

MI'MO, f. m. a jester, a mimick. ALIMO'SO, adj. coy, affected, mimick.

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MINIATU'RA, f. f. miniature, painting in little.

MI'NIMO, adj. the least.

Minimo, f. m. a friar of the religious order of the Minimes who never eat flesh.

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Prov Oyr missa, y dar celáda, no impide joi náda, to hear mass, and give a horse oats, does not hinder a jour-

Prov. No sabér de la missa la média, not to know half the mais; that is, to be very ignorant.

MISSACANTA'NO, f. m. a priest that says his first mass; in cant, a cock.

MISSA'L. s. m. a missal, a mass book.

MISSA'RIO, s. m. a boy that serves at mass.

MISSIO'N, f. f. a mission, commonly of priests to preach and teach.

MISSIONE'RO. If. m. a missionary, MISSIONA'RIO, one sent to propagate religion.

MISSI'VO, adj. missive, sent, to be sent.

MISSI'VA, f. f. a letter.
MISTE'LA, f. f. a cordial water.

MIT

MITA'D, f. f. the moiety, the half.

MITA'N, f. m. a flight fort of Holland.

MITHRIDA'TICO, adj. belonging to mithridate.

MITHRIDA'TO, s. m. mithridate, an antidote so called.

MITIGACIO'N, s. f. mitigation, mode-

MITIGADO'R, f. m. asswager, pacifier.

MITIGA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to asswage, to pacify.

to pacify.

MITIGATI'VO, adj. that will mitigate

or asswage.

MITO'TE, s. m. an Indian dance so called.

MITRA, s. f. a bishop's mitre; it is also waggishly applied to signify a fort of cap made of pasteboard, which they put on the heads of bawds convicted, when led to punishment by the Inquisition.

MITRA'DO, adj. wearing a mitre; said of certain privileged abbots.

MIX

MIXTIFO'RI, s. m. a crime which the fecular or ecclesiastical tribunal can chastise.

MIXTILI'NEO, adj. in geometry, applied to a figure that describes a straight line and a curve on one side.

MIXTIO'N, s. f. mixture.

MIXTO, adj. mixed, mingled.

MIXTU'RAA, f. f. mixture; also bread made of several kinds of corn.

MIXTU'RAR, v. a. to mix, to mingle.

MIZ, a word used to call cats.

MIZ, MIZO, s. m. a cat.

Mizo, s. m. in cant, one wanting one of

his limbs, or one that is left-handed.

M O A

MO'A, f. f. in cant, money.

M O B

MO'BIL, adj. moveable.

Primér mobil, the primum mobile of the heavens.

MOBILIDA'D, f. f. mobility.

MO'BLE, adj. vid. MOVI'BLE.

MOC

MOCADE'RO, f. m. an old name for a handkerchief.

MOCADO'R, f. m. a handkerchief.

MOCA'NTE, f. m. in cant, a handkerchief.

MOCARRO, f. m. fnot.

MOCEA'R, v. a. to act like young people.

MOCEDA'D, f. f. youth; an unlucky trick of youth.

MOCETO'N, f. m. a lusty young fel-

low.

MOCETO'NA, f. f. a lufty young wench.

MOCHA'DA, f. f. a blow given with the head.

MOCHA'R. v. a. to cut smooth, to cut off the horns, or the like.

MOCHA'ZO, f. m. the blow given with the butt end of a musket.

MO'CHE, adv. used in the phrase, a troche moche, without consideration, rashly, hand over head.

MOCHE'TA, s. f. a term in architecture; the edge of any work, particularly the columns.

MOCHETE, f. m. the tassel of a sparrow-hawk.

MOCHI'L, f. m. a Boy that follows the camp.

MOCHILA, s. f. a scrip, a budget, a wallet, a false cover of a saddle, a port-manteau.

Mochila de grano, the husk of a seed in fruit.

MOCHILE'RO, f. m. a boy or servant, that carries the wallet or budget, a boy that follows the camp.

MOCHI'N, f. m. the executioner or hangman.

MO'CHO, adj. bare, smooth.

Carnéro múcho, a sheep that has no horns, that has the horns cut.

Arból mócho, a tree without branches.

Mócho de arcabúz, the but end of a musket.

Pásse mócha por cornúda; let a beast without horns go sor one with horne. Is we cannot have what we will, we must take what we can.

MOCIO'N, f. f. motion; also tendency of the mind; also an inspiration.

MOCI'TO, f. m. a little young lad. MO'CO, f. m. fnot:

Mócos de berréro, the large flakes that fly off when the smith hammers iron.

Móco de candil, the knob that grows on the top of the snuff of a lamp or candle, for want of snuffing

Escogido a móco de candil, chosen by candle light; that is, carefully examined.

MOCO'SO, adj. snotty.

M O D

MO'DA, f. f. use, custom, fashion. MODA'L, adj. belonging to use, custom, or fashion. MODE'LO, f. m. a model to build or do any thing by, a pattern. MODERACIO'N, f. f. moderation. MODERADAME'NTE, adv. moderately. MODERA'DO, adj. moderate. MODERADO'R, f. m. a moderator. MODERA'R, v. a. to moderate. MODERATO'RIO, adj. which can moderate or bring into order. MODERNAME'NTE, adv. newly, of latter times. MODE'RNO, adj. modern, of the latter times. MODESTAME'NTE, adv. modefly,

decently, composedly.

MODE'STIA, f. f. modelly.

MODE'STO, adj. modest, decent, com. posed.

MODIFICACIO'N, s. f. bringing into measure, modification.

MODIFICADO'R, f. m. the person who brings into measure or compass.

MODIFICA'R, v a. to bring into meafure or compass.

MODI'LLO, s. m. a particular manner.

MODILLO'N, f. m. a modillion; in architecture, a certain support or moulding.

MO'DIO, f. m. a buffiel.

MODISTA, s. m. the person who observes and sollows the new fashions. MO'DO, s. m. the mean or manner; also used for decency, behaviour.

MODO'RRA, s. f. lethargy; also the dead of night when all are asleep.

L'árco de la modórra, the second watch in the night, being the dead of night

when all people are asleep.

MODORRA'R, v. n. to be drowfy,

sleepy, or lethargick.

Moderiarse, v. r. to grow flabby and ready to rot; said of fruits.

MODORRI'LLA, f. f. a disease among the sheep; also the third watch of the night.

MODO'RRO, f. m. one that has a lethargy; a flow, heavy, foolish sel-

low.

MODRE'GO, s. m. a dunce, a block-

head, a dull fellow.

MODULACIO'N, f. f. sweetness, an agreeable harmony in the voice or in-strument.

MODULA'R, v. n. to fing with harmony.

MO'DULO, some a module, a term in architecture, signifying a part or quantity by which to calculate, adjust, and compose the rest of the members of an order.

MODU'RRIA, f. f. folly, ignorance.

MOE

MOE'DA, s. f. an old grove of oaks, a forest.

M O F

MO'FA, f. f. scoff, jeer, mock, mockery. NOFADO'R, a scoffing jeering person. MOFADU'RA, s. f. a mocking or jeering.

MOFA'R, v. a. to scoff, to mock, to jeer. MOFLE'TES, s.m. pl. puffed up checks.

MOG

MOGATE, f. in cant, money.

MOGATE, f. m. a coarse fort of glaz-

ing upon earthen ware. Hacer una cosa de médio mogate, to do a

thing by halves; taken from the pans which are glazed only within, and not without, which they call médio mogáto, or half glazing.

MOGATO, s. m. vid MGOIGA' TO MO'GE, s. m. broth of any kind.
MOGL'LES, s. f. pl. on board ships, cer-

tain boxes so called.

MOGICO'N, s. m. a sist clenched; a

box on the ear.

MOGIGA'NGA, f. f. a Jack-pudding,
any ridiculous person or feast.

MOGIGATO, f. m. a fly knave, like a cat, who, when you speak lovingly to her, cringes, and, when you least think of it, claws you.

MOGOLLO'N, f. m. a lump, a clod, a shapeless piece; also a spunger, an interloper.

Comer de magalón, to spunge upon others.
MOGOTES, s. m. pl. the horns of a
young deer sptouting out.

MOGRO'LLO, f. m. who eats and drinks at the expence of others; adject used, unpolite uncivil.

[Rrr] MOH

MOH

MOHA'DA, f. f. mossiness, mouldiness.

MOHARRA'CHE,] s. m. one who is MOHARRA'CHO, \$ disguised in a ridiculous dress, and under that sibody, and telling them their faults.

MOHATRA, f. f. is a cheating way of felling goods upon trust for much MOLE'R, v. a. to grind; also to more than the value; and having one ready to buy them again much under the real value; any extortion in usury; it is also pawnbroking.

MOHATRA'R, v. a. to fell above price and buy under; to use extortion; to take pawns.

MOHATRE'RO, f. m. an extortioner that buys and fells; a pawnbroker.

MOHECE'R, v. n. to grow mouldy, to be covered with moss.

MOHINA, f. f. a mule that has all the face and muzzle black, and has jadish tricks; also fretfulness, peevishness, anger, disgust.

MOHINDA'D, f. f. peevishness, fretfulness, anger.

MOHINI'LLO, adj. somewhat peevish or fretful.

MOHI'NO, adj. peevish, fretful, out of humour; with a black face and muzzle.

MO'HO, s. m. mouldiness, rust of iron or any other metal; also moss | that grows upon trees, rocks, walls, or the like.

MOHO'SO, adj. mouldy, covered with moss; also rusty.

MOJ

MOJA'DA, f. f. the act of wetting or foaking.

MOJADU'RA, f. f. a wetting. MOJA'MA, f. f. the flesh of the tunney-fish salted and dried.

MOJA'R, v. a. to wet, to dip into. Mojar en la saisa, to dip in the sauce.

MOJARRI'LLA, s. m. the person who is always jesting and in a good hu-

MOJO'N, f. m. a land-mark. Ironically, a fancy, a guess.

MAJO'NA, f. f. a tribute or tax paid by the measure which is called mojóna, from whence it takes its name. Mojona, a measure in Castile, used both (for liquids and dry things.

MOJONA'R, v. a. to fet land-marks. MOJONE'RA, f. f. the place where the land-mark stands.

MOJONE'RO, f. m. a fort of an exciseman or custom-house oslicer.

MOL

MO'LA, f. f. a sleshy, and sometimes | MOLLEJO'N, s. m. augm. of molleja, | a spungy substance, without bones or bowels; often black like concrete blood, and sometimes hard, naturally brought into the world instead of a MOLLENTA'R, v. a. to soften. fatus.

MOLA'DA, f. f. the quantity of colours ground at one time.

MOLAMATRIZ, f. f. vide MO'LA. MOLA'R, adj. of, or belonging to a mill-flone.

MOLDA'R, MOLDEAR, (mould.

MO'LDE, s. m. a mould to cast any Tener yà dura la molléra, to be too old figure in.

Libro de molde, a printed book.

Venir de mblile, to fit us if it had been | cast in a mould.

MOLDENR, v. a. vide MOLDAR. MOLDU'RAS, f. f. pl. joiners or masons MOLLE'TE, f. m. manchet, sine small MONDADU'RAS, f. f. pl. pickings, work.

MO'LE, f. f. a mass, a lump, a confused heap. MOLE, adj. foft, fmooth.

MOLEBUIO, f. f. the fish called a lump.

MOLEDO'R, f. m. a grinder; a troublesome person.

MOLEDU'RA, f. f. a grinding. gure goes about joking upon every MOLENDE'RO, f. m. a grinder; the man who makes the chocolate or grinds the cocoa.

chew.

Moler, to molest, to trouble with long speeches.

Molér en almiréz, to pound in a mortar. Molér a uno, to beat a man till his bones are bruised, to tire and plague a man with impertinence.

MOLESTADO'R, s. m. a troublesome person.

MOLESTAME'NTE, adv. troublefomely. MOLESTA'R, v. a. to molest, to

trouble. MOLE'STIA, s. s. trouble, disquiet,

pain, grief.

MOLE'SIO, adj. troublesome. MOLE'TA, s. f. a stone to grind colours on.

MOLI'CIE, f. f. foftness; effemi-

nacy. MOLIE'NDA, f. f. grift, any thing to be ground.

Moliente y corriente, said of a mill that is in good case to grind, the water running, the fails going; in good order, and no way defective.

MOLIFICA'R, v a. to mollify, to soften.

MOLIMIE'NTO, f. m. grinding, pound ing; weariness.

MOLINE'JO, s. m. a little mill. MOLINE'RA, f. f. a miller's wife. MOLINE'RO, f. m. a miller.

MOLINE'TE, f. m. the capstan of a ship, which serves principally to hoist MO'NA, s. f. a she monkey. anchor.

Molinéte, s. m. a little mill, a coffeemill, &c.

MOLINI'LLO, f. m. a little mill; a chocolate-mill.

MOLI'NO, f. m. a mill. Molino, in cant, torment.

Molino de viento, a wind-mill. Molino de sangre, the mill moved by men or beatts.

MO'LLA, f. f. the crumb of bread. MOLLA'R, adj. soft, tender; easy to be deceived.

MOLLEA'R, v. a. y n. to grow foft, to desist, to give over.

MOLLE'DO, f. m. the crumb or foft part of the bread; also any brawny fleshy part.

Molledo acl brazo, the brawn of the

MOLLE'JA, f. f. the sweet-bread of a beast; also the gizzard of a fowl.

a fat lazy fellow. MOLLEJUE'LA, f. f. a little kernel

in the flesh.

MOLLE'RA, f. f. the mould of the MONARCHA, f. m. a monarch. head, the part between the forehead, | MONARCHI'A, f. f. a monarchy. temples, and crown.

Poner sal en la mollera, to correct any one's folly or simplicity, as to bring MONASTE'RIO, s. m. a monastery, him to a sense of his duty.

I v. a. to cast in a Sér duro de molléra, to be strong-headed, obstinate, stubborn.

to be taught.

MOLLERO'N, f. m. in cant, a headpiece.

MOLLE'TAS, f. f. pl. a pair of fausters, nippers used to snuss lamps.

white bread; fat checks.

MOLLE'ZA, f. f. toftnels; effeminacy, MOLLI'CIO, adj. foft, tender. MOLLI'NA, f. f. a mizzle, a soft flower of rain.

MOLLIZNA'R, Zv. n. to rain fufily MOLLIZNE AR, S and imall. MOLO'NDRO, If. m. a dull heavy MOLONDRO'N, [feliow, good for nothing.

MOLO'SSO, f. m. a foot in Latin poetry confishing of three long isl.

MOLTU'RA, f. f. vide MAQUI'LA.

MOM

MOMARRA'CHE, f. m. he who is dif. guised in a ridiculous or hideous habit, goes about joking upor every body, and telling them their faults. MOMENT ANE AME'NTE, adv. every moment.

MOMENTA'NEO, adj. momentary, that lasts but a moment.

MOME'NTO, f. m. moment, instant of time; also consequence, import. ance, weight, value.

Momento, force, impulsive weight. MOMERIA, f. f. mumming, in maf. querade; also mummery, enteriainment in which maskers play fro. licks.

MO'MIO, adj. as, carne momia, mum. my, human flesh dried up; thence taken for any lump of lean flesh.

MOMO, f. m. an antick, a ridiculous gesticulation, a comical trick. Hacerce momo, to hold all stakes.

Ser momo, to act as if one was above alī. MOMPERA'DA, adj. fine, shining, well

calendered; said of a particular sont of linen.

MON

Mona triste, or mona alégre, a merry, or a sad monkey; so they call a man that is merry or sad when in drink, because some monkeys are so upon like occasions.

Prov. Aunque la mona se vista de seda, mona se queda, though a monkey put on filk clothes, she is still a monkey, A hog in armour is still but a hog. MONACHA'L, adj. belonging to a

monk. MONACHA'TO, f. m. the institution of monks.

MONACHI'SMO, f. m. the profession or order of a monk; monachism, the state of monks, the monastick life.

MONACHO'RDIO, f. m. a musical instrument that has but one string. MONACI'LLO, s. m. an acolyte, a boy kept to serve at the altar; a boy

bred by monks, a little monk. MONA'DA, s. f. a foolish gesture, a a ridiculous action.

MO'NAGO, f. m. a monk. MONAGUI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of monago; the same as monacillo.

MONA'RCHICO, adj. belonging to a

monarch or monarchy. a house of religious people, whether men or women.

MONA'STICO, adj. monastick, belonging to monks or to a mona-

flery. MO'NDA, f. f. the bits of twigs that

are cut off in pruning. MONDADIE'NTES, f. m. a tooth picker.

parings, cleanfings. MON- MONDAORE'JAS, an earpicker. MONDA'R, v. a to pick, to cull, to pare, to cleanse.

MONDE'70, f. m. a sort of forcedmeat made of the paunch of a hog or sheep.

MO'NDO, adj. clean, peeled, pared,

naked, bare. MONDO'NGA, f. f. a name given to MONSIE'UR, f. m. fir. the servants of the queen's ladies.

MONDO'NGO, f. m. hogs puddings. MONDONGONIZA'R, v. n. to make

hogs puddings. MONDONGUE'RO, f. m. a man that makes or fells hogs puddings.

MONDONGUI'L, adj. of, or belonging to hogs puddings.

MONE'DA, f. f. money, coin of any

fort. seven years, as an acknowledgment | Montadór, s. m. a horse-block. of the king's regal authority.

Monéda de belion, brass money, small change.

Monéda négra, a base sort of coin they MONTA'nA, s. f.; a mountain. had formerly with much mixture of Montaña de finos, in cant, a bawdybrass among the filver.

Monéda tlanca, silver coin. Monéda corriente, current coin.

Monéda fálfa, false money.

MONEDEA'R, f money. MONEDE'RO, f. m. a coiner of mo-

MONERIA, f. f. a monkey trick. MONE'SCO, adj of, or belonging, or like to a monkey.

MONETA'RIO, f. m. a place where all the ancient coins are kept.

MONFIES, f. m. pl. robbers on the hills or mountains.

MO'NGE, f. m. a monk.

MONG!'A, f. f. a monastery. MONGIL, f. m. a fort of mourning weed for a woman; also the habit of MONTANTA'DA, s. f. boast, brag; any nun.

a nun.

Mongil alibáxo, a long woman's gown | or garment all of a piece.

MONGIO, f. m. the state and condition of nuns.

MO'NJA, f. f. a nun.

MONICIO'N, f. f. advice; ban or publication of matrimony. MONTE, f. m. vide MO'NGE.

MONIGO'TE, f. m. a name given to the lay friars by the common people. MONI'LLO, f. m. a little monkey.

Monillo, a kind of woman's doublet without seeves or lappets.

MONIPO'DIO, f. m. conspiracy, plot. MONIPO'LIO, f. m. monopoly, the ingroffing of a commodity to fell out as one pleases.

MONI'S, f. f. a kind of paste made of eggs and fugar as the biskets are done; also any nice little thing.

MONITO, f. m. a little paste. MONITO'R, f. m. a monitor who ad-

monishes. MONITO'RIA, f. f. a letter of ad-

monition. MONITO'RIO, adj. advising, call-

ing. MO'NO, f. m. an he ape.

Mono, adj. polite, refined, delicate. MONOCERO'TE, f. m. a beaft like a horse of a red colour; some take it

for an unicorn. MONO'CULO, adj. that has but one

MONOMA'CHIA, f. f. a fingle combat.

MONOPA'STOS, f. f. a pulley with one wheel in it.

MONOPO'LIO, f. m. monopolizing; alfo an agreement among merchants for selling any commodity at a high rate.

MONO'STROPHE, f. f. a fong containing but one stanza.

MONOSYLA'BO, adj. monofyllable, having only one fyllable.

MONSETO'R, f. m. a title of honour given to prelates in Italy, newly introduced into Spain.

MO'NSTRUO, f. m. a monster. MONSTRUOSAME'NTE, adv. monftroully.

MONSTRUOSIDA'D, f. f. monstrousness.

MONSTRUO'SO, adj. monstrous. MO'NTA, f. f. amount in reckoning. Monta, the intrinsick value of any thing.

MONTADE'RO, I f. m. the person who Moné da forésa, a duty, or tax paid every MONTADO'R, 3 mounts a horse.

MONTADU'RA, f. f. the necessary preparation for the cavalry.

MONT & GES, f. m. pl. gun-carriages.

house.

MONTANE'RA, f. f. fmall acorn, such as hogs feed on.

MONTARE'RO, I f. m. a mountaineer, MONEDA'R, v. a. to coin or mint $MONTA\overline{n}E'S$, \int a man or any other thing of the mountain; an highlander.

> Montanés, adj. mountainous, wild. Prov. El montanés por defender una necedad dice tres, the mountaineer to de- MONTESINO, adj. of, or belonging fend one foolish saying, says three more.

MONTARETA, s. f. a little mountain,

MONTA'NO, adj. hilly, mountainous, full of mountains.

MONTATO'SO, adj. mountainous,

hilly.

alfo a multitude.

fword. MONTANTEA'R, v. n. to govern or

"manage the two-handed sword; also to play the bully, to boast.

MONTANTE'RO, f. m. the person armed with the two-handed sword. MONTATUE'LA, f. f. a hill, a little

mountain. MONTA'R, v. n. to amount in reckoning; also to mount an horse.

Montar la punta, to weather the cape; a sea term.

Montar la guarda, or la trinchéra, to mount the guard or the trenches; a military term.

Prov. Tanto monta cortar, como desatar, cutting is as good as untying.

MONTARAZ, adj. mountaincer, that lives on the mountains; that belongs to the mountains, wild.

MONTA'S, adv. indeed, although. MONTAZGA'R, v. n. to pay the duty to the king for the passing of the flocks of cattle from one place to another.

MONTAZGO, f. m. a duty paid to the king for the passing of the flocks of cattle.

MO'NIE. f. m. a hill, a mountain, a wood.

II mbre de monte y ribéra, a man sit for any thing.

Andar de monte, to live like an out-law absconding on the mountains.

Prov. De monte málo, si quiéra un palo, of an ill wood, take, though it be but one flick; that is, get what you can, though ever so little, of an ill man or a mifer.

Monte de piedad, so they call a charitable | MOQUETEAR, v. a. to blow out institution, where they lend money

to those that are in want, without any interest, only leaving a pawn to the value.

MONTE'A, f. f. the draught or sketch an architect makes on paper of the flructure he is to build; the cutting of stones in order to make an arch.

MONTEA'R, v. a. to hunt wild beafts on the mountains; to make a draught or sketch of any strusture.

MONTECI'LLO, f. m. a little mountain.

MONTE'RA, f. f. a cap, fuch as hunters or countrymen wear.

MONTERE'RO, f. m. one who makes the hunters caps. MONTERE'Y, f. m. a kind of pie so

called. MONTERIA, f. f. hunting of noble game. as wild boars, stags. &c.

MONTE'RO, f. m. a hunisman. Moniéros de Espinosa, a particular guard the king of Spain has, all of one family, or rather a family of gentlemen, who have the honour to be about his person, and to lie in the next room to him, on account that one of their predecessors, who was the king's huntsman, and born in the town of Espinosa, saved the king's

life. MONTE'S, adj. living in the mountains.

Gato montés, a wild cat.

MONTE'SA, adj. fem: the appellative of a certalu order of knights.

to the mountain

MONTO, f. m. vide MONTA. MONTO'N, f. m. a heap, a pile. Monton de léna, a wood-pile. Monton de béne, a stack of hay.

Prov. Que monton de trigo, si no estuviise comido! what a heap of corn, if it were not eaten! When a man looks back upon what he might have had, if he had not wasted it.

Mongil, s. m. the estate or condition of MONTA'NTE, s. m. a two-handed MONTONCI'LLO s. m. a little heap.

MONTUO'SO, adj. hilly, mountainous.

MONTURA, f. f. the allotting or chusing out such horses or mules as are to go post.

MONUME'NTO, f. m. a monument, a tomb; particularly used for the fepulchre set up in churches on Maunday-Thursday, in memory of our Saviour's fepulchre.

MONZO'N, f. m. a sea term, the tradewinds, which at one feafon of the year blow constantly one way.

MOñ

MO'EA, f. f. the artificial figure of a woman representing the fashions; vulgarly, drunkenness.

MO'nO, f. m. the knot that binds up the hair of a woman; also the crest of any bird.

Mono, an ornament of falle hair wo-

men wore formerly on their heads, sticking out on both sides the face; whence fain de mono, one of those flicking out wings of it. MONUDO, adj. that has the mono.

M O Q

MOQUEA'R, v. n. to blow out mot,

MOQUE'RO, I m. the handkerchief with which the nose is wiped.

MOQUETE, f. m. a blow with the filt upon the note.

inot. MoMoquetear, to strike in the face with the fill. MOQUETE'RO, adj. Inotty. MOQUILLO, f. m. diminutive of moco; also the pip in poultry. MOQUITA. s. f. the drop that hangs at the nose in winter. MOQUITO, s. m. a little snot.

M O RMO'RA, f. f. a mulberry; also delay. Mora, the herb nightshade, or death's herb. MORA'BITO, s. m. a Moorish cremite or anchorite, or religious man. MORA'CHO, adj. bluffi, violet coloured. MORA'DA, f. f. a dwelling-place. MORADI'LLA, s. f. a little dwelling. place. MORA'DO, adj. purple. MORADO'R, f. m. a dweller, an in-. habitant. MORA'L, f. m. a mulberry-tree. MORA'L, adj. moral. MORALE'JA, s. f. a moral doctrine or instruction. MORALIDA'D, f. f. morality. MORALI'STA, f. m. a professor of MORISQUE'TA, s. f. a fraud, a trick, morality. MORALIZA'R, v. n. to moralize. MORALME'NTE, adv. morally. MORA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide MORA-DA. MORA'R, v. n. to dwell, to inhabit. MORATO'RIA, f. f. a protracting, prolonging, or delaying of sentence by the king, &c. MORBIDE'Z, f. f. foftnefs. MO'RBIDO, adj. weak, infirm, fickly. MO'RBO, f. m. disease, sickness. Morbo caduco, the falling-sickness. Morbo Gallico, the pox, the French difease. MORBO'SO, adj. fick, infirm. MORCE'LLA, f. f. a spark of fire from the candle. MORCI'LLA, f. f. a hog's pudding. MORCILLE'RO, f. m. a man that MORO'NDO, adj. bald or bare, as a makes or fells black puddings. MORCILLO, f. m. the brawny part of \ a man's arm or leg. Morcillo caballo, a black horse. MORCO'N, s. m. a great pudding | MOROSAME'NTE, adv. slowly, heamade of the large gut that is close at one end; any mishapen great MOROSIDA'D, s. f. moroseness; also lump, or a great fat unwieldy fellow. MORDAGIDA'D, f. f. mordacity, bit-

ing language.

printing.

MORDA'Z, adj. corrosive, acrimoni- | Morra, s. f. a game made with the ous; rough to the palate; mordacious, biting in words, fatirical.

mouth. MORDAZME'NTE, adv. railingly,

fharply.

MORDEDO'R, f. m. a biter.

dog or other creature.

MORDE'R, v. a. to bite. Hacer a uno morder en el ájo, to make a man bite the garlick; to fret, vex, or

perplex one. MORDICACION, f. f. the pricking or | pain arising from a bite.

MORDICAR, v.a. to bite, to nibble. MORRO, adj. that mews or pure like MORDIE'NTES, f. f. pl. in cant, feiffars.

MORDIHUI, f. m. a finall infect to | called.

MORDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a bite of a dog or any other creature.

MORDISCIIR, v. a. to nibble as fift | MORRO'N, f. m. a great rock. do at a bait.

MORDI'SCO, f. m. a Liting or hibbling of a bait, as fish do. MORDISCO'N, f. m. the fame. MORE'L, adj a dark brown colour. MORE'NA, f. f. a brown loaf. Maréna, in Don Quixote I think it means a sword, that Moors are killed with.

MORENILLO 7 adj. of a brown co-MORENITO, flour.

AIORE'NO, acj brown of a dark co lour.

MORE'RA, f. f. a mulberry-tree. MORERI'A, i. f. the Moors quarter, where formerly the Moors lived.

MORFE'X, f. m. a water-fowl to called.

MORIBU'NDO, adj. ready to die. MORIGERACIO'N, f. f. moderation in living.

MORIGERA'R, v. a. to give good MORTE'RO, f. m. a stone motter to breeding, to make submissive, to hu mour.

MORILLO, f. m. a little Moor; also MORTERUE LO, f. m. a small fort of an andiron for a chimney.

MORFR, v. n. to die.

MOR!'SCO, f. m. a man descended from Moors, or converted from them. MORI'SMA, f. f a multitude of Moors; the Moorish religion.

a deceir.

MORLA'CO, adj. that affects folly and | ignorance.

MORLE'S, f. m. a fort of linen fo called.

MORLO'N, adj. vide MORLA'CO. MORMU'LLO, f. m. a murmuring noise, the noise of many people talking, or of water tunning.

RA'R.

Africa.

of wine.

the sheep with the head. MORO'N, f. m. a little hillock.

MORONDA'NGA, f. f. an heap of rubbish or useless things.

man without hair, and a tree without Mosaico, belonging to Moses. leaves.

MORONI'A, f. f. vide ALBORO-NI'A.

vily.

flowness. MORO'SO, adj. flow, heavy, dull;

also morose, or ill-natured. MORQUE'RA, f. f. the herb thyme.

MORDA'NTE, f. m. a tool used in MO'RRA, f. f. the upper part of the head.

fingers, what the Romans called micare digitis.

MORDA'ZA, f. f. a gag for the MORRA'DA, f. f. a blow on the head.

tied to the horse's head, out of which he eats his corn; also a muzzle.

MORDEDU'RA, f. f. the bite of a MORRA'LLA, f. f. a heap of rub. bish.

MORRI'LLO, f. m. a round small Rone, or any little round thing. MORRITIA, f. f. mortality among cat-

tle; also melancholy. MORRIO'N, f. m. a head-piece, a

morrion.

a cat. Morro, f. m. a great rock in the fea; also the poll of the head.

Baxár el morro, to bow down one's head; metaph, to fabmit, or to confider.

MORRO'NCHO, adj. tame, tractable. MOSQUE'O, f. m. a driving away of

MOLKU'DO adj. that has a fnout. MORTAIJA, s. s. a shrowd for a dead body. Prov. A los muertos la mortaja, a les vivos la hogáza, the forond for the dead, and the loaf for the living. MORTA'L, adj. one term. mertal,

deadly, at death's door, MORTALIDA'D, f. f. mortality, being subject to death.

MORTALME'NTE, adv. deadly, mor. tally.

MORTANDA'D, f. f. a great flaughter in battle or destruction of people by sickness; also a plague.

MORTECI'NO, adj. that dies of it. felf.

MORTERA'DA; f. f. a fauce fo called. MORTERE'TE, f. m. a very small fort of cannon.

pound any thing in; a mortar used in war to cast bombs.

instrument like a mortae, with a hand or pestle, which boys use to play upon to make a noise. Morteruélos, a hog's liver dissolved with

hog's lard, fait, pepper, cloves, and coriander-seed; then baked till it consolidates.

MORTICI'NIO, f. m. carrion, a dead carcale.

MORTIFERO, adj. deadly, mortal, that causes death.

MORTIFICACIO'N, f. f. mortification; also the act of subduing the body by hardships and maceration; any vexation or trouble.

MORTIFICA'R, v. a. to mortify. MORMURA'R, v. n. vide MURMU- MORTUO'RIO, s. m. a burial, a sa. neral.

MORO, f. m. a Moor, a native of MORTUE'CO, f. m. a ram that serves the whole flock.

Moro, adj. that has no water in it; said MORULA, s. f. dimin. of mora, a little delay.

MOROCA'DA, s. f. a blow given by MORU'SA, s. f. money. Burlesque.

MOS

MOSAICO, adj. Mosaick, a curious inlaying.

MO'SCA, f. f. a fly.

Mosca de burro, a stupid lumpish pes-Estár con mósca, to be in trouble and

pain. Mosca en leche, a fly in the milk; so they

call a brown complexioned woman in a white dress.

Mosca muerta, an humble cunning sel-

Moscas blancas, snow.

Andar como moscas a la miel, to flock like flies about honey; that is, to attend or be diligent for one's profit. MOSCA'DA, f. f. a nutmeg.

MOSCA'RDA, f. f. a horse-sty, a wasp.

MORRA'L, f. m. a little fack or bag MOSCARDO'N, f. m. augment, of moscarda.

MOSCARETTA, f. f. a small bird who lives upon flies.

MOSCATE'L, adj. muscadine; as, vin moscatés, muscadine wine; uvas ms

catéles, muscadine grapes. MOSCE'LLA, f. f. a spark of fire; a

word little used. MOSCIII'NO, 1 adj. of, or belonging MOSCIIII., J to a fly.

MOSCO'N, f. m. a great fly. MOSQUEADO'R, f. m. a flap to kill

flies. MOSQUEAR, v. n. to drive away flies

with a fly-flap. Mosquedesse, v. r. to drive away one's

embarrassments, to keep others stom giving us trouble.

of justice. MOSQUE'RO, f. m. a bough or any thing hanged for the flies to fettle on. MOSQUERUE'LA, s. f. a kind of MOTETE, s. m. a motet, a song made sweet-scented pear. MOSQUE'TA, s. m. a musk-slower, a

tole. Mosquetada clawellina, a musk gilli-

flower. MOSQUETAZO, s. m. a musquet-

fhot. MOSQUE'TE, s. m. a musquet, a

match-lock. MOSQUETERI'A, f. f. the body of musqueteers.

MOSQUETERI'L, adj. belonging to the musqueteers. MOSQUETE'RO, s. m. a musque-

Mosquetéro, he who stands in the pit for MOTOLITO, adj. easy to be deceived

want of a feat. MOSQUITE'RO, f. m. a covering for a bed made of some thin stuff to keep

off the gnats. MOSQU"TO, f. m. a gnat. MOSTA, s. f. vide ALMOSTA.

MOSTA'CHO, f. m. whisker, the beard grown long on the upper lip. MOSTACHO'N, s. m. a sort of diet-

bread. MOSTACHO'SO, adj. adorned with

mustachoes or whiskers. MOSTA'JO, s. m. a little tree like a

laurel. fmall kind of shot.

Hacer la mostáza, among boys, to sight till the blood runs out of their nose. Subirse la mostaza à las narices, to fall in a great fury.

MOSTA'ZO, f. m. the mustard-seed plant.

MOSTEA'R, v. n. to distil, to make new wine.

twigs.

MOSTELE'RA, f. f. the place where the bundles of wine-twigs are put. MOSTI'LLO, s. m. a fort of cake made MOYA'NA, s. f. a small fort of culwith must and spice.

MO'STO, f. m. must, new wine. Mosso torcido, new wine from the press when hard squeezed.

Mosto de timien, wine that runs from the grapes with light pressing.

MOSTRA'BLE, adj. that may be thewn.

MOSTRADO'R, f. m. a counter of a shop; the hand of a clock; one that thows.

MOSTRA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide MUES-TRA.

MOSTRA'R, v. a. to show. Most in f_{θ} , v. r. to show one's self.

MOSTRE'NCO, f. m. a stray, any beast that is strayed, which, if no owner appears in a year after crying, falls to the king or the lord of the manor; they give this name to a man that has no certain place of abode. It is also a misshupen man, beast, or other thing.

MOT

MO'TA, f. f. a mote, a little tuft, such as they pick out of cloth. MOTACILA, f. f. the bird called a water-wagtail. MOTA'R, v. a. in cant, to scal. MOTAZE'N, f. m. the clerk of the market, who is to see that none but good provisions be fold; also an officer to fee the fireets be kept

clean. MO'TE, f. m. a motto; also reflection.

MOTEA'R, v. a. to spot with various colours.

flies; also a whipping by the minister MOTEJADO'R, s. m. one that jeers, MUCHA'CHA, s. f. a girl. scoffs, or restects upon another. reflect upon:

> for the church upon some hymn or anthem: ,.

MOTILA'R, v. a. to shear, to poll, to crop the hair. MOTILO'N, f. m. a lay-brother of a religious order.

MOTIN, f: m. mutiny, uproar, infurrection.

MOTIVA'R, v. a. to give occasion, or to be a motive of doing any thing. MOTIVO, f. m. motive; end; de-

fign. MOTOLITA, f. f. vide AGUZANIE'-VE.

or beguiled.

MOTO'NES, f. m. pl. the pullies in a ship, in which all the ropes do fun. MOTO'R, f. m. a mover. MOTRI'L, f. m. vide MOCHI'L: MOTRI'Z, f. f. who moves. MOTUPROPRI'O, f. m. of his own will, by his own motion.

MOA

MOVEDI'ZO, adj. moveable, unstable; also untimely born. MOVEDO'R, f. m. a mover. MOSTAZA, s. f. mustard; also a very MOVEDU'RA, s. f. a misaarriage, or bringing forth before time; also a moving. MOVE'R, v. a. to move, to stir; also

to miscarry. MOVI'BLE, adj. moveable, that may

be moved. Fiéstas movibles, the moveable seasts, that do not fall every year upon the same day of the month.

MOSTE'LA, f. f. a bundle of vine- MOVIMIE'NTO, f. m. motion.

MOY

verin. MO'YO, f. m. obs. a bushel. MOYUE'LO, f. m. a middling fort of bread betwixt the best and the worit.

M O Z

MOZA, f. f. a tool used by washerwomen to beat linen in washing. MOZALBE'TE, 7 f. m. a young man; MOZALBI'LLO, \(\) an old man who affects to be young.

MOZALLO'N, f. m. a robust, strong, young man.

MOZARA'BES, f. m. pl. Christians that lived among the Moors after Spain was conquered.

Officio y missa mozos abe, office and mass celebrated in a particular manner.

MOZCO'RRA, f. f. a whore. MOZNA'DO, adj. in blasonry, applied to the lion that has neither teeth, tongue, nor claws.

MOZO, adj. young; substantively used, fervant, boy, bachelor.

Mózo, f. m. in cant, a hook. MOZO'N, f. m. augm. a robust young man.

MOZUE'LO, adj. quite young.

MU

MU, f. f. an expression used to quiet | children; also the lowing of an ox or COW.

MUC

MUCE'TA, f. f. a rocket.

MUCHACHA'DA, s. f. childhood. MOTEJA'R, v. a. to jeer, scoff, to MUCHACHEA'R, v. n. to act in a childish or boyish manner. MUCHACHERI'A, s. f. boyishness. MUCHACHE'Z, f. f. childhood. MUCHA'CHO, f. m. a boy. MUCHEDU'MBRE, s. f. a multitude, Ma great number. MU^rCHO, adj. much. MUCILA'GO, f. m. a kind of viscous liquor made by apothecaries.

MUD

MU'DA, s. f. the moulting of birds. Múda, s. f. an ointment used to beautify women's faces. Muda, f. f. the action of moving. MUDA'BLE, adj. mutable, change able. MUDABLEME'NTE, adv. changeably. MUDA'DO, adj. removed from one house to another. MUDAME'NTE, adv. filently, fecretly. MUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. change, removal from one house to another. MUDA'NZA, s. f. change; a particular step or motion in dancing. MUDA'R, v. a. to change. Mudarse, v. r. to remove house. MUDE'Z, f. f. dumbness.

MUE

MU'DO, adj. dumb.

MUE', f. m. vide MUE'R. MUE'BLE, adj. moveable. Muébles, s. m. pl. goods, moveables. Prov. Al muéble sin raiz, presso se le quiébra la cervi≈, a moveable with÷ out a root foon breaks its neck ; that is, money or goods, without an estate real, or some way to improve them, are not lasting: MUE'CA, f. f. a fcoff. MUE'LA, s. f. a mill-stone, a grindstone. Muéla, one of the teeth called the

grinders. Muéla cordál, an eye-tooth. Muéla de máno, a hand-mill. Muélas de gállo, cocks grinders. So they call a man that has no teeth. Prov. A quién duéla la muéla, que la éche fuéra, let him that has the tooth-

ach pull it out; that is, let every man bear the inconveniencies which are for his own advantage. Prov. Entre des muélas molares núnca

métas tus pulgares, never put your thumbs betwixt two grinders. Prov. Pedir muclas al gállo, to ask the cock for teeth.

MUE'LLE, adj. foft: Muelle, f. m. a mole built in the sea to make a harbour, or desend it from being choaked up by the fand, or to fecure it from any particular wind.

Muélle, s. m. is also that little iron in a lock which falls upon the bolt and holds it fast, either shut or open, but rifes when the key turns to let the bolt flip forwards or backwards; it is called the ketch of the spring.

MUELLEME'NTE, adv. foftly. MUE'R, f. m. a kind of filken fluff for called.

MUERDA'GO, f. m. a green shrub called misletoe.

MUE'RMO, f. m. a cold in any beatt, which makes them breathe hard and fnort; the fnuffing and fnorting of a

dog. MUERMO'SO, adj. troubled with a cold, snussling or morting. MUE'RIE. f. f. death; murder.

Prov. [S a s]

nothing is strong against death; no remedy against death.

Prov. Quien da lo que tiene antes de la muérte, meréce que le den con un mazo en la frénte, he who gives away what he has before his death, deserves to be knocked on the head with a mallet. Prov. Mas vale dexar en la muérte al MULETA'DA, s. f. a herd of mules.

it is better at one's death to leave an enemy, than in one's life to alk of a friend.

MUE'RTO, p. p. of morir. Muérto, f. m. a dead man.

MUE'SCA, s. f. a notch, a dent. MUE'SSO, f. m. the bit that is put into

the horse's mouth. Muésso, s.m. vulgar. What is our own. | MULLIDO'R, s. m. the person who MUE'STRA, s. f. show, mutter of soldiers; pattern; rough draught, the MULLI'R, v. a. to make soft.

dial-plate of a watch. Perro de muestru, blood-hound; a setting-dog.

MUF

MUFLA, f. f. a concave thing like half a bowl, which ferves to cover the refiner's furnace, having a hollow tunnel or neck to it, through which the crucibles are put down into the furnace to estay filver or gold.

MUFLIR, v. a. in cant, to eat.

MUG

MUGA, f. f. (the same as MOHO'N) a boundary, a limit.

MUGE'R, f. f. a woman, a wife. Mugér de su cása, a housewise.

Mugér de gústo, a lady of pleasure. Muger de punto, a woman that stands

upon her honour. MUGERCILLA, f. f. a little woman; commonly used in an ill sense for an

ill woman. MUGERIE'GAS, adv. as, Cabal ar a mugeriégas, to ride fideways like a woman.

MUGERIE'GO, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman; always among women; substantively used, the women of a place.

MUGERI'L, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman.

Hombre mugo 21, an effeminate man. MUGERIUME'NIE, adv. womanishly. MUGI'DO, f. m. the lowing of an ox,

cow, &c. MUGIL, f. m. a fifth called a mullet. MUGIR, v. n. to low like a cow. MU'CRE, f. f. greafiness, nastiness. MUGRIL'ATO, adj. greafy, nafty.

MUGRO'N, f. m. a fhoot or sprout of a vinc.

MUHARRA, f. f. the point of any iron thing, and in particular the extremity or point of the flandard which the enfigu bearr.

MUI

MIGI, a particle joined to a possissive noun which makes it a superlative; as, Adui grande, very big.

MUL

AHPLA, f. f. a flie-mule; also a fort of country shoes with thick soles.

Millade madéra, a wooden carriage for a gun, or the like.

MULADAR, f. m. a danghill. Prov. Cyb contar, y no jábs en que mu-Judan, he heard crowing, and knows not on whole dunghill. Said to men that have a confuted notion of things heard formething, but know no where, [

or from whom. MULER, adj. belonging to a mule. AlUL. Leal, I. I. the daughter of a black [Minnie nes deguerra, all forts of arms ofand a white.

MLLAYERO, f. m. a muletier.

Prov. A la muérte no hay cosa suérte, MULATO, s. m. a mulatto, the son De munición, adv. hastily. of a black and a white.

MULE'RO, f. m. the servant who takes care of the mules.

MULE'TA, f. f. a crutch for a lame person; also a little mule; also a support to any thing.

Tenér mulétas, to be old. enemigo, que pedir en la vida al amigo, MULETO, s. m. a little he-mule, a mule-colt.

> Cerrado como muleto, so they call a miser; also a very silent person.

MULI'LLA, f. f. a little mule. Mu'illa, f. f. a fort of shoes with thick foles and of a red colour.

MU'LLA, f. f. a digging or turning up the vineyards.

digs the vineyards.

Mulier la tiérra, to turn up the earth that it may lie light and foft.

Multir laçáma, to beat a bed to make it soft. MU'LO, f. m. a mule.

Prov. Milo cójo y bijo bobo lo sufre tódo, a lame mule, and a foolish fon endure any thing; they are not fo vicious and unlucky as those that are not so.

MULTA, f. f. a mulct, a fine. MULTA'R, v. a. to fine, to amerce. MULTIFO'RME, adj. that has many fhapes or forms.

MULTILATERO, adj. that has many fides.

MULTIPLICA'BLE, adj. that can be multiplied. MULTIPLICACIO'N, f. f. multiplica-

tion. MULTIPLICADO'R, f. m. who multi-

plies MULTIPLICA'R, v. a. to multiply. MULTI'PLICE, adj. manifold.

MULTIPLICIDA'D, f. f. multiplicity. MULTIPLICO, f. m. the effects of multiplying.

MULTITU'D, f. f. multitude.

MUN

MUNDANA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the word.

MUNDA'NO, 3 adj. worldly. MUNDIA'L,

MUNDIFICA'R, v. a. to clearfe. MUNDIFICATIFO, adj. cleanfing, abflerging.

MUNDILLO, f. m. a kind of waggon used to warm a bed.

MUNDINONI, 7 f. m. a box carried MUNDINUE'FO, I about by Savoyards with a shew of many representations in it.

MUNDO, f. m. the world. Un mundo de génte, a world of people, a great number.

Echaif al mundo, to appear in the world, to make a figure in it, to be very fine.

D wir el mindo, to leave the word, to betake onefelf to a religious life.

Echâr del mando, to perfecute a man fo that he cannot live in the world. Nativo Minds, the New World, com-

monly meant of America. Prov. Tras efte mando wendrá etre, after this world, another will come; that is, the times will change.

Prov. Este mándo es gólfore fondo y quién no fabe na ár wáfe a lo bondo, this world is a round fea or gulph, and he that cannot fwim, goes to the bottom; that is, the world is difficult to live in, and if a man has not skill and art, he finks or is lott.

MUNICIO'N, C. f. ammunition. Municiones de boça, all forts of victuals. fenfive and detenfive.

Musición, the charge of a gun.

MUNICIONA'R, v. a. to provide, to flock with ammunition.

MUNICIPA'L, adj. municipal, con. cerning the freedoms, franchises, or · liberties ·

MUNI'CIPE, f. m. one of the town whose inhabitants are free, and has a right to the privileges and offices here. MUNICI'PIO, f. m. any city or town corporate, that has some privileges and

liberties. MUNIFICE'NCIA, f. f. munificence, generofity.

MÜNI'FICO, adj. liberal, generous, munificent. MUNITO'RIA, f. f. the art of fortify.

ing a place.

MUn

MUnECA, s. f. a doll for children to play with.

Muneca de la mano, the hand-wrift. Menear las munécas, to be hard at work. MUnE'CO, s. m. a little figure with man's shape; also a beau, a spaikin

man, or a short-bodied man. MUnEQUEA'R, v. n. to play the wrift, as in fencing.

MUnEQUE'RO, f. m. one that makes

or fells dolls. MUnEQUERA, f. f. any ornament put

on the wrift. MUnEQUERIA. s. f. a studied affesta.

tion in drefs. MUnIDO'R, f. m. the beadle of a com-

pany. MUnI'R, v. a. to warn an affembly, MUñO'NES, f. m. pl. the brawny part of a man's arm next to the wrift; allo

MUQ

MUQUICIO'N, f. f. in cant, a dinner, MUZUIR, v. a. in cant, to dine, to eat,

MUR

MU'R, f. m. a mouse.

the trunnions of a gun.

Prov. El mur que no sabe mas de un kerádo présto le côze el gáto, the cat soon catches a mouse that knows but one hole. Men that have but one faift, are foon left in the lurch.

MURADAL, f. m. vide MULADAR. MURAL, adj. one term, belonging to a wall.

MURA'LLA, f. f. a solid great wall, as that of a town, caffle, or the like; a common wall is pared.

MURA'R, v. a. to wall in, to build walls about a place.

MURCEO, f. m. in cant, bacon. MURCIAR, v. n. in cant, to fleal, $MURGINGALO_{\bullet}$

f. m. a bat, a MURGIE'LAGO. rere-monie. MURCEQUILLO, Y MURCIGALLE'RO. in cant, an MURCIGLE'RO, honsebreaker.

MURCIO, f. m. in cant, a thief. MURECILLO, f. m. a finew, a mufcle; alfo a little wall.

AIURE'NA, I. 1. a fea-fift like an ecl. ANJ'RICE, f. m. a shell-fish to called. AIURMUGEAR, v. n. to mutter, to fpeak low.

MURMULLO, f. m. murmur, noite. MURMURICIO'N, L. L. murmungs railing at others.

MURMURADO'R, f. m. the person who rails at, or censures another.

MURMURA'R, v. n. to murmur, to cenfure, to find fault with.

MURATU'RIO, L. m. vid. MURMU'L. LO_{i} AIU'RO, f. m. a wall, always taken for

a great wall; flight walls being called parades; figuratively, a fhield. MURRIA, 1.f. a fort of hypochondiac

humour, a heavinets in the head-MLYRRIO, adj. melancholy, heavy, dull.

MU MA

MURTA, s. f. myrtle; in cant, an MUSICA, s. f. musick. MURTO'NES, f. m. pl. the fruit of the olive. mystle.

MUS

MUSA, f. f a muse. Entender la musa a uno, to discover the malice of one.

MUSARATIA, s. f. a venemous small creature, shaped between a mouse and a spider, very dangerous to cattle, and called a fhrew.

Musaranas, pl. are also strange things people fancy they see in the air. MUSC/CA'PA, f. f. a bird who lives

upon files. MU'SCO, f. m. a little creature like MU'SLO, f. m. the thigh. Misso, s. m. moss which grows upon trees, walls, rocks by the fea side, and

the brink of rivers. MU'SCULO, s. m. a muscle in the MUSTE'LA, s. f. a sea-lamprey.

body. MUSCULO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to muscles.

MUSE'O, f. m the place dedicated to Jeanning, a fludy, a library.

MUSERO'LA, f. f. a muzzle for a horse, dog, or other beaft. MUSGa'nO, f. m. a small kind of mice

who live in the fields; also a shortlegged and black spider. MUSGO, f. m. the moss of trees.

Mújer, f. m. a fort of motion of the front and ears made by unlucky beafts i when they design mischief.

Musica de técla, all sorts of musick MUTUO, adj. mutual. played by the fingers striking the claves or keys, as organs, harplichords, &c.

Música elementár, elementary musick, teaches to know the quality, and quantity of notes.

Musica syntastica, syntastical musick, treats of founds, concords, and difcords, and of every thing serving for the producing of harmony. MUSICA'L, adj. one term. musical be-

longing to mulick.

MUSICO, s. m. a musician. Másico, adj. of, or belonging to musick. MUSLI'LLO, f. m. a little thigh.

a mouse, whose skin smells like musk. | MUSMO'N, s. m. an animal generated by a sheep and a she goat.

MUSSITA'R, y. n. to mutter between one's teeth.

MUSTIAME'NTE, adv. peevishly doggedly, angrily. MU'STIO, adv. peevish, out of hu-

MUT

mour.

MUTABILIDA'D, f. f. mutability. MUTACIO'N, f. f. change. MUTILACIO'N, s. f. cutting off, dismembering. MUTILA'R, v. a. to differentier, to cut off. MUTUA'L, adj. mutual.

MUTUAME'NTE, adv. mutually.

 $\mathbf{M} \mathbf{Y} \mathbf{R}$

MYRABOLA'NOS, f. m. pl. a kind of plums. MYRRHA, f. f. myrrh. MYRRHADO, adj. that belongs to, or is mixed with myrth.

MIRTO, f. m. a myrtle-tree.

 $\mathbf{M} \mathbf{Y} \mathbf{S}$

MYSTE'RIO, f. m. a mystery. MYSTERIOSAME'NTE, adv. myster rioufly.

MYSTERIO'SO, adj. mysterious, obfoure.

MISTICA, f. f. the rule that teaches us to contemplate the divine perfections.

MYSTICAMENTE, f. f. mysically, obscurely.

MYSTICO, adj. hidden, mystical. MYSTIGO'N, f. m. one who affects sanctity, an hypocrite.

MYT

MYTHOLOGI'A, f. f. mythology, an explication of tables. MITHOLO'GICO, adj. that belongs to mythology.

The fourteenth letter of the Spanish alphabet. It is pronounced as in English, but when there is a little mark upon it as (n), then it is pronounced as the two letters gn in French, in the words Espagne, cocagne, &c.

NA'BA, f. f. a turnip. Na'Ball, f. m. a field of turnips.

NA'BAL, adj. belonging to a turnip. NABA'R, f. m a turnip-field. NIBATO, f. m. in cant, the back-

NABERI'A, f. f. many turnips toge-

ther, also slewed turnips. NABFLLO, f. m. a little turnip. NaBr'Nal, f. f. turnip-feed.

 $\Delta ABPZA$, f. f. a little turnip that is growing with a large one.

Na Bl. A, f. f. a pfaltery, a mufical in-Summent with firings, played on with NACIO'N, f. f. nation, birth, nativity, both hands.

NABO, f. m. a turnip.

NAC

NECER, 6 m. mother of pearl. Na'CARA f. f. a fea-cockle. AZCARADO, adj. of the colour of mether of pearl.

RACARDI'NA, f. f. an electary suppoied good to firengthen the memory. I AuCELLA, f. f. a small skiss, or boat. in architecture, a fmall round with a iquare to it at the bottom of the capual of a pillar.

NaCE'NCLA, f. f. obf. vide NaCI-MIENTO.

NACE'R, v.n. to be born, to fpring up, to sprout out.

Nacér, to rise, said of the sun.

Prov. No con quien naces, sino con quien táces, mind not whom you were born with, but with whom you feed; that is, those are the best kindred who maintain you; or, that is your belt country where you get your bread.

Prov. Definido naci aefuido me hallo, ni pierdo ni gáno, naked I was born, and naked I am; I am neither winner nor loser. A comfort to be contented in afflictions.

NACI'DO, adj. born, sprung up, sprouted out.

Prov. Ann no es nacido y ya estornida? he is not born yet, and does he sneeze already? applied to those who fiet and vex for things they only conceit, or rejoice at their own fancies.

NACIMIE'NTO, f. m. birth, springing up, sprouting out.

fpringing out.

Ciégo de nución, blind from his birth. NACIONAII, adj. national, belonging to a nation.

NACIONALIDA'D, f. f. the properties of a nation. NACIONALME'NTE, adv. nationally.

NAD

NADA, f. f. nothing, no, not-Como quién no decendida, a phrase used to exaggerate any thing. Un no nida, as much as nothing, next to

nothing. Prov. De la mála te guarda, y de la bad woman, and never trust a good

Prov. A quién no tière nada, nada le espanta, he that has nothing, is frighted at nothing.

NADADE'RAS, f. f. pl. corks or bladders to learn to fwim with.

NADADE'RO, f. m. a fwimmingplace.

NADADO'R, f. m. a swimmer. NADADU'RA, f. f. a fwimming. NADA'L, f. m. the Nativity of Christ. NADA'R, v. a. to fwim.

Nadár a somorgijo, to dive under water. Nadár, nadár, y a la orilla ahogár, to fwim well, and be drowned at the shore; to work through the greatest disticulties, and fail in the conclusion of any business.

NADERYA, f. f. a trifle, NA'DIE, f. m. no body.

Prov. Quien vive bien a nadie ha menester, he that lives well, flands in need of no body.

Prov. No diga nádie a nádie buniléro, let no man call another fritter-maker; that is, let no man give another an ill name, for he knows not what may be faid of him.

Prov. Nádie díga desta água no bebere, let no man fay, I will not drink of this water; that is, let no man fay, he will not do this or that, for no man knows what he may come to.

NADIR, f. m. the point in the heavens opposite to the zenith, being that which is perpendicularly under our feet,

NADO, adj. obf. (for nacide) born. A nado, adv. swimming.

buino no fies núda, take heed of a NAFA, f. f. orange flower water. NAG

NAG

NAGUAS, f. f. a petticoat with a long train. NAGUE'LA, f. f. a poor thatched cottage.

NAI

NAI'E, s. m. a coarse unpolished diamond. NAYPES, f. m. pl. playing cards. NAI'RE, f. m. the person who takes care of, and teaches the elephants.

NAL

NA'LGA, f. f. a buttock. Nálga de tozino, s. f. a gammon of bacon.

tocks, a thrust with the buttocks; also the flesh about the buttocks.

NALGATO'RIO, f. m. the hinder part of the thigh.

NALGU'DO, adj. that has great buttocks. NALGUEA'R, v. n. to beat the but-

NAN

NANTA'R, v. n. obs. to augment, to increase. NAO

NA'O, f. f. a ship. Cárga la não traséro, si quiéres que á de a la wela, load your ship aft, if you would have her sail well. NAO'CHERO, f. m. obf. a failor or maf-

NAP

ster of a ship.

tocks.

NA'PAS, f. f. pl. in cant, the buttocks. NAPE'AS, s. f. nymphs of the woods. NAPE'LO, f. m. vide ANAPE'LO. NAPHTA, f. f. the naphtha, a mineral | Nátas, pl. custard, milk thickened with fluid.

NAQ

or dance, very ancient.

NAR

NARA'NJA, f. f. an orange. NARANJA'DA, s. f. a conserve made NATERO'N, s. m. cream-cheese. with oranges. NARANJA'DO, adj. orange-colour. NARANJA'L, f. m. an orange-garden. NARANJE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to an orange; f. m. he who fells oranges. NARANJA'ZO, f. m. a blow with an orange. NARANJI'LLA, f. f. a little orange. NARA'NJO, f. m. an orange-tree. NARCI'SSO, f. m. the daffodil-flower; also a beau. NARCO'TICO, adj. that quicts, causes ! rest, stupisies, and makes senseless. NARDI'NO, adj. made of spikenard and other ingredients. NA'RDO, f. m. spikenard. Nárdo ruflico, the herb fole-foot. NARES, f. f. the nostrils. NARI'CES, f. f. pl. the nostrils, called niso Las ventanas de las narices. NARICI'SSIMO, adj. superl. that has a very great noic. WARIGA'L, f. m. the note. NARIGA'NTE, adj. that has a great nosc. NARIGO'N, f. m. a great nofe. NARIGU'DO, adj. that has a great long nofe.

NARIGUE'TA, 1

NARIGUI'LLA, S

NARI'Z, f. f. the nose. Nariz sima, a nose that has the bridge Naturalizarse, v. r. to accustom oneself fallen. Nariz rôma, a flat nose with the end NATURALME'NTE, adv. naturally, turning up.

Nariz de puente, the sharp point of the piles of a bridge, which cuts the

water.

Hacerse las narizes, to break one's nose. Subîrse el bumo à la mostáza a las narízes, to take pet, to be angry, or as we lay, to take fnuff.

Prov. Tapár la naríz y comér la perdiz, stop your nose, and eat the partridge; that is, a patridge must be kept till it smells strong.

NARIZADO, adj. that has a great long nose.

NARRACIO'N, f. f. a narration, & relation.

NALGA'DA, f. f. a blow on the but- NARRA'R, v. a. to tell, to recount, to relate.

NARRATIVA, f. f. narrative, relation. NARRATIVO, adj. that belongs to 2

narration. NA'RRIA, f. f. a rake to rake the

ground. Nárria, s. f. a sledge drawn by horses without wheels.

NARVA'L, f. m. a fea unicorn.

NAS

NA'SO, f. m. the nose. Burlesque. NASSA, f. f. a bow-net, or wickerwheel, to catch fish in; also a pannier or basket to carry corn in. NASSO'N, f. m. an augment. of NAS-

SA. NASTURCIO, f. m. a kind of garden-

cresses. Nasturcio montéz, wild cresses.

NAT

NATA, f. f. cream. yolks of eggs and a little flour, and sweetened with sugar; some add orange-flower water. NAQUERACO'ZA, f. a fort of fong NATA'L, f. m. the birth or nativity. Natál, adj, belonging to the birth-day. NATALYCIO, adj. that belongs to the birth-day. NATA'TIL, adj, that swims or floats on the water. Naterón, f. m. curds. NATT LLAS, dim. of vid. NATAS. NATIO, adj, native, natural. NATIVIDA'D, f. f. ativity, birth; used only in expressing of festivals; as la Natividad de Nucstra Senora, the nativity of our Lady. A nativitate, adv. from the day that one was born. NATIVO, adj. native. NATURA, f. f. nature; the privy parts of a woman. NATURA'L, subst. m. the natural dis-

> Naturál, adj. natural. Natural de tal parte, born in such a place.

position or inclination.

Hijo naturál, a natural son, a bastard. Prov. Por mas que desmienta ca la qual, sémpre vuille al natural, let a man dissemble aever so much, nature will Navio de pezo, a two-decked ship. always prevail.

NATURALE'ZA, f. f. nature; also a man's natural disposition, and his Navio de dos rodas, a ship that has the native country.

NATURALIDA'D, f. f. a naturalization.

NATURALISTA, f. m. a naturalist, or who fearches into the nature of things. f. f. a little short

NATURALIZACION, f. f. a naturalization.

NATURALIZA'R, v. a. to naturalize. to any thing.

NAU

NAUCHE'L,

7 f. m. a pilot or master NAUCLE'RO, ¶ of a ship. NAUFRAGA'R, v. a. to be ship. wrecked. NAUFRA'GIO, s. m. a ship-wreck. NA'UFRAGO, adj. ship-wrecked. NAUMA'CHIA, f. f. a fea-fight. NA'USEA, f. f. loathing of meat. NAUSEA'R, v. a. to loath, to naufeate. NA'UTA, f. m. a failor. NA'UTICA, f. f. navigation. NA'UTICO, adj. belonging to a failer or navigation.

ŇAV

NAVA, f. f. a plain. NAVA'JA, f. f. a razor Navajás del puerco, a boar's tulks: NAVAJA'DA, s. f. a cut with a razor. NAVAJE'RO, s. m. the case for razors; also a rag to clean the razor in shaving. NAVAJUE'LA, f. f. a little razor. NAVA'JO, f. m. a pice of flat ground where the rain gathers. NAVAJO'N, f. m. a fort of dagger shaped like a razor. NAVA'L, adj. naval, belonging to ships, Batálla navál, a sea-sight. NAVA'RRO, f. m. in cant, a young goole. NAVA'ZO, f. m. a piece of flat ground where the rain gathers.

NA'VE, f. f. a ship. Nave tafuréa, a serry-boat, a ship sor transporting horses. Nave de iglésia, the isle of a church.

NAVECICA, f. f. a small ship; a NAVECI'LLA, small isle of a church. NAVECITA, NAVEGA'BLE, adj. navigable, that may be failed in.

NAVEGACIO'N, f. f. navigation falling.

NAVEGADO'R,] f. m. a failor. NAVEGA'NTE, NAVEGA'R, v. n. to fail.

Navegar con poco paño, to make little fail.

Navegar con viento en popa, to sail before the wind.

NAVETA, f. f. a little ship; also a drawer in a cabinet, or the like; as also a vessel the frankincense is carried in for the censor in the church, commonly made in the shape of a boat.

NAVICHUE'LO, f. m. a little thip. NAVIDA'D, f. f. Christmas, the Nativity of Christ. NAVIDE'NO, adj. what is belonging to

the birth or nativity. NAVIO, f. m. in cant, the body. Navio, f. m. a ship. Nauso planudo, a flat-bottom vessel.

Navio de altó bordo, a three-decked ship Navio latino, a ship that has triangular or moulder-of-mutton fails.

hend and the stern alike.

Navis raso, a ship that has low sides. Navio de guérra, a man of war. Navio mercante or mercantil, a merchant

thip. Navio mal maseado, a ship that is foul. Navio velero, a ship that is a good failer. Nav.

noic.

Navio de gábia, a ship that has a round top at the mast.

Prov. Quien no tuviere que bacer arme navío d tome mugér, he that has no. thing to do, may fit out a ship or a take a wife; that is, either a ship or a wife will find a man work enough. NA'VO, f. m. v. NABO.

NAY

NA'YADES, f. f. the nymphs of the springs and rivers.

NAZ

NAZARE'NO, adj. of Nazareth, Nazarene, a fort of people among the Jews. NAZARE'O, adj. idem.

NAZO'RA, s. f. obs. cream. NA'ZULA, f. f. obf. cheefe.

NEB

NE'BEDA, s. f. the herb nep, or calamint.

NEBLI, f. m. the hawk called a gofhawk, the kite,

NEBLI'NA, f. f. a mist.

NEBRI'NA, f. f. the fruit of the juniper-tree. NEBULO'SO, adj. clowdy milly foggy.

NEC

NECEA'R, v. n. to play the tool. NECEDA'D, folly, a foolish faying, or action.

NECESSA'RIA, f. f. a necessary house,

privy. NECESSARIAME'NTE, adv. necessarily, of necessity.

NECESSA'RIO, adj. necessary.

NECESSIDA'D, f. f. necessity. Prov. Hacer de la necessidad virtud, to

make a virtue of necessity. Prov. La necessidad caréce de ley, necellity has no law.

NECESSITA'R, v. a. to necessitate, to force, to oblige,

NECIAME'NTE, adv. foolifhly.

NE'GIO, f f. a fool.

Prov. Mas sábe el nécio en su cása, que el cuérdo en la agena, a fool knows more in his own house. than a wise man in another's; that is, every man understands his own business best.

Piov. A cada nécio agrada su porrada, every fool is pleased with his own blunder.

Prov. Nécios, y porfiados hácen rícos los letrádos, fools and obstinate men make lawyers rich.

Prov. Si el nécio no fuesso al mercado, no Se venderia lo malo, if the fool did not go to market, what is naught would not be fold.

Prov. Mas wale ser nécio que porsiado, it is better to be thought a fool than to be obstinate.

NE'CTAR, f. m. the liquor the poets feign the gods drink; any pleasant drink.

NE'FA, f. f. a fweet water they sprinkle in the air to spread a perfume,

NEF

NEFANDAME'NTE, adv. heinoufly, abominably, detellably, unutterably. NEFA'NDO, adj. heinous, abominable, detesiable, not to be named. NEF IRIAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, vil-

lainoufly. NEFARIO, adj. wicked, villainous. NE'FAS. f. m. wickedness, villany.

NEF d'STO, adj. belonging to certain inauspicious days.

NEG

NEGACIO'N, f. f. a denial. NEGADO'R, f. m. the person wuo denies.

NEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a denial. NEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refuse.

Negar a pies juntillos, to stand slissly in the negative.

Negárse, v. r. to excuse oneself. NEGATIVA, f. f. negative.

NEGATIVAME'NTE, adv. negatively. NEGATIVO, adj. negative. still denying.

NEGLIGE'NCIA, s. f. negligence, carelessness.

NEGLIGE'NTE, adj. negligent, careless.

NEGLIGENTEME'NTE, adv. negligently, carelessly.

NEGOCIACIO'N, f. f. negociation, management of business; trade. NEGOCIADO'R, f. m. one that nego-

ciates or manages. NEGOCIA'NTE, f. m. a merchant or

dealer.

NEGOCIA'R, v. a. to negociate, to do business, to trade.

NEGO'CIO, s. m. affair, business, trade. Húmbro de negócios, a merchant.

NEGOCIO'SO, adj. diligent in doing business. NEGOZUE'LO, s. m. a little busi-

neis. NE'GRA, f. f. a black woman; in cant,

a kettle. Callar como negra en baño, to be as si-

lent as a black in a bath. NEGREA'R, v. n. to grow black, to look black.

NEGRECE'R, v. n. to black, to grow black.

MEGREGUEA'R, v. n. to grow black, or to look blackish, to cast a black.

NEGREGU'RA, f. f. blackness. NEGRETA, f. f. a blackish fort of wild

NEGRI'LLA, f. f. a kind of black seafilh.

NEGRI'LLO, f. m. a little black boy; adject. used blackish.

Negrállo, f. m. a kihd of black elm. NEGRITO, adj, blackish.

NE'GRO, adj. black.

Négro, s. m. a black man; in cant, a fharper.

Négra wentúra, bad luck. No se si es blanco ni négro, I know not whether he is white or black; that is,

I know nothing of him. Prov. Aunquenégros, somos génte, though we are blacks, we are men. We must not despise any body, though ever so mean.

NEGROMANCI'A, f. f. necromancy, the black art.

NEGROMA'NTIGO, f. m. negromancer, a conjurer.

NEGRO'R, f. m. blacknefs. NEGRU'RA, f. f. blackness. NEGRU'ZCO, adj. dun coloured.

NEGUIJO'N, f. m. the worm in the teeth, which rots them, and turns them black.

NEGUI'LLA, f. f. the plant nigélla, or gith; most used for the weed cockle growing amongst corn; also a denial of any fact.

NEM

NE'MA, f. f. the feal upon a letter. NE'MESIS, f. f. the name of the goddefs of punishment.

NEMINE DISCREPAINTE, adverbially spoke, fignisies unanimity, general confent, when all concur in one opiniona

NEMO'N, f. m. the gnomon of a fundial, so corruptly pronounced and written.

NEMORO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to a wood.

NEN

NE'NE, s. m. a little infant, a childisk word. NENUFA'R, f. m. the water-lily.

NEO

NEOME'NIA, f. f. the fellival of the Jews at the beginning of every month. NLO'PHITO, f. m. a neophyte a new convert.

NEP

NEPFIRI'TICO, adj. a physical term, fignifying the pain of the stone in the kidney, or gravel; also a kind of jasper stone.

NEPOTE, f. m. a nephew, the fon of a brother or a fifter, principally used to mean a relation to the pope whea his minister of state.

NEQ

NEQUA'QUAM, adv. by no means, in no manner.

NER

NERE'IDS, f. f. fea-nymphs. NER'VECI'CO, f. m. a little finew. NERVIA'R, v. a. to bind by strings; nerves, or finews:

NERVI'NO, adj. made of finews: NE'RVIO, f. m. finew, nerve.

NERVIOSIDA'D, f. f. fulness of strength of finews:

NERVIO'SO, adj. v. NERVOSO. NERVOSAME'NTE, adv. with efficacy, vigorously, effectually, with acti-Vity.

NERVOSIDA'D, f. f. vide NERVIO-SIDA'D.

NERVO'SO, adj. full of finews or nerves, finewy.

NERFU'DO, adj. full of finews, or that has great finews, finewy.

NES

NESCIE'NCIA, f. f. ignorance. want of knowledge.

NESCIE'NTE, adj. ignorant, not know. ing.

NE'SGA, f. f. a gore, as is put into a garment or a woman's fmock. NE'SPERA, f. f. vide NI'SPERO.

NET

NETEZUE'LO, f. m. a little grandfon; diminutive of nieto.

NETO, f. m. the pedeftal of any column.

Néta, adj. neat, clean, pure; used only by traders to express so much of a commodity exclusive of the tare.

NEU

NE'UMA, f. f. a figure in thetorick, by which any one expresses himself rather by actions than words.

NEUTRA'L, adj. neuter, of neither fide.

NEUTRALIDA'D, f. f. neutrality. NE'UTRO, adj. neuter, of the neuter gender, that stands neuter.

[Ttt]

MEV

NEV

NEVA'DA, f. f. a fall of snow.

NEVA'R, v. n. to snow.

NEVA'SCA, f. f. a fall of snow.

NEVATI'LLA, f. f. the bird called wag-tail.

NEVE'RA, f. f. a fall of snow.

NEVERI'A, f. f. the place where the ice is fold.

NEVE'RO, f. m. the person who sels the ice.

NEVI'SCA, f. f. a fall of snow.

NEVO'SO, adj. snowy, full of snow.

NEX

NE'XO, s. m. a knot, a tying, joining, or binding together. Néxo, prep. in cant, no.

NIA

NI, prep. neither.
NIA'RA, f. f. a chaff-house.

NIC

NICEROBI'NO, adj. the appellative of a precious ointment used by the ancients.

NI'CHO, f. m. a niche, or hollow made in a wall.

NICOCIANA, f. f. the herb tobacco.

NID

NIDA'DA, f. f. nest-full.

NIDA'L, f. m. the nest-egg or other things belonging to the nest.

NIDIFICA'R, v. n. to build nests.

NIDIFICA'R, v. n. to build nests.

NIDIFICA'R, v. n. a little nest.

NI'DO, f. m. a nest. In cant, a house.

Prov. En los nidos de antaño nó bày páxaros ogáño, there are no birds this year in last year's nests; that is, things are changed the case is altered since last year.

Prov. No bállar nídos donde se piensa ballár páxaros, all hopes of obtaining the thing we looked after, are vain and fruitless.

NIE

NIE'BLA, f. f. a mist, a fog. Niebla, in cant, the morning. NIE'GO, f. m. a term in falconry; a young hawk newly taken out of the airy; a brancher. NIE'L, f. m. plate chased or engraven; any turned or embossed work. NIELA'R, v. a. to frost, or make frostwork on metal. NIE'RVECITO, f. m. dimin. a little nerve. NIE'SPER, f. f. vid. NISPERO. NIETA, f. f. a grandaughter. NIETECI CA, s. f. a little gran-NIETECI'LLA, daughter. NIETECI'TA, NIETECI'CO, NIETECILLO, \ f. m. a little grandson. NIETECITO, NIETO, f. m. a grandfon. Vino nieto, the third pressing of the grape. NIETRO, f. m. a measure of liquids. NIE'VE, f. f. fnow.

NIG

NIGROMANCI'A, f. f. necromancy; the art of revealing future events by communication with the dead.

NIGROMA'NTE, f. m. who exercises necromancy.

NIGROMA'NTICO, f. m. a necromancer; one who by charms can converse with the ghosts of the dead.

NIGUA, f. f. a fort of finall worm.

NIM

NIMIAME'NTE, adv. too much. NIMIEDAD, f. f. excess. NI'MIO, adj. too much, superfluous.

NIN

NIN, conj. obs. for ni.

NINGU'N, adj. none, no body.

NINGU'NO, adj. none, no body.

NININA'NA, s. f. any foolish unmeaning thing; hum, the humming of a tune.

$NI\tilde{n}$

NIñA, s. f. a little girl, a semale infant. Niña del ójo. the fight of the eye. NInA'DO, f. f. a childish action. NInA'TO, f. m. a calftaken out of the belly of the cow. $NI\tilde{n}EA'R$. v. n. to play the child. NInERI'A, f. f. a childish thing, a trifle. NInERO, f. m. he that is fond of children, or that delights in puerilities. NInE'TA, f. f. a little girel, or the fight of the eye. NIUITA, 1 s. f. a little infant, a little NITITO, 5 girl. NIn'ICO, I f. m. a little male infant, a NITITO, little boy. $Nl\tilde{n}E'Z$, f. f. infancy, childhood. NI'nO, f. m. an infant, a male child. Níño de la piédra, a foundling, a child that has been exposed by its parents.

NIO

NIO'TO, f. m. the dog fish;

NIP

NI'POS, f. m. pl. in cant, money.

NIQ

NIQUISCO'CIO, s. m. a trisse, a useless thing.

NIS

NI'SPERO, f. m. a medlar. or a med-

NIT

NITOS, f. m. pl. a word used when one

NITIDO, adj. clear, neat, shining.

lar-tree.

asks what do you eat? the other anfwers, nitos; as if he was eating something so called, which word having
no meaning, makes the questioner understand that he is not to know it.

NITRA'L, s. m. the place where nitre
is dug out.

NITRERI'A, s. f. the place where the
nitre is found.

NITRO, s. m nitre, salt-petre.

NITRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to
nitre,

NIV

NIVE'L, f. m. a carpenter's level to lay his work level by.

NIVELA'R, v. a. to level.

N O

NO, adv. no.

No nada, nothing, next to nothing.

No sino, an expression denoting a furety
or certainty of the thing treated of.

No felo, not only.

NOB

NOBILIATRIO, f. m. the book in

which all the noblemen's titles and privileges are written.

NOBILI'SSIMO, adj. very noble, very famous.

NO'BLE, adj. noble.

NOBLECE'R, v. a. obf. to make noble, to grow noble.

NOBLEME'NTE, adv. nobly.

NOBLEZA, f. f. nobility.

NOC

NOCHARNIE'GO; adj. vide NOC.
TURNO.
NO'CHE, f. m. night; in cant, the sea.
tence of death.

Boca de noche, night-fall.

Noche buena, Christmas night; thhatis, the night between the eve and Christmas-day.

Nóche buéna, a rich cake, such as they make to eat on Chtistmas-night.

Prima nóche, the close of the evening.

Media nóche, midnight.

Noche Toledana, a Toledo night; a night when a man cannot sleep a wink.

Hacer noche una cosa, to hide a thing, that it cannot be seen.

Hacer noche en un lugar, to pass the night in a place.

Quedarle a huéras néches to be le constitute.

Quedarse a buénas núches, to be lest in the dark; to be disappointed.

La núche es cápa de pecadóres, night is a cloak for sinners: it hide: ill actions

cloak for sinners; it hides ill actions. Prov. De nóche tódos los gátos son párdos, at night all cats are grey.

NOCHIELO, adj. an in-dyed black

colour.

NOCHI'ZO, f. m. the wild nuts.

NOCI'BLE, adj. that may hurt.

NOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a hurt.

NOCIO'N, f. f. notion, idea.

NOCIONAL, adj. belonging to an idea.

or notion.

NOCI'R, v. a. obs. to hurt, to injure,
NOCI'VO, adj. hurtful.

NOCTILU'CA, f. f. a glow-worm: NOCTIVA'GO, adj. that wanders in the night.

NOCTURNA'L, adj. belonging to night.

NOCTU'RNO, adj. of, or belonging to night.

N O D

NODACIO'N, f. f. knottiness. NO'DO, f. m. a knot. NODRI'ZA, f. f. a nurse.

NQE

NOE'MA, s. f. a figure in rhetorick, when one thing is meant, and another spoken.

NOG

NOGA'DA, f. f. a fauce made with pounded walnuts, bread, garlick, falt and oil, all incorporated like paste, to eat poor Jack with.

NOGN'L, s. m. a walnut-tree.
NOGUE'RA, s. f. a walnut-tree: not
fo much used as nogal, and more properly an orchard of walnut-trees.
NOGUERADO, adj. of a walnut co-

NOGUERA'L, f. m. the place where the walnut-trees grow.

NOL

NOLICIO'N, f. f. nolition.
NO'LITO, f. m. freight or passing.
money in a ship or ferry-boat.

NOM

NOAIBRADAME'NTE, adv. namelyby name; tamoutly, remarkably.

NOMBRADIA, f. f. renown. NOMBRA'DO, adj. famous, renowned. NOMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a naming. NOMBRA'R, v. a. to name, to mention.

NO'MBRE, s. m. a name; fame, re nown. Among foldiers, the word, the parole.

Dar el nombre; to give the watch-word. NOMENCLATO'R, f. m. one that knows the name of things or men, and NOSOTRO'S, pron. we. calls them by them.

NOMENGLATU'RA, f. f. nomencla-

ture.

in letters or characters.

nates or appoints.

name. NOMINA'R. v. a. to name.

NOMINATIVO, f. m. the nominative NOTECILLA, f. f. a little note. cafe.

NO'MINO, f. m. the person who is capable of any honourable employment NOTI'CIA, f. f. notice, knowledge. in the sepublick.

NON

NO'N, for no; also odd, that is an odd | thing. Vid NO'NES.

NO'NA, f. f. the ninth, particularly the NOTIFICA'R. v. a. to notify, to make cause it was to be said at three in the telligence. asternoon, which, according to the NOTO, adj. noted, known, notorious. reckoning of the ancients, was the Nóto, f. m. the fouth wind. ninth hour.

thing.

NONADI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of NO-NA'DA.

NO'NES, f. m. pl. odd, a number that is not even, as 3, 5, 7, 9, &c. in cant, nones, is no.

Páres à nones, even or odd.

Andar de nones, to have an employment, office, or calling.

NONAGENA'RIO, adj. that is ninety years old.

NONAGE'SIMO, adj. ninetieth.

NONAGONA'L, adj. belonging to the number nine.

NONA'GONA, f. m. a figure in geometry confissing of nine angles.

NONNATO, adj, applied to the child cut out of the mother's womb.

NO'NO, adj. ninth. NON PLUS U'LTRA, f. m. the extremity, the utmost pitch, the full extent.

NON OBSTANTE, notwithstanding.

NOQ

NO'QUE, f. m. a tan-pit. NOQUL'RQ, f. m. a tanner.

NOR

NORABUE'NA, or NORAMA'LA, NOVELE'RO, adj. that likes to hear sor en bora buena, or en bora mala, in a good or bad hour; dar la nora buéna, to congratulate; also a courtrous way of approving or consenting, as when one alks, shall I have, or shall I do this, or the like, the other answers, en bora buena, in a good hour. Dar la noramala, is just the contrary. NORD, f. m. the north. NORDE'STE, f. m. north-east.

NORDESTEA'R, v. n. to vary towards | the north-eaft.

NO'RIA, f. f. a well.

NORIA'L, adj. belonging to a well. NO'RMA, f. f. a rule, a direction, a

level,

NORNORDE'STE, f. m. the northnorth-eaft.

NORTE, f. m. the north-star. NORTEAR, v. n. to observe the north for directions of the voyage.

NO\$

NOS, pron. we. The stile used by the NOVILLE'JA, f. m. a young heifer. king speaking of himself. NOSOMA'NTICA, f. f. the art of curing by inchantment.

NOT

NO'MINA, f. f. a catalogue of names of NO'TA, f. f. a note, a mark, infamy. men or things; also a spell or charm NOTA'BLE, adj. notable, remarkable. NOTABLEME'NTE, adv. notably. NOMINACIO'N, f. f. nomination, nam- NOTACIO'N, f. f. noting, marking. NOTA'DO, adj. scandalous, infamous. NOMINADO'R, f. m. one who nomi- NOTA'R, v. a. to note, to mark. Notar cartas, to indite letters. NOMINA'L, adj. that belongs to a NOTARI'A, f. f the profession or practice of clerkship. NOTA'RIO, f. m. a notary. NO'THO, s. m. a bastard, an illegitimate child.

NOTICI'AR, v. a. to give notice, to declare.

NOTICIO'SO, adj. that has notice or knowledge; also learned.

NOTIFICACIO'N, f. f. a notification, or making known.

hour of none in the divine office, be- known; also to acquaint, to give in-

NOTORIAME'NTE, adv. notoriously.

NONA'DA, s. f. that is next to no-INOTORIEDA'D, s. f. notoriousness. NOTO'RIO, adj. publickly known, notorious.

NOTU'RNO, of, or belonging to the Nube, in cant, a cloak, night.

NOV

NOVACIO'N, f. f. innovation, a lawword.

NOVA'L, adj. applied to new cultivateu | NUBLA'DO, adj. cloudy, overcast. duces.

or obligation.

universities the scholar that is but entered.

NOVATO'R, f. m. the inventor of any NUBLO'SO, adj. cloudy. new thing or fect.

NOVECIE'NTOS, adj. nine hundred. NOVEDA'D, f. f. novelty. NOVE'L, adj. new, without experi-

rience. Caballéro novél, a knight without de-

vice. NOVE'LA, f. f. a novel; uncertain or false intelligence.

NOVELA'DOR, f. m. who writes novels.

NOVELERI'A, f. f. a narration of fa- | NUDAMEINTE, adv. nakedly. bles or novels.

news; also inconstant, changing; in | cant, the servant of a pimp.

days; also nine days prayers for the dead.

NOVENARIO, f. m. idem. NOVE'NO, adj. rhe ninth. NOVE'NTA, f. m. ninety. NOVENTE'NO, adj. nineticth. NOVEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of nucvo. NO'VIA, f. f. a bride.

NOVICIA'DO, f. m. novitiate, the time spent in a religious house by way of trial; the house or apartment in a monastery for novices.

NOVICIO, f. m. n novice, one that is in his year of trial to be received to a religious life,

NOVICIO'TE, s. m. a stout novice. NOVIE'MBRE, f. m. the month of November.

NOVI'LLA, s. f. a young heifer. NOVILLA'DA, f. f. a drove of he and bullocks.

NOVILLE'RO, f. m. the place where the heifers are put; also heiferkeeper.

Novillero, a child who runs away. NOVI'LLO, f. m. a steer, a young on or bullock; also a cuckold.

Irse a novillos, said of any young fellow thatis gone as it were to feek his fortune in the world, and returns very foon, as if he had only gone to the next fair to see a bull-feast.

NOVILU'NIO, f. f. the new-moon. NO'VIO, f. m. a bridegroom.

NOVI'SSIMOS, f. m. pl. the four last things that happen to man; which are, death, judgment, hell, and heaven.

NOX

NO'XA, f. f. injury, hurt, damage.

MUB

NUBA'DA, s. f. a sudden plash of rain that falls as a cloud is passing. NUBA'DO, adj. applied in pointing to a representation of clouds; also wa-

tered as camblets are. NUBA'DOS, pl. watered camblets. NUBARRA'DA, s. f. vide NUBADA. NUBARRA'DO, adj. vide NUBADO. NUBARRO'N, f. m. a large cloud that

is separate from the other clouds. NU'BE, f. f. a cloud. It is also a cloud or film in the eye.

. NUBECI'LLA, f. f. a little cloud.

NUBILO'SO, adj. cloudy, NUBLA'DA, f. f. a sudden great shower of rain that falls as a cloud i.

passing. ground; and also to the fruit it pro- Nublado, s. m. a cloud; an impending misfortune. In cant, a cloak.

NOVA'R, v. a. to renew any contract | Nublarse, v. r. to overcast, to grow cloudy. NOVATO, f. m. fo they call, in the NUBLO, adj. cloudy, cloudiness.

Núblo en el pan, or trigo, a blight in corn.

NUC

NU'CA, f. f. the nape of the neck. NUCI'R, v. a. obf. to damage, to hunt, to injure. NU'CLEO, f. m. the kernel of a nur, any other fruit.

NUD

NUDI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of nuda. NUDO, f. m. a knot; a knotty question. Núdo de la máno, a knuckle. NOVE'NO, f. f. a devotion of nine | Nudo ciégo, a blind or intricate knot that is hard to untie. Núdes en árbeles, knots in trees. NU'DO, adj. naked. NUDO'SO, adj. knotty, full of knots,

NUDRESCEDO'R, f. m. obf. the perfon who nourishes.

NUDRESCE'R, v. a. obs. to nourish. NUDRIME'NTO, f. m. obf. nourishment.

NUDRI'R, v. n. obs. to nourish to bring up.

NUE

NUEGA'DOS, s.m. a sweet pasty, made with

with honey and nuts, or else with almonds, small nuts, pine-apple kernels, and toasted hemp-seed. NUE'RA, s. f. a daughter-in-law, a son's wife. NUE'S, ours. A churlish way of speaking. NUESSO, adj. v. NUESTRO. NUESTRA'MO, for Nuestro anmo; our master; in cant, a clerk, or a notary that goes with the alguaciles, and writes down the crimes of those that are apprehended. NUE'STRO, adj. our. NUE'VA, f. f. news. NUEVAME'NTE, adv. newly, lately. NUE'VE, f. m. nine. Las nuéve, nine of the clock. NUE'VO, adj. new. NUE'Z, f. f. a nut. Nuéz de la gargánia, the nut or knot in the throat. Nuéz de ballesta, the nut of the crossbow. Nuéz de spécia, the well known spice called nutmeg. NUE'ZM, f. f. herb briony.

NUG

NUGATO'RIO, adj. vain, trifling, of no force, slight, impertinent, nugatory.

NUL

NULIME'NTE, adv. in no wife, by no means. NULIDA'D, f. f. nullity; also any vice; or defect of a person. NULO, adj. none; without force, of no account or moment.

NUM

NU'MEN, f. f. a deity. NUMERA'BLE, adj. that can be numbered. NUMERACIO'N, f. f. numeration, a NUSCO, adv. with us. numbering.

Z,

NUMERADO'R, f. m. one who numbers, a numerator. NUMERA'L, adj. numeral, belonging to numbers. NUMERA'R, v. a. to number, to reckon, to tell. NUMERA'RIO, adj. that is of the number, belonging to the number. NUMERICAME'NTE, adv. numerically. NUME'RICO, adj. numerical. NU'MERO, f. m. a number. NUMEROSAME'NTE, adv. numeroufly. NUMEROSIDA'D, f. f. number, a great number. NUMERO'SO, adj. numerous; also harmonious. NUMI'SMA, f. m. money. NU'MO, s. m. an ancient coin so called. NYMPHO, s. m. an effeminate man, NUMULA'RIO, f. m. who trafficks with money.

NUS

NUN

NU'NCA, adv. never. NUNCIATU'RA, f. f. the dignity of a nuncio or legate. NU'NCIO, f.-m. the pope's nuncio, equi-valent to an ambassador, only distinguished by this name, from those of other princes. Cára del núncio, an hospital at Toledo for mad people. NUNCUPATIVO, 7 adj. nuncupa-NUNCUPATO'RIO, f tive, nuncupa-

NUP

sory, verbally pronounced.

NUPCIA'L, adj. belonging to a marriage, nuptial. NU'PCIAS, s. f. pl. marriage, wed- | nUBLADO, adj. obs. cloudy. ding.

NUS

for con nojátros, with us.

NUT

NU'TRIA, f. f. an otter. NUTRI'CIO, adj. that affords nourish. ment. NUTRICIO'N, f. f. nutrition, food. NUTRIMENTA'L, adj. that belongs to nourishment, or that can nourish. NUTRIME'NTO, f. m. nutriment, nourisament. NUTRIR, v a. to nourish. NUTRITIVO, adj. nourishing. NUTRIZ; f. f. a wet-nurse.

NYM

WYMPHA, f. f. a nymph; a pretty young lady.

$\bar{n} A$

"AGA'ZA, S'f. v. ATAGA'ZA. ndQUE, f. m. a heap of subbish; any useless things. n12UInAQUE, f. m. a word of contempt for any trifling thing.

ã O

noclos, f. m. a fort of biscuits made of flouer, sugar, butter, eggs, wine and annise-seed, made in the shape of a walnut. $\bar{n}O\bar{n}A$, adj. old, in the second in. fancy. $\overline{n}ORA$, f. f. a well.

n U

NUBLAR, v. n. obs. to grow cloudy. *nUBLO*, f. m. obf. v. NUBLO. nUDILLO, f. m. a little knot. $\bar{n}U'DO$, f. m. a knot. Con nusco, ["UDO'80, adj. full of knote.

the fourth of the vowels. O, a particle, or adverb of admiration. O que bermoja cria ura! O what a beautiful creature! O, a particle of indignation; as, Ow.lláco! O thou knave! O, a particle of desire; as, O si llegassi e! aía! O that the day would come!

O, a particle of grief; as, O que gran lástima! O what a pity! O, a particle of exclamation; as, O

gran Diés! O great God. O is used ironically; as, O que l'indo! O fine!

O, a conjunction disjunctive; as, O réco | o púbre, either rich or poor.

OBC

OBCECA'DO, adj. blinded.

OBD

OBDUPACIO'N, f. f. stubbornness, inflexibility.

OBE

OBEDECE'R, v. a. to obey. OBEDICIMIE'NTO, f. m. obedi-OBEDIE'NCIA, f. f. ence. leave, your most obedient. OBEDIENCIA'L, adj. obedient, that obeys. OBEDIE'NTE, adj. obedient.

OBEDIENTEME'NTE, adv. obediently. OBEJARU'CO, s. m. vide ABEJE- Obra prima, curious work.

RUCO. OBELI'SCO, f. m. an obelisk; also a Obra, action, deed. mark or note in a book in the form of Ob a romana, a perfect work.

a crofs. OBE'LO, f. m. the same as obelisco. OBE'NQUES, s.m. I the shrouds of Obras muertas, à vivas de un navio, OBSTA'CULO, s. m. obstacle, hin-OBENCADU'RA, f. f. f. a ship. $OBES/D_D/D$, f. f. morbid fatness, used

OBL'SO, adj. obefe, loaden with flesh, very fat.

OBI

by physicians.

O'BICE, f. hindrance, impediment, ob-Aruction.

pal dignity.

OBISPALI'A, f. f. certain towns bepalace.

OBISPA'R, v. n. to make a bishop; ironically, to be exposed to public [thame, which is done by riding on an OBRECILLA, If. f. little work. als, with a paper cap like a mitre on OBRECULA, the head, answerable to our carting. [OBREPTICIO, adj. obreptitious, un-

made among scholars at their break- OBRERI'A, s. f. a workshop. ing up, as we chuse a king at Christmas.

Obispillo de puérco, a great sausage made of fwine's flesh.

Obsspille de à ve, the rump of a bird. OBISPO, f. m. a bishop. Ocispo de anillo, a titular bishop. O'BITO, f. m. the decease or death of

4 person.

овј

OBJECIO'N, f. f. an objection. OBJETA'R, v. n. to object. OBJEITPO, adj. objective. OBJETO, f. m. an object.

OBL

OBLACIO'N, f. f. oblation, sacrifice, offering.

OBLADA, f. f. an offering of bread laid on the graves of the dead.

Prov. Quien lleva las obladas que taña OBSCURA'R, las campanas, let him that has the OBSCURECE'R, I grow dark. have the profit take the pains.

made to a church; also the wafer when confecrated.

OBLE'A, f. f. a wafer. OBLIGACIO'N, f. f. obligation; duty; a bond.

OBLIGA'R, v. a. to oblige, to force, to constrain.

OBLIGATIVO, adj. that obliges. OBLIGATO'RIO, adj. obligatory. OBLIQUAME'NTE, adv. obliquely, not directly.

OBLIQUA'R, v. a. to make oblique OBLIZUI'DAD, s. f. obliquity, diviation from rectitude.

OBLI'QUO, adj. oblique. OBLO'NGO, adj. oblong, longer than broad.

OBN

OBNO'XIO, adj. exposed to any danger, subject, liable.

OBO

A la obediência, a phrase used in taking O'BOLO, s. m. an obole, a weight confisting of the fixth part of a drachm.

OBR

OBRA, f. f. work. Obra de dos leguas, about two leagues.

Obras, the writings of an author; also OBSOLETO, adj. obsolete, out of any building or repairing.

all that part of a ship that is in the water.

La obra del escorial, long work.

every body's business is no body's OBSTINACIO'N, s. f. obstinacy. bufinefs. OBRADA, f. f. a day's work; also an

acre of land. OBRADUR, f. m. a workman; also a

place to work in. OBISPA'DO, f. m. bishoprick, episco-|OBRA'GE|, f. m. work, workmanship; also the workhouse.

OBISPAL, adj. belonging to a bishop. OBRAGE'RO, s. m. an overseer of OBSTRUCTIVO, adj. obstructive. workmen,

longing to the bishop; also the bishop's [OBRA'R, v. a. to work; also to act,]to produce.

Obrár, to go to stool. OBRECICA,

OBISPI'LLO, f. m. a mock bishop OBRETI'CIO, } der-hand dealing.

OBRE'RO, f. m. a workman. workman is a great pilgrim; because he is fent for from all parts.

Prov. Obiéros a no wer, dinéros a perder, not to see workmen is to lose one's money; because they neglect their work.

OBRILLA, f. f. diminut. of chra. OBRYZO, adj. pure, faid of gold.

OBS

OBSCENAME'NTE, adv. obfcenely,] in an impure and unchafte man-) ner.

OBSCENIDAD, f. f. obscenity, impurity of thoughts, actions, or language.

OBSCE'NO, adj. obscene, impure, unchaste, immodest.

OBCURAME'NTE, adv. obscurely, darkly.

\ v. n. to darken, to offering ring the bells; they that Obscurecer, v. a. to darken, to make dark.

OBLA'TA, s. f. an offering of money | OBSCURECIMIE'NTO, s. m., obscu-OBSCURIDA'D, f. f. darkness.

OBSCU'RO, adj. obscure, dark. OBSEQuE'NTE, adj. obsequious.

OBSEQUIA'R, v. a. to court, to flatter, to be obsequious. OBSE'QUIAS, f. f. obsequies, funeral

rites. OBSE'QUIO, f. m. obedience, compli-

ance, obsequiousness.

OBSEQUIOS AME'NTE, adv. obsequioufly, with obedience.

OBSEQUIO'SO, adj. compliant, obsequious, obedient.

OBSERVACIO'N, f. f. observation. OBSERVADO'R, f. m. one that obferves; an observator.

OBSERVA'NCIA, f. f. observance, respect, ceremonial, reverence.

Observância, religious rite, attentive practice, careful obedience.

OBSERVA'NTES, f m. pl. the strictest order of the Franciscan friars.

OBSERVA'R, v. a. to observe, to keep, to regard, to take heed.

OBSERVATO'RIO, f. m. an observatory, a place built for astronomical observations.

OBSESSIO'N, f. f. the obsession of devils, antecedent to possession.

OBSE'SSO, adj. molested by the devils.

OBSIDIA'NA, s.f. an ancient precious stone so called.

OBSIDIONA'L, adj. obsidional, belonging to a fiege.

ule.

drance. OBSTA'NTE, adj. which hinders.

Non obstånte, adv. notwithstanding. Prov. Obra de común, óbra de ningún, OBSTRA'R, v. a to obstruct, to hinder.

OBSTINADAME'NTE, adv. obsinately. OBSTINA'DO, adj. obstinate, stub-

born. OBSTINA'RSE, v. r. to grow obilinate.

OBSTRUCCIO'N, f. f. obstruction.

OBSTRUIR, v. a. to obstruct, to flut up.

OBT

OBTEMPERA'NCIA, f. f. obedience.

OBTEMPERA'R, v. a. to obey. OBTENE'R, v. a. to obtain, to get.

OBTE'NTO, f. m. ecclesiastical revenue.

Prov. Gran obrêro, gran romêro, a great OBTESTACIO'N, f. f. menace; a protest against one.

OBTUSA'NGULO, adj. in geometry, that of the three angles one is obtufe.

OBTUSO, adj. obtuse, blunt, dull.

OBV

OBVIA'R, v. a. to obviate, to prevent, to hinder.

O'BVIO, adj. obvious, met one's way. OBYE'CTO, f. m. obf. an objection of reply.

Obyetto, adj. obf. but before. OCA [U u u]

OCA

OCA, f. f. a goofe. OCAL, adj. an appellative given to a particular kind of pear.

OCASIO'N, f. f. occasion, opportunity, convenience; an accidental cause.

OCASIONALME'NTE, adv. occasionally.

OCASIONA'R, v. a. to cause, to give occasion.

OCASO, f. m. fun-fet.

OCC

OCCIDENTA'L, adj. occidental western.

OCCIDE'NTE, f. m. the occident, the west.

OCCIPITA'L, adj. occipital, belonging to the hind part of the head. OCCISIO'N, f. f. murdering, killing. OCCI'SO, adj. killed.

OCCURRE'NCIA, s. f. occurence, incident, accidental event.

OCE

OCE'ANO, f. m. the ocean; any immense expanse.

OCH

OCHAVA, f. f. an eighth part, a drachm in weight.

OCHAVA'DO, adj. that has eight fides or angles.

OCHAVA'R, v. a. to make an octagon or a figure confisting of eight sides and angles.

OCHAVA'RIO, f. m. the eighth part. OCHA'VO, f. m. a small coin to called, the eighth part of any thing.

OCHE'NTA, adj. eighty.

OCHENTA'L, adj. eighty years old. OCHENTO'N, (OCHO, adj. eight.

OCHOCIE'NJOS, adj. eight hundred.

OCI

OCIA'R, v. a. to entertain one that he may not do what he is about. O'CIO, f. m. leisure, idleness, sloth. OCIOS AME'NTE, adv. idly, lazily. OCIOSIDA'D, f. f. idleness, OCIO'SO, adj. idle, at leifure.

\circ

OCOZOA'L, f. m. a ferpent so called. OCOZO'L, f. m. a tree so called.

OCR

OCRE, f. m. ochre, a kind of earth. OCROTO, f. m. vide ONOCROTA'-LO,

OCT

OCTAE'DRO, f. m. a body having the figure of eight equilateral triangles.

OCTAGONO, f. m. an octagon.

OCTAVA, f. f. an octave or the OE'STE, f. m. west. eighth day, when a festival is kept | OE'STE-SUE'STE, f. m. idem. the second time, or the eight days the festivity lasts. An octave in music ORawas, s. f. in poetry, flanzas of eight

lines. OCTAVA'R, v. n. to form octaves. A musical word.

OCTAVA'RIO, f. m. an ecclesiastical feast that lasts eight days.

OCTA'VO, adj. the eighth. OCTOSYLA'BICO, 7 adj. confilling of

OCTSOY'LABO, seight syllables.

OCTUBRE, f. m. the month of October.

OCU

CCULA'R, adj. ocular, of the eye, evident.

OCULARME'NTE, adv. ocularly, evi-

dently. OCULI'STA, f. m. an oculist, one who

professes to cure distempers of the eyes.

OCULTACION, f. f. concealing, hiding.

OCULTAME'NTE, adv. occultly, privily, fecretly.

OCUCLA'R, v. a to conceal, to hide. OCU'LTO, adj. occult, hidden, con-

cealed, secret, privy. OCUPACIO'N, f. f. business, employment, possession.

OCUPADO'R, s. m. occupier. OCUPA'R, v. a. to busy, to employ; also to fill a place, to take uproom. OCURRIR, v. a. to occur, to happen.

ODA

ODA, f. f. an ode in poetry.

ODI

ODIA'R, v. a. to hate. Odiárie, v. r. to hate each other. ODIO, f. m. hatred. ODIOSAME, NTE, adv. odiously, hate-

fully. ODIO'SO, adj. odious, hateful.

ODO

ODORATO, f. m. vid. OLFATO. ODORI'FERO, adj. odoriferous, fragrant, sweet-scented.

ODR

O'DRE, s. m. a hog's or goat's skin OFRE'NDA, s s. offering, dressed with the hair inward with OFRENDA'R, v. a. to make an offer. pitch and rosin to carry wine, oil, or the like.

Hinchar un odre, to blow a goat's skin full of wind, to try whether it is tight to hold liquor.

ODRECI'LLO, f. m. diminut. of odre. ODRERI'A, f. f. the place where they make and sell the skins to carry wine.

ODRE'RO, f. m. he that makes the skins to carry wine in. ODRI'NA, f. f. an ox's hide turned into

OED

an odre.

OEDICNE'MO, f. m. a fort of water fowl who hunts rate at night.

OEN

OENA'THE, f. f. a small bird a little bigger than a sparrow. OE'NAS, f. f. a fort of wild pigeon.

ORS

OESNORVE'STE, f. m. west-northwest. OESSUDUE'STE, f. m. west fouth-

OFE

OFENDEDO'R, f. m. v. OFENSO'R. OJALAR, v. n. to make button-holes. OFENDE'R, v. a. to offend, to injure, OJANCO, f. m. that has but one eye. to make angry. Osonder a Dios, to offend the laws of OJAZO, f. m. a great eye, God.

Ofenderse, v. r. to resent an ossence, to take offence,

OFE'NSA, f. f. offence.

OFENSA'R, v. a. v. OFENDER. OFENSIO'N, s. f. hurt, trouble, mis-

chief, offence. OFENSIVO, adj. offensive.

OFENSO'R, f. m. an offender. OFE'RTA, f. f. an offer. OFL'RTO, p. p. of ofrecer.

OFERIO'RIO, f. m. the offertory, that part in the mass where the priest offers up the sacrifice.

OFI

OFICIA'L, f. m. a handicraftsman, a tradesman, a workman, a journey. man; also an officer.

Oficial eclesiastico, the person to whom the cognizance of causes is committed by such as have ecclesiastical jurisdiction.

OFICIALAZO, f. m. an able work. man.

OFICIALE'JO, s. m. a little or a pitiful officer or workman. OFICIALI'A, f. f. officialty, the charge

or post of an official. OFICIA'R, v. a. to officiate.

Oficiar una missa, to officiate, to help to fing mass.

OFICINA, f. f. a shop or workhouse. OFI'CIO, s. m. an office, a trade, an employment. Also the office of the church, or the divine office. OFFICIOSIDA'D, f. f. officiousness,

diligence and application to work. OFICIO'SO, adj. officious, kind, doing good offices.

OFR

OFRECEDO'R, f. m. he who makes offers.

OFRECE'R, v. a. to offer, to proffer. Ofrercerse, v.r. to occur.

OFRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. offer, an offering.

ing.

OFU

OFUSCACION, f. f. dimness of OFUSCAMIENTO, f. m. 5 fight, offuscation.

OFUSCAR, v. a. to offuscate, to darken, to dim.

OGA

OGAnO, adv. this year.

tention.

OI

OIBLE, adj. audible, that may be heard.

OID

ODDO, f. m. the sense of the hearing; also the drum of the ear. Hacer oisos de mercader, not to give at-

OIDO'R, f. m. one who hears; also a magistrate so called.

OIDORI'A, f. f. the charge or polt of oidôr.

DE OIDAS, adv. as it is reported. O'IR, v. n. to hear; to give attention. Oir wer y callar, to hear, to see, and to be filent.

OJA'I., f. m. a button hole, a loop. OJALADEIRA, f. f. the that makes button-holes.

OJALADURA, f. f. the whole range of button-holes in a fuit of cloaths. OJAR, v. n. obs. to look attentively.

OJEA'DA, f. f. a cast of an eye upon any thing. OYEAR

07EA'R, v. a. to eye, to cast an eye upon a thing; also to wink.

OJE'O, s. m. a cast of an eye; among sportsmen, the act of looking out sharp for their game.

07E'RAS, f. f. pl. the deep streaks or furrows under the eye cauled by ficknels, want of sleep, or the like. 07ERIZA, f. f. ill-will, a grudge,

malice. OJERU'DO, adj. that has wrinkles or furrows under his eyes.

OJETE, f. m. an eyelet-hole. OJETEA'R, v. n. to make eyelet-

holes. OJETE'RA, s. f. a piece of cloth put to give greater strength to some part of a garment.

OJIALE'GRE, adj. gay-eyed. OHNEGRO, adj. black-eyed. OJIZH'INO, adj. squint-eyed. OJIZA'RCO, adj. blue-eyed.

OJO

0'70, f. m. the eye; also the fight. 0'70! an interj. beware, take care. Ojo de aguja, the eye of an needle. Ojo de buéy, the herb ox-eye, mayweed.

Ojo de chibo, a sort of fish. Ojo de puénte, the arch of a bridge. Ojo de red, the meish of a net.

Ojo de molino, the channel or passage, that conveys the water to the millwheel.

Tenér sebre el éje, to keep a strict eye upon; also to envy.

Tener sangre en el ojo, to stand upon one's reputation, to be nice in points

of honour. Ponér les éjes en algune, to take a kind-

nese to a man. Dar de ójos, to fall upon one's face.

Comprar a ojo, to buy by the eye. Abrir el ójo, to open the eye; that is, to be upon one's guard, to observe, to watch.

Tenér ojo en una cosa, to have an eye upon a thing, to take care of it.

Valer un ojo de la cara, to be worth an eye; to be excessive dear.

Mirar de mal ojo, to look upon with an ill eye, to have no kindness.

Urrar el ójo, to die. En un abier y cerrar de ojos, in the

twinkling of an eye. Hafta les ojes, up to the eyes; plunged

in as deep as he can. No me dian, négro bas el ójo, he did not fay, black is your eye; that is, he spoke not a word to me.

Prov. Ojos que no wen, corazon no quibrantán, eyes that do not see, do not break the heart; what the eyes do not see, the heart does not rue.

Prov. Ojos has que de lagáñas je enamotan, there are eyes that fall in love with blears; one man is fond of what others loath.

Prov. El ojo limpiale con el codo, rub your eye with your elbow; that is,

not at all. Prov. Lo que con el ójo se vê, con el dedo Radwina, what the eye fees, the finger can divine; that is, things vifible, plain, or easy, need no divination or conjuring, or making a mystery of them, as some people do.

Prov. De guien pone los ojos en el Suelo, no fies tu dinero, do not trust your money to one that always looks upon the ground; do not trust those who make much outward flow of fanctity. Prov. Lo que bjes no wen, corazón no defin, what the eye does not fee, the heart does not covet.

Piov. Ojes que wen no envejecen, eyen

that see, do not grow old; that is, feeing and diverting onefelf, keeps off old age.

Prov. Quan lexos de ojos, tan lexos de corazón, as far from the eyes, so far from the heart. Out of fight, out of] mind.

Prov. Qu'én quiére ojo sano, atese la mano, he that will have a found eye, must tie up his hand; that is, must not handle it.

Prov. Mas vén quatro éjos que no dos, four eyes see more than two. Two heads are better than one:

OJOTA, s. f. a fort of shoes used by women in America, made of wool or rushes.

OISLO, f. m. a nickname for a wife.

oju

OJU'DO, adj. great-eyed. OJUE'LO, f m. a little eye. Ojuélos, pl. spectacles.

OLA

OLA!, an interjection, v. HO'LA. O'LA, f. f. a wave.

OLE

OLEA'DA, f. f. a great wave, Oteádas, the motions of the mind. OLEAGINOSIDA'D, s. f. oiliness. OLEAGINO'SO, adj. full of oil.

OLEA'R, v. a. to oil, to anoint with oil, to give the facrament of extreme unction to a dying person; also to wave or move as the waves do.

OLEA'RIO, adj. full of oil, oily. OLEA'ZA, f. f. the water remaining after the oil is pressed out.

OLECRANO'N, f. m. a prominent bone in the elbow.

OLEDE'RO, adj giving scent.

OLEDO'R, f. m. a smeller. O'LEO, f. m. obf. oil.

OLEOMIE'L, f. m. an oil oczing out of a tree in Syila, nentioned by Pliny.

OLEO'SO, adj. oily, unctuous. OLE'R, v. a. to fmell. Olér, to be like, to resemble, to appear;

also to suspect any thing secret. Olér, to peep, to observe curiously.

OLF

OLFATO, f. m. the smell, the sense of finelling.

OLI

OLIGARCHI'A, f. f. oligarchy, a commonwealth governed by a few. OLIGA'RCHICO, adj. oligarchic, be-

longing to an oligarchy.

O'LIO, f. m. oil; only used to signify the facrament of extreme unction, or any holy oil.

OLISCA'R, v. a. to finell about as a dog does; also to make an enquiry or examination.

OLIVA, f. f. an olive, so called in some parts.

OLIVA'R, f. m. an olive garden. Olivarse, v.r. to raise in bubbles; said of bread that so rises in the oven when the dough has cooled to much. OLIVE'RA, f. f. the place where the olive-trees grow.

OLI'VO, f. m. an olive-tree.

OLL

meat boiled in the pot; also the stomach.

Ollas de fuego, fire pots used in war to throw to the enemies.

Olla podrída, a dish so called, which confifts of beef and many other things boiled together.

Olla de la garganta, the mouth of the stomach.

Prov. Cáda día ólla, amarga el caldo, every day boiled meat makes the broth taste bitter. Too much of one thing is good for nothing.

OLLA'ZA, f. f. a great pot. OLLA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with a

pot. OLLE'JO, f. m. v. HOLLE'JO. OLLERI'A, f. f. the potters street, or

ihop. OLLE'RO, f. m. a potter.

OLLICA, OLLILLA If. f. dimin. of olla. OLLUELA, J

OLM

OLME'DA, f. f. a grove of elm-trees. OLMI'LLO, f. m. a little elm. OLMO, f. m. an elm-tree.

OLO

OLO'R, f. m. fmell. OLORCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive, of olor.

OLORO'SO, that has a scent; always taken for a good one, unless ironically ipoken.

OLV

OLVIDADE'RO, adj. forgetful. OLVI'DAR, v. a. to forget. Olvidarse, v. r. to forget oneself. OLVI DO, f. m. forgetfulnessa

OLY

OLYMPI'ADA, f. f. an olympiad, the space of four years, at the end of which were the olympick games in Greece.

OLY'MPICO, adj. olympick. OLI'MPO, f. m. the top or fummit of any thing.

OMB

OMBLI'GO, f. m. the navel; also the middle of any thing.

Ombligo de Vénus, the herb pennywort. OMBLIGUE'RO, s. m. a little band they put upon the new-born children's navel.

OMBLIGUYLLO, f. m. a little navel. OME'GA, f. f. the end of any thing. OMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the midriff.

OME'NTO, f. m. midriff. OMICRO'N, f. m. the name of the letter O in Greek.

OMINA'R, v. a. to ominate, to foretoken.

OMINO'SO, adj. ominous, inauspicious. OMISSIO'N, f. f. an omission.

OMITIR, v. a. to omit. OMI'SSO, adj. omitted; also uncareful, negligent.

OMN

OMNIMO'DO, adj. general. OMNIPOTE'NCIA, f. f. almighty power, omnipotence. OMNIPOTE'NTE, adj. omnipotent, almighty. OMNIPOTENTEMENTE, adv. omni-

potently. OMO

O'LLA, f. f. a pot to boil meat in; the OMOPLATOS, f. m. the omoplate, the shoulder blade.

OMP

OMP

OMPHACINO, adj. Azeite omphacino, OPHTALMIA, s. f. an inflamation on oil of green olives.

OMPHACOME'LI, f. m. a fort of] wine made of green grapes and good honey; it is good to strengthen the flomach.

ONA

ONA'GRA, f. m. a plant or shrub so called. ONAGRO, f. m. a wild als.

ONC

ONCE, eleven. Once mil, eleven thousand; also, in cant, a coat of mail. ONCEA'R, v. a. to weigh, or give by ounces.

ONCEJERA, s. f. a sort of snare used to catch small birds. ONCE'NO, adj. eleventh.

OND

ONDA, f. f. a wave. ONDE, adv. obs. wherefore. ONDEA'R, v. a. to wave as the sea does. ONDO'SO, adj full of waves.

ONE

ONERO'SO, adj. onerous, burthensome, oppressive.

ONO

ONOBRI'CHE, f. f. a plant so called. ONOCRO'TALO, f. m. a bird fo called.

ONOMANCI'A, f. f. the art of divining by the name of persons.

ONOMA'STICO, adj. belonging to the art of divining by means of persons names.

ONOMATOPE'IA, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a name is given to a thing from the found it makes.

ONO'SMA, f. f. a plant fo called. ONU'STO, adj. charged, loaded.

ONY

ONI'GHE, f. f. a gem called onyx.

ONZ

ONZA, f. f. an ounce; also a fierce beaft, called a panther or ounce.

O P A

obscurely, [OPACAME'NTE, adv. darkly. OPACID'AD, f. f. shade, shadiness. OPA'CO, adj. opake, dark, obscure.

OPC

OPCIO'N, f. f. option, choice, election.

OPE

O'PERA, f. f. an intricate and tedious work. Opera, an opera. OPERACION, f. f. operation. OPERATR, v. a. to work. OPERARIO, f. m. a workman. OPERALITIO, adj. operative. OPERO'SO, adj., what colls much lahour.

OPH

the eye. OPHTA'LMICO, adj. inflamatory.

OPI

OPIA'TA, s. f. opiate, a medicine that caules fleep. OPILACIO'N, f. f. an obstruction, the green-sickness.

OPILA'R, v. a to cause obstructions. O'PIMO, adj. rich, fertile, abundant. OPINA'BLE, adj. that may be thought or supposed.

OPINA'R, v. n. to be of opinion. OPINATICO, adj. opinionated, conceited, fond of his own opinion, politive opinion.

OPINIO'N, f. f. opinion.

OPINIONCITA, s. f. dimin. of opinien.

O'PIO, s. m. the well-known soporisick, called opium. OPIPARO, adj. opiparous, splendid,

copious, said of a banquet. OPITULACIO'N, f. f. obf. help, uccour, assistance.

O P O

OPOBA'LSAMO, f. m. the balfam that is made by broiling the leaves and bark of the trees, which distil the balfam, not so valuable as that which distils by incision.

OPONE'R, v. a. to oppose, to set against. to contradict, to argue against. Oponérse à una catedra à beneficio, to vye with another for a professorship or a benefice.

OPOPO'NACO, f. m. the juice of the herb called panax Heraclei.

OPORTUNAME'NTE, adv. opportunely, conveniently, seasonably. OPORTUNIDA'D, f. f. opportunity. OPORTU'NO, adj. opportune, conve-

nient, feafonable. OPOSICIO'N, f. f. opposition: OPO'SITO, adj. oppolite. OPOSIIO'R, f. m. an opposer.

O P R

OPRESSIO'N, f. f. oppression. OPRE'SSO, adj. oppressed. OPRESSO'R, f. m. an oppressor. OPRIMI'R, v. a. to oppress. OPRO'BRIO, f. m. a reproach.

OPT

OPTAR, v. a. to choose, to select. OPTATINO, s. m. the optative in grammar. O'PTICA, f. f. the science of opticks.

O'PTICO, adj. optick, belonging to opticks.

Opticos nérvios, s. m. the optick nerves, which are the instruments of fight. OPTIMAME'NTE, adv. very well. O'PIIMO, adj. very good.

O P U

OPUESTAMENTE, adv. with opposition. OPUE'STO, p. p. opposite, or oppofed. Opuello, f. m. the opposite, the contrary, a competitor. OPUGNACIO'N, f. f. an oppugning or oppofing. OPUGNADO'R, f. m. an oppugner, or oppofer. OPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppugn, or oppose.

OPULE'NCIA, f f. wealth, plenty, abundance. Latin.

OPULENTAME'NTE. adv. wealthy plentifully.

OPULE'NTO, adj. wealthy, rich, plentifully. OPUSCULI'LLO, f. m. a little work.

OPU'SCULO, f. m. a short compendious writing, or composition,

OPY

OPY'MACHO, f. m. a small bird who fights against serpents.

OQU

OQUEDA'D, f. f. hollowness, conça. vity.

Oquédal, s. m. an hill covered with high trees.

OQUERUE'LA, s. f. a fault or knot in the thread.

ORA

ORACIO'N, f. f. prayer, oration, speech.

Prov. Oración de perro no va al ciele, a dog's prayer does not go up to hea. ven. The prayers of the wicked do not prevail.

La oración breve sube al ciele, a short prayer ascends to heaven.

ORACIONA'L; f. m. a prayer-bock; ORA'CULO, f. m. an oracle.

ORA'DA, f. f. a fish so called. ORADO'R, f. m. an orator.

ORA'R, v n. to pray; also to make a speech, ORA'TE, f. m. a fool.

ORATO'RIA, f. f. oratory, rhetorick. ORATORIAME'NTE, adv. in a rhetorical style.

ORATO'RIO, f. m. an oratory, a little chapel or private place of prayer,

ORB

ORBAYA'R, v. n. to fall as does the dew.

ORBE, f. m. the world; a sphere or circle; a planet; a sort of sish. ORBEDA'D, f. f. privation of pa-

rents. ORBICULA'R, adj. orbicular, circular.

O'RBITA, f. f. the orbit of a planet.

ORC

ORCA, f. f. a vast fabulous sist. ORCHE'STRA, f. f. orchestra, the place where the musicians sit at a publick shew. ORCO, f. m. the fame as orca.

ORD

O'RDEN, f. m. order, method, row, rank, dignity, religious order. Dar orden, to order, to direct.

Estar en biden, to be ready, to be in order.

Guardar orden, to obey orders. Ir en brelen, to march in order.

Orden de religion, a religious order of friars, monks, or other pertons dedicated to the service of God. Orden militar, a mliitary order of

knighthood. Ordener, s. m holy orders, as priesthoods deaconfhip, &c.

ORDENAIDAME'NTE, adv. orderly. ORDENADO'R, f. m. an orderer,

ORDENAMIE'NTO, f. m. an orderinge or an ordinance; also the title of a volume of the laws of Spain.

ORDENA'NZA, f. f. an ordinance, er decree; also the militia.

ORDENA'R, v. a. to order, to ordain, ORGULLO'SO. adj. haughty, proud, to institute, to appoint; also to give ecclesiastical orders.

ORDENAR, v. a. to milk. ORDEn ADO, adj. milked.

Azeyiuna ordenada, an olive that has been pressed.

cows. ORDIDU'RA, f. f. vid. URDIDU'RA. ORDIE'MBRE, f. m. vid. URDIEM-BRE.

ORD/NA'L, adj. ordinal, following in order.

ORDINAR AME'NTE, adv. commonly, frequently, regularly.

ORDINA'RIO, adj. ordinary, usual. Ordinário, f. m. the daily expence; also ordinary of a place in spirituals. ORDI'R, v. a. vid. URDI'R.

ORE

ORE'ADE, f. f. nymph of the mountains.

ORE'AR, v. a. to air.

ORECE'R, v. a. to turn into gold. ORE'GANO, f. m. the herb origanum, a fort of wild marjoram.

ORE'JA, f. f. an ear.

Oréja de ráton, the herb called mouseear. Oreja de abad, the herb kidneywort; a

pancake.

Oreja de escudilla, the ear or handle of a poringer.

Dar orejas, to hearken, to listen, to give ear.

Serrar las oréjas, to refuse, to give ear. Hacer orejas de mercader, to take no notice of what is said.

No vále sus oréjas llénas de água, it is good for nothing.

Prov. Conséjo de oréja, no vále una arweja, counsel whispered in the ear is not worth a pea.

OREJEA'R, v. r. to wag the ears. OREJE'RAS, f. f. pl. something to screen the ears from cold.

OREJO'N, f. m. a great ear, or one that has great ears; also a peach or melocotoon dried in flices.

Orejon de baluarte, an orillon, a mass of earth faced with wall, advancing beyond the shoulder of a bastion.

OREJU'DO, adj. that has great ears. ORE'O, f. m. an airing, the pleafant temperate air.

ORE'SPE, f. m. obf. a goldsmith. ORTEBRER'IA, f. f. the goldfmiths work or trade.

ORG

ORGANE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells organs.

ORGA'NICO, adj. belonging to the organs.

ORGANI'CO, ORGANI'LLO, f. m. a small organ. ORGANI'TO, f. m. a fmall organ.

ORGANI'STA, f. m. an organist, one that plays on the organs, or that makes them.

ORGANIZACIO'N, f. f. organization; construction in which the parts are so ORNADAME'NTE, adj. with ornament, disposed as to be subservient to each Other.

ORGANIZA'R, v. a. to tune the organ ORNA'R, v. a. to adorn. to a voice, to organize, to propor- ORNATO, f. m. ornament. tion, to place in parts and propor-

O'RGANO, f. m. an organ; the organs) of the body.

ORGU'LLO, f. m. rogance.

ORGULLOSAME'NTE, adv. haughtily, proudly, arrogantly.

arrogant.

ORI

ORI, in cant, a call; as, ho, hey, or the like.

ORDENADO'R, s. m. he who milks the ORICA'LCO, s. m. a fine mixture of metals, orichalch, brass.

ORIENTA'L, adj. oriental, of the east, eastern.

Pérla oriental, an oriental pearl, a bright, fair, beautiful pearl.

ORIE'NTE, f. m. the east.

ORIFICE, s. m. obs. a goldsmith. ORIFIS'CIO, f. m. orifice, any opening or perforation.

ORI'GEN, f. m. the origin, rise, original, beginning of any thing.

ORIGINA'L, adj. original, subst. used an original.

Pecado original, original sin. Processo original, the original proceedings in a law-suit.

ORIGINALME'NTE, adv. originally. ORIGINA'R, v. a. to cause, to affect. Originárse, v. r. to take its origin from.

ORIGINA'RIO, adj. originary, productive, primitive.

ORI'LLA, f. f. brink, edge, border of a thing; skirt, the sea shore, the bank of a river, a bed's side.

Orilla, a cold bleak wind. Prov. Nadár nadár, y a la orilla ahogar, to swim and swim, and be drowned at] the bank side; to go through all difficulties, and be disappointed in the conclusion.

ORILLA'R, v. n. to draw to the fides, brinks, or edges; used only when they clear any place where there is a multitude of people, and they make them retire to the sides.

ORI'LLO, f. m. the lift of cloth.

ORI'N, f. m. ruft. ORINA, f. f. urine.

ORINA'L, f. m. an urinal or chamber-

pot. ORINA'R, v. n. to make water.

ORINECE'R, v. n. to grow rusty. ORINIE'NTO, adj. rusty.

ORI'NQUE, f. m. the anchor cable in a ship.

ORIO'L, s. m. a little bird so called. ORIO'N, f. m. a celestial northern constellation.

ORL

ORLA, s. f. a skirt, a border, an edging. In heraldy, an orle or border about a coat.

ORLA'DOR, f. m. one that borders or edges.

ORL'ADU'RA, f. f. border, edge, hem. ORLA'R, v. a. to border, to edge.

O'RLO, s. m. a musical wind instrument like a shepherd's crook.

ORM

ORMESI', f. m. the thin filk we call farcenet.

ORN

in an adorned manner. ORNAME'NTO, f. m. ornament.

ORO

ORGULLE'ZA, f. f. obf. I haughtiness, Oro potable, potable gold, a chemical preparation fo called. Oro obrizo, the purest gold. Oro de láta, such gold as leather is gilt with, or the like.

Oro guanin, base low gold that has an allay of filver.

Ore de riel, gold in ingots.

Oro en pólwo, gold dust, as it is found in the rivers.

Oro en pasta, gold in bars or ingots. Prometer montes de oro, to promise mountains of gold; to promise much, and perform nothing. Prov. No es tódo óro lo que reluce, all is

not gold that glitters, ORO'BIAS, s. m. pl. a sort of incense, or gum.

OROFRE'S, f. m. gold or filver lace. ORONDA'DO, adj. having the ap-

pearance of waves. ORONDADU'RA, f. f. diversity of co-

lours in the form of waves. ORO'NDO, adj. haughty, full of pride. OROPE'L, f. m. tinsel.

OROPE'NDOLA, s. f. the bird called a witwall.

OROPIME'NTE, f. m. orpiment. OROS, s. pl. the suit of diamonds in cards.

OROSU'Z, f. f. liquorice.

ORP

ORPHANDA'D, f. f. privation of father and mother, orphanism. O'RPHANO, f. m. the young one who has neither father or mother, an orphan.

O'RPHANO, adj. fatherless and motherless.

ORT

ORTE'GA, f. f. a kind of quail. ORTE'RA, f. f. v. HORTE'RA. ORTHODO'XO, adj. orthodox, found

in opinion or doctrine, not heretical. ORTHOGO'NIO, f. m. an orthogon, a rectangled figure.

ORTHOGRAPHI'A, f. f. orthography, that part of grammar that teaches how words should be spelled.

ORTGOGRAPHICO, adj. orthographical, relating to orthography.

ORTHO'GRAPHO, f. m. an orthographer, one who spells according to the rules of grammar.

ORTIGA, s. f. a nettle; also a sort of fish.

ORTIVO, adj. ortive; said of the rising of stars. ORTO, s. m. the ascension or rising of any planet.

ORU

ORU'GA, f. f. an herb called rocket; also caterpillar; also a sort of worm growing upon herbs in gardens. ORUJO, f. m. the husk of the grapes after the wine is pressed out of them.

ORZ

O'RZA, f. f. a fort of earthen ware. Ir a óræa, to tack about, to sail against the wind. ORZA'R, v. n. to fail against the wind.

ORZUE'LO, f. m. a pimple growing upon the eye-lid; also a snare to catch birds with.

O S

OS, [for voi] you; as, Yo os digo, I tell you. OSADAME'NTE, adv. boldly. OSA'DAS, adv. A ofadas, purposely, designedly; also boldly. OSADI'A, f. f. boldness, courage. OSA'DO, adj. bold, courageous. OSA'R, v. n. to darc.

OSC

OSCILACION, f. f. oscillation; the $[\mathbf{X} \times \mathbf{X}]$ act

act of moving forwards and back-wards.

OSCITA'NCIA, f. f. carelessness.

O'SCULO, f. m. a kiss.

OSIFRA'GA, f. f. a kind of eagle so called.

OSINA, f. f. a bird so called.

OSS

OSSA, f. f. a she bear.

OSSAME'NTA, f. f. the whole frame of the bones of a body.

OSSA'RIO, f. m. the charnel, the place where the bones are kept.

OSSE'RA, f. f. a bear-garden, a place to keep bears; a bear's den.

OSSE'RO. f. m. a bear-herd.

OSSE'SNO, f. m. the bear's cub.

OSSI'LLA, f. f. a little she bear.

OSSI'LLO, f. m. a little she bear or cub.

OSSO, f. m. a bear.

OSSU'DO, adj. bony. big-boned.

OST

OSTENSIO'N, f. f. shew. OSTENSIVO, adj. that may be shewn, ostensive. OSTENTACIO'N, f. f. ostentation. OSTENTADO, adj. proud haughty. OSTENTA'R, v. n. to carry oneself proudly or haughtily. OSTE'NTO, f. m. obf. a bad omen. OSTENTO'SO, adj. sumptuous, magnificent, of great appearance or show. OSTEOLOGI'A, f. f. ofteology, the art of knowing the bones. OSTIA'RIO, f. m. a box to keep the wafers in that are to be confecrated. OSTIA'TIM, adv. from door to door. OSTRA, f. f. an oyster. OSTRACI'SMO, s. m. the ostracism, a law the Athenians had. OSTRERA, f. f. an oyster-bed. OSTRO, f. m. the fouth wind. OSTUGO, f. m. hole, corner, nook or cranny. OSY'RIDE, f. f. a plant so called.

OT

OTACU'STA, s. m. a spy, a mischiefmaker, a make-bate,
OTA'ES, s. m. a lady's footman.
OTA'R, v. a. v. OTE'AR.
OTEADO'R, s. m. a spy, an observer,
a watcher.
OTEA'R, v. a. to spy, to observe, to
watch from a high place.
OTE'RO, s. m. a hill.
Prov. Si no wa el otéro a Mabóma, waya
Mabóma al otéro, if the mountain will
not go to Mahomet, let Mahomet go
to the mountain; if we cannot do as we
would, we must do as we can.
OTHO'NA, s. f. a plant so called.

OTO

OTO, f. m. a bird so called.
OTO ADA, s. f. harvest, harvest time, autumn time, vintage time.

act of moving forwards and back- OTONAL, adj. of, or belonging to auwards.

SCITANCIA, f. f. carelessness.

OTONAR, v. a. to work at the harvest

or vintage, as is done in autumn.

OTONE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to harvest, vintage, or autumn.

OTORGA'DA, s. f. a maid that is pro-

mised by her friends to the friends of him she is to marry.

Otorgádos, s. m. pl. two that are promised in marriage. OTORGAMIE'NTO, s. m. a grant.

OTORGA'NTE, some he that grants. OTORGA'R, v. a. to grant.

OTR

OTRAME'NTE, adv. obs. otherwise.
OTRAVE'Z, adv. another time; again.
OTRO, adj. another.
OTROSI', adv. item, also.
Otro tánto, as much more.
Otros tantos, as many more.
Otrodía, another day.

OVA

OVACIO'N, f. f. ovation.

OVA'DO, adj. oval.

Ovalame Diús! O God help me.

O'VALO, f. m. in geometry, the oval figure.

OVA'R, v. n. to lay eggs.

OVA, f. f. a weed.

OVA'RIO, s. m. in architecture, an or. nament resembling eggs.

OVE

OVECI'LLA, over of form of the state of the

Ovéja cotrál, a sheep of little value, that will not pass in tale.

Oveja lampina, a shorn sheep.

Prov. Ovéja que bála bocádo piés de, the sheep that bleats loses a mouthful; too much talk is loss of time.

Prov. Entregár las ovéja al lóbo, to put the sheep into the hands of the wolf; that is, to put a person or business into such hands as shall endeavour its destruction.

Prov. Oveja de múchos, lóbos se la cómen, the sheep that belongs to many is devoured by wolves; every hody's business is no body's business.

Prov. Cána ovéja con su paréja, every sheep with its match; that is, every one to his equal.

OFEJERO, f. m. a shepherd.

Prov. Ovejuéla de Dios, el diáble te trasquéle, little sheep of God, the devil sheer you; meant of hypocrites.

OVLJU'NA, adj. of, or belonging to sheep, sheepish.

OVE'RA f. f. the knots of eggs in a hen's belly; in falconry, the feathers under a hawk's tail next the way she lays her egg.

OVERO, adj. of the colour of eggs; fubstantively used, a cream-coloured horse.

OVE'ST, f. m. the westerly wind.

OVI

OVIL, s. m. in cant, a bed.
Ovil, adj. belonging to a theep or to a sheep-fold.

OVILLAR, v. a. to wind up thread or the like into a bottom.

OVILLE'JO, s. m. a dimin. of wills.
Also, a fort of poetical composition so called.

OVILLO, f. m. a bottom of thread, yarn, &c.

Hacerse un ovillo, to ruck up, to draw oneself up all together like a ball or bottom of thread.

OVIPARO, adj. oviparous, bringing forth eggs.

OVISPILLO, f. m. the rump of

OVISPILLO, f. m. the rump of a bird.

o v o

O'VOLO, f. m. a term in architecture, the fourth member of the comice, being a round moulding.

OVO'SO, adj. that has eggs.

OXA

OX, a word or found used to drive away birds, or the like; as in English shue, shue.

OXALA', would to God.

OXA'LME, f. m. a fort of brine or pickle.

OXE

OXEA'R, v. n. to drive away birds.
OXE'O, f. m. a frighting, scaring, or
driving away birds or the like.

O X 1

OXI'MACO, s. m. a bird so called,

O X T

OXTE, an exclamation upon any sudden pain or surgrize.

Oxic pairs! O wholeson! an exclamation, not only used in scorn, or to assent but sometimes only by way of admiration.

OXYACANTHA, f. f. a fhrub fo called. OXYME'L, f. m. a mixture of vinegat and honey.

OXISA'CRE, f. m. a fauce made with milk, honey, and fugar.

OYE'NTE, f. m. by-flander.

O Y

Ol', adv. to day; now. Oy dia, now a days.

one of the consonants called mutes, pronounced in Spanish as in English.

PAB

PABELLO'N, f. m. a pavillion, a tent; also a tent-bed. Pabellon, the royal flag; also an arbour, a bower. PABI'LO, f. m. the match of a candle.

PABLA'R, v. s. to talk. PA'BULO, f. m. aliment, food.

PAC

PACA, s. f. a bundle, a ball, a parcel packed up.

Paca, f. f. a small beast in Brasil, like a

PACADO, } adj. pacified, quieted. PACATO.

PACCIO'N, f. f. v. PACTO. PACCIONAR, v. a. PACTA'R. PACEDE'RO, adj. that affords pasture

to animals. Said of a field. PACEDU'RA, f. f. pasture. PACE'R, v. n. to feed, to graze.

Plov. Con quien paces, y no cen quien nan, love or respect those that maintain and feed you, those that are your true friends; not those among whom you were born.

 $P_{\mathcal{A}}GES$, pl. of $p_{\ell} \approx$.

PACHO'N, f. m. a heavy lumpish man; also a hunting dog.

PACHO'RRA, f. f. heaviness in men, flowness, fluggishness.

PACIE'NCIA, f. f. patience.

PACIE'NTE, adj. patient; subst. used, PAGEZUL'LO. s. m. idem. of page. a patient or fick man; also one that is to suffer, or is to be executed. In an ill sense, a bardath; ironically a cuckold.

PACIENTEME'NTE, adv. patiently. PACIFICACIO'N, f. f. a pacifica tion.

PACIFICADO'R, f. m. a pacifier, a peace-maker.

PACIFICAME'NTE, adv. peaceably. PACIFICA'R, v. a. to pacify, to peale.

PACI'FICO, adj. peaccable.

PACO, f. m. an American animal for called,

PACTA'R, $\{v, a, to make a compact\}$ PAG/EA'R, f or agreement. PACTO, f. m. contract, agreement.

$P \wedge D$

PADECE'R, v. a. to fuffer, to endure. PADEGIMIE'NTO, f. m. fuffering, enduring,

PADILIA, f. f. a little frying pan; also a fort of thovel like a baker's I pecl.

PADRA'STO, If. m. a flepfather; a Pabka'sako, I rifing ground that [sycheaks a town or fortrefs, whence u may be battered.

Psirájíre, a forencis on the finger by the nail caused by the breaking of the PAJA, f. f. a straw. R.in.

cloak,

ulal for father and mother.

PADREA'R, v. n. to call any one father out of respect or honour; also to refemble to one's father.

PadRINO, f. m. a godfather.

Padelno en defosso, a second in a challenge, or in folemn challenges hel that conducts the combatant into the

Padrino de bodas he that gives a woman! in marriage.

Padrinos, pl. gossips.

PADRO'N, f. m. pattern, example. Padrón, s. m. a legister, a roll of names; also a post or pillar on which they hang a proclamation, or engrave an inscription, as discoverers used to do in those countries they newly discovered.

PADRONAZGO, s. m. obs. v. PA. TRONATO.

PADRONE'RO, f. m. obf. vid. PA-TRON.

P A G

PA'GA, s. f. pay, payment.

PAGADE'RO, f. m. the place of payment.

Pagadéro, adj payable, easy to paya PAGA'DO, adj. satisfied, contented. PAGADO'R, f. m. a paymaster.

Prov. Al buén pagador no le duélen prendas, a good paymaster is not in pain for his pawn.

Prov. Del mal pagador se quiera eu paja, get what you can of an ill paymaster, though it be but a straw.

PAGADURIA, f. f. a publick place where money is paid.

PAGAME'NIO, f. m. payment. PAGANI'SMO, f. m. paganism.

PAGA'NO, f. m. pagan; also a peafant.

PAGA'R, v. a. to pay.

Prov. Pága lo que débes, y sabra, lo que tienes, pay what you owe, and you'll know what you are worth.

PA'GE, f. m. a page; a boy. PAGECI'CO, -

PAGECILLO, & s. m. a little page. PAGECITO, 3

PAGE'L, f. m a rocket-fish. PAGINA, f. f a page or fide of a leaf

in a book. PAGO, s. m. a farm rented by two or

thre persons. Págo, f. m. payment; also a town.

Pago de viñas, a territory that is all vineyards.

Cárta de págo, a receipt, an acquittance.

PAGO'TE, f. m. a servant to a pimp or whore.

PAGU'RO, f. m. a fort of little crab.

$P \wedge I$

PA'ILA, f. f. a great bowl, pail, or fuch

like veffel.

PAILO'N, f. m. fuch large vessel. PAIRA'R, v. n. to fland flill with the canvals spread; faid of ships,

PAIS, f. m. a region, a country; also a landfeape.

PAISA'GE, f. m. a landscape. PAISA'NA, f. f. a fort of dance.

PAISANA'GE. f. m. the inhabitants of a country. PAISA'NO, adj. from the same coun-

try.

$P \wedge J$

Pája triguña, f. f. wheat-firm. Pad DRE, s. m. a sather. In cant, a No dormirse en las pajas, not to neglect bulinefs.

Padro, in the planal number, is always Tomár la pája con él cegéte, to fall down backwards.

En quitaux allés ffes pajas, in a moment,

in the turn of a hand, A lumbre de pajas, fightly.

No monta una puja, it does not fignify a Araw.

Prov. De paja o de beno, el jergón lleno, the bed whether of hay or flraw, fo it be filled, no matter with what; a man must fill his belly, if he has not dainties, with cold meat.

PAJA'DA, s. f. chopt hay boiled in water with bran for horses that have a cold.

PAJA'DO, adj. of a straw-colour.

PAJA'R, f. m. a straw-lost, a place to keep straw in.

Prov. Pajar viéjo présto se enciende, an old straw loft soon takes fire; old mea are.foon angry.

Prov. Deshacer cruces en un pajar, to part all straws that they may not lie across in a straw-lost; to be impertnently nice and scrupulous; to seek a needle in a rick of hay.

Proy. Pajar vicjo quando se enciende. pior es de apagar que el verde, an old. straw-loft is worse to quench when when angry are harder to appeale than young.

Prov. Viéjo pájar málo de encender, peur de apagar, an old straw-lost is bad to take fire, and worse to be quenched; old age is not so fiery as youth; but once provoked, cannot be appealed.

PAJARIL, f. m. a sea-term; our seamen call it large, when a ship goes neither by a wind, nor before a wind; but as it were betwixt both.

PAJA'ZA, f. f. the coarse straw that is left by the horse or mule in eating; PAJIZO, adj. covered or made of

straw; also straw-colour. PAJUL'LA, f. f. a match to light a fire or candle with.

PAJUZ, f. m. flubble, chaff;

P A L

PA'IA, f. f. a spade, a shovel, a scoop, a peel to fet bread into the oven; in cant, a sharper.

Pula de remo, the blade of an oar.

Pala de dientes, a row of teeth that are fearce divided, but look as if they were all one entire bone.

PALA'ERA, f. f. a word.

Palabras de mayores, the worst of language, as calling a man roque, thief, or the like.

Tomarle a uno la palabra, to take a man at his word.

Paffar la palabra, to give the word about, as ferjeants do in the ring when the adjutant give orders.

Tendér palabras, to put one off with fair words.

Dar palabra, to give one's word; to promile.

Quebrar su palabra, to break one's word. Tenér malas palabras con oiro, to be at hard words with another.

Esto es otro que palábras, this is more than bare words.

Prov. No hay palabra mul dicha, si no fuess mal entendida, no word is ill spoken, if it were not ill understood. For the most part words are worse taken, than they were meant.

Prov. All buen entendedor pocas palabras, a word to the wife.

Prov. Palábras, y plumas el viento las lleva, words and feathers are carried away by the wind; that is, words are but wind.

Prov. Palabras de fanto, vuñas de gato, a faint's word, and a cat's claws. Said of hypocrites.

Prov. No fon parábrás para mi tia, que ada de las obrasilo se sia, my aunt is not to be taken with words; for the fearce trulls to actions. To express that one is not to be deceived with fair words.

Prov. A dos palábras tres porrádas, two words, and three blunders; faid to those who talk much nonfease.

Prov. A palabras locas, orijas lordas, for mad words, deaf ears; that is, when people talk madly they are not to be minded.

Prov. Palâbras senaladas no quieren tesigos, remarkable words require no witnesses; ill language will be remem- | PALATINO, s. m. a palatine, a lord | Palmar, adj. that is a span long. bered.

Prov. Mas biere mala palabra que espáda a filáda, an ill word makes a worle wound than a cutting fword.

language is never forgiven.

Prov. Mas apága buéna palábra, que caldéra de água, a good word quenches more than a kettle of water; it allays anger.

Prov. No habria palabra mala, si no fuésse mal tomáda, there would be no ill word, if it were not taken ill.

PALABRA'DA, s. f. ill language. PALABRE'RO, adj. talkative.

PALABRI'LLA, f. f. a little word, an ill word, a word of no account.

PALABRIMUGE'R, f. m. a man that |

PALABRI'STA, f. m. a talkative man. PALABRITA, s. f. dimin. of pala. bra.

PALACIA'NO, } f. m. a courtier. PALACIE'GO, }

PALA'CIO, f. m. a palace. In some parts they call the hall of any house by this name.

Ser bombre de pa'acio, to be civil, wellbehaved.

Sabér poco de palácio, to be soon out of PALETE'RO, s. m. a rogue that banters countenance.

Echar úna cósa a palácio, to make no account of a thing.

Hacer palácio, to lay open, to discover what was concealed.

PALACRA'NA, 5 gold found in the bottom of mines.

PALA'DA, f. f. as much earth as one can take in a spade.

PALADA'R, f. m. the palate of the mouth; the sense of tasting.

of beafts.

a thing.

PALADE'O, f. m. the act of tasting or PALIATIVO, relishing. PALADI'N, f. m. a paladine, a great

soldier, a brave man. PALADINAME'NTE, adv. obf. boldly,

openly, barefacedly. PALADI'NO, adj. parent, in the fight |

of all. PALAFRE'N, f. m. a palfry, a fine |

pad. PALAFRE'NERO, f. m. a groom. PALAMA'LLO, f. m. the hammer with which they used to strike the ball at |

the sport of pall-mall. PALAME'NTA, f. f. all the oars of a

galley. PALANCA, f. f. a lever, a pole.

Los de la palanca, porters that carry burdens.

PALANCA'DA, f. f. a blow given with |

a pole. PALANCIA'NO, f. m. obf. a cour-

tier. PALANGA'NA, s. s. a sort of oblong PA'LMA, s. s. the palm of the hand, Palóus, s. m. pl. short small slicks, like

bason. PALANQUE'RA, f. f. an enclosure.

PALANQUE'RO, s. m. a porter that | carries burthens.

PALANQUE'TA, f. f. thot called crossbar, being a round ball, with an iron bar striking across the middle of it, inches on both sides, fired at sea for spoiling of ropes, sails, yards and masts.

PALANQUI'N, f. m. a porter that carries burthens on a cowl-staff; a fort of chair or litter used in the castern countries and carried on mens shoulder's; in cant, a thief.

PALATINA, f. f. a kind of neck-cloth | PALMADILLA, {

made of furs, feathers, or the like, PALMAR, f. m. a grove of datewore by ladies.

that has a palatinate, or supreme jurisdiction.

PALA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a shovel or a shovelful of any thing.

PALAZO'N, f. m. all the masts and yards of a ship.

PALCO, f. m. a small scaffold.

PALEADO'R, f. m. one who works with a spade.

PALE'NQUE, s. m. the lists to fight PALME'TA, s. f. a serule to chastise in, or any fuch place railed in; also a roller or lever to roll or lift any PALMI'LLA, s. f. a fort of coasse thing.

PALE NTE, adj. obs. pale.

PALE'RO, f. m. ditcher, digger, delver. PALE'STRA, s. f a place for wrestling Estar vestido como un palmico, to have or other exercises.

values his word no more than a wo- PALETA, f. f. a tack to play at bil- PA'LMO, f. m. a span. liards; also a little piece of board A maravédi el fálmo, very cheap. with a handle to it, to play with a Jugar al pasmo, to play at span-sar. bowl on the ground, and drive it through a ring.

Câte de paléia, the lying of the balls so near, that there is but just room to PALMOTE'AR, v. a. v. PALMEAR. put the tack between them.

Paléta de espálda, the blade bone of the shoulder.

Paléta de estómago, the mouth of the sto- | Palo de soto, a hedge-stake. mach:

or keeps in play one, while another robs him or picks his pocket.

PALETI'LLA, s. f. a little billiard- Dár de pálos, to cudgel. tack, a little shovel; also the shoulderbone.

PALA'CRA, Is. f. a bit of pure PALETO, f. m. a young deer with large horns.

PALETO'QUE, s. m. a jerkin with | Paloma zurrana, s. f. a wild pigeon. short skirts.

PA'LIA, f. f. a filk veil the priest PALOMA'R, f. m. a dove-house. puts about his shoulders on festivals. PALIACIO'N, f. f. palliation.

Paladáres, s. m. a disease in the mouths | PALIADAMENTE, adv. with a palliation, in a palliated manner.

PALADEA'R, v. a. to taste or relish PALIA'R, v. a. to palliate, to cloak, to difguise.

? adj. palliative, that PALIATO'RIO, disguises, covers.

PALIDE'Z, f. f. paleness.

PA'LIDO, adj. pale, wan.

PALILLE'RO, f. m. he that makes or fells toothpicks.

PALILIO, f. m. a little stick; also a bobbin to make lace with.

Obra de palillo, bobbin-work; also slight work of no strength, as if it were made of little slicks.

Palillo, a tooth picker.

PA'LIO, f. m. a canopy, a bishop's pall; also the goal at running.

Corrér el pálio, to run a race. PALITO'QUE, s. m. a stick ill-cut, ill-formed, and finall.

PALIZA, f. f. a drubbing, acudgelling. PALIZA'DA, f. f. palifade; a great wooden stake used in fortisication; PALOTA'DA, s. f. a stroke on a drum;

to fight in, or fuch like place. the palm-tree; victory, glory, honour.

Pálma Christi, a plant so called. Pá'ma de ánca, the muscle or sinew of the

hip joint. Pálma del calállo, the quick sole of a

horie's foot. and coming out about fix or eight Traber a uno en palmas, to carry one on the palms of the hands; to take great care of him.

Prov. Su álma en su pálma, his soul in the palm of his hand; a man may difpose of himself at will.

PALMA'DA, f. f. a stroke with the palm of the hand.

PALMADICA, I f. dimin, of palmada.

trees.

PALMATO'RIA, f. f. a ferula, such as they use at school to strike boys on

the hands. PALMEA'R, v. n. to clap with the

hands; in cant, to whip. PALME'NTA, f. f. in cant, a letter. PALMENTE'RO, f. m. in cant, a

letter-carrier. PALMERO, f. m. obf. a pilgrim.

children with.

cloth. PALMITO, f. m. the branch of the

palm-tree.

many cloaths on.

Tenér una tierra medida a palmos, to know every foot of a country.

PA'LO, f. m. stick, cudgel, staff, a piece of timber or of wood; also a Rroke with a stick or cudgel.

Pá'o de respéro, a jury-mast, being commonly a main, or fore-yard, set up instead of a mast lost in storm or fight, to get the ship to port.

Estar puésto en quatro palos, to be set upon four poles; that is, to be hanged and quartered.

PALO'MA, s. f. a female dove. Paloma torcaz, s. f. a ring-dove.

Prov. Anda la gá!a en el palomár, the cat is in the dove-house; a man is got

among the women. PALOMARE'ZA, γ f. f. a poor little PALOMARIE'GA, 5 pigeon.

PALOME'RA, s. f. an open place exposed to all wind and weather. that | PALOMERI'A, f. f. the sport of killing

doves. PALOME'RO, adj. applied to a dart

with which they kill the wild pigeons. PALOMI'LLA, s. m. the herb fumi-

tory; also a little dove. In houses and mules, is what we called hogbacked; that is, a rising on the back.

PALOMI'NA, f. f. idem; also pigeon's dung.

PALOMI'NO, f. m. a young pigeon. PALOMITA, f. f. } a little pigeon. PALOMI'TO, f. m. 5

PALO'MO, f. m a male dove; in cant, a dunce.

Palomo calzado, a rough-footed pigcon. PALO'N, f. m. in blasonry, a streamer. also the place palisadoed, or the lists | PALO'TE, f. m. in cant, a clumsy clownish fellow.

drumsticks.

Perico el de los palótes, a fool that used to go about drumming with two little drumslicks.

PALPA'BLE, adj. palpable, to be selt; clear, evident, patent.

PALPABLEME'NTE, adv. palpably. PALPADU'RA, f. f. I the act of feel-PALPAMIENTO, f.m. \[\] ing.

PALPA'R, v. a. to feel; also to know

evidently. PA'LPEBRA, f. f. the eye-lid.

PALPITACIO'N, f. f. palpitation, beating of the heart.

PALPITA'R, v. n. to beat as the heart or the pulse does; to pant as one out of breath,

PALTA.

PALTO, s. m. a kind of pear-tree so called. PALU'DE, f. f. a marsh, a morass. PALUDO'SO, adj. marshy, boggy. PALUMBA'RIO, adj: an epithet applied to the hawk that catches wild

pigeons. PALU'RDO, adj. rustick, clownish uncouth.

PALU STRE, idem.

P A M

PAMPANA, f. f. a vine-leaf. PAMPANA'DA, s. f. the juice or sap pressed out of the young shoots of vines; those same shoots dressed and eaten like asparagus.

PAMPANAGE, I. m. abundance of

vine-leaves or tendrils.

PAMPANA'R, f. m. v. EMPANA'-DA.PANIPANI'LLA, f. f. a dress used by

the Americans. PAMPANI'LLO, f. m. a little vinebranch.

PA'MPANO, f. m. a tendril, a vinebranch.

PAMPANO'SO, adj. full of vinebranches.

PA'MPHILO, f. m. they give this name to a handsome fellow that is somewhat foolish.

PAMPIROLA'DA, s. f. a sauce so called.

PAMPLI'LLA, s. f. a plant so called. PAMPLI'NA, s. f. a plant so called. PAMPOSA'DO, adj. obs. lazy, idle, unwilling to stir.

PAMPRINGA'DA, f. f. a fop in the pan.

PAN

PAN, f. m. bread, corn, a loaf, pl. panes, which means the corn in the field, and also loaves. See PANES. Pan de liche, manchet bread.

Pan granzoso, coasse bread with the bran

Pan levádo, leavened bread. Pun candiál or candial, white bread. Pan de sómas, houshold-bread.

Pan reciente, new bread.

Pan de sóya, bread made of several sorts of dough.

Pan bá≈o, brown bread. Pan cenceno, unleavened bread. Pan de acemite, the finest white bread.

Pan de boróna, bread made of a small fort of grain, and eaten only by the poorest people.

Pan sponjójo, light spungy bread. Pan de espécias, gingerbread.

Pan de lo, a cake made of the finest flour, sugar, eggs, and orange-slower water well beaten together. Pan cuelillo, the herb wild purssain.

Pany quesillo, an herb fo called. Pan porcino, the herb called fowbread. Pan de bigos, a mass of sigs and almonds

pressed together in the form of a loaf. Pan floriado, bread of the finest flour.

Pan de azúcar, a sugar-loaf. Pan de rélas, a cake of roses,

Pan de valon, a cake or great piece of hard foap,

Pan a'e oro, a mass of solid gold.

Pan mal cocido, ill-baked bread; metaph. an ungrateful man.

Pan peraido, lost bread; an idle fellow. A pany cuibillo, at bed and board. No se le cuere el pan, his bread docs not aigelt; he is reftless and unquiet.

Del pan y del palo, a bit and a

PALTA, s. f. a fruit like a pear, so No comér el pan de valde, to earn one's PANDE'O, s. m. a slexure in the mid-

Comér el pan de los níños, to eat the childien's bread; that is, to rob one's ward.

Con su pan se lo côma, let him cat it with his bread; that is, let him take it PANDERETE'AR, v. n. to play upon for his pains; much good may it do him; said when a man does any thing amis, and we will not concern ourselves with it.

Pan por pan, y vino por vino, to speak plain.

Prov. A falta de pan buénas son tortas, cake is good for want of bread. A hard stift to eat pie-crust instead of bread.

Prov. Aun dura el pan de la bodá, the wedding-loaf lasts still; that is, it is honey moon still.

Prov. El pan comido la, compaña deshécha, as soon as the bread is eaten, the PANDILLISTA, s. m. a cheat, one company is broke up. No longer pipe, no longer dance.

Prov. Al enhornar se hacen los panos tuertos, the loaves are made awry PANDILLADO'R, f. m. a cheat at when they are put into the oven. Man is corrupted in his youth.

Prov. Váya con Diós que un pan me lleva, fare him well, he carries away a loaf PANDO'RGA, f. f. a mad confused of mine. So they say when a creditor dies or runs away; or when a man has cheated another.

Prov. Por múcho pan núnca mal áño, much corn never makes a bad year. Plenty is God's bleffing.

Prov. A pan duro diénte aguao, a sharp

Prov. A pôco pan tômar priméro, where there is little bread, cut first. It is | Pancgyrico, adj. relating to a panegyric mons.

Prov. A quién no le sobra pan, no crie can, he that has no bread to spare must not keep a dog.

Piov. Ara bién bondo, cogerás pan en abondo, plough deep, and you will reap abundance of corn; that is, take PANES, f. m. pl the corn on the

PANA'CE, f. f. a plant so called. PANACE'A, f. f. an universal remedy.

PANADEAR, v. a. to make bread to

PANADE'RA, f. f. a woman baker. PANADERI'A, f. f. the bakers fireet, a baker's Mop. PANADE'RO, f. m. a baker.

PANADIZO, f. m. a whitloe in a fin ger.

PANA'L, f. m. a honey-comb. PANARI'ZO, f. m. a fellon, or whitlee on a finger.

PANA'RRA, f. m. a dullart, a dolt, a stupid lazy fellow.

PANCA'DA, f. f. a kick, a blow with the foot.

PANCA'RPIA, f. f. a garden made of all forts of flowers.

PANCE'RA, f. f. the armour for the PANFLLA, f. f. a certain measure of

PA'NCHO, f. m. the belly.

PANCRAMICO, adj. relating to the pancreas.

PANCREdS, f. m. the pancreas, fituated between the bottom of the stoit weighs commonly four or five ounces.

PANDA'RSE, v. r. obf. to bow onefelt.

PANDL'CTA, f. f. among merchants, the repertory or book where the name | of all the correspondents is found, as] well as the folio wherein is their account in the great book.

Panddetas, f. f. pl. a collection, or volume of the civil law, containing the whole body of it.

dle of any thing. PANDERA'RO, s. m. a blow given

with the pandero. PANDERE'TE, s. m. dim. of pandére:

In cant, a cheat at cards.

the tabor merrily. PANDERETE'O, i.m. the act of playing merrily upon a tabor.

PANDERETE'RO, f. m. one that plays on the pandero, or that fells or makes them.

PANDE'RO, f. m. an instrument like a little drum, a tabor.

Prov. No tódo es véro lo que suéna el pándéro, all is not true that the timbrel sounds; we must not believe all we hear:

PANDI'LLA; f. f. a combination of some to cheat others.

that confederates with others in order to cheat: A factious fellow, one that is loud in a faction;

cards:

PANDO, adj. inclined, crooked; also heavy, lumpish.

noise of many instruments made defignedly for sport; also a fat lazy woman.

PAND'URRIA, f. f. a musical instrument.

PANECI'LLO, f. m. a small loaf.

tooth to hard bread. Diamond must PANEGI'RICO, f. m. a panegyrick; an oration made in praise of any per-

or elogy.

PANEGIRISTA, f. f. a panegyrist. PANE'LAS, f. m. pl. plates in heraldy, filver-rounds in the escutchon.

PANE'RA, f. f. a bin, a balket, or other thing to keep or carry bread or corn.

ground; also the loaves.

Pancs en bér≈a, green corn.

No se îra a los janes, he shall not go into the corn; said when a man or beast is secured.

PANETE'LA, f. f. panado, bread boiled with water, fugar, honey, or other ingredients.

PANETERIA, f. f. the place where bread is distributed at court.

PANIAGUA'DO, f. m. a servant in a family allowed bread and water, mear and drink. PAINICO, adj. panick, with fear, with-

out cause. PANICULO, f. m. the skin that covers

the skull.

PANIE'GO, adj. bread-eater. Tierra paniega, good corn-land.

PANIFICA'R, v. a. to bring forth corn.

oil.

PANI'ZO, f. m. Indian wheat, or the place where it is fowed.

PANOTA, f. f. a falk of any thing that grows, by some called a catkin, by others a palm.

mach, and the vertebræ of the loins; PANTALLA, f. m. a skreen, any thing used to exclude light.

PANINO, f. m. a pool, a morafs; alfo a great obflacle or hindrance.

PANTANO'SO, adj. boggy, marfly. PANTIIL'RA, I. f. the wild beatt called a panther,

PANTO'METRA, f. f. a compals of proportion.

PANTOMI'MO, f. m. one that imitates the geffures of all men. PANTORRILLA, f. f. the calf of the leg.

PAN.

PANTORRILLE'RA, f. f. a kind of stockings that makes the calves of the legs appear greater than what they are.

PANTOKRILLU'DO, adj. one that has great calves of the legs.

PANTUFLA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a flipper.

PANTU'FLO, f. f. a flipper. PA'NZA, s. f. the paunch, the belly.

PANZA'DA, f. f. a blow on the belly; also a bellyful of any food.

PANZU'DO, adj. having a great belly.

$P A \vec{n}$

PAñAL, s. m. a clout to turn a child dry; the end of a man's shirt that hangs out at his breeches.

PANALO'N, s. m. a great clout; a Papél de estráza, brown paper. flovenly fellow whose shirt hangs out | Papeies, s. m. is used for writings. at his breeches.

PAnE'RO, s.m. a woollen draper. PAuE'TES, s. m. pl. a fort of open breeches or drawers worn by fishermen | PAPELE'RA, s. f. a writing-desk. and others.

PATITO, f. m. a bit of cloth or linen. PATIZUE'LO, s. m. a handkerchief. PA'nO, s. m cloth. In architecture,

the curtain of a wall. Paño de narízes, a handkerchief.

Páno báxo, coarse cloth.

Paño de cara, idem. Paño de manos, a towel.

Páños sossegudos, obs. a grave garment. Paño de lino, linen cloth.

Páno de lána, woollen cloth. Páno en el rostro, a seurf on the face.

Páño en el bjo, a blemish in the eye. Pános de pared, hangings.

powder-room in a ship. PARO'SO, adj. scurfy-

PAnUE'LO. s. m. a little cloth, a PAPELONADA, adj. in blasonry, scaly, handkerchief.

PAP

PAPA, f. m. the pope. Papa, f. f. the pap for children.

PAPA'DA, f. f. a great double chin, a great hanging flefly chin, a dewlap.

PAPADI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of papada. PAPA'DO, f. m. the popedom.

PAPAFIGO, f. m. a family bird for called.

PAPAGAPA'DO, adj. of the colour of, or like a a pairot.

PAPAGA'YO, f. m. the general name for all pairots.

Papagayo, a fish like a tench; in cant, a fpy or informer; also a kind of PAPISTA, f. m. a papist, a name tulip.

Papageiyo de las Indias, an herb called popingay.

Hablar como papagayo, to talk like a parrot; to talk very much, to talk nothing to the purpole.

PAPAHI'GO, f. m. a fort of ridinghood for foul weather, or a hat or cap made to pull down about one in cold or foul weather. At sea, it is the Illublar de pape, to talk in the throat, afmain-fail without a bonnet.

on figs and grapes; a fig-pecker, PAPAL, adj of, or belonging to the Hacer papa come mona, to fill the chops PARADOXO, adj. strange, uncompope.

points that cover the cars.

PAPALATE'NTE, adv. with the pope's authority.

PAPANATAS, f. m. a dunce, a per-

fon eafy to be deceived. PAPANDUJO, adj. loofe, foft.

PAPA'R, v. n. to cat; to car any thing that is soft; also to neglect any PAPU'DO, adj. that has a great may or PARAI'SO, s. m. paradife, any place thing.

open like a fool.

PA'PARO, a clown, a fellow that gazes and is amazed at all he fees.

PAPARRA'BIAS, f. m. a man easily put in a passion.

PAPARRASO'LLA, f. f. a hobgoblin; a Robin-good-sellow; or as we say to the children, the bull-beggar, the bugbear.

PAPASA'L, f. m. a fort of fport among children; noisy proceedings in law, which are nothing to the purpose; a foolish fellow, a blockhead.

PAPAZ, f. m. a name given on the coast of Africa to the Christian priests. PAPA'ZGO, f. m. the popedom, the papal dignity, the pontificate.

PAPE'L, f. m. paper. Papél de farsante, the part of an actor, the cue.

PAPELEA'R, v. a. to turn over papers in fearch of fomething written in them.

PAPELERI'A, f. f. an heap of useless

papers. PAPELE'RO, f. m. a man that fells

paper. PAPELE'TA, f. f. a little bit of paper to annote something upon; also a cornet of paper.

PAPELI'CO, } f. m. a little paper.

PAPELI'NA, f. f. a fort of earthen vefsel so called; also a fort of fine silk stuff.

PAPELI'STA, f. m. a man that is always bufy among papers or writings.

PANO'L, f. m. the bread-room and PAPELITO, f. m. a little paper. PAPELO'N, f. m. large paper, old walte paper; also pasteboard.

> in the form of scales. PAPE'RA, f. f. a fwelling in the

> throat. PAPE'RO, f. m. the pipkin used to

make the pap for children. PAPIALBI'LLO, f. m. a kind of

weafel. PAPIGO'RDO, f. m. one that is fat about the throat.

i'API'LLA, f. f. pap for children. No piéuses durme papilla, do not think to give me pap; that is, to make a child of me, to impose upon me.

PAPILLO, f. m. dimin. of pape. PAPIROTA'DA, f. f. a filip, or a blow on the neck or face.

PAPIROTE, f. m. a fillip. PAPITA, f. f. pap for children.

given by the protessants to the Roman catholicks.

PAPO, f. m. the throat; a great fat hanging chin; the dewlap of a beaft, [the may of a bird; the puff that grows on the thillle; an old-fashioned fort of head-dress; metaph. pride, stateliness; PARADO'R, s. m. a carrier's ion. also used for that part of a woman called Venus mount.

fedling greatness.

face to face.

like a monkey.

PAPALINI, f. f. a fort of cap with Una en pape, y etra en Jace, one in the mouth, the other in the pouch; that is, to cat, and carry away.

E. ar en papo de buytre, to be in the vulloft, past recovery.

may; also a fort of melon.

dewlap.

Papar messas à viente, to have the mouth PAPUJADO, adj. having much slesh PARALACTICO, adj. parallactick, beabout the neck.

PA'PULA, s. f. a small tumour under the chin.

PAPYRO, f. m. a plant, wherewith the ancients made a kind of paper to write upon.

PAQ

PAQUEBO'T, f. m. the small vessel that serves to carry the mails of letters or expresses.

PAQUETE, f. m. a small pack; a packet of letters.

PAR

PAR, s. m. a pair, a couple; also a peer; as, un par de Inglaterra, a peer of England.

A par de una cosa, just by, or even with a thing.

Sin par, not to be paralleled, or equal-A la par, equally.

De par en par; as la puérta esta abierta de par en pur, the door flands wide open.

PARES, pl. of par, v. PARES.

PA'RA, adv. for, to.

Para mucho, good for much, of great value. Para poco, good for little, of small capa.

city. Para que? for what? or, to what pur-

pose ? Para qui, to the end that.

Para siempre, for ever.

Para con el no wale nada, in his opinion it is worth nothing.

PARABIE'N, f. m. congratulation. Dar un parabien, to give joy, to congratulate.

PARABIENE'RO, f. m. one who gives or wishes joy.

PARA'BOLA, f. f. a parable; in geo. metry, parabola; a conick tection ariting from a cone's being cut by a plane parallel to one of its fides, or parallel to a plane that touches one fide of the cone.

PAR ABOLA'NO, f. m. one who uses parables.

PARABO'LICO, adj. parabolical, expressed by parable. PARACHRONI'SMO, f. m. a wreng

computation of times. PARACLE'TO, Is. m. a holy messen-

PARACLITO, ζ ger.

PARADA, f. f. a flop, a place to flay or stop at; the parade where soldiers assemble for guards or other duty.

PARADE'RA, f. f. a mill-dam. PARADE'RO, f. m. a flopping place; also the end of any thing.

PARADI'GMA, f. m. an example. PARADILLA, f. f. a little flop. PARADISLE'RO, f. m. the sportfman that waits for game without flirring from his place. Also a news monger.

PARADO'XA, f. m. a paradox, a strange proposition or opinion, dilferent from the general opinion of the

world. Fapabige, f. m. a little bird that feeds | Hablar pape a pape, to speak plain, and | PARADO'NICO, adj. poradoxical, including an apparent impossibility.

> mon. PARAGE, f. m. a place; as, En tal

> parage, in such a place. Hombre de parage, a gentleman.

PARAGO'N. C. m. vide PARANGON. ture's maw; that is, to be absolutely PARAGONA'R, v. a. vide PARAN. GONAR.

PAPO'N, f. m. a great cater, a great PARA'GRAPHO, f. m. vide PARA's

 FO_{\bullet} of felicity.

longing to a parallax. $p_A RA U +$

PARALA XE, 3 f. f. a parallax; the PARDAL, f. m. a sparrow. distance hetween the PARALA'XIS, \$ true and apparent place of any star viewed from the earth.

PARALELOPI'PEDO, f. m. a parallepipedon; a solid figure contained under six parellelograms, the oppofite of which are equal and paral-

le). PARALELI'SMO, f. m. a parallelism;

the state of being parallel.

P'ARALE'LO, f. m. parallel, a line that runs equidistant from another, a parallel line; also any comparison made.

PARALELOGRA'MO, f. m. a parallelogram; in geometry, a right-lined -quadrilateral sigure, whose opposite sides are parallel and equal.

PARA'LIO, f. m. a plant.

the Bible, commonly called the Chronicles.

PARALOGI'SMO, s. m. a deceitful conclusion, or captions way of reasoning or arguing.

PARALOGIZA'R, v. n. to argue in a filse manner.

PARALITY ICA'DO, adj. touched with the palfy.

PARLI'TICO, adj. paralytick, troubled with the palfy.

PARAMENTA'R, v. a. to hang as a room, to trap as a horse, or to dress as a man or woman.

PARAME'NTO, f. m. all hanging or-Eatherts.

PACKAMO, f. m. a defert, or open empty place.

PARANCE'RO, f. m. a bird catcher. PARANGO'N, f. m. an equal, or even match; also the print called great primer.

PARANGO'NA, f. f. a type in printing so called.

PARANGONA'R, v. a. to equal, to compare, to match.

PARANYMPHO, f. m. a paranymph, brideman; also one who brings good news.

PARA'NZA, f. f. a kind of artificial hut made by sportsmen to conceal) themselves, and wait the for passage of

game. PAR APE'TO, f. m. a parapet or breaftwork to cover men that they may fland behind to defend a place, out of thot.

PARMER ASI, f. f. a paraphraie, an exposition of a thing in other words. PARA'R, v. a. to flop.

Parár mientes, to mark, to observe. Parár en el juégo, to bet one's money at l

play. Jugo del farár, the game at hazard.

Parár de tenazón, to flop fliort in the career.

PARASITO, f. m. a parafite, a flatterer.

PARASO'L, f. m. an umbrella. PARASYSMO. f. m. paroxifm.

PARATTTLA, f. f. a fummary, and abridgment,

PARGAS, f. f. pl. the destinies Clotho, Lachefis, and Auropos.

PARCAME/NTE, adv. fearcely. PARCHAZO, 6. m. h large patch. PARCHE, f. m. a patch; also a drom.

PARCLA'L, adj. partial.

PARCIALIDAD, C. f. partiality; also a party or faction.

PARCIALIZAR, v. a. to be partial, to favour one more than another. PARCIALME'NTE, adv. partially. PARCIDAD, f. f. parfimony.

PARCIONE'RO, i. m. a partner, or partaker,

PARCIR, v. a. obf. to pardon. P.IRCO, adj. frugal; fober.

Pardál, a tiger or leopard; also a sort of camel called camelopard.

Pardal, adj. clownish, from the country; alto cunning, crafty.

PARDEA'DO, adj dark brown. PARDEA'R, v. n, to appear dark or PARE'JA, f. f. a couple, a pair.

brown.

PARDIE'Z. an interj. fignifying, by ten, instead of por Dios, by God. PARDILLO, I f. m. the bird called a PARDI'SCO, \$ linnet.

Pardillo, adj of a greyish colour.

PA'RDO, adj. grey. Párdo, s. m. a leopard.

PARDU'SCO, adj. brownish. PAREA'R, v. a. to pair, to match. PARECE'R, v. n. to seem, to appear,

to be like, to resemble. Parecer en juzzio, to appear in court.

to appear. Parciér bién à mal, to look well or ill. Parecer de léxos, to appear at a distance.

Parecérje a ôtro, to be like another. opinion it is fo.

Prov. Bién áya quién a los súyos paréce, good luck betide him that is like his friends. Used seriously, when a man follows the good example of his parents; and ironically, when he copies their vices.

Prov. Quien no paréee, peréce, he that does not appear, perishes; that is, if a man does not look to his business ! and appear in it himself, it will never ! be well done; or if he has not confidence to intrude as others do, he may starve.

PARECE'R, f. m opinion, judgment; also the presence, mien, and counte- [nance.

Prov. No hay quién yérre, sinó el que su parecér quiére, no man errs but he that is fond of his own judgment. Positive men commit most mislakes.

PARE'D, f. m. a wall of a house. Paréd de cal y cânto, a solid wall of lime and stone.

Paréd maéstra, the main wall.

Paréd dasplamáda, a wall that is not perpendicular.

Paréd en médio, the next house, that has [only a wall between.

Paréd de piédra séca, a dry wall offlones laid one upon another without mortar.

No dexár estáca en paréd, to take away all | much as a pin in a wall.

Darse de cubezá las en las parédes, to knock PARIDO, adj. delivered, brought to one's head against the walls; to be outrageous, not value what mischief one does onefelf.

Dar con digo en la paréd, to dash a thing | PARIE'NTA, f. f. a kinswoman. against the wall.

against the wall; that is, to stand; fliffly to what one fays.

Pegar la boca a la parod, to cling one's mouth to the wall; that is, to endure one's wants without complain-

ing. Estar éntre quatro parédes, to live very retired; to be in prison.

Saltar parédes, to run away over houses! and walls.

Prov. Parédes tiénen oydos, the walls have ears.

Prov. Tras pared, ni tras fito, no digas in fierbie, do not tell your fecret behind a wall or a hedge, left another be [on the other side and hear it.

Prov. Quien un la pared fone môte, wiento tiene en el cogote, he that writes fentences on the wall, has wind in his pole; that is, has an empty skull; is ! a fool.

 $PAREDA'\bar{n}O$, adj. parted only by a wall.

PAREDI'LLO, f. f. a little wall; also a trammel-net.

PAREDO'N, f. m. an old wall of some ruined thructure.

PARE JO, adj. equal, alike.

Andar a paréjas, to go alike. Corrér paréjus, to run or ride equal, as it were hand in hand; metaph. to be. alike in any other thing.

Tenér paréjas en najpes, 10 be equal at cards, as to have equal points at piquet.

PAREJU'RA, s. f. equality, likeness. PARE'NESIS, f. f. an admonition, an exortation.

PARENE'TICO, adj. monitory, exhortatory.

PARALIPO'MENON, f. m. books in Parecer una cosa, to be found, as it were PARENTACIO'N, s. f. solemn exequies

for our kindred: PARENTA'L, adj. belonging to pa-

rents or kindred. PARENTE'LA, s. f. kindred; affinity

or confanguinity with any person. Parecérse que es assi, to think, to be of PARE'NTHESIS, f. f. a parenthesis; interpolition of some words in the middle of a sentence, which may be left out, and yet the sense remain perfect.

PARE'O, f. f. the act of matching two things.

PA'RES, f. m. pl. even, pairs, any even number.

Páres y núnes, even and odd. Pares de Francia, peers of France.

Pares de mugér, the secandine, or afterbirth.

PARESCE'R, v. a. v. PARECE'R. PARERGO'N, f. m. addition made to one thing to beautify it.

PARGAMI'NO, f. m. vide PERGA-MINO.

PARHELIA, s. m. a parhelion; the image of the fun that appears in the clouds.

PA'RIAS, f. f. pl. an acknowledgment or tribute one prince pays to another.

PARICIO'N, f. f. the act of lying in, of bringing forth.

PARI'DA, f. f. a lying-in woman, a woman delivered of a child.

Esta parida la gata? Has the cat kittened? This question they ask when there are many lights more than needs.

PARIDA'D, s. f. parity, equality. PARIDE'RA, f. f. a good breeder. that is in a house; without leaving so PARIDE'RO, so more the place where

cattle bring forth their young. bed, brought forth, born; used for all beafts as well as human creatures.

PARIM'NTE, f. m. a kinfman.

Penér piés en paréd, to set one's feet No baj pariénte pébre, no relation is poor; people in prosperity will not own they have any poor kindred.

> Prov. A son de parientes busca que meriender, when you have made a noise of your kindred, look for fomething to cat for your afternoon's luncheon; that is, though youcan boast ever for much of your great and rich kindred. yet get your bread, own there is no

truffing to them. Prov. Tenér parientes en la cocena, to have kindred in the kitchen.; to have

friends at court. PARIETA'RIA, f. f. the herb pelli-

tory. PARIFICA'R, v. a. to prove by an ex-

ample. PARIMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. a previous

agreement. PARIR, v. a. to be delivered of a child, to bring forth young.

PA'RLA.

PARTE'NCIA, f. f. departure, setting

PAR PA'RLA, s. f. prating, chatting. PARLADI'LLO, f. m. an affected phrase. PARLADO'R, s. m. a prating perfon. PARLAMENTA'R, v. a. to parley, to treat, to article: PARLAME'NTO, f. m. a speech, an oration; also a parliament. PARLA'R, v. n. to chat. PARLATO'RIO, f. m. a parlour in monasteries of nunsa

PARLERIA, f. f. prating, chatting. PARLE'RO, f. m. a pratting or talkative fellow; also one that carries tales, that tells all he sees or knows.

PARLETA, f. f. a conversation. PARLON, adj. loquacious. PARLOTE'AR, v. n. to keep a long

conversation. PARO, s.m. a very small bird living PARTICULARIZA'R, v. a. to partiupon insects.

PAROLA, f. f. a word; also loquacity.

PARONI'CHIA, f. f. the herb whitleegrafs.

PARO'TIDAS, f. f. pl swellings behind the ears. PAROXI'SMO, f. m. a paroxyim, a

fit. PARPADEA'R, v. n. to twinkle with

the eyes. PA'RPADO, f. m. the eye-lid.

PARPA'LLA, 7 s. f. a small copper PARPALOTA, coin so called. PARPA'R, f. m. the cry of a duck.

PARQUE, f. m. a park. PARQUEDA'D, f. f. parlimony, nig-

gardliness, frugality. PA'RRA, f. f. a vine that runs up against a wall.

PARRA'L, f. m. the wall against which the vinciuns up.

PARAPHO, f. m. a paragraph. PARRAIR, v. n. to extend or spread the branches.

PARRICI'DA, f. m. a parricide, one who murders his father, mother, or relation.

PARRICI'DIO, s. m. the crime of murdering one's father or mother.

PARRI'LLA, f. f. a gridiron. PARRIZA, f. f. a wild vine. PARRO, f. m. a goofe.

PARRO'CHIA, f. f. a parish. PARROCHIA'L, adj. belonging to a parish.

PARROCHIA'NO, f. m. a parishioner; also a customer to a shop.

PA'RROCO, f. m. a curate of a parish. PARSIMO'NIA, f. f. parsimony, niggardliness, frugality.

PA'RTE, f. m. part of any thing. En tal parte, in such a place.

mafter, specifying what day and hour a messenger sets out from such a place, | PA'RVULO, a ij. small, little. to know whether he travels as fast as he ought, or loiters by the way; for called, because it begins with these words, parte a tal bora.

Parte por parte, distinctly.

No soy parte para esso, I have no power to do that.

No téngo parte en éso, I have no hand in PASCO, s. m' obs. pasture, sood, meal

No me ban dado parte, they have not acquainted me.

Llamar a parte, to call aside.

PARTECITA, 🖒

Partes en pléyto, the parties in a lawfuit, the plaintiff and defendant. Prov. Quién despárte lléva la peór

parte, he who parts a fray gets the worft. PARTEA'R, v. a. to play the mid-

wifc. PARTECILLA. > PARTECICA, > f. a little part.

out. PARTE'RA, s. f. a midwife. PARTERI'A, f. f midwifery.

PARTESA'NA, s.f. a partisan, such as lieutenants of foot marched with. PARTIBLE, adj. partible, divisible,

separable. PARTICIO'N f. f. partition, dividend. PARTICIPACIO'N, f. f. participation, taking part with.

PARTICIPA'R, v. a. to participate, to have share with.

PARTI'CIPE, f. m. a partaker. PARTICIPIO, s. m. a participle. PARTICULA, f. f. a particle, a small

part. PARTICULA'R, adj. particular. PARTICULARIDA'D, f. f. particularity.

cularize.

PARTICULARME'NTE, adv. particularly. PARTIDA, s. f. departure; part;

parcel; a part of a country. Léys de la partida, vide LEYES. PARTIDAME NTE, adv. by parts.

PARTIDO, p. p. departed; also divided or parted.

PARTIDO, subst. m. a condition, a contract, a capitulation, an agreement; also a party or faction; a ter- Juégo de pássa pássa, juggling tricks, ritory.

Mugér de partido, a common strumpet. PAKTIDO'R, f. m. a divider; in arithmethick, the divisor; a bodkin with PASSADE'RO, adj. passable, tolerwhich women part their hair; he that cuts at cards.

PARTIJA, s. f. a part, or partition. PARTIMI'ENTO, f. m. parting or dividing.

PARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to depart. PA'RTO, f. m. a birth.

Estar de faito, to be in labour. Partos y postártos, a country term, the

early and later young cattle. Piov. Pário lárgo y bija al cábo, a Pasadór, a sea-term, an iron pin called long labour, and a daughter at last; a disappointment after much pains PASSADORCICO, 7 s. m. a little taking.

PARTURA. f. f. obf. a contract; a PASSADORCITO, J wager.

PARIURIE'NTE, f. f. the woman that PASSA'GE, f. m. pairige. has lain in, or lays in.

PA'RVA, f. f. a heap of corn new | passenger. thrashed before it is winnowed.

Prov. Efliérea y escárda, y cegerás buéna párva, dung and rake, or weed, and PASSAJUE'CO, f. m. a term used in you will have a good heap of corn at [harvest.

PARVEDA'D, I. f. smallness, pau-PARVIDAD 5 city. PARVO, adj. fmall, little.

Párte, s. m. a paper signed by the post- | PARVULE'Z, s. f. f. smallness, littlencss.

PAS

PASCA'SIO, f. m. a scholar at the university, who lives so near in the country, that he goes home upon all PASSAPASSA, f. f. the art of joggreat holidays.

PASCUA, f. f. the common name of the three fellivals of the year.

Páscua de EspirituSánto, Witsuntide, Pentecost.

Pascua de Natividal, Christmas. Páscua de Resurec ou, Easter.

Páscua de Flores, or Páscua Florida, idem. | Passár a rádo, to swim over-Prov. Buena péscua de Dios a l'édro, l'assar entre renglones, to omit, to pals que núnca me aixo málo, ni buéno. God never faid good nor bad to me; a woman's prayer for her husband, who] lets her have her will in all things; applied to all those who let others

under them do their will without controul.

Prov. Déspues de tascua de resureción, ni passas, ni bizos, ne precicación, after Easter no raisins, ner figs, nor sermon. Applied to figurify any thing that comes out of feafon.

PASCUA'L, adj. of, or belonging to Easter. PASMA'DO, adj. astenished, supi-

fied. Vid josmáda, a vine made fast to a prop.

PASMA'R, v. a. to astonish, to stupify.

PA'SMO, f. m. astonishment, stupeface tion.

PASMOS AME'NTE, adv. in an affonishing or surprising manner. PASMO'SO, adj. altonishing, wonderful.

PASPIE', f. m. a dance so called. PAISQUA, f. f. vide PA'SCUA. PASQUIN, f. m. a palquin, 2 PASZUINA'DA, f. f. label.

PA'SSA, f. t. a raisin. Pássa del sol, raisias of the fun. Passas de lexia, raisins dried with

aftes. Pássas de corenio, currants.

Esto pássa, this is the news, this is the pollute of affairs, this is the truth.

PASSA'DA, f. f. a pace. PASSADE'RA, f. f. any thing that passes or gres through another.

able. PASSADI'A, f. f. vide PASSaDA. PASSADI'ZO, f. m. a passage, an

entry. PASSA'DO, adj run through. Pasiado con la ej áda, sun through with a

fword. PASSADO'R, f. m. a bolt of a lock,

the loose bolt of a door; a shaft, an arrow.

a fid.

PAS ADORCILLO, 🕻 bolt, or such like thing that flips backwards and forwards,

PASSAGE'RO, f. m. a traveller, a PASSAGONZA'LO, f. m. a flirt, a

ftroke, a fwing.

playing at ball. PASSAMANE'RO, f. m. alaceman.

PASSAMIA'NO, f. m. a late of gold, filver, or filk for clothes. Possiniano, the piece on the rails of the

stairs on which we lay our hand as we go up or down. PASSAMIE'NIO, f. m. passage, tran-

PASSA'NTE, f m. one that pallerly.

In the univerfity, a bachelor, who looks back in order to take his degree of licenciate.

gling. PASSAPO'RTE, f., m. a pass for a tra-

veller to prevent his being flopped. PASSAR, v. a. to pals, to finke through.

Passar por el pensamiento, to enter into one's thoughts.

Passar de parte a parte, to run through

over, to let flip. give Peter a good festival, for he Passar bigos à avas, to dry figs of

grapes. Possur jor jossa, to go aft, a sea teim; that is, to go towards the flera of the thip.

 $P_{x}f_{x}^{i}(t)$

PATATA, s. f. the root called a

PATATA'L, s. m. a field of potatoes.

PATEADO'R, adj. that paws or beats

PATEA'R, v. n. to paw, to kick, to

the paten or little plate that covers

stantively used, a patent or a commis-

PATE'NTE, adj. manifest, plain; sub-

PATERNALME'NTE, adv. in a fa-

PATETA, f. m. a nickname given to

PATHE'TICO, adj. pathetick, that

PATHOLOGIA, f. f. pathology, that

PATTBULO, f. m. the gallows.

PATI'CO, f. m. a gofling.

PATI'LLO, f. m. a godling.

like a mule; faid of a horfe.

PATICO'JO, adj. lame.

part of medicine which relates to

the distempers with their differences,

causes, and effects incident to the hu-

PATICA, 1. f. a little paw, or foot of

Panér de patécas en la calle, to turn one

PATIEENDI'DO, adj. cleven-footed.

PATIMULE'nO, adj. that has a foot

with standing in the cold, and cannot

Letras paténtes, letters patent.

PATERNA'L, adj fatherly.

PATERNIDA'D, f. f. paternity.

the ground with his feet; said of a

potatoe.

horfe.

or kicking.

the chalice.

fion.

plainly.

therly manner.

lame people.

man body.

opened.

any beaft.

court-yard.

| PATINI'CO, \ yard.

out of doors.

longing to a father.

moves the passions.

trample upon.

Passarse el papél, to sink, said of ink on PASTELE'RO, s. m. a pastry-cock. Passarse el vándo contrário, to go over to PASTELITO, the enemy. flopping. vertion, fport. by cheating officers to pass muster; a cheating fellow. PASSAVOLE'O, s. m. a term used in plaging at ball. PASSE, I. m. the permission signed to a paper that it may have its effect. PASSEADE'RO, f. m. a walk, a walking-place. PASSEADO'R, f. m. a walker, one that walks much. PASSEA'R, v. n. to walk. PASTO'RA, f. f. a shepherdess. place. PASSIBILIDA'D, f. f. passibility. of (uiferance, PASSI'CO.] s.m. a little step, a little PASTORCI'LLO, passage or entry: ad- PASTORCITO, PASSI'LLO, } verbially used, softly, PORTORCICO, $PASSITO, \bot$ gently. PASSIO'N, f. f. any passion of the herd, to keep sheep. passion or sufferings of our Saviour. | sition sung, played, or danced. erned or troubled at any thing. herd; a company of shepherds. P. IONA'RIO, f. m. the book in PASTORI'L. } shepherds. passion in the Holy Week. PASSIONE'ROS. f. m. pl. those that PASTO'SO, adj. doughy, full. fing the passion in the Holy Week. PASSITO, f. m. vide PASSICO. PASSIVAME'NTE, adv. passively. PASSINO, adj. passive. PASSO, f. m. a step, a pace; also a passage, an entry. Paffe, adv. foftly, gently. Pásso de esca éra, a step of the stairs. Pásso de garganta, s. m. a note in sing-Pásso ánte pásso, fair and softly. Vino pisso, the droppings of the tap. Dar passo, to make way. Al passo del bués, flowly. A pásso tirádo, at a good round rate. Andar en malos passos, to follow lewd courles. Por el passe en que estéy, upon the word of a dying man. Pásso, no ás a mas, hush, no more of it. Pásso de ásmo, the herb called horsefoot. Prov. Después de comér dormer, y de while, after supper walk a mile. Prov. Quién tropiéza y no cae, a su 14 no anade, he who stumbles, and does | PATA'DA, f. f a kick. After flumbling we see a man take a that if a man commits a mistake, [his buliness, he goes on better afterwards, as being forewarned. Piov. No da pájo jegúro, quién corre PATALEO, f. m. the noise made pir el muro, he goes not a step safe who runs along the top of a wall. Prov. Páso a páso wan léxos, fair and foftly goes far. PASTA, f. f. paste. Hembre de buina púffa, a man of a good PATAN, f. m. a clown, a lubber. disposition. Oro en pásta, gold in ingoto. PA'STAR, v. a. to feed theep. PASTE'CA, f. f. a pulley or block in a thip.

PASTEL, f. m. a paily; also an herb

Pollil embb v, a palty of forced ment.

thop, or the pattry-cooks fireet.

of which a blue dye.

PASTELI'LLO, f. m. a little pye or pasty. PASTELI'LLO, Passarse de large, to pass by without PASTILLA, s. f. a passile, a little cake of perfume. PASSATIE'MPO, s. m. pastime, di- Pasialla de boca, a pastile to eat, a pet- PATEADURA, s. f. the act of pawing fumed lozenge. PASSAFOLA NTE, s. m. a man hired | Pastilla de chocolate, a little cake of chocolate. PASTINACA, s. f. a parsnip; also a PATE'NA, s. f. a flat piece of plate; fish like a thornback. PA'STO, f. m. pasture, food for man or bealt. | Comér el pásso, to eat by way of ordinary, | to board in a house. PASTO'R, f. m. a shepherd. Prov. Abálla passór, las espáldas al PATENTEME'NTE, adv. manifestly, Sol, shepherd, turn the sheep's backs towards the fun. PASTORA'L, adj. pastoral, belonging to shepherds. PASTORALME'NTE, adj. passible, susceptible PASTORALME'NTE, adv. shepherd- PATE'RNO, adj. fatherly, of or belike, pastorally. s. m. a little shepherd. PASTOREA'R, v n. to play the shepmind. Generally used to express the PASTORE'LA, s. f. a musical compo-Tomás passión de alguna cósa, to be con- PASTORIA, s. f. the state of a shep-FASTONA'RIA, f. f. a plant fo called. PASTORI'CIO, adj. belonging to PATIABIE'RTO, adj. that has the legs cauches, which they use to sing the PASTORILME'NTE, adv. like a shepherd. PASTU'RA, f. f. pasture. PASTURA'GE, f. m. pailurage. PAT goose. Páta de león, the herb lion's foot. Páta apariáda, a cloven foot. air. hands are alike, draw game.

PATA, s. f. a paw, a foot; also a PATILLA, s. f. a little paw or foot. Pátas arriba, with the feet up in the PATI'N, f. m. a gossing; also a little Páta es la traviéssa, a term at cards, the | PATINE'JO, I f. m. a little court-Prov. La relimpia de Hercújo, que la- PATINO, s. m. vide PATIN. wába las fáras al asno, the over-clean- PATIO, s. m. a court-yard. ly woman of Horcajo, who washes the |PATITIESSO|, adj. that is numbed affes feet. Said when any body is clean where it is needless so to be. PATA'CA, f. f. a piece of money to PATITUE'RTO, adj. splay-footed. called. PATA'CHE, f. m. a finall thip to PA'TO, f. m. a gander; a goote. called. cenár pássis mil, aster dinner sleep a PATA'CO, s.m. a peasant, a clown. PATACO'N, f. m. a patacoon, a piece of eight. not fall, adds to his slep or his pace. [PATAGO'N, f. m a man that has large] feet. larger stride, or more. It signisses, PATAGORRILLO, s. m. minced liver. feet very nimbly; to be in a great paffion

a paffion.

deavour.

dance.

fo called.

nefs, ignorance.

tale, or relation.

things improbable.

improbable tales; a liar.

PATIZA'MBO, adj. crook-legged. Antojudízo cómo púto ciégo, as fanciful as a blind goofe. Prov. Páto, y gánso, y ansarón, tres colas suénan y una son, three names found like three feveral things, and yet are but one; faid when a man talks the same thing over and over again, or uses abundance of words where a few would ferve. provided it be not fuch as overthrows [PATALEA'R, v. n. to move one's <math>[PA'TO, f. m. (for pacho)] a contract, a bargain, an agreement. PATOCHADA, f. f. a blunder in fpeaking. with the fect in dancing, or when in |PATO'N|, f. m. that has large paws or Men raised too high are ever in danger. PATALETA, f. f. a ridiculous en-PATRATIA, f. f. a fiction, a fable, a flory, a cheating trick. PATALETTLLA, f. f. n kind of PAIRATERO, f. m. the person who tells a fiction or fable. PATRIA, f. f. a man's native coun-PATANERI'A, f. f. fimplicity, foolifittry. PATRIA'RCA, f. m. a patriarch, a PATARNIA, f. f. improbable flory, chief bishop. PATRIARCA'DO, f. m. patriarch. No diga patarátas, don't tell flories, or thip. PATRIARCHA'L, adj. patriarchal. PATARATERO, I. m. one that tells PATRICIO, f. m. a patrician, of the fenatorian rank. PASTELERI'A, t. f. a pastry-cook's PATARRA'ES, f. m. a cable in a ship PATRIMONIA'L, adj. patrimonial, belonging to the patrimony. [Zzz]BeneBeneficio patrimoniál, a benefice impro- PAVIME'NTO, s. m pavement, floor. priate.

PATRIMO'NIO, f. m. patrimony, eftate, inheritance.

PA'TRIO, adj. of one's country, or of one's father.

PATRIO'TA, f. m. born in the same | country, a compatriot.

PATRIOIT'SMO, s. m. patriotism, love of one's country.

PATROCINADO'R, f. m. who protects.

PATROCINA'R, v. a. to patronize, to protect, to defend.

PATROCI'NIO, f. m. patronage, protection, defence.

PATROIN, f. m. a patron, a defender, a matter; also a matter of a ship; also a pattern, a sample.

Patron, the master of the house where one is lodged; also one who has donation of ecclesiastical preferment.

PATRO'NA, f. f. the wife of the house where a foldier is lodged.

PATRONATO, f. m. the right of conferring a benefice; also the foundation of a benefice.

PATRONA'ZGO, f. m. patrouship. PATRONI'MICO, f. m. furname taken from the father's Chrislian name. PATRO'NO, f. m. vide PATRO'N.

PATRULLA, f. f. the patrol, or foldiers who go about in the night to keep peace.

PATRU'LLAR, v. n. to patrol, to go the rounds in a camp or garrison.

PATU'DO, adj. that has great paws or feet.

Angel patiedo, the devil.

PATULLA'R, v.r. to walk in the dirt; PAXARE'L, f. m. a kind of finch. to be very bufy.

PAU

PAULA'R, f. m. a marshy ground. PAULI'NA, f. f. a decree of excommunication; ill language.

PAUPL'RRIMO, adj. superl. most Hacer temblar la paxarilla, to put a PEBETE, s. m. persume made in long

miferably poor. PA'USA, If. f. a pause, a stop, a PAXARI'LLO, f. f. a little bird. PAUSADA, I flay, a veit.

PAUSADAME'NTE, adv. leifurely, deliberately, flowly.

PAUSA'N, f. m. vide BAUSA'N.

PAUSA'R, v. n. to paule, to stop, to flay, to reft.

PAUTA, f. f. a board with cat-guts ffretched upon it at the distance that the lines may be writ, which the boys lay under their paper, and prefling it a little, it leaves all the lines, marked on the paper for them to write firaight.

 $P_{-}IUI_{-}I'R$, v. a. to mark the paper with the painta.

$P \wedge V$

PATA, f. f. a pea hon.

PARADA, f. f. a large and fat hen. PAIIANA, f. f. a pavin, a dance for called.

PMELLC'N, f. m. a pavilion or tent, (a pavilion over a field-bed, or any thing afed in that nature; also a butterfly.

PATE'S, f. m. a great shield that covers all the body.

PAVE'S.A. f. f. the white light affice we \ see in the fire, especially wood fire, PANAROTA, which will eafily blow away with the PANAROIADA, \$ leath breath.

PATESADA, f. f. a battle of targe- PAXARRU'CO, J tiers, or a dance representing such a battle; at fea, it is what our feamen call the fights, being cloths which hang round about the this to hinder men from being feen in PATO, f. m. a shepherd, or clown, fight.

Par P/100, adj. timorous, featful.

PAVIOTA, f. f. the fea-fowl called a gull.

PAVITO, f. m. a young turkeycock.

PA'VO, f. m. a turkey-cock. Páro real, a peacock.

PAVO'N, f. m. a peacock. Pavon agréste, s. m. the moor-cock.

PAVONA'DA, f. f. a strutting or showing one's felf, playing the fop or beau as the peacock shews his fine feathers.

PAVONA'R, v. a. to fanguine, as they

do sword-hilts, or the like. PAVONA'ZO, f. m. an azure colour for

called. PAVONCI'LLO, f. m. a young turkeycock.

PAVONEA'R, v. n. to play the top or beau, to strut and show one's felf about as the peacock does his fea-

PAVO'R, f. m. fear, dread. PANO'RDE, f. m. a dignitary in cathedral churches.

PAVORDI'A, f. f. the dignity of pavorde.

PAVOROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully, timoroully.

PAVORO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful. PAVU'RA, f. f. vide PAVO'R.

P A X

PA'XARA, f. f. a female bird. PAXAREA'R, v. n. to go a bird-catching; also to loiter, to be idle. PAXARE'RA, f. f. the cage, or the place where birds breed. PAXARE'RO, f. m. a bird-catcher. PAXARI'CO, f. m. a little bird. PAXARI'LLA, f. f. the milt of any

creature, but more particularly of a fwine. man into fear, to make him quake.

Prov. A chice paxaville, chico nidillo, a little bird must have a little nest. Mean people must have mean things. Prov. Al paxarillo que se ha de perder, alillas le han de na ér, the little bird that is to be lost must have little wings grow; that is, inconfiderable | persons when they grow vain and haughty will be cast down.

PAXARITO, f. m. a little bird. Prov. A cada qual se lleván los panari- PECA, s. f. a freckle on the face. tos en el muladár, the little birds on the dunghill pay equal honour to all men; that is, filly mean persons pay [PECA'DO, s. m. a sin, an ossence, equal honour to all men.

PA'XARO, f. m. a bird. Prov. Matar dos paxaros de un tiro, to PECAMINO'SO, adj. finful. kill two birds with one shot, with one PECA'NTE, adj. peccant. ftone.

Piov. Mas wale paxaro en mano que buytre wolando, a bird in the hand is | better than a vulture flying; one bird in hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. Paxaro durmiente, tarde le entra cého en el viéntre, a sleeping bird gets meat into his belly late; that is, PECENO, adj. of a pitch-colour. lazy people are long earning their PE'CHA, f. f. corruptly for pechabread.

port. PAXARRA'CO, i.e. a large bird, [whose name we

know not-

Vellirle a lo pavo, to be clad like a country fellow.

P A Y

P A Z

PAZ, f. m. peace: La paz, is the pax that covers the cha. lice at mass, and is sometimes given to the people to kiss.

Tomár la paz de la igiésta, to kiss the pax.

Ponér paz, or meter paz, to part those that quarrel.

La paz de Judas, treachery, kissing a man to betray him. Prov. Quanto sabes no diras, quanto vés

no juzgarás, si quiéres vivir en paz, you must not say all you know, nor judge all you see, if you will live in peace.

Paz, y paciéncia, y muérte con peniténcia, peace and patience, and a penitent death.

Prov. Poso y en paz mucho se me baz, a little in peace seems to me a great deal.

PAZGUATO, adj. foolish, stupid, that admires every thing.

P E A

PEA'GE, f. m. toll, money paid for passing over bridges, or the like. PEAGE'RO, f. m. a toll-gatherer.

PEA'L, f. m. a, fock, or that part of the stocking that covers the foot. PEA'NA, f. f. a pedestal for a figure,

or any fuch thing to fland on. PEA'NA, f. f. a sort of inflamation in a horfe's tongue.

PEAPA', f. f. the spelling of letters, a fort of horn-book.

Dezerfelo a uno de penpa, to tell a man the whole from the beginning to the end, to tell all one knows, to tell a thing very plain as if every word were ipelt.

PEB

slicks, like slicks of sealing-wax, to burn and perfume the house.

PEBETE'RO, f. m. the candlestick, in which the peberes are fet to burn. PEBRA'DA, f. f. a fort of fauce for a hare, or rabbit.

PEBRE, a fort of sauce made with pepper, vinegar, fasiron, cloves, and other ingredients, used to eat kid with,

PEC

PECABLE, adj. susceptible of fin. PECADI'LLO, f. m. a little fin. PECADO'R. f. m. a finner. PECADO'RA, I. f. a woman finner. PECAR, v. n. to fin, to offend.

Prov. Malo es pecar, y remalo perseutrar, it is bad to fin, and devilish to perfift in fin.

PE'CE, f. m. a fifth. PECECI'CO. PECECILLO, I. m. a little fift. PECECITO,

PECHA'R, v. n. to pay a tax or duty.

s. f. a salse re- Pechardino de manga, in cant, a cheat. between an inn-keeper and a rogue that makes a guest pay double for what he has.

PECHA'ZO, f. m. a great break. PECHE'RA, f. f. a piece of linea or cloth to cover the breaft.

PECHERI'A, f. f. the share of the tribute we are to pay; a poll-tax.] PECHE'RO, f. m. one that is liable to pay all taxes.

 PK^{\perp}

PECHI'NA, f. f. a fort of cockle-shell the pilgrims wear in their hats. PE'CHO, f. m. the breaft, a woman's

breast; also tribute or tax. Hombre de pécho, a man of courage and

valour. Pécho por tiérra; humbly, prostrate on the

ground. Descubrir su sécho, to discover one's PEDRE'A, s. f. the act of slinging many

thought. Echarse un cantarro a péchos, to list up a pitcher, to drink unreasonably.

Tomár una cosa a pechos, to interest one's

self in an affa r. Hombre de buén pécho, a well-meaning

man. PECHU'GA, f. f. the breast or brawny part of a bird.

PECHUGUE'RA, f. f. the whole breaft; a pain in the breast; a cold settled

in it. PECILGAR, v. a. obs. vide PELLIS-CA'R.

PECI'LGO, I. m. vide PELLI'SCO. PECI'NA, f. f. a fish-pond.

PE'CORA, f. f. a fly cunning man; anciently cattle.

PECORE's, f. f. pillaging of foldiers.

PECO'SO, adj. freckly.

PECIORA'I, adj. pectoral, good for the breast; substantively used, the cross bishops wear on their breast; also armour, any detence for the | PEE'R, v. n. to fart. breall.

PECULA'DO, f. m. peculate, sobbery of the public money.

PECULIA'R, adj. one term. peculiar. PECULIAR ME'NTE, adv. peculiar-

PECU'LIO, f. m. that which is peculiarly a man's own, particularly that which a father allows a fon, or a mafter a flave to call his own.

PECU'NIA, f.f. money. PECUNIA'RIO, adj. pecuniary. PECUNIO'SO, adj. wealthy.

PED

PEDACI'CO, f. m. a little piece. PEDACITO, f. m. idem. PEDA'GE, f. m. vide PEA'GE. PEDAGO'GO, f. m. a pedagogue, a school-master, a tutor. PEDA'NEO, adj. that has a limited jurisdiction. Suid of a petty judge. . PED ANTE, f. m. a pedant. PEDANTERI'A, f. f. pedantry, aukward olientation of needless learn-រាព្យ 📲 PFDANTE'SCO, adj. pedantick, pedantical. PEDANTYSMO, f. m. the ignorance or herd of pedants. PEDA'ZO, f. m. a bit, a piece, a fragment. Pularo 'e par, a bit of bread. PEDERNA'L, f. m. a flint. PhDhST.TL, f. m. a pedellal for a flatue, or other thing to fland upon. PhDE'STRE, adj. that goes on foot. PEDICO'N, f. m. a hop, a jump upon one foot. $\left\{ PED/DO'R, \atop PED/GO'N, \right\}$ f. m. one that affection? PFDIGUE/no, adj. one that is always alking or begging. PEDIME'NIO, f. m. a request. PEDIR, v. a. to beg, to demand. Pena raciones, to beg. Prov. Pedis péras al ólmo, to alle for Pears of the clim-tree. To ask impos fibilities. Ph'Do, f. m. a fart. PEDORI EIRA, f. f. close

TEDO'REO, fam. a farting fellow.

PEDRA'Dal, f. f. a flroke of a flone;

breecher.

trunk-

at play, it fignifies a counter, or one |PEINA'R|, v. a. to comb, to drefs. in reckoning.

Prov. Esto cas como pedrada en ójo de bocicario, that is as fit as a thump ! To express a thing is very sit, or proper, as if apothecaries deserved to be ftoned.

stones at.

PEDRECI'CA, PEDRECI'LLA, I. f. a little stone.

PEDRECITA, PEDRE'GA, ξ f. m. any stony place.

PEDREGO'SO, adj. stony, full of flones.

PEDRENA'L, f. m. a firelock. FEDRE'RA, f. f. a quarry where stone is dug out.

PEDRERI'A, f. f. a parcel of precious flones.

PEDRE'RO, f. m. a mason. Pedréro, a small piece of artillery so called.

PEDREZUE'LA, f. f. a little stone. PEDRI'SCO, f. m. large hail. FEDRO, f.m. in cant, a hairy kind of coat; also a bolt.

PEDRO'SO, adj. flony.

PEE

PEG

PE'GA, f. f. the pitching of a skin to |PELA'R|, v. a. to pull off the hair, to make it hold liquer; also a composition to daub the cows teats, that the PELAZA, f. f. a scusse, a fray, procalves may not fuck.

Piga, s.f. a magpie. Sabér a la réga, to talte of the pitch and | PELE'A, f. f. fight, battle, combat. rosin, as wine does that has been in PELEADO'R, f. m. a sighter. the skins.

tacha, shew me a magpie all of a co- tance, as ships do. lour, and I will shew you a maid with- PELECHAR, v. n. to breed new out a fault; neither is to be found.

PEGADI'LLO, s. m. a small plaster. PEGADI'ZO, adj. clammy, that will PELENDE'NGUES, f. m. pl. knots of flick to any thing.

PEGADU'RA, f. f. sticking together, or the place or joint where two things | PELIAGUDO, adj. sharp-haired; so stick together; also pitching and rofining of skins.

PEGAJO'SO, adj. that is apt to stick | to every thing, clammy, flicking. Mal prenjolo, an infectious or contagious [

diffemper. PEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. flicking, clinging; daubing with pitch.

PEGA'R, v. a. to flick, to cling, to daub with pitch; also to infect. Pegar, to beat, to bang, to cudgel.

Pegar fuego, to set on fire. Pogávstela à algúno, to cheat any body. PEGASO, f. m. the horse Pegasus, that |

poets feigned. PEGATA, f. f. a trick played to PELIGRO, f. m. danger.

one. PEGO'TE, f. m. any flicking clammy thing.

PhGUJu'L, f. m. a flock of goods, PELILLO, f. m. a little hair. or a fervant for his own use; what fuch a one gets by his own induf. | PELINE'GRO, adj. black-haired. try; a man's own property.

PEI

hair. PEINADO, f. m. a womanith man; the curling and drefling of hair. PEINADOR, C. m. an hair-dreffer; alfo the linen put on in combing. PEINADURA, L. m. combing; also the hairs falling in the comb.

PEINA'ZO, f. m. a large comb. PEI'NE, f. m. a comb; also the upper part of the foot. with a stone in an apothecary's eye. PEINERI'A, s. f. the shop where they fell or make combs. PEINE RO, f. m. one who fells combs, or makes them.

PEL

PEL, f. f. vide PIEL. PELA, f. f. a boy richly dressed. PELA'DA, s. f. the sheep-skin. PELADE'RA, s. f. a difease so called,

that makes all the hair fall. PELADI'LLA, s. f. a large, smooth

comfit; also a disease that makes the hair fall off. Piladilla de arreyo, a pebble-slone.

PELA'DO, adj. bald, pulled, that has the hair pulled off; bare.

PELADO'R, f. m. one that pulls off the hair, or makes bald.

PELADU'RA, f. f. a pilling or pulling off the hair.

PELA'GE, f. m. the head of hair, its colour or beauty. PELA'IRE, f. m. a cloth-worker, a

fuller, or one that teazes cloth with a teazel.

PELA'MBRE f. m. pilling or pulling off hair, baldness.

PELAMBRE'RA. f. f. a tan-pit to take the hair off the skins. PELAME'SA, f. f. pulling, or tearing

off hair. make bald, to pull a fowl.

perly among women that tear the hair.

PELEA'R, v. n. to fight.

Dame péga sin mancha, daréte môza sin Pe'car de suéra, to cannonade at a dis-

hair; to stock, to enrich, to give a new fleece.

ribbands women wore on their heads about their ears:

they call the kid, calf, and rabbit; also intricate, entangled. Hombre peliagido, a very fly man.

PELIBLA'NDO, adj. that has very foft hairs.

PELICA'NO, adj. grey-haired. Pelicano, f. m. a pelican.

PELICO, f. m. a jerkin shepherds wear, made of sheep-skins with the wool on.

PELICO'RTO, adj. fhort haired. PELILA'RGO, adj. long-haired. PELIFO'RRA, f. f. a whore, a profittute, a firumpet.

PELIGRA'R, v. n. to be in danger.

PELIGROSAME'NTE, adv. dangeroully.

PELIGRO'SO, adj. dangerous. cattle, or the like, given to a fon Echar felillos a la mar, to forget what is paft.

PELIQUERO, f. m. a skinner, a leather-dreffer or feller.

PELITEADO, adj. fhadowed, drawn with a pencil or coal.

PEINADA, f. f. combing, drefling of PELPTRE, f. m. the herb pellitory, PE'LLA, f. f. a pellet, a ball, a mafe of any thing.

Pella de nidoe, a snow-ball.

Pella de mantéca, a print or a lump of butter.

Prov. Si efta pella a la pared no pega. dioménos dexará félial, if this ball does net

not stick to the wall, yet it will leave smark; that is, if you abuse any man very much, though all be not believed, yet some impression it will make; in a better sense, though what one labours for, has not all the intended effect, yet will be of some help.

PELLA'DA, f. f. a blow with a fnowball, or the like; also a trowelful of mortar.

No dar pellada en la obra, not to work a stroke, not to lay one trowel of mortar on the work.

PELLE'JA, s. f. a skin or hide; but properly that which has wool or hair on it. Metaph, a strumpet.

PELLEJERIA, f. f. the place where thins or hides are fold; a great quantity of Ikins or hides.

PELLEJE'RO, s. m. a skinner, a leather-seller or dresser, a currier.

a skin to carry wine or other liquor ın.

Mudar el pelléjo, to change one's skin, as the snake does; to alter one's condition.

Dexar el pelléjo en la demánda, to die in the caule.

PELLI'CA, s. f. a quilt made of fine furs,

FELLICE'RO, f. m. vide PELLEJE RO.

PELLI'CO, f. m. the skin wore by shep. herds

PELLISCADO'R, f. m. the person who pinches.

PELLISCA'R, v. a. to pinch; also to fteal.

PELLI'SCO, f. m. a pinch.

Dar un pelifico, to give a pinch. PELLO'NI f. m. an ancient garment

PELLC'TE, that was so called.

PELMA, f. f. any thing heavy, PELMAZO, f. m. \ and looking as if trodden on.

TE'LO, f. m. hair.

Pélo malo, bad hair; a bad state or condition, ill circumstances.

Pélo de camélo, camelot.

Pélo arriba, against the hair or grain. Pélo abaxo, with the hair or grain.

Pélo de cofre, red hair. Ir a félo, to go with the hair or with the grain; said when business goes | PENALIDA'D, s. f. pain, trouble, aswell.

Hacer que wenga a pelo, to make a thing |

Ir a possible, to go against the hair or

Fflar en je'o to be naked.

Dar la bestiu en pé'o, to give a beast without a faddle.

Prov. De tal péloni ga'o ni férro, neither dog nor cat red-haired.

Prov. El pelo muda la rapofa, mas el naemaino de poja, the fox changes hair, but not his nature.

Terciopélo, f. m. velvet.

Pélos à la mar, a sport among children. PELO'N, f. m. a paltry fellow, a fcoundrel; a bald man.

PELO'NA, f. f. a disease that makes the hair fall off.

PELONERIA, f. f. poverty, meannefs, baseness.

PELO'S.I, f. f. in cant, a blanket or covering.

PELOSO, adj. hairy.

PELOTA, f. f. a ball, a bullet; a wild wench.

Jugár a la pelóta, to play at ball.

Pelota de viento, a ball filled with wind like our toot-ball.

Effár en pelúca, to be naked.

Pelora, a fort of garment used formerly. PELOTA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a ball.

PELO'TE, s. m. goat-hair use to stuff PENDENCIE'RO, s. m. a quarrelsome chairs and other things.

PELOTEA'R, v. n. to play at ball, to play at tennis.

Pelotiáise, v. r. to quarrel, to fight. PELOTERI'A, f. f. a heap of balls.

PELOTE'RO, f. m. one that fells or makes balls, or that delivers balls at the tennis-court; also a fray or scuffle, in which they pull one another by the hair; also a little insect that grabbles in filth.

PELOTI'LLA, f. f. a little ball or bullet, a pellet or little bottom of yarn, thread, or the like.

PELOTO'N, f. m. a large ball. PELTA, s. f. a kind of thield used by

the ancients.

PELTRA'BA, f. f. a cant word for a wallet.

PE'LTRE, s. m. pewter.

PELTRE'RO, s. m. a pewterer. PELLE'JO, f. m. a skin or hide; also PELUCA, f f. a peruke or perriwig. PELUCO'N, f. m. a large wig; also one who wears fuch wig.

PELUDO, adj. hairy. PELUQUERI'A, f. f. a shop where they

make and fell wigs. PELUQUE'RO, f. m. a perriwig-maker

or dreffer. PELUQUI'N, f. m. a bag-wig.

 $PELU'\bar{S}A$, f. f. a fur, a lining of a garment of furs; also weathth.

PEN

PE'NA, f. f. pain, trouble, forrow; punishment, a fine.

So péna de la vista, upon pain of lise. Pénas, pl in cant, the galleys.

Pénus de camara, fines to the king. A pénas, hardly, scarcely, with much ado.

PENA'CHO, f. m. the crest of a helmet. a plume of feathers, or other such topping on the head.

Penácho de ciérvo, a deer's attire or horns.

PENADAME'NTE, adv. vid. PENO SAM''NTE.

PENADI'LLO, adj. that affords drink | with difficulty.

FENAL, adj. penal, afflicting, troublesome.

fliction. PENA'R, v. n. to punish, to fine;

also to be in pain, sorrow, or anguish.

affliction.

PENATES, f. m. those gods that were worshipped at home; the housholdgods.

PE'NCA, f. f. the flalk of a lettuce, colewort, thitle, or the like; also a l. En un pensamiento, quickly. broad piece of sole leather, with No me passa por el pinsamiento, I have no which the hangmen whip malefactors.

PENCA'R, v. a. to whip at the cart's | tail.

PENCA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with a penca.

PENCIIICA'RDA, f. f. as, tomár de PENSATIVO, adj. thoughtful. penchicarda, in cant, to make a fray PENSE'QUE, a vulgar word, that in a tavern in order to get off fcotfice.

PENCU'RIA, f. f. in cant, a whore. PENDA'NGA, f. f. a ftrumpet, a har-

lot. PENDE'JO, f. m the hair about the

privy parts. Pendéjo, f. m. a coward.

Es un pendéjo, he is a coward.

PENDE'NCIA, f. f. a quarrel, a fray, a controverly.

FENDENCIA'R, v.n. to raife a quarrel or fray,

person.

PENDE'R, v. n. to depend. PENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging, depend.

ing. PENDO'JA, f. f. obf. a writing-pen. PENDO'LA, s. f. a pen; also the pendulum of a clock or watch.

PENDOLE'RO, adj. hanging, that hangs.

PENDOLI'STA, s. m. a quick writer. PENDO'N, f. m. a cornet, a pennon, a slandard, a streamer in a ship.

Pendon de tabérna, a tavern-bush. Acudir a pendón berído, to come in to assist where there is great need, as when a standard is in great danger of being taken by the enemy.

PENDONCI'LLO, f. m. a little banner, pennon, streamer.

PE'NDULO, adj. hanging, that hangs, PENEDE'NCIA, f. f. obf. vid. PENI. TENCIA.

PENEDENCIA'L, f. m. obs. a religi. ous person that does penance. PENE'DO, f. m. obf. a rock.

PENETRABILIDA'D, f. f. penetrabi. lity, susceptibility of penetration. PENETRA'BLE, adj. penetrable, that

can be entered or penetrated. PENETRACIO'N, f. f. penetration,

piercing through. PENETRA'R, v. a. to pierce through, to penetrate.

PENETRATIVO, adj. piercing. PENGLIN, f. m. a bird found about the Streights of Magellan, and other

fouthern countries. PENI'NSULA, f. f. a peninsula, a place encompassed by the sea, except on one part where it joins to the continent.

PENITE'NCIA, s. f. penance, penitence, repentance.

PENITENCIA'DO, adj. penanced, that has a penance imposed on him; said of one that has been in the Inquisition, and comes out with an obligation of performing a certain penance for his offence.

PENITENCIA'L, adj. penitential. PENITENCIA'R, v. a. to impose a penance.

PENITENCIARI'A, f. f. an office at Rome, so called from whence the bulls, pardons, indulgences, &c. are ient.

PENITENCIA'RIO, s. m. a penitentiary, one that impoles penances. PENITE'NTE, f. m. a penitent. Penárse, v. r. to be grieved, to be in PENOSAME'NTE, adv. painfully. PENO'SO, adj. painful.

PENSADO, adj. thought on, considered, weighed. PENSAMIE'NTO, f. m. a thought;

in cant, an eating-house.

thought of it. PENSAR, v. a. to think; to give cattle their allowance.

Peusar no es sabér, to think is not knowledge. To fay I thought, shows 18" norance

means, I thought it.

PENSIE'R, f. m. the herb facezewort; also the herb knapweed or mattel-Ion.

PE'NSIL, f. m. garden in the air; any beautiful garden.

PENSIO'N, f. f. a pension; metaphic an incumbrance, a trouble.

PENSIONA'R, v. a. to impole any troublesome obligation. PENSIONA'RIO, f. m. he that pays

the pension; he that receives it-PENSIONISTA, f. m. a pensioner.

PENSO'SO, adj. thoughtful. PENTAGONO, f. m. a pentagon, a figure with five angles. PENTA'NIETRO, f. m. a pentameter, a Latin verse of five seet. PENTATEU'CO, f. m.t he Pentateuch, 1 the five first books of Mofes. PENULIAMO, adj. the last but one. PENU'MBRA, f. f. an imperfect sha-PENU'RIA, f. f. penury, want. dow.

PEn

PL'nA, f. f. a rock, a stony hill, or

piece of a mountain. Pénas véras, y penas grises, names of an. cient rich garments at present unknown. Phadscall, f. m. a rocky place. PEUA'SCO, f. m. a great or massive | PERCEPCIO'N, f. f. perception. women in summer. PETASCO'SO, adj. rocky. PENATA, s. f. the bird called a fieldfare. PENI'SCOLA, f. f. a peninfula, or a small place, more than a rock and less than an island, PEÃO, f. m. obf. a pledge.

PEROL, f. m. a great rock; also the

end of the ship's yard. PE'NOLA, f. f. vide PE'NOLA. IENO'N, f. m. a great rock. PENO'SO, adj. rocky.

PEO

fuch as boys whip. Pion de albanil,, a day-labourer. PEONADA, s. f. a job for a labourer, | Pidérse, v. r. to lose one's self. a day's work. PEONAGE, s. m. a company of men | PERDICIO'N, s. f. perdition, loss, deon foot. PEONERI'A, f. f. as much ground as PE'RDIDA, f. f. lofs, damage. may be tilled in one day. PEONE'RO, s. m. a pioneer in an another at loss or gain. army. PEONYA, f. f. a plant so called. PEO'NZA, f. f. a top, such as boys | PERDIDI'LLO, f. m. a little wicked whip; also a very short man. PEOIR, comp. of male, worse. Ir de mal en peor, to grow worse and worfe. PEORIA, f. f. growing worle.

PEP PEPIMN, f. m. kid or lamb cut in small pieces and slewed. PEPINA'R, f. m. the cucumberground. PEPINAZO, f. m. a blow of a cucumber. PEP/NTLLO, f. m. a little cucumber. PEPLNO, f. m. a cucumber. Pepinos rellénos, flussed cucumbers, or | with a pudding in them. PEPIO'N, f. m. an ancient gold [Coin, PEPITA, f. f. the pip in a hen; a kernel or feed of an apple, orange, melon, cucumber, or the like. No tiner pefita, to talk all that comes uppermost, to have no referve, but tell all one knows. PEPHO'RIA, f. f. the giblets of a any thing. PEPO'N f. m. a pompion.

$P \to Q$

PEQUENE'Z, f. f. fmallnefs, littlenels, PEQUENTCO, } adj. very little.

PEQUEñO, adj. little, fmall. PEQUEZUE'LO, adj. very little.

PER PE'RA, f. f. a pear. Péra ahegadéra, a choaking pear. Péra bergomóta, a bergomot pear. PERA'DA, f. f. conserve of pears. PERAILE, f. m. vide PELAIRE. PERA'L, f. m. a pear-tree. Perál sylvéstre, a wild pear-tree. PERALE'DA, f. f. a grove or orchard of pear-trees. PERANTO'N, f. m. a plant so called. PERA'ZA, s. f. a great pear. PERCA'NCES, s. m. pl. perquisites, PEREGRINAR, v. n. to travel, to go vails, profits. PERCEBIR, v. a. to perceive. can be perceived. of a house, a prop of a vine. Percha de la ála, among sailors, a broom, PEREMPTO'RIO, adj. peremptory. the fludding fail. Pérchas, snares to catch partridges or other birds. Officiales de la pércha, traders or workmanufacture. PERCHA'DO, f. m. a prop, a perch. PERCIBI'R v. a. to receive; also to perceive, to know. PERCUDIA, v. a. to spoil, to disturb, [to break. PEO'N, f. m. a foot-foldier; a day- | PERCUSSIO'N, f. f. percusion, stroke. Jabourer; a pawn at chess; a top, PERCUSSO'R, s.m. he who strikes or wounds. [PERDE'R, v. a. to lose, to miss. Perdérse el camino, to lose one's way. flruction.

Ir a pérdida y ganáncia, to go share with PEREXIL, s. m. vide PEREGIL. PERDIDAME'NTE, adv. desperately, villainoufly.

fellow. PERDIDIZO, adj. apt to be lost, often | loft.

PERDIDO, f. m. a wicked person past | PERFECCIO'N, f. f. persection. reclaiming. PERDIDO'SO, adj. that lofes.

tion. PERDIGA'R, v. a. to broil on the [PERFIDIA, f. f. perfiction finess, falsecoals.

tridge.

Perdigones, pl. shot to kill birds with. PERDIGUE'RO, f. m. a fettingdog.

PERDIMIE'NTO, C. m. Joss, destruction; also lewdness, baseness, PERDIZ, f. f. a partridge.

Perdiz chocha, a wood-cock. Prov. La perdiz es perdida, si caliente PERFILADU'RA, f f. the drawing the no es comida, a partridge is spoiled if not eaten hot.

Prov. Con la perdiz, la mano en la nairi≈, the partiidge is most catable | work about the edges of a thing. when tainted.

PERDO'N, f. m. pardon, forgivenels. goole or other fowl; also a mixing of PERDONABLE, adj. pardonable.

PERPONADO'R, f. m. pardoner. PERDONAINZA, S. S. obs. vid. PERdon. PERDONA'R, v. a. to pardon, to for-

give. PERDONAITDAS, f. m. a bully, a hector.

PERDULARIO, f. m. aleved man. PERDURALBLE, adj. everlatting.

PERDURABLEME'NTE, adv. perpetually. PERECE'AR, v. n. to be idle or lazy in doing any thing.

PERECEDE'RO, adj. perishable, that will perish.

PERECE'R, v. n. to perish. PERECIMIE'NTO, f. m. perishing. PEREGIL, f. m. parsley.

Peregil de mar, samphire. Peregil Macedonico, the herb alisan-

ders. PEREGRINACIO'N, f. f. a peregrination, a pilgrimage.

PEREGRINA'GE, f. m. pilgrimage. PEREGRINAME'NTE, adv. in a fine manner.

a pilgrimage. PEREGRINO, s. m. a pilgrim, a

stranger. none; also a sort of filk stust wore by | PERCEPTIBLE, adj. perceptible, that | Perceptino, adj. rare, seldom seen, eminently fine or beautiful.

PE'RCHA, s. f. a pole, a perch, a rafter | PEREMPTORIAME'NTE, adv. peremptorily.

a long pole to spread out the clew of PERENDE'JA, s. f a street-walker. PERENDE'NGUES f. m. pl. vid. PE-LENDE'NGUES.

PERENNA'L, adj. perpetual, continual.

men belonging to the wool or woollen | Fuénte perennál, a running spring that is never dry.

L'oco perennál, one that is continually mad, without any lucid intervals. PERENNALME'NTE, adv. perpetually, continually.

PERE'NNE, adj. perpetual, continual. Un loco perénne, a madman without inter-

vals. PERENNEME'NTE, adv. incessantly, without discontinuity.

PERENNIDA'D, f. f. continuity, incessant motion forwards, perpetuity, PERENTO'RIO, adj. vide PEREMP-TO'RIO.

PERE'ZA, f. f. floth, laziness.

Prov. Peréza llawe de probéza, sloth is the key to poverty; the way to grow poor.

PEREZOSANIE'NTE, adv. flothfully, lazily. PEREZO'SO, adj. flothful, lazy.

PERFECTAME'NTE, adv. perfect-

PERDIGA'DO, f. m. a person that PERFE'CTO, adj. persect. has been punished by the Inquisi- PERFICIONA'R, v a. to finish, to bring to perfection.

hood, treachery. PERDIGO'N, f. m. a young par- | PE'RFIDO, adj. perfidious, falle, treacherous.

PERFIL, f. m. the outline of a picture or draught; in architecture, the fide perspective of a ftracture.

Róstro de méaio perfet, a side face in painting.

PERFILADO, f. m. d grave formal perfon

first lines of a picture. PERFILAR, v. a. to draw the first

lines of a picture; also to make any

PERFUMADO R. L.m. a perfumer. PERFUMAR, v. a. to perfume. PERFUME, f. m. perfame, fiveet

feent. PERFUMERIA, f. f. a perfumer's

fliop. PERFUMERO, f. m. a perfumer; a

pao to burn perfumes in. PERGAMPNO, f. m. parchment.

PERIGLA, A. f. Ikill. PERICO, f. m. a fort of pariot little

bigger than a thruth, and green. PE_{\uparrow} $[A, \Lambda]$

PERICRA'NEO, Is. m. the pericra nium, a membrane PERICRA'NIO, \ that is about the skull.

PERIFO'LIO, f. m. an herb called chervil.

Perifolios, ribbands and other ornaments used by women in dressing.

PERIGA'LLOS, s.m. the cock's gills; Pernear en la borca, to be hanged. fons.

PERILLA, f. f. a little pear.

PERILLA'N, f. m. a wandering idle fellow.

PERILLOS, f. m. a kind of sweet paste.

PERINO'LA, f. f. a totum, a long piece of slick or ivory, which boys twirl about with their fingers, and make it fpin like a top.

PERIO'DICO, adj. periodick, periodical.

PERIODO, f. m. a period, a full stop; also the end of duration.

PERIPATE'TICO, s. m. a Peripatetick, one of Aristotle's disciples.

PERIPHE'RIA, f. f. periphery, circumference.

PERIPHRASEA'R, v. a to periphrase, to express one word by many.

PERI'PHRASIS, f f. a periphrasis; a express the sense of one.

PERIQUI'LLOS, f. m. pl. a kind of fweetmeat.

PERITO, adj skilful.

PERITO'NEO, f. m. the peritoneum; it is a thin and foft membrane which encloses all the bowels, and lies immediately under the muscles of the PERPENDICULAR, adj. perpendiculower belly.

PERTUDICA'R, v. a. to prejudice, to damage, to hurt, to wrong.

PERJUDICIA'L, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.

PERJUI'CIO, f. m. prejudice, damage, [wrong, hurt.

PERJURADO'R, s. m. a perjured person, one that will forswear himself.

fwear false.

PERJU'RIO, I. m. perjury.

PERTURO, f. m. a fortworn person, a perjured man.

PE'RLA, f f. a pearl.

PERLA'DO, f. m. (corruptly for preláao) a prelate.

PERLATICO, adj. troubled with the palfy.

PERLESIA, f. f. the pally-

PERLI'CA. } f. f. a little pearl. PERLITA, \$

PERLONGA'R, v. n. to fail along the coalt.

PERMANECE'R, v. n. to remain, to continue, to last.

PERMANE'NCIA, f. f. stay; durability, duration.

PERMANE'NTE, adj. permanent, lasting, durable.

PERMISSIO'N, f. f. permission, sufferance.

PERMISSI'VO, adj. permissible, what PE'RRA. f. f. a bitch. may be permitted.

PERMI'SSO, f. m. leave, licence. al. PERRADA, f. f. many dogs together lowance, grant.

Perniffo, p. p. of permittir.

PERMISSO'R, f. m. one who gives licence or permits.

PERMITTOO, adj. lawful.

PERMITIDO'R, f. m. who permits. PERMITTR, v. n. to permit, to suffer, PERRERIA, f. f. a place where they to allow.

PERMIXTIO'N, f. f. permixtion; the Dear perrerius a algano, to call one act of mixing.

PERMUTA, f. f. changing of ecclesiaffical benefices.

PERMUTACIO'N, f. f. change, alteration.

PERMUTA'R, v. a. to permute, to exchange.

PERNA'DA, s. f. a fling with the leg, a kick.

PERNEAR. v. n to kick, to shake the legs, as a man does that is Perizllo de falda, or falaéro; a little hanged.

the thin flaps of skin that hang under PERNIABIE'RTO, adj. open-legged. the chin of very old or lean per- PERNICIOS AME'NTE, adv. pernicioufly.

PERNICIO'SO, adj. pernicious, destructive.

PERNI'L, f. m. the leg, the gammon.

Pernîl de tocino, a gammon of bacon, a ham.

PE'RNIOS s. m. pl. hinges for doors or Pérro de anúda, a sierce dog that will windows, or the like.

PERNIQUEBRA'R, v. a. to break the Pérro satuéso, a large hound.

legs.
PE'RNOS, s. m. pl. iron pins or great nails, fuch as are used in shipping, or to fasten timbers together.

PERNOCTA'R, v. n. to pass the night in a place; to set up all the night. PERO, adv. but, yet.

PERO, f. m. a pear-tree; also a sort of apple like a pear.

PEROGRULLA'DA, s. f. an evident truth.

circumlocution, use of many words to PERO'L, f. m. a copper pan, such as the confectioners use to make their sweetmeats in.

PERORACION, f. f. peroration, the conclusion of an oration.

PERORA'R, v. n. to conclude an oration or speech; also to ask with importunity.

lar, upright.

PERPENDICULARME'NTE, perpendicularly.

PERPETRACIO'N, f. f. perpretation, fact.

PERPETRADO'R, f. m. he that per- | PERSEGUI'R, v. a. to persecute.

petrates or commits. PERPETRA'R, v. a. to perpetrate, to commit, to do.

PERJURA'R, v. n. to forswear, or PERPE'TUA, s. f. a slower so call-

PERPETUAME'NTE, adv. perpetually.

PERPETUA'NA, f. f. a fort of lerge. PERPETUA'R, v. a. to perpetuate, to continue.

PERPETUIDA'D, f. f. perpetuity, continuance.

PERPE'TUO, adj, perpetual, continual, lafting.

PERPIATOS, f. m. pl. the great stones that reach quite through a wall.

PERPLEXAME'NTE, adv. perplexly. PERPLEXIDA'D, f. f. perplexity, trouble, anxiety.

PERPLE'XO, adj. perplexed, troubled. PERPU'NTE, f. m. almour of filk quilted with some chains or pieces of iron stitched in it; a doublet.

PERQUE', f. m. a lampoon or scandalous libel.

PERQUIRI'R, v. a. to search.

Pérra salida, f. f. a proud bitch.

PERRAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, in a very bad manner. PERRA'ZO, f. m. a great dog.

PERRE'NGUE, f. m. one that grows eafily angay.

PERRE'RA, f. f. a dog-kennel.

keep dogs.

names. PERRE'RO, f in a dog-keeper, one churches.

Pericia, adj, fit for the dogs.

Mûla feriéra, a poor jade o: a mule that is fit for the dogs.

PERRE'ZNO, f. m. a puppy. FERRI'CO, 1

f. m. a little dog. PERILLO lap-dog.

Perrillo de muchas bodas, a John ameng the maid:; one that thrusts himself into all feasts.

PERRITO, f. m. a little dog. Peritto faldero, f. m. a lap-deg. PE'RRO, f. m a dog.

Perro de rástro, a blood-hound. Pérro de muéstra, a setting dog. Pérro la údo, a shock-dog, a water-

spaniel. keep the house and defend his master,

Pérro con cencérro, a dog with a bell; a servant that has a wife.

Dar pérro, to cheat, to deceive. Poner se como un pérro, to fall in a pas-

fion. Prov. A pérro viéjo núnca tus, tus; no catching of old birds with chaff. Prov. Pérro ladrador, núnca buén caza. dór, a barking dog never bites.

Prov. A oiro pérro con ésse buéso, throw that bone to another dog; put that trick upon another, it will not take with me.

Prov. Quién con perros se écha, con pulgas se levánta, he who lies down with dogs, rifes with fleas; lie with beggars and you will be louly.

PERRO'CHIA, s. f. obs. vide PAR. RO'CHIA. PERRU'NO, adj. doggish, of, or be.

longing to a dog. adv. PERSECUCIO'N, f. f. persecution. PERSEGUI'DOR, f. m. persecutor.

FERSEGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. persecut-

PERSEVA'NTE, f. m. a poursuivant at arms.

PERSEVERA'NCIA, f f. perseverance. Prov. La persiverância toda coja alcánza, perseverance obtains all things, PERSEVERAR, v. n. to persevere. PERSIM'NA, f. f. a kind of filk fluff

fo called. PERSICA'RIA, f. f. the herb lakt. weed.

PERSIGNA'RSE, v. r. to make the fign of the cross upon oneself with one's hand. PE'RSIGO, f. m. a peach; also the filh

called a pearch. PERSISTE'NCIA, s. f. persistence, continuance.

PERSISTI'R, v. n. to perfift, to continue, to fland in any thing. FERSO'NA, f. f. a person.

Prov. De persona caliada arriedra IN moráda, remove your dwelling at a distance from a filent person. They who talk leaft, generally observe molt; and therefore take heed of them.

Prov. Con mála persona el remedios mucha tierra en médio, the semedy against an ill person is much land between; that is, to keep at a great diltance from fuch people.

Prov. De persona béoda no sus tu lossas do not truft your purse with a drunken perfon,

PERSONA'GE, f. m. a personage, a confiderable person, a man or woman of eminence.

PERSONALL, adj. personal. PERSONALIDA'D, f. f. personality.

I ERSONALME'NIE, adv. personally. in person. that whips the dogs out of great PERSONE'RO, f. m. obf. one that represents the person of another; an

attorney. PER-

PERSPECTIVA,] f. f. perspective, the | PESSA'DA, f. f. a large fort of fish, | PESTORE'JO, f. m. a great brawny PERSPETIVA. things so that they appear to the fight | Pelcada en rollo, salt cod. at their proper distances and in due proportions. FERSPICA'CIA, s. f. sharpness of sight | PESCADI'LLO, s. m. a little fish.

or understand.

PERSPICA'Z, adj. sharp-sighted.

FERSPICUIDA'D, s. f. perspicuity. PERSPI'CUO, adj. plain, easy to be difcerned or understood.

PERSUADI'R, v. a. to persuade. Fersuadirse, v. r. to persuade oneself. PERSUASI'BLE, adj. that may be per-

fuaded. PERSUASIO'N, f. f. persuasion. PERSUASI'VO, adj. persuasive. PERTENECE'R, v. n. to belong, to

appertain. PERTENE'NCIA, f. f. what belongs or

appertains to any one. pE'RTICA, f. f. a perch, a pole to measure with, a cross beam or piece

of timber. PE'RTIGA, f. f. the pole of a cart that that draw.

PERTIGUE'RO, f. m. a verger of a church.

Pertiguéro mayor, formerly chief standard bearer; a chief justice.

PERTINA'CIA, f. f. obstinacy, stubhornness, perverseness.

PERTINAZ, adj. obstinate, stubborn, PESO, f. m. weight; also a pair of positive, perverse.

PERTINE'NTE, adj. proper, pertinent. PERTINENTE ME'NTE, adv. perti-

nently, to the purpose. PERTRECHA'R, v. a. to furnish, to Traér en péso, to support, to maintain;

provide, to store; also to mend or repair. PERTRE'CHOS, f. m. pl. furniture,

flores necessaries. PERTURBACIO'N, f. f. porturbation,

trouble, vexation. PERTURBADO'R, f. m. the person

who disturbs or perplexes. PERTURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to

disturb, to disquiet, to vex. PERVERSAME'NTE, adv. perversely. PERVERSIDA'D, f. f. perverseness.

PERVE'RSO, adj. perverie, incorrigible, untoward. PERVERTIDO'R, f. m. a perverter.

PERI'ERTI'R, v. a. to pervert. PERUE'TANO, f. m. a choak pear, a wild pear, or the tree that bears it.

PERULE'RO, f. m. a native of Peru; any person that comes rich from thence.

Rico como un Peruléro, as rich as a Peruvian.

PES

PE'SA, f. f. a weight to weigh with. PESA'DA, f. f. obf. vide PESADIL-LA.

PESADAME'NTE, adv. heavily, forrowfully.

PESADE'Z, f. f. heavinefs, fatnefs in [Person; pain, grief, trouble. PESADILLA, f. f. the night-mare;

also a heaviness or drowsiness. FESADO, adj. weighty, heavy, trouble-

fome, forrowful. PESADO'R, f. m. a weigher.

PESADU'MBRE, I. m. trouble, grief, J forrow.

PE'SAME, it grieves me. Dar el férane, to condole with. PESA'R, v. a. to weigh.

Pijar, v. n. to have a value for. Pefär, v. n. to be forry for.

Pow, f. m. grief, forrow, trouble, depression of spirits.

PE'sGA, f. f. filling or filtery; and

all forts of fifth in general.

not unlike fresh cod.

PESCADERIA, f. f. the fish-market PESCADE'RO, f. m. a fishmonger. PESCA'DO, f. m. fish.

PESCADO'R, f. m a fisherman.

Prov. Pescador de cana mas come que gáia, an angler eats more than he gains; that is, angling cannot maintain a man.

Prov. Pescudor de anzuelo, a su casa va con auélo, an angler goes home with forrow, because he cannot get enough to maintain his family.

PESCA'R, v. a. to fish.

PESCOZO'N, f. m. a blow on the neck.

PESCUDA'R, v. n. to ask to question, to enquire.

PESCUE'ZO, f. m. the neck. PESE'BRE, f. m. a manger.

rons betwixt the two exen or horses PESEBRL'RA, s. m. the mangerrange,

PESEBRO'N, f. m. the coach-box. PESETA, f. f. a filver coin about the value of a shilling.

PESGA, 1. f v. PESA, and PESO. PE'SIA TA'L! an interj. odds my life!

feales.

Péso, a silver coin worth about sour shillings and fix pence.

Contra peso, a counterpoise. Hombre de peso, a sober grave man.

also to have power over.

Prov. El péso y la medida sácan al hombre de porsia, weight and measure ease a man from controversy.

PESO'LES, f. m. pl. obs. French beans.

PESPITA, f. f. The bird called a PESPITALO, f. m. j wag-tail. PESPUNTA'R, v. a. to stitch, as they

do fine caps, waistcoats, or the like. PESPU'NTE, f. m. fine stitching, backflitch.

PESQUE'RA, f. f. a sishing-place, a wear in a river. PESQUERI'A, f. f. a fishery.

PESQUERI'R, v. a. obs. v. PERQUI. RI'R,

PESQUI'SA, f. f. search,, enquiry, ex-

amination. PESQUISA'R, v. a. to fearch, to en-

quire, to examine. PESQUISIDO'R' f. m. an examiner,

one appointed to examine or enquire into any matter. Juéz pesquisidor, a judge that has com-

mission to enquire into some particular offences.

PESSIMIAME'NTE, adv. in a very bad manner.

PE'SSIMO, adj. the worst, very bad. PESTATAAS, f. f. pl. the cyclashes, the hair on the eyelids; also an edging or welt on a garment.

PESTANEAR, v. a. to move the eyelids.

No pestancar, to look so earnestly that the eyelids do not move; metaphor, to fland quite Rill.

PE'SIE, f. f. plague, pestilence. PESTPERO, adj. pelliferous, pelli-

lent, contagious, plaguy,

plague. PESTILENCIAL, adj. pestilential, [contagious.

PESTILE'NIE, adj. pestilent, plagny. PES.IRO'SO, adj. forrowful, troubled, PESTILLO, f. m. the bolt of a door; PHANIASMO'N, f. m. a proud flruta peffle to a mortar.

Pepialo de golpe, the bolt of a fpringlock.

ŋ 🐴

neck. PESTOREJO'N, f. m. a blow on the neck.

PESU'nA, f. f a foot or claw of a beast; also a disease in a horse called the fashions.

PET

PETA'CA, f. f. a hamper, a great balket.

PETARDE/AR, v. a. to blow up gates or barriers with petards; also to alk money lent with design of cheating. PETARDE'RO, f. m. he that makes

or applies a petard. Petardero, in cant, a knight of the in-

dustry, a borrower. PESCU'DA, f. f. a question, an en- | FETARDO, f. m. a military engine of mischief so called.

PETATE, s. m. a liar, a cheat. PETICIO'N, s. f. petition, request.

PETI'LLO, f. m. a stomacher. PETIME'TRE, s. m. a beau, a fop. PETIS, f. m. a name given to a little dog.

PE'TO, f. m. a breast-plate. PETRA'L, f. m. a breast-plate for a

" horse. PETRIFICACIO'N, f. f. a petrifica-

tion, PETRIFICA'R, v. a. to petrefy, to make hard as stone.

PETRI'L, f. m. a rail to lean the breast on.

PETRINA, f. f. a broad girdle worn under the breast.

PETROLE'O, f. m. a liquid bitumen, black, floating on the water of springs. PETULA'NCIA, s. f. insolence, sauciness, impudence.

PETULA'NTE, adj. petulant, saucy, impudent, perverse.

PEX

PE'XE, f. m. fish; also a sly cunning fellow.

PEZ

PEZ, f. f. or m. pitch; also a fish.

 $P_{c} \approx e spada$, the sword-fish. Pez wolador, the flying-fish.

Prov. Quien péces quiere, mejarse tiene, he that will catch sish, must wet himfelf; nothing to be got without trouble.

PEZO'N, f. m. a nipple. PEZPITA, f. f. F. FEZPITALO, f. m.

P H A

PHALA'NGE, f. f. the Macedonian phalanx, a body of foot drawn up fquare.

PHALMNGIO, f. m. an insect, and a plant so called. PHA'LARIS, f. f. a kind of duck fo

called. PHALE'UCO, f. m. a kind of Latin

verse. PHANTASEA'R, v. n. to fancy, to

imagine. PHANIASIA, f. f. fancy, image, conception, thought; also pride,

haughtinefs. Phantasiá, caprice, humour, whim;

alfo frolick, idle feheme. PESTILE'NCIA, I. I. pellilence, the PHAN/ASIO'SO, adj. fantaflick, capricious, humourous,

PHANTA' MA, 1, f. a phantom, a false apparition or vision; a proud

ting fellow.

PHANIASTICAME'NTE, adv. fantaflically.

PICAKO, adj. mersy, gay.

adv. fantastical; PHANTA'STICO, haughty, proud: PHARISA'ICO, relating to Pharisees. PHARISAI'SMO, f. m. the sect of the Pharifees.

PHARISE'O, f. m. a Pharisee; a wicked person.

PHARMACE'UTICO, adj. pharma-

ceutic, relating to pharmacy. PHARMACIA, f. f. pharmacy, the art or trade of making medicines.

PHA'RMACO, f. m. a medicine. PHARMACOPE'A, f. f. a pharmacopœia, a dispensatory, a book with

rules how to make medicines. PHARMACO'P OLA, f. m. a pharmacopolist, an apothecary.

PHA'SES, s. f. phasis, appearance exhibited by any body, as the changes of the moon.

PHE

PHEBE'O, adj. belonging to the fun. PHEBO, f. m. a poetical name for the fun.

PHENICO'PTERO, f. m. a phenicopter, a kind of bird.

PHE'NION, f. m. anemone, the windflower.

PHE'NIX, f. m. the phenix, that fabulous bird supposed to exist single, and to rife again from its own ashes. PHENO'MENO, f. m. a phenomenon, a visible quality.

PHI

PHILA'NTHROPO, f. m. an herb fo called.

PHILAU'CIA, f. f. felf-love. PHILOLOGI'A, f. f. philology, cri-

ticism.

PHILOLO'GICO, adj. philological. PHILO'LOGO, f. m. a philologer. PHILOME'NA, f. m. philomel, the nightingale.

PHILOSOPHAL, adj. philosophical. Piedra philosophál, the philosopher's stone.

PHILOSOPHAR, v. n. to philosophize, to play the philosopher.

PHILOSOPHI'A, f. f. philosophy. PPILOSOPHICAME'NTE, adv. philosophically.

PHILOSO'PHICO, adj. philosophical.

PHILOSOPHO, f. m. a philosopher. PHILTRO, f. m. a philter, beverage given to cause love.

PHO

PHO(CA), f. f. a lea-calf. PHO'SPHORO, f. m. phosphor, phosphorus, the morning-star; also a chemical subtlance which exposed to the air takes fire.

PHR

PURASE, f. f. phrase, idiom, a mode of speech.

PHY

PIII'SICA, f. f. physick, the science that treats of nature. PHYSICAME NIE, adv. physically, } naturally. PIII'SICO, adj. physical, relating to | natural philotophy; alto existent. PHYSONOMI'A, i. f. the face, the PICARITO. cast of the look; also the art of discovering the temper by the features of { the face.

PIA

PIA'DA, f. f. the chirp of a bird.

PI'A, f. f. a pied nag.

PIADO'R, f. m. one that cries like a chicken; in cant, a great drinker. PIADOSAME'NTE, adv. pioufly, mercifully, compassionately. PIADO'SO, adj. merciful, compassionate. PIAME'NTE, adv. piously. PIANPIA'NO, adv. foftly, without hurry. PIA'R, v. n. to pip as chickens do; in cant, to drink. No dexar piante, ni mamante, to leave no living creature, chick nor child. PIARA, f. f. a herd of swine. PIARCO'N, f. m. in cant, a great drinker.

PIC

PICA, f. f. a foldier's pike; also the fish called a pike. Piva séca, a pikeman that never serves

with a musket.

Passar por las picas, to pass the pikes, to run through much danger; to be run through with pikes.

PICA'CHO, f. m. the sharp point of any thing.

PICA'DA, s. f. a prick with any sharp point; a strake of a bird's beak. PIC ADE'RO, f. m. the place where

they manage horses. PICADI'LLO, f. m. minced meat.

PICA'DO, adj. pricked, pinked like cloth, minced like meat; nettled provoked, offended.

PICADO'R, f. m. a jockey, one that breaks or manages horses. PICADU'RA, f. f. a prick.

PICAMU'LO, s. m. in cant, a carrier, carter, or mule-driver.

PICAñO, f. f. a ragged fellow; also a knavish person; a patch on a shoe.

PICANTE, adj. biting, hot of pepper; sharp, biting, satirical.

PICAPEDRE'RO, f. m. a flone-cutter.

PICAPLEI'TOS, s. m. a wrangler, a pettifogger, that sets folks at variance.

PICAPO'RTE, f. m. the latch of a door.

PICA'R, v. a. to prick; to peck as birds do; to bite at a bait as a fish; to sting as a bee or the like; to mince meat; in cant, to run away.

Picar la amarra, a sea-term, to slip the cable.

Picar un caballo, to spur; but generally, to manage a horse.

Picarfe, v. r. to take offence, to be concerned, to be nettled.

Picarse en el juégo, to play in anger, hoping to win back what he has loft. Picarse de valiente, to value oneself upon one's courage.

PICARAME'NTE, adv. in a roguish | PIDO, f. m. the act of begging. or bantering manner.

PICARA'ZO, f. m. augment. of picaro. PICARA'DA, f. f. a gang of knaves, a knavish trick.

PICARDEA'R, v. n. to play the knave. PIE', f. m. a foot. PIGARDIA, f. f. knavery, malice; a Pie de léflia, the hind foot of a beafl. lewd action.

PICARE'SCA, f. f. the rafcality, the rabble; a parcel of feoundrels. PICARE'SCO, Ladj. roguish, knavish, Pié de ánade, the herb called duck's PICARIL, bantering.

PICARILIO, } 6. m. a little rogue.

PPCARO, f. m. a rogue, a base fellow, a malicious, mischievous, cunning, or arch man.

PIN SO'NOMO, f. m. a physiognomist. | Picaro de cecina, a scullion.

PICA'RON, PICARONA'ZO, J. m. a great rogue. PICARO'TE, f. m. a rogue. PICATO'STES, f. m. pl. flices of bread fried with rashers of bacon. PICAVIE'NTO, f. m. a contrary wind that a ship is forced to take, and lie close to. PICA'ZA, f. f. a magpie. PICA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a pike. PICAZO'N, f. m. itching; also anger. PICE'A, f. f. a fort of bastard deal or firwood. PICHE'L, f. m. a mug, a drinking. pot. PÎCHELE'TE, s. m. a little mug, or drinking-pot. PICHO'N, f. m. a pigeon. PICHONCI'LLO,) PICHONGI'CO, f.m. alittlepigeon. PICHONCITO, PICO, f. m. a bird's bill or beak; a pick-axe; the spout of an ewer or fuch vessel to pour out liquor; any thing resembling a bird's bill; metaphorically, prattle, much talk, talk. ativeness. Pico de cigucna, an heib called florks. Pico de grulla, the herb cransbill. Pies de arrez, a measure of rice. Pico de jurre, the spout of a pot sor the liquer to be poured out. Pico de oro, a sort of herb; also an eloquent person. Prov. Quien te bezo rico? quien te sustentó el pico, who made you rich? he that fed you; if it were not for the belly, the back might wear gold. PICO'A, f. f. in cant, a pot. PICO'L, adj. in cant, little. PICON, s. m. a sharp biting jest; properly a jest put upon another by counterfeiting the contrary. It also signifies a jockey; and in cant, a spy upon thieves. Picon, small-coal; in cant, a louse. PICOR, f. m. finart, the fmarting that one feels. PICO'SA, f. f. in cant, straw. PICO'SO, adj. pitted with the small pox. PICO'TA, f. f. a pillory; also a gallows built with stone, or the top of a mountain or tower. PICOTA'DA, f. f.] a wound made by PICOTAZO, f. m. 5 a bird's bill. PICOTE, f. m. a kind of cloth fo called. PICOTE'AR, v. a. to hurt with the bills as birds do; also to prate. PICOTE'RA, f. f. a prating talking woman. PI'CTIMA, f. f. vide EPITHI'MA. PICTO'RICO, adj. relating to picture. PICU'DO, adj. that has a bill or beak; substant. used, a prating boy.

P I D

PIDO'N, adj. that begs.

PIE

Pić de amigo, a clog made fall to the foot of flaves; a setter in a gaol; the bilboes in a ship. font. Pic do cuervo, the herb crow's foot. Pic degaliera, the herb baffard parfley. Pié de gallo, a term at chess. Pić de gibáo, a fort of dance. Pić de hón, the herb lion's foot, or lady's mantle.

Pié de liébre, the herb hare's foot. Pié de borca, the foot of the gallows. Pié de mésa, à de banco, the foot of a table or bench.

Andar a pié, to walk on foot. Ir con piés de plomo, to proceed with deli-

beration. Hacer pié en el água, to keep above

water. De piés, or en pié, standing upon one's feet.

A pié enjuto, dry-shod.

A pié llano, plainly, without stumbling.

Entrar con pié derécho, to begin luckily. Nacer de pies, to be born with the feet foremost, to be lucky.

Sacar piés, to give ground, to retire. Buscar cinco pics al gato, to seek for five feet in a cat; to be sophistical.

PIECECI'TO, PIECECI'LLO, & s. m. dimin. of pié. PIECEZUE'LO,

PIEDA'D, f. f. piety, pity, compasfion, mercy.

PIE'DRA, f. f. a stone; from the Latin petra. It also signifies hail, especially when it large and does mischief.

Piédra aguzadéra, a grindstone. Piédra arenisca, a sort of mouldering flone.

Piéara del águila, the engle-stone. Piedra de bixiga, the stone in the blad-

Piédra azufre, brimstone.

Piédra de léche, a stone good for women's milk.

Piéara pomez, the pummice-stone. Piédra de rinones, the stone in the kid-

neys. Piédra de toque, the touchstone to try metals.

Piédra imán, the loadstone.

Piédia infernál, the infernal stone. Piedra philosophal; the philosopher's ftone.

Piédra preciosa, any precious stone. Hallar la piédra philosophál, to find the philosopher's stone; that is, to find out the way of growing rich.

Tirar piédras, to be mad.

Piédras, f. f. in gaming, the winnings. Piédras ciégas, precious stones that are not transparent, as jasper, agate, onyx, &c.

No déxar piédra con piédra, not to leave one flone upon another, to destroy atterly.

Tira piédras a mi texádo, he throws stones at my tiles; that is, he rails at] me, or endeavours to do me harm. Prov. Piedra mowediza no la cubre

mobo, a rolling flone never gathers moss. Prov. Tirár la piédra, y esconder la mano, to throw the flone, and hide the

hand. To do mischief, and not to be seen in it. Prov. Matur dos páxaros con una piedra,

to kill two birds with one stone. PIEDRECI'CA,

PIEDRECI'LLA, \ f. f. a little stone. PIEDRECITA, PIE'L, f. m. skin, leather, hides.

Prov. De piél agéna, lárga la corréa, of another man's leather a long strap; that is, we are always free of what is not our own.

PIELAGO, f. m. the ocean, the main sea, the deep. Metaph. an intricate affair.

PIE'NSO, f. m. the common allowance given to a beaft.

Prov. El mejor pienso del caballo es el ojo de su amo, the horse's best allowance is his master's eye. The master's eye makes the horse fat.

PIE'RNA, f. f. a leg. Piérna de nuéz, a quarter of a walnut.

Piérna de savana, a breadth of a sheet. Dar de piérnas, to spur a horse, to sun away.

Echár piérnas, to strut, to walk stately. Andar en piérnas, to go bare-legged.

Prov. Cádá uno estiende la pierna, como tiéne la cubiérta, every one stretches his legs according to the length of his covering; every one cuts his coat according to his cloth.

Ponér piérnas à un caballo, to spur one's horse.

Dormir á pierna tendida, to sleep at leifure.

PIERNEZUE'LA, f. f. a little leg. PIERNIABIE'RTO, adj. open legged.

PĬERNI'CA, PIERNI'LLA, & f. a little leg. PIERNITA,

PIE'ZA, f. f. a piece, a fragment; also a coin.

Piéza, a room or chamber.

Piéza, a space, a while; also a performance.

Pieza de artilleria, a single great gun, a cannon.

Piéza de rey, a flatterer.

Buena piéza, a mischievous crasty fellow.

Hacer piezas, to pull in pieces. Jugar una piéza, to play a trick, to mock one.

Quedárse de una piéza, to be much astonished.

PIE'ZGO, f. m. the foot of a skin, in which they carry wine, and at which they fill and empty it; thence applied to signify the mouth of a bottle or the like.

PIF

PIFANO, f. m. a fife, either the instrument or the man that plays on it. PIFA'R, v. a. in cant, to spur a horse. PI'FARO, f. m. idem. PI'FLA, f. f. in cant, a bawdy-house. PIFO, f. m. in cant, a cloak.

PIG

PIGME'O, s. m. a pigmey, a dwarf. PIGRE, adj. idle, flothful, lazy, negligent.

PIGRI'CIA, f. f. idleness, sloth, negligence, laziness.

PIGRO, adv. v. PIGRE.

PIGUE'LAS, ? f. f. pl. hawks jeffes, PIHUE'LAS, 5 short straps of leather fastened to their legs.

Estar en piguélas, to lie in gaol with irons.

PIJ

PITO'TA, f. f. a sea-sish of the cod kind. PIJO'TE, f. m. a small cannon managed by a fwivel.

PIL

PI'LA, f. f. a font in a church, a stone cistern, a holy-water-pot; also a heap, a pile.

Tantas pilas de bautismo, so many parishes.

Pila y torjel, the two dies for coining of money.

Sacar à uno de pila, to be godsather to onc.

Irse por su pié a la pila, to be christened

when grown up. PILA'DA, f. f. that portion of mortar made at one bout.

PILA'R, f. m. a pillar, a column. Pilár de agúa, a great cistera of water. PILARE'JO, f. m. a small pillar. PILA'STRA, f. f. a pilaster, a flat

pillar. PILASTRI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of pilastra. PILASTRO'N, f. m. augment. of pilastra.

Pl'LDORA, f. f. a pill.

Pildora doráda, a gilt pill; metaph. any thing that has a fair outside, but is all bitterness within.

Prov. Si la pildora bién supiéra, no la doraran por de suéra, if the pill were well tasted, they would not gild the outside of it. Said to him who extols or commends what he knows is not good at bottom. Pl'LEO, f. m. a hat.

PILI'CA, f f. a little font, holy-water pot, or cistern.

PILLA, f. f. PILLA'GE, s. m. Plundering, pillage.

PILLA'R, v. a. to plunder. PILO'N, f. m. a sugar-loaf; also a great cistern.

PILONE'RO, adj. vulgar, common, known to every body. PILO'NGO, adj. dry; applied to chef-

nuts and persons. PILOTA'GE. the pilot's knowledge.

PILO'TO, f. m. a pilot of a ship; also a great drinker. Piloto, in cant, a guide of thieves.

PILTRA, f. f. in cant, a bed. PILTRA'CA, If. f. poor wretched meat, PILTRA'FA, } that is nothing but Ikin and bone.

PILTRO, f. m. a room, a chamber in cant, and a pimp's servant.

PIM

PIMENTA'L, f. m. a place full of Guiney-pepper.

PIMENTE'RO, f. m. a pepper-box or caster.

PIMENTO'N, f. m. Guinea pepper, which grows in long green pods, and when dry turns red. PIMIE'NTA, f. f. pepper.

Tenér una cosa pimiénta, to have pepper; that is, to be very dear.

Ser ina pimiénta, to be all fire, hot, restless, stirring. PIMIE'NTO, s. m. vide PIMEN-

TON.Pimiénto de rábo, a small sort of Guinea pepper.

PIMPI'DO, f. m. a sea-fish so called. PIMPINE'LA, f. f. the herb pimpernel.

PIMPOLLA'R, f. m. a nursery of plants.

PIMPO'LLO, f. m. a sprout of a tree or plant, a sucker; also the bud of a rofe. Pimpóllo, a spark, a coxcomb,

PIN

PI'NA, f. f. any stone, stake, or other thing shaped like a sugar-loaf. Pinas de ruéda, the pieces of the circum-

ference of coach-wheels. PINABE'TE, f. m. the fine pine-tree that is free from knots.

PINA'CULO, f. m. the pinacle of a sleeple, or the like.

PINA'L, $\}$ i. m. a grove of pine-trees. PINARIE'GO, adj. belonging to the

pine. PINA'ZA, f. f. a pinnace, a boat be-

longing to a ship of war. PINCE'L, f. m. a pencil, such as painters ufc.

PINCELA'DA, f. f. a stroke of a

pencil. PINCE'RNA, f. f. one who talles liquors.

FINCHADU'RA, f. f. the action of wounding with a sharp instrument. PINCHA'R, v. n. to prick, to pierce,

to wound with a sharp instrument. [4B] PIN-

Pisar uvas en el lagar, to tread grape?

in the vat where the wine is made.

Pisar en sol, to tread upon the sun, to

flander a man wrongfully.

PINCHAU'VAS, s. m. a contemptible person. PINCO, f. m. v. FLIBO'TE. PINE'DA, s. f. a sort of garters made of thread and worsted. PINGA'70, f. m. a hanging rag. PINGANE'LLO, f. m. v. CALAMO'-CO. PINGORO'NGO, s. m. a sport of children for called. PINGOROTU'DO, adj. high, elevated. PINGüE, f. m. a pink, a vessel with a round florn like a fly-boat. Pingüe, adj. fat. PINGUEDINO'SO, adj. fat. PINGUE'DO, f. f. fatness. PINTA'NTES, f. m. pl. jewels hanging to a woman's head-dress. $PIN\mathcal{J}A'R$, v. a. to hang. O rico, o pinjado, either rich, or hanged. PINI'COS, f. m. pl. little steps, such as children take when they begin to | walk. PINI'LLO, f. m. the herb called spignel, or mew. Pinállo olorófo, wild dill. PI'NO, f. m. a pine tree. Pino négro, the pitch-tree. Pino alvar, the garden-pine. PINO'LE, f. m. a kind of fweet powder brought from America mixed with the chocolate; it is also called palvos de soconusco-PINO'SO, adj. full of pine-trees. PI'NTA, f. f. a spot; also the spotted fever; among gamesters, a pip in a card or dye; also a streak or mark in a card. PINTACI'LGO, I f. m. the bird fo PINTADI'LLO, 5 called. PINTA'R, v. a. to paint; to describe.

PINTARRAJA'R, v. a. v. PINTOR-REA'R. PINTARRO'70, f. m. a bird so called.

PINTIPARA'DO, adj. exactly alike. PINTIPARA'R, v. a. to compare a thing to another.

PINTO, adj. obs. painted, coloured. PINTO'70, adj. spotted.

PINTO'R, f. m. a painter. PINTORE'SCO, adj. picturesque. PINTORREA'R, v. a. to strain with

them.

various colours. PINULAS, s. f. pl. the pinules, the PIQUE'RO, s. m. a pikeman. fights of an aftrolabe.

PI'NZAS, f. f. pl. pincers, nippers. PINZO'N, f. m. a bird called a chaffinch.

PINZO'TE, f. m. the helm in a ship.

PIn

PI'nA, f. f. a pinc apple; the fruit of the pine-tree. PluARSE, v. r. in cant, to run away. PINATA, f. f. an earthen pot. PlnO'N, f. m. the kernel of a pineapple. Pinones, f. m. pl. in falconry, the pinions of the wings of a bird. PINONATA, s. f. preserved pine-apple kernels. PINONATE, f. f. a passe made of the kernels of pine-apples and fugar. PlnUE'LA, f. f. a filk fluff so called.

PIO

word they use to call the hens and l chickens together. Pia madre, d mater, the pin mater, or PISADO'R, f. m. he who treads.

the dura mater, and covers immediately the substance of the brain.

 $PIO\mathcal{J}E'RA$, f. f. a place full of lice, or where they breed. PIOJE'NTA, s. f. louse-bane, or staves-· acre. PIOTE'NTO, adj. loufy. PIOJERI'A, s. f. lousiness; metaph. an inconsiderable matter. P10'30, f. m. a loufe. Ser cômo piójo, to he eaten up with lice, to be reduced to extreme mifery. P1070'SO, adj. loufy; metaphs avaricious. PIOJUE'LO, f. m. dimin. of piojo. PIO'LA, f. f. a small cable. $PIOLA'R_{\neq}$ v. n. to cry as chickens do, or chirp like a sparrow. PIO'RNO, adj. in cant, drunk.

PIP

PIPA, s. f. a pipe, two hogsheads; also a tobacco-pipe. PIPA'R, v. n. to smoke tobacco. PIPI', f. m a soit of bird in Africa. PIPIA'N, f. m. a dish made after the American manner, a ragoo full of pepper. PIPIA'R, v. n. to chirp as birds do. PIPIRIPA'O, f. m. a splendid banquet. PIPO, f. m. a kind of small bird who lives upon flies. PIPO'TE, f. m. a small cask or vessel. PIPOTILLO, f. m. a very little cask.

PIQ

PIQUE, f. m. a term at the game at

piquet; also a pickax, or such like pointed instrument. Pique, an offence. Haré mi placér como el mas pintado, l'Il Echar a pique un navio, to fink a ship, to do my will as well as the best of fend her to the bottom. Estar a pique, to be upon the point, or just ready to have something happen. Irse a pique, to sink as a vessel does at sea, to founder. El sóndo es a píque, a shore upright, and not shelving off, so that there is as much water near the bank as farther off. PIQUE'RA, f. f. the little hole in the bee hives, the passage for bees. PIQUERI'A, f. f. a body of pikemen. PIQUETA, a kind of pick-ax. PLQUE'TE, f. m. the game at piquet; also a pick-ax, or such like pointed instrument. PIQUI'LLO, f. m. a little bill, or beak. PIR

> PIRA'GUA, f. f. a fort of large boat used in the West-Indies. PIRAMIDA'L, adj. made in the form of a pyramid. PIRAMPDE, f. f. a pyramid. PIRATA, f. m. a pirate, a fea-robber. PIRATEA'R, v. n. and a. to play the pirate. PIRATERI'A, f. f. piracy, the trade of PIZA'RRA, f. f. a pebble stone; also pirates. PIRATICO, adj. piratical. PISA, f. f. the act of treading. PIS

Pl'O, adj. pious, godly, merciful; this PISACO'RTO, f. m. one that takes fhort steps. PISA'DA, f. f. a foot-step. the thin membrane which lies under PISA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant, the shoes, and the feet. PISA'R, v. a. to tread.

PISAVE'RDE, f. m. a nice fop that walks as if he was afraid to touch the ground. PISCA, f. f. a bit, a little crumb. PISCATO'R, f. m. a kind of almanacle so called. PISCATO'RIO, adj. piscatory. PISCI'NA, f. f. a fish-pond, or other pond, or lake. PISCIS, f. m. one of the twelve figns. PISO'N, f. m. a rammer, such as paviours use to ram the earth, or the like. PISOTEA'R, v. a. to tread repeat. edly. PISTA, f. f. the foot-step left by animals. PISTA'R, v. a. to beat or pound in a mortar. PISTO, f. m. the gravy, juice, or substance of a fowl pounded in a mortar, and squeezed out in a pres, to give to field persons, who cannot eat. PISTO'LA, f. f. a pistol. PISTOLETA'ZO, f. m. the thot of a pistol, or the wound it makes, PISTOLE'TE, s. m. a pistol.

PIT

broth.

PISTRAGE, 7 s. m. bad or insipid

PISTRA'QUE, 🕻 📉

PITA, f. f. ar herb in the Indies, of which they make fine thread, as we do of flax. PITAFLO, f. m. in cant, a jug, a pit-

cher. PITANCERIA, f. f. the place where alms is given out.

PITANCE'RO, f. m. he that has the distributing of allowances, or of alms.

PITA'NZA, s. f. a pittance, an allowance of meat or drink; an alms. PITA'uA, f. f. v. PITARRA. PITANOSO, adv. v. PITARROSO. PITA'R; v. n. to whiftle; also to pay.

PITA'RRA, s. f. blear-eyedness. PITARRO'SO, adj. blear-eyed, that has weak and gummy eyes. PITIPIE', f. m. a little foot; so they

call a short measure which carpenters

and masons carry in their pockets. PITO, f. m. a whistle; also the bird called a woodpecker; also the herb they fay this bird makes use of to stop his nest.

PITO'N, f. m. the horn of any animal; also a bud of any tree.

Pitones, s. m. pl. bones or stones children play with.

PIU

PITUITA, s. f. pituite, phlegm. PITUITO'SO, adj. pituitous, full of phlegm.

PIZ

a state to cover houses. PIZARRA'L, f. m. a place full of flates. PIZARRE'RO, f. m. n flater; one who covers houses with flates. PIZCA, f. f. a small particle of any thing. PIZCA'R, v. a. to pinch. PIZCO, f. m. a pinch. PIZFERE'TO, adj. active, industrious, faid of a woman, PIZPIRIGATA, f. f. at sort of play among children.

PLA

stone not so fine as an emerald.

PLA

PLA'CA, f. f. an ancient piece of money, about the value of a penny. PLACABILIDA'D, f. f. placability; placableness. PLACA'BLE, adj. placable. PLACACION, f. f. appealing: PLACARTE, f. m. placard, edict, proclamation, ordinance. PLACEA'R, v. a. to publish, to pro-PLA'CEME, s. m. congratulation, giv- Plasa de marielle, solid plate. claim. PLACE/NTA, f. f. in anetomy, the plaing Joy. PLACENTE RAME'NTE, PLACENTE'RO, adj. pleasant, pleasing, diverting. PLACE'R, s. m. joy, pleasure. Placer, v. imp. to please. PLACE'RA, f. f. a common strumpet. lick manner, openly, in the face of the world. relating to a market-place! PLACE'TA, f. f. a little marketplace. PLACIBLE, adj. gentle, quiet, kind. PLA'CIDO, adj. placid, foft, mild. PLAGA, s. f. obs. a wound, a sore: PLAGA'R, v. a. to plague, to torment; both words little used: PLAN, f. m. the plan of any thing. Plan, the breadth of a ship in the bottom of the hold, or the breadth whereon the rests when aground, called floor, bilge, or bulge. PLA'NA, s. f. a page of a book, or PLA'TO, s. m a dish. side of a sheet of paper; also a mason's or bricklayer's trowel. PLA'NCHA, f. f. a plate of metal; also an iron to dress linen with: with plates; board; a great plate of metal. PLANCHUE'LA, s. f. dimin. of plancha. PLAUSIBILIDA'D, f. f. plausibility. PLANCO, f. m. v. PLANGA: PLANE'TA, f. m. a planet. FLANGO, f. m. a kind of eagle for called. PLA'NO, f. m. plain, smooth, level: Declarár de pláno, to declare plainly, without referve. Dar un golpe de plano; to strike with the flat side of a thing. PLA'NTA, f. f. a plant. Plánta, f. f. in architecture, the plan or ground plot of any structure. Planta del pie, the sole of the foot. Planta werganziofa, the sensitive plants PLANTACIO'N, f. f. a plantation. FLANTADO'R, f. m. a planter. PLANTA'R, v. a. to plant. PLANTEA'R, v. n. to mourn, to bewail. PLANTE'L, f. m. a nursery of young trees or plants. PLANTICA, s. f. a little plant. PLANTI'LLA, FLANTYO, f. m. planting; also a PLA'ZO, f. m. a term or time allowed nurlery of young trees. PLANTISTA, f. m. a bully, an hector. PLA'NTO, f. m. lamentation, mourning. PLANTO'N, f. m. a flock to graft. PLANTO'SA, f. f. in cant, a cup to drink out of. PLATIDE'RAS, f. f. pl. the women paid anciently to mourn and lament in funerals. FLAnl'DO. f. m. expression of sorrow, lamentation. FLAnIR, v. n. to lament, to bewail.

PLASMADO'R, f. m. creator, maker, former. PLASMA'R, v. a. to make, to shape, to form; also to plaister. PLA'STA, f. f. any fort of foft paste or plaister; as mortar, clay, or the PLEGADE'RA, s. f. a folding-too'. like. PLATA, f. f. filver Plata wirgen, virgin filver, that is, fine, pure, and without any alloy. Piasa de marca, standard silver. PLATAFORMA, s. f. a platform in Plezar, used for llegar, obs. to arrive. cannon on; also a draught or plan of a work. PLATANO, s. m. the plaintain, a PLEITA, s. f. a mat of rushes. tree. PLATA'ZO, f. m. a great dish. do over with filver. PLATE'L, f. m. a platter or dish. PLACERAME'NTE, adv. in a pub PLATERIA, f. f. the filversmiths street. PLATE'RO, f. m. a filversmith. also practice: PLATICA'BLE, adj. practicable, feafible. PLATICA'NTE, f. m. practitioner in | PLENAME'NTE, adv. fully. physick or furgery. PLATICA'R, v. a: to discourse, to talk ; also to practise: PLATICO, adj. experienced. PLATI'LLAS, f. f. pl. a fort of linen fo called. PLATILLO, s. m. a little dish, plate, or saucer; also slander, or defamation. Hacer plato, to boalt: Hacer plato franco, to keep open house; to make a show; to discover secrets. PLATO'N, s. m., a great dish. PLANCHEA'R; v. n. to plate; or cover | PLATONICAME'NTE, adv. in a pla- | PLIE'GO, f. m. a sheet of paper, a tonick manner. PLANCHO'N, s. m. à great plank or PLATO'NICO, adj. platonick, honest and chaste, said of love. PLAUSI'BLE, adj. plausible, worthy of praise. PLAUSIBLEME'NTE, adv. plausibly. PLAUSO, s. m. obs. applause. PLAUSTRO, f. m. a cart. PLAYA, f. f. the shore, the sea-coast. PLAYA'ZO, f. m. a great shore: brings fish from the sea-coast. PLAYO'N, f. m. augmentative of playa. PLAZA, f. f. a market; a fortified place; a fquare. Pláza, an employment, or officer Sentar pláza, to enlist for a soldier. Passar phiza, to have a name. Plaza de armas, a place of arms. Pláza, pláza, make way; used by the guards when the king goes out of fome

PLE

PLAZUE'LA, f. f. a little square.

to do any thing, or to appear in a

place.

fecret.

any dignity.

court of justice.

PLEBE, f. f. the common people. PLEBETO, adj. vulgar, belonging to common people. PLEBEZUE'LA, f. f. rabble, vile rabble.

PLECA, f. f. among printers, a fort of a dath, many of which form a line of separation.

PLA'SMA, s. f. a plaister; also a green | PLEC'IRO, s. m. a quill used to play upon the strings of a harp or such instrument; figuuratively, the instrument itself; PLEGA'BLE, adj. that may be folded. PLEGADAME'NTE, adv. intricately, confusedly. PLEGADO'R, f. m. the person who gathers or plaits. FLEGADU'RA, s. f. the gathering of a garment, the plaiting. PLEGA'R, v. a. to gather a garment, to plait. fortification, being a battery to place PLEGN'RIA, f. f. a prayer, particularly a publick prayer in time of calamity. PLEITEADO'R, f. m. a man actually litigating; a litigious person. PLATEA'R, v. a. to filver, to cover or | PLEITEAMIE NTO, f. m. vide PLEI-TO. PLEITEA'R, v.n. to contend in a court of jüstice. PLEITESI'A, f. f. an agreement, a covenant. PLACE'RO, adj. common, publick; or PLATICA, s. f. a discourse, a speech; PLEITI'STA, adj. belonging to a cause or law-fuit.

PLE/1TO, f. m. a cause, a law-suit, a

dispute. PLENA'RIA. adj. fem. as, Indulgencia plenaria, a full indulgence. PLENARIAMENTE, adv. in a plenary

manner. PLENILU'NIO, f. m. the full moon. PLENIFOTENCIA'RIO, f. m. plenipotentiary, one that has full power and authority to transact business. PLENITUD, f. f. fulness.

PLEURESI'A, f. f. the distemper called the pleurify.

PLI

packet of letters; a fold in a garment. PLIE'GUE, f. m. a plait, a fold in a garmenta PLINIO, f. m. the plinth in architeclure, which is the first and lowest member of the base. Plinto, f. m. in heraldry, a billet.

PLO

PLAYE'RO, s. m. a fisherman that PLOMA'DA, s. f. a plummet; a perpendicular line; a black lead pencil. PLOMA'R, v. a. to lead or cover with lead; to put a leaden seal to any thing. PLOMAZO'N, f. m. a kind of cushion, on which gilders cut the gold-leaves. PLOMIZO, adj. leadish, like lead. PLO'MO, f. m. lead; also a plummet. Plomo de albanil, a bricklayer's plummet. Plomos, the leads on the top of a house. Hombre de plaza, a person invested with PLOMO'SO, adj. leadish, like lead. Sacar à pláza, to publish any thing kept

PLU

PLUMA, f. f. a feather, a pen, a quill. In cant, an oar. Dar plumas, to roll one in feathers after rubbing the body with tar, or fuch like flinking matter. PLUMADA, f. f. a stroke of the pen-PLUMADO, adj. feathered, that has feathers. PLUMA'GE, f. m. a plume of feathers. PLUMAGEA'R, v. n. to move as if it were a feather. FLUMAGERIA, f. f fenther-work; a quantity of feathers; a feather-shop. PLU_{\uparrow}

PLUMAGE'RO, f. m. one that deals in \ feathers. PLU'MBEO, adj. leaden. PLUMEO, adj. having feathers. PLUME'RO, f. m. a feather-bed. PLUMI'CA, PLUMIILLA, & f. f. a little feather. PLUMI'TA, PLUMO'NES, f. m. pl. the down of | birds; also a feather-bed. PLUMO'SO, s. m. adj. feathery, full of feathers. PLUR A'L, adj. plural. PLUR ALME'NTE, adv. plurally. PLURALIDA'D, f. f. plurality. PLU'VIA, f. f. v. LLU'VIA. PLUVIA'L, s. m. a cope, a cloak of He podžáo, I have been able. rich filk down to the feet, worn by priests when they officiate at the altar upon great solemnities. PLUVIO'SO, adj. rainy.

PNE

PNEUMATICO, adj. relating to wind, moved by wind, pneumatick. Instrumentos pneumaticos, pneumatic inftrument.

POA

POA'S, f. f. pl. ropes used about the fails.

P O B POBE'DA, f. f. a place where poplars PODRIR, v. n. to rot, to corrupt; grow. POBLA'CHO, f. m. the mob, the multitude; also a great village, or small town. POBLACIO'N, f. f. a town; populouineis. POBLA'DO, adj. thick, full. POBLADO'R, f. m. a peopler of a town or country. POBLA'R, v. a. to people, to inha- | POETICAME'NTE, adv. poetically. bit. POBLA'ZO, f. m. the mob, the multitude. POBLAZO'N, a town; also populousness. POBO, f m. a poplar tree. PO'BRE, adj. poor; or a poorman. Prov. Si te da el pobre, es porque mas tome, if the poor man gives, it is to receive more. POBRECI'LLO, adj. dimin. of pobre. POBRECTTO, POBREDA'D, f. f. obf. poverty. POBREDURI'A, f. f. obf. vide PO-BRERI'A. POBREME'NTE, adv. poorly. POBRERI'A, f. f. a gang of poor peopic.

POC

POBRISMO, f. m. the aggregate of

POBRE'TA, f. f. a strumpet or har-

POBRE'TE, (. m. a poor fellow.

POBRETO'N, f. m. a beggar.

POBRE'ZA, f. f. poverty.

lot.

beggars.

FO'CAS VE'CES, adv. feldom. POCE'RO, f. m. a well-digger. POC!'LGA, f. f. a hog-flye. PO'CIMA, f. f. a portion. POCIO'N, f. f. a draught, or rather a phytical draught. PO'CO, adj. little. Poco antes, a little before, not long fince. Poco mas d menos, little more or less. Púco a púco, by degrees, by little and little; also softly. Truér a úno en poco, to have little esteem for a mao, to value him but little. Darsele poco de una cosa, to be little concerned, to care little for a thing. FOCULO, f. m. obs. drink.

POD

PODA, f. f. the pruning featon.

PODADE'RA, f. f. a pruning hook. PODADO'R, f. m. a pruner. PO'DAGRA, f. f. the gout in feet. $PODA'R_{*}$ v. a. to prune. PODATA'RIO, f. m. one empowered by another, or commissioned. PODAZO'N, f. f. pruning, the season for pruning. PODE'NCO, s. m. a setting-dog; also POLILLA, s. f. a moth. any spaniel. PODE'R, f. m. power, ability, a commission to act. Darje batalla de podér a podér, to come to a pitched battle. FODE'R, v. n. to be able-PODERI'O, f. m. power, anthority. PODE'RO, f. m. v. PODADO'R. PODEROS AME'NTE, adv. powerfully. PODERO'SO, adj. powerful. PO'DON, f. m. any pruning knife. PODRE, f. f. rottenness, filth, corruption. PODRECIE'NTE, adj. rotting, corrupted. PODRECE'R, v. n. to rot. PODRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. rotting. PODREDUMBRE, f. f. rottenness. PODRICIO'N, f. f. rotting. PODRIMIE NTO, f. m. 7 rotting; me-PODRIDU'RA, f. f. taph. vex-'ing fretting. metaph. to vex, to fret. Podrirse, v. r. to rot. POE POE'MA, f. m. a poem_o

POE'SIA, f. f. poetry. POE'TA, f. m. a poet. POE'TICA, f. f. the art of poetry. POE'TICO, adj. poetical. POETISA, f. f. a woman that makes verses, a poetes. POETIZA'R, v. n. to play the poet. POETO'N, f. m. a burlesque, augmen. of poeta. POINOS, f. m. pl. timbers that support calks.

ing. POL for the hair. POLAICA, f. f. the upper part of a shoe. inust. POLACA, 7 f. f. a small fort of vessel POLA'CRA, \ used in the Levant. . POLA'INAS, f. f. pl. hose without der. feet which fall over the tops of the thoes. POLAR, adj. polar, of the pole. Estrella polar, the north-star. Circulo polár, the polar-circle. POLE'A, f. f. a block or pulley, fuch as the ropes run through in ships, or are used a shore for holding of actions. weights. POLEA'DA, f. f. pap for children, hafty-pudding. cloves. POLEADI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of po-POLVOREAMIE'NTO, f. m. a dult leada. POLE'MICA, f. f. the art of offending and defending a fortified place. POLE'NTA, f. f. a pudding made of the meal of Turky corn. POLE'O, s. m. the herb pennyroyal; POLEORI'N, s. m. the primer for a

heels formerly used by women in their fhoes. POLETA, f. f. a duty or custom paid { to the king of France by all the offi-

POLEVI, f. m. a kind of very high

also a sharper.

cers of justice. PO'LICE, f. m. the thumb. POLI'CHE, f. m. in cant, a gaming house.

POLICIA, f. f. politeness, civil, court ly behaviour or carriage. Confijo de policía, a council, or number-

b O T of people appointed to look to the de. cent government of a town. POLIDE'Z, . If. f. neatness. POLIDE'ZA, 5 POLIDI'LLO, s. m. a little spruce sel. low. POLI'DO, f. f. a neat person, or a nice one. POLIDO'R, f. m. a polisher. POLINCHE, f. m. in cant, a receiver of stolen goods. POLIR, v. a. to polish. POLI'TICA, f. f. policy, or the art of government. POLITICAME'NTE, adv. politically, POLITICO, adj. politick; civil or courteous.

POLIZA, s. f. an order given to pay any fum of money. Poliza de seguro, a policy of insurance.

PO'LLA, f. f. a pullet; also a pretty young girl.

POLLA'STRA, f. m. a great chicken,

POLLAZO'N, f. f. the hatching of chickens, POLLE'RA, f. f. a large petiicoat which women wear over their fardingal; also

a coop for a fowl. POLLERI'A, f. f. poultry; a poultera er's shop. POLLE'RO, f. m. a poulterer.

POLLI'CO, f. m. a little chicken. POLLI'NO, f. m. an afs. PO'LLO, f. m. a chicken. POLLUE'LO, f. m. a little chicken.

PO'LO, f. m. a pole in the heavens, is the north or fouth. It is also a fort of white coral.

Pólo ártico, the north pole. Polo antártico, the south pole. POLTRO'N, adj. lazy, idle. Silla poltróna, an elbow chair, POLTRONAZO, f. m. a great lazy fellow.

POLTRONERI'A, f. f. lazines. POLTRONIZA'RSE, v. r. to grow idle, lazy. POLVARE'DA, f. f. vide POLYORE'.

DA.POLUCION, f. f. pollution, a defil-

POLVILLOS, f. m. pl. a sweet powder POLVITO, f. m. fmall dust.

PO'LVO, f. m. dust; also a pinch of Hécho pólvo, powdered, reduced to pow-

Sacudir a uno el pólvo, to shake the dust off one, to thrash his coat; to rattle one with sharp words.

Prov. Con ésos polvos se hiciéron ésos lodos, that dust made this dirt; that is, those causes produce these esseds; fuch are the ill consequences of such

PO'LVORA, f. f. gunpowder. Pólvora del duque, a sort of comsis made with fugar, cinnamon, and

ing, or strewing with dust. POLVOREA'R, v. a. to dust. Polvorearse, v. r. to powder eneself. POLVORIE'NTO, adj. dully.

musket. POLVORI'STA, f. m. he that makes or fells powders; a maker of fire-

works. POLVORIZA'R, v. a. to powder, or

reduce to powder. POLVORO'SO, adj. dufty, full of pow-

der. POLYARCHIA, f. f. the form of government that places the supreme

power in many persons. POLYA'RCIIIĆO, relating to such go. vernment. POLI-

POLYGAMI'A, s. f. polygamy, plu- Ponér buévos, to lay eggs. rality of wives. POLY'GAMO, f. m. a polygamist, one that is married with more than one wife at a cime. POLYGLO'TA, f. f. the Bible translated in many languages. POLYGONO, f. m. a polygon, a figure of many angles. POLYGRAPHI'A, f. f. polygraphy; the art of writing in several unusual manners or cyphers. PO'LYPO, f. m. a polypus, any thing in general with many roots or feet; also an animal with many feet. POLYPO'DIO, f. m. polypody, plant. PÖLYSY'LABO, adj. of many sýllables.

POM

to; also a pomander; a little headland or point of land; also a fort of PONTIFICAL adj. potifical, belongbellied bottle. Poma de baluarte, a round platform on a bulwark to plant cannon on: POMA'DA, f. f. pomatum: POMA'R, f. m. an apple orchard.

PO'MEZ, adj. the pumice-stone. POMI'FERO, adj. bearing apples. PO'MO, s. in. the pommel of a sword; also a glass bottle; and a vessel they set over the fire with sweets, to perfume a room; also the globe the king holds in his hand at the coronation. PO'MPA, s. f. pomp, state, grandeur. POMPEA'R, v. n. to strut, to look

POMPOSAME'NTE, adv. pompoully, stately. POMPO'SO, adj. pompous, stately.

PON

PONCELA, s. f. obs. a maid, a virgin, a girl.

PO'NCHE, f. m. punch, a liquor made by mixing brandy with water, fugar, and lemon-juice.

PONCHO, adj. lazy, idle.

PONCI'L, f. in: a fort of lemon, which looks like a maiden's breast, whence it takes its name.

PONDER A'ELE, adj. ponderable; also important, worthy of regard.

PONDERACIO'N, f. f. confideration, weighing; also extolling, magnify-

PONDERADO'R, f. m. one that ponders, weighs, considers, or that extols or magnifies.

FONDERA'R, v. a. to ponder, to weigh, to consider; also to extol, to

magnify. FONDERATIVO, adj. exaggerative. PONDEROSAME'NTE, adv. with great care and caution.

nefs.

PONDERO'SO, adj. ponderous, heavy; cautious, circumspect, that proceeds with prudence.

PONEDE'RO, adj. that lays eggs; applied to the hen.

fale, or he that manages and fets the price.

PONE'R, v. a. to put, to fet, to lay. Ponér la méja, to lay the cloth, to cover] the table.

Ponés sin, to make an end. one, to give him ill language. Poner en deposito, to deposite.

Ponér desiéo, to raise a desire in one. Ponér arholes, to plant herbs or trees. Ponér enérnos, to auckoid.

Ponér en cobro, to lay up safe. Ponér piés en polvorôsa, to venture out upon any undertaking; also to fly, to run away.

Ponér en condición, to put in danger: Ponér précio, to set a price. Ponér tiénda, to set up a shop. Ponér cása, to set up house-keeping.

Quanto ponen de aquí al lugar, how far do they reckon it from hence to the town.

Ponér cámpo, to pitch the camp, to fetile.

Ponérse en ostentación, to take state upon One.

Ponérse el sol, to set.

Ponérse en cobro, to put one's self in Safety.

PONIE'NTE, f. m. the west. PONTA'GE, f. m. the duty or toll paid

for passing a bridge. PO'MA, s. f. a little small box full of PONTEZUE'LA, s. f. a small bridge. holes to carry perfumes in to smell PONTIFICA'DO, s. m. a pontificate, the reign of a pope or a bishop.

> ing to the pope or bishop. PONTIFICALME'NTE, adv. pontifi-

> cally. PONTIFICE, f. m. pontiff, the pope. PONTIFICIO, adj. belonging to the pope.

> PONTO'N, f. m. a ponton or floating bridge to pass over a river. PONTONE'RO, f. m. one who guides

the floating bridge. PONZO'nA, f. f. poison. PONZOnAR, v. a. to poison.

PONZONO'SO, adj. poisonous, venomous.

POP

PO'PA, f. f. the poop or stern of a ship.

Andar con wiento en popa, to sail before wind; to be successful in one's affairs.

Câmara de pôpa, the great cabbin of a PORQUERIZO, } s. m. a swineherd.

POPA'R, v. a. to dally with, to flight, to make flight of.

Prov. Quien a su enemigo popa, a sus manos muere, he that dallies with his enemy, dies by his hands. He that undervalues an enemy, will suffer by

POPULA'CHO, f. m. the low rabble.

FOPULA'R, adj. popular. POPULARME'NTE, adv. popularly. POPULO'SO, adj. populous, full of people.

POQ.

POQUEDA'D, f. f. fmallness, littleness, a small inconsiderable matter; meanness of spirit. POQUI'LLO, adj. very little. PÖNDEROSIDA'D, f. f. obf. heavi- POQUI'SSIMO, adj. fuperl. the leaft that may be. POQUITO, adj. very little.

POR

PONEDO'R, f. m. the crier in a POR, a prep. which governs the accusative. For, by, so. Por tál, so that. Por acá or por allá, here or there. Par lo qual, for which reason. Porveniura, adv. peradventure. PORCE'L, f. m. a small pig. Ponér la léngua en alguno, to talk ill of PORCELA'NA. f. f. fine carthen-ware, China-ware; also a porringer. Porcelána, white colour mixed azure colour. PORCI'NO, f. m. a young pig. PORCIO'N, f. f. a portion, a share.

PORCIONA'R, v. a. to divide out in portion.

PORCIONI'STA, f. m. he who has a right to one of the shares.

PORCO. f. m. obs. vide PUERCO. PORCU'NO, adj. of, or belonging to fwine.

PORDEMA'S, adv. in vain, to no purpose.

PORDI'CHA, adv. perchance, peraccident. PORDIOSEA'R, v. a. to beg.

PORDIOSERI'A, f. f. beggary, begging.

PORDIOSE'RO, f. m. a beggar. PORFI'A, s. f. contention, strife, obstinacy; also perseverance, constancy. Prov. Porfia mata la caza, perseverance kills the game; that is, it carries a man through all difficulties.

Prov: En porfias bravas, desquicianse las palábras, in hot disputes, words are put out of joint. When men grow eager and passonate, they know not what they fay.

Prov. Perfia mata venado, que no ballestero cansado, it is perseverance kills the deer, and not the tired huntsman. Perseverance proves successful.

PORFIADAME'NTE, adv. positively, obstinately.

PORFIA'DO, adj. obstinate, positive. PORFIADO'R, f. m. one that disputes, contends, or resists with great obstinacy:

PORFIA'R, v. a. to stand obstinately in a thing, to contend positively. POROSIDA'D, f. f. porouineis.

PO'RO, f. m. a pore of the body. Pára, s. m. a white substance growing in the sea like white coral. POROSO, adj. porous, full of pores.

PO'RPHYDO, f. m. porphyry-stone. PORQUE', adv. because, why, wherefore. PORQUE'RA, f. f. the place of refort in a mountain where wild boars meet.

PORQUERIA, s. f. nastiness, swinishneis, dirt.

PORQUE'RO, PORQUERO'N, f. f. a catchpole, a sergeant that apprehends debtors or

criminals. PORQUEZUE'LO, f. m. a little ivine.

PO'RRA, f. f. a club; also pride, vanity; also a dunce, a sool.

Pórra, in cant, the face. Hacer porra, to stop in the way.

PORRA'DA, f. f. a blow with a club.

Decir porrádas, to make bulls and blunders in talking; to talk foolishly.

PORRATE, f. m. a sestival kept at certain churches without the walls of a city, where a brotherhood meet and dine after divine service.

PORRAZO, f. m. a blow with a club; any blow or stroke with any instrument, or with the hand:

PORRERI'A, f. f. folly foolery, stupidity.

PORRE'TA, f. f. a young leek. PORRILLA, f. f. a little club. PORRI'NA, f. f. the state of corn-sields

when fill green. PORRI'NO, f. m. a spot of ground

fowed with leeks. PO'RRO, f. m. a leek; a dunce, a

blockhead. PORTA, S. S. obs. vide PUERTA.

PORTACA'RTAS, f. f. a letter-case or a letter-carrier.

PORTA'DA, f. f. the door-frame and all the work about it, which is orna-

mental to the house. Buéna portada de persona, n good presence of a man.

PORTADO'R, f. m. a bearer of a letter or the like. [4 C] POR.

PORTAGE, f. m. the same as portazzo.

PORTA'L, f. m. a portal or porch of the house besore the entrance.

PORTALA'ZO, s. m. a great portal or porch.

PORTALE'nA, f. f. a fort of board or plank sawed out on purpose for doors; a term used by sawyers and carpenters.

PORTALE'RO, f. m. an officer at the avenues of any town to receive the duties upon goods entèred, or to take notice of them.

PORTALO', f. m. a fort of little door there is in some ships on the side, to take in goods; a hole in a fireship to go out at, when they have set fire to her.

PORTAMANTE'O, f. m. a portmanteau, a cloak-bag.

PORTANA'RIO, f. m. the gut that passes from the stomach to the belly. PORTAnO'LA, f. f. the port-hole or

PORTA'NTE, f. m. ambling. Andar de portaite, to amble.

loop-hole.

PORTAPA'Z, f. m. a corporal case, a square case made of stiffened put the linen cloth called the corporal.

PORTA'R, v. a. to carry. Piriarfe, v. r. to behave well.

PORTA'TIL, adj. that may be carried.

PORTA'ZGO, s. m. custom or toll paid at those they call puertos secos, which are passes on the mountains.

POTA'ZGUE'RO, f. m. a gatherer of a toll or duty.

PORTA'ZO, f. m. a blow given by the door.

PO'RTE, f. m. the postage of a letter, the buiden of a ship, the hire for carrying.

PORTEATR, v. a. to carry for hire. PORTE'NTO, f. m. a prodigy.

PORTENTOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully.

PORTENTO'SO, adj. prodigious, strange, wonderful.

PORTERE'JO, s. m. dimin. of portéro. PORTERI'A, f. f. the porter's lodge or office.

PORTERI'LLO, f. m. v. PORTERE-*70.*

PORTE'RO, f. m. a porter, a doorkeeper.

Portéro de cadéna, a porter at the king's or prince's gate, where there are chains across to keep out coaches and horfes.

PORIEZUE'LA, f. f. a little door, a wicket.

PO'RTICO, f. m. a portico, a porch, a stately walking place, a place under cover supported by pillars or arches.

PORTYLLO, f. m. a breach in a wall; also a stile or gap in a hedge. PORTO, f. m. v. PUERTO.

PORTO'N, f. m. a gate.

P O S

POS, adv. v. EMPOS. PO'SA, f. f. a reft, a flop, a flay; also a POSTILAR, v. a. to make marginal POTA, f. f. the quantity of dough buttock. Posas, f. f. pl. the peals rung for the POSTILLA, f. f. a scab. dead. POSA'DA, f. f. a lodging; also a public house. POSADE'RAS, f. f. pl. the buttocks. POSADE'RO, f. m. a resting place, a POSTIZO, adj. that, is put on counfeat, or place to lean against. A rest for a musket, or the like. An innkeeper. POSADO'R, f. m. vide POSADE'RQ. POSAR, v. n. to lodge; alto to reft,

and to lay down one's burden.

Posa se a la tásla, obs. to sit down to dinner. POSAVE'FGAS, f. f. pl. a fort of yards used anciently in ships.

POSDA'TA, f. f. the postscript of a letter, the paragraph added to the end of a letter.

POSICIO'N, f. f. a position, a thing propounded. POSITIVAME'NTE, adv. positively.

POSITI'VO, adj. positive. PO'SITO, f. m. a publick granary.

POSITU'RA, f. f. v. POSTU'RA. PO'SO, f. m. rest.

Buen poso aya, God rest his soul. POSPE'LO, adv. against the hair or grain.

POSPIE'RNA, f. f. the thigh of any animal. POSPONE'R, v. a. to postpone, to let

behind. FOSPUE'STO, p. p. of posponer.

POSSEEDO'R, f. m. f. a possessor. POSSE'ER, v. a. to possess. POSSESSIO'N, f. f. possession.

POSSESSIONA'L, adj. relating to, or including possession.

POSSESSIVO, adj. possessive. POSSE'SSO. p. p. of posser.

filk for the altar, into which they POSSESSO'R, f. m. vide POSSEE-DOR.

POSSESSO'RIO, adj. possessory. POSSIBILIDA'D, f. f. possibility; also POTABLE, adj. that can be drunk; the flock of any person.

POSSI'BLE, adj. possible; also the POTAGE, f. m. potage. wealth of any person.

PO'SIBLEME'NTE, adv. possibly. POSTA, f. f. a post that carries letters; à post horse; a post for a centinel or for a corps-de-gard; a post to be de- [POTENCIAL, adj. potential. fended; at gaming, that which is fet or played for; also a slice of any. thing.

Hacer una cesa a posta, to do any thing on purpose or designedly.

Tinér possission de iglesia a su posta, to have

a church living for life. POSTA'R, v. a. to post any one; to

expose a person. POSTE, f. m. properly the jamb of a

door: a post-or small pillar. Oler el poste, to suspect any cheat or

fraud. POSTEA'R, v. n. to post, to ride post, to travel with speed.

POSTE'MA, f. f vide APOSTE'MA. POSTEME'RO, f. m. a surgeon's instrument to open aposthumes.

POSTE'RGAR, v. a. to leave something behind.

POSTERIDAD, f. f. posterity. POSTERIO'R, adj. posterior.

Posteriores, f. m. pl. the posteriors, the backfide. FOSTERIORME'NTE, adv. posteri-

.ourly. PO'STHUMO, adj. posthumous, born

after the father's death. POSTIGO, f. m. a back door, a wicket

in a gate.

POSTIGUILLO, f. m. a little back. door or wicket.

POSITLA, f. f. a comment or marginal note. POSTILACIO'N, f. f. the art of mak-

ing marginal notes.

notes.

POSTILLO'N, f. f. n possilion, the guide that goes with one that rides

polt. POSTILLO'SO, adj. feabby.

terfeit, not natural.

Cabellos pofficios, f. m. falle hair. Niño postizo, f. m. a changeling child.

POSTLIMINIO, f. m. a law for refloring what was unlawfully taken

away; the return of one that was thought to be dead. POSTRACIO'N, f. a profiration, a lying down; humiliation. POSTRADO'R, f. m. he who profirates

POSTRA'R, v. a. to prostrate, to throw down flat on the face, to over.hrow,

Postrárse, v. r. to prostrate oneself. PO'STRE, f. m. the desert at table after dinner, the last or latter part. PONTRERAME'NTE, adv. finally,

POSTRE'RO, adj. last. POSTRIMERAME'NTE, adv. lastly, POSTRIMERI'A, f. f. the end of a man, death, the last thing.

POSTRIME'RO, adj. vide POSTRE'. RO. POSTULACIO'N, f. f. an enquiring. POSTULA'NIE, f. m. one that aks

any thing. POSTULA'R, v. a. to alk, or require. POSTURA, f. f. a posture; laying down of a thing; a wager; the rate or price set upon a thing.

Posturas, s. f. pl. young trees trans. planted.

POT

as oro potáble, potable gold. POTA'R, v. a. in cant, to drink. POTE, f. in. a pot, generally taken for

an apothecary's pot. POTENCIA, f. f. power.

POTENCIA:LMENTE, adv. powerfully. POTESTAD, f. f. power.

POTI SSIMO, adj. fup. principal, chief, special. POTRA, f. f. a rupture.

POTRA'NCA, f. f. a young mare. POTRE'RO, f. m. one that cures rup. tures.

POTRICO. 7 POTRILLO, J. m. a little colt.

POTRILLA, s. f. a burlesque appellation of an old man that will play the pretty fellow.

PO'TRO, f. m. a colt; also an engine to rack malefactors; also bebàcs.

Potro cerrel, a wild colt that was never backed.

Prov. El potro dexale domár a otro, let another break the colt; that is, let another man take the trouble and danger upon him that is fond of it, Prov. Ni cabálgues el potro, ni tu mugér ala les à otro, do you neither ride a colt, nor praise your wife to another.

Prov. De potro sarnoso, buéa caballo bermojo, of a scabby colt, a good headtiful horse; foul in the cradle, sairin the faddle.

POTROSO, adj. bursten, broken, bel-· licd.

РОҮ

due to the baker for baking of bread.

POTAL, f. m. n cloth to lay on a bench or hollow in a wall, or the hollow itself.

POYATA, f. f. a cupboard, or a hole alow in a wall, to fet things one

POTO, f. m. a hollow in a wall, to fit down on, or to lay things out of the way. Among architects, it is also the first part of, the wall above the foundation.

poz

P O Z -

ro'ZA, f. f. a puddle of water. POZd'L, f. m. a pail. PO'ZO, f. m. a well. POZUE'LA, f. i. dimin. of poza; a small puddie.

PRA

PRA'CTICA, f. f. practice, use, dexterity, acquired by use; also method PRACTICA BLE. adj. practicable, performable, feasible. PRACTICAME'NTE, adv. practically.

PRACTICA'NTE, f. m. v. PLATI-CA'NTE. -PRACTICA'R, v. a. to practise, to do

habitually. PRA'CTICO, adj. practice, experienced, fly, artfol.

PRACTICO'N, f. m. one capable more by practice than study.

PRADA'L, f. m. v. PRADE-PRADECI CO, PRADECI'LLO, ZUELO. PRADECI'TO,

PRADE'RA 1. f. a meadow. PRADERI'A, f. f. meadow ground. PRADEZUL'LO, I f. m. a little mea-PRADI'LLO. dow. PRADO, f. m. a meadow, a lawn.

Prot. Guarda prado, y hartaras ganado, keep a meadow, and you will fill cattle. Prov. Ni duérmas en prádo, ni pass-si

vádo, do not sleep in a meadow, nor país a ford. PRAGMATICA, f. f. a royal edict or

proclamation. PRA'SIO, f. m. a coarse fort of eme-| PRECO'Z, adj. ripe before time.

rald. PRAVEDA'D, f. f. pravity, wickedness, perverseness; untowardness.

PRA'VO, adj. wicked, corrupt, per- | PREDECI'R, v. a. obs. to foretell. verse, untoward.

PRE

PRE, f. m. a foldier's daily pay. PREALEGA'DO, adj. before alledged PREA'MBULO, f. m. preamble, introduttion, preface.

PREBE'NDA, f. f. a prebend or canonry in a cathedral or collegiate PREDICA, f. f. a fermon. church.

PREBENDA'DO, f. m. a prebend or [canon of a church.

PREBO'STE, s. m. vide PREVO'S-TE

courtefy, uncertain, depending on the will of another.

PRECAUCIO'N, f. f. precaution, prefervative caution. PRECAUTELA'R, v. a. to precaution,

to warn before hand.

PRECAPLIR, v. a. to prevent any danger. PRECEDE'NCIA, f. f. precedence.

Latin. PRECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent, going

PRECEDE'R, v. a. to precede.

PRECELE'NTE, adj. excellent. PRECEPTISTA, f. m. one who gives precepts.

PRECEPITIVO, adj. preceptive, containing or giveing precepts.

PRECEPTO, f. m. precept, mandiste.

PRECEPTO'R, f. m. tutor, preceptor,

PRECES, f f. pl. prayers. A churchmaobs word.

PRECIADO'R. 6. m. who prizes, valucs, or elecims.

PRECIA'R, v. a. to prize, to value, to | PREDOMINIO, f. m. predominancy, elteem.

Preciárse, v. r. to boast, to brag of, to value one's self upon.

PRE'CIO, f. m. price, value, worth, Prov. Enganame en el précio, y no en lo que mérco, cheat me in price, but not in the goods I buy.

PRECIOS AME'NTE, adv. precioully. PRECIO'SO, adj. precious; also merry, festivous, gay, witty.

PRECIPI'CIO, s. m a precipice. PRECIPITACION, s. f. precipitation.

PRECIPITA'DO, adj. rash, inconfiderate.

PRECIPITA'R, v. a. to cast down headlong.

Precipitarse, v. r. to cast oneself down tongue run before one's wit.

PRECIPITE, adj. steep, upright, PREFERE'NCIA, s. f. preference. PRECIPITOSO, \ headlong, ready | PREFERIR, v. a. to prefer, to let beto fall.

PRECI'PUO. adj. chief, principal. PRECISAME'NTE. adv. of necessity. PRECISA'R, v. a. to oblige, to force. PRECISIO'N. f. f. exactness, certainty, preciseness, necessity.

PRECI'SO, adj. absolutely, necessary.) PRECITO, adj. predestinated, always (understood of the damned souls.

PRECLA'RO, adj. famous. PRECOCI'DAD, f. f. precocity, ripeness before time.

PRECONIZACIO'N, f. f. commendation, praise.

PRECONIZA'R, v. a. to publish or proclaim any thing; also to praise, to ·commend.

PRECONOCEDO'R, f. m. f. one who | PREGUNTAR, v. a. to ask a quesknows before.

PRECONOCE'R, v. a. to foresee.

PRECURSO'R, f. m. one who runs befóre, a forerunner.

PREDECESSO'R, f. m. a predecessor. PREDEFINIR, v. a. to determine before hand.

PREDESTINACIO'N, f. f. predestina- | PRELADO, f. m. a prelate. tion.

PREDETERMINAIR, v. a. to predetermine, to determine before hand.

a, country tenement.

PREDICA'BLE, adj. that may be difcoursed or preached upon.

PREDICACIO'N, f. f. preaching a fernion PREDICADO'R, f. m. a preacher.

PRECA'RIO, adj. precarious, held by PREDICAME'NTO, f. m. a predica- PREMIA'R, v. a. to reward. any thing.

Está en buén predicamento, à mal predicaménto, he is in good or bad reputation.

PREDICA'NTE, f. m. any preacher of a false doctrine.

PREDICA'R, v. a. to preach. Predicar en desiéres, to preach in a de- PRE'NDA, s. s. a pledge, a pawn; also fart; that is, to labour in vain.

Prov. Bien predica quien bien vive, he Hombre de buenas piendas, a man of good preaches well who lives well; a good | parts, of worth. example the best fermon.

PREDICATO'RIO, f. m. a pulpit. PREDICCIO'N, f. f. a prediction.

PREDILECCIO'N. f. f. predilection, preference, election of one thing rather than another.

PREDILE'CTO, adj. preferred. PRE'DIO, f. m. a farm, a piece of)

ground in the fields, PREDOMINA'NTE, p. act. predomi-

nant. to have power over, to be above another.

power over.

PREEMINE'NCIA, f. f. preeminence, being above or before another.

PREEMINE/NTE, adj. pre-eminent, above or before another.

PREFA'CIO, f. m. the preface in the mass, which is immediately before the canon to dispose the assembly to attention and devotion.

PREFACIO'N, f. f. a preface.

PREFACIONCILLA, s. f. a pretty little preface.

PREFE'CTO, s. m. a prefect. This title some religious orders give to their superiors, and in colleges there is a prefect of the studies, who looks to the scholars to see they mind their business.

headlong; to talk rashly, to let one's PREFECTURA, s. f. the dignity of a fuperior.

fore.

PREFI'XO, adj. prefixed.

PREGO'N, f. m. proclamation made by a crier; the crier himself.

PREGONA'R, v. a. to proclaim by a crier.

PREGONE'RO, f. m. a crier. PREGU'NTA, f. f. a question.

Prov. Qual pregunta barás, tal respuesta babrás, such a question as you ask, fuch an answer you will have.

Prov. Quién pregunta no yérra, si la preginta no es nécia, he that asks does not egr, if the question be not a foolish one.

PREGUNTADO'R, f. m. one that asks many questions.

tion.

PREGUNTOIN, f. m. a teazing asker of questions.

PREJUDICIAL, adv. in law, forcstalling of a judgment.

PRELACIA, f. f. prelacy, the dignity of a prelate.

PRELACIO'N, f. f. prescrence before another.

PRELIMINAIR, adj. preliminary. PREDESTINAR, v. a. to predestinate. | Preliminares, pl. the preliminary or preparatory measures.

PRELUIDIO, f. m. a prelude. PREDIA'L, adj. belonging to a farm, to PREMATICA, f. f. a royal proclamation, a particular law.

PREMEDITACION, f. f. premeditation, forethought. PREMEDITAR, v. a. to premedi-

tate. PREMILA, f. f. force, compulsion. PREMIADO'R, f. m. a rewarder.

ment; in logick, what is affirmed of PREMIDE'RAS, f. f. that part of the weaver's loom which drives the web

close. PREMIO, f. m. a reward. PREMISSAS, f. f. pl. the premifes,

what went before. PREMURA, f. f. the flate of being prefled.

a qualification or endowment.

Prov. Prenda que come, ninguno la tome, let no man take a pawn that eats;

that is, a horse, or the like, because it may eat itself out, or die. Prov. Mas wale prénda en el arca, que

fiador en la pláza, a pawn in the cheft is better than a fecurity in the market place.

PRENDADO, ndj. bribed; taken or gained by a man's good parts, or by his courtefy or obligation.

PREDOMINA'R, v. n. to predominate, [PRE'NDAR, v. n. to give or take a pawn; to oblige or win a man with good words, behaviour, or kindness. $PREN_{r}$

PRENDEDE'RO, f. m. a little iron, with two or three hooks, which the country women in Spain used instead of pins to hold their coats when they tucked them up.

PRENDE'R, v. a. to take hold on, to imprison, to take, to seize, to ar-

rest.

Prendér, to take root; said of plants. PRENDERI'A, f. f the place where things pledged are exposed to sale.

PRENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. feizing, taking, arresting, imprisoning; also pinning; the apprehending of our Saviour in the garden.

PREnA'DA, f. f. a woman with child, or other creature big with young. Palábras prenadas, words that import

more than appears at first sight. Paréd prenada, a wall that bellies and threatens to fall.

PREnA'DO, adj. big-bellied, with child, or with young.

PREnE'Z, f. f. pregnancy. PRE'NSA, f. f. any fort of press. PRENSADO'R, f. m. a presser.

PRENSA'R, v. a. to press. PREOCUPA'R, v. a. to preposites, to prevent

PREPARACIO'N, f. f. preparation. PREPARA'R, v. a. to prepare. Preparárse, v. r. to prepare oneself. PREPARATIVO, adj. preparatory.

PREPONDER A'R, v. n. to outweigh, to preponderate.

PREPONE'R, v. n. to put, or fet before.

PREPOSICIO'N, f. f. a preposition or fetting before.

PREPO'SITO, f. m. an overfeer, one placed over others.

PREPU'CIO, f. m. the prepuce, foreskin.

PREPUE'STO, p. p. of preponér-PREROGATIVA, f. f. prerogative.

PRE'SA, f. f. prey, booty; a handle of a thing; a flood-gate.

Présa de molino, a mill-dam.

Présa de cáldo, the juice, gravy, or substance of slesh pressed out in broth for fick folks.

Présa y pinta, a trick taken at cards, and one reckoned for advantage. Carne sulprésa, powdered meat.

PRE'SAS, f. f. pl. the talons of a bird of prey.

PRESA'DO, adj. green like a leek. Presado, adj. taken, made a prey of. PRESA'GIO, f. m. a presage.

PRESA'GO, f. m. a fortune-teller, a foreboder; adjectively used, ominous, foreboding.

PRESBITTERO, f. m. a priest. PRESCIENCIA, f. f. foreknowledge. PRESCINDI'R, v. r. to prescind, to cut

off. PRESCRIBIR, v. a. to prescribe, to command.

PRESCRIPCIO'N, f. f. prescription, example, rule.

PRESCRIPTO, adj. prescribed, ordered.

PRESE'A, f. f. a jewel, a rich ornament.

PRESE'NCIA, f. f. presence; also port, air, mien.

PRESENCIA'L, adj. relating to prefence.

PRESENCIALME'NTE, adv. in prefence, in one's own person.

PRESENTACIO'N, f. f. presenting or fetting in fight; a presentation to a benefice; the feast of the presentation of our Lady in the Temple.

PRESENTA'DO, f. m. a person presented for preferment.

PRES'ENTA'R, v. a. to present, to to tender, to produce in coutt. Presenturse, v. r. to present oneself.

PRESE NIE, adj. present, subst. used, a gift, a present.

PRESENTEME'NTE, adv. immediately.

PRESENTE'RO, f. m. he who prefents to an ecclefiaftical living, or the like. PRESENTFLLO, f. m. a small gift, a little present.

PRESENTIMIE'NTO, f. m. a forejudging.

PRESENTI'R, v. a. to fore-judge. PRESERVACIO'N, f. f. preservation. PRESERVADO'R, f. m. a preserver. PRESERVA'R, v. a. to preserve, to keep, to secure.

PRESERVATIVO, s. m. a preservative.

PRESIDE'NCIA, f. f. presidentship, the honour of presiding.

PRESIDE'NTE, f. m. a president. PRESIDIA'R, v. a. to garrison, to place soldiers in a town or castle.

any strong place in Africa.

PRESI'DIO, s. m. a garrison; safeguard. $P\bar{R}ESIDI'R$, v. a. to preside, to be pre-

fent as chief in the assembly. PRE'SO, f. m. one apprehended, taken into custody, imprisoned, arrested;

pinned, tacked to; a prisoner. PRESO, p. p. of prendér.

PRE'SSA, f. f. capture, prize; pil-

Préssa, a flood gate; a bit of any food. PRESSILLA, f. f. a filk lace; also a fort of linen.

PRESSIO'N, f. f. pressure. PRESSO, p. p. of the verb prender. PRESSU'RA, f. f. oppression, vexation, trouble; also haste.

PRESSUROSAME'NTE, adv. gently.

PRESSURO'SO, adj. diligent.

PRESTA, f. f. mint, an herb so called. PRESTADI'ZO, adj. that may be lent, or is used to be lent.

PRESTA'DO, p. p. lent. Tomar prestado, to borrow. PRESTADO'R, f. m. the lender.

PRESTAME'NTE, adv. readily, quick-

PRESTAME'RO, f. m. one that has an ecclesiastical revenue in commendam.

value; an ecclesiastical revenue given to a person in commendam.

PRESTA'R, v. a. to lend; to be of use, to excel.

PRE'STE, f. m. a priest.

Préste, a sort of snake, whose bite PREVENIR, v.a. to prevent; also to causes any creature to swell till it bursts.

Préste Juan, Prester John, which some will have to be the emperor of Ethiopia; others, a great prince in Asia. PRESTE'ZA, f. f. quickness, nimble-

ncis.

PRE'STIDO, f. m. the thing lent. PRESTITO, f. m. a term used in the [PREVISTO, adj. foreseen. or messenger of the university notifies superior, which he that has the notification is to perform, fub pana PREFOSIE, f. m. a provost, a provost præssiti juramenti, under penalty of breaking his oath.

PRE'STO, adj. ready, quiek. Présto, adv. presently, quickly.

PRESUMIDAME'NTE, adv. prefumptuoufly.

PRESUMPDO, adj. proud, conceited. PRESUMI'R, v. n. to presume, to suppole, to guels, to fancy; also to be [proud or conceited.

PRESUNCIO'N, f. f. prefumption, guels, an imagination; also pride, arrogance, conceitedness.

PRESUNTUOSAME'NTE. adv. prefump: uously, haughtily, conceitedly. PRESUNTUO'SO, adj. presumptuous, arrogant, faucy, proud.

PRESUPONE'R, v. a. to presuppose, to give a thing for granted.

PRESUPOSICION, f. f. presupposi. tion.

PRESUPUE'STO, p. p. presuppose,

given for granted. PRETAL, s.m. a breast-plate for a horfe.

PRETENCIO'N, f. f. pretence, pretenfion, the fuing for an employ. ment.

PRETENDE'R, v. a. to pretend a right, to fue for an employment.

PRETENDIE'NTE, f. m. he who pretends.

PRETENSO'R, f. m. a pretender, one that pretends a right, or sues for at.

employment. PRESIDIA'RIO, s. m. one banished to PRETE'RITO, adj. past, preterite,

gone. PRETERMITIR, v. n. to pretermit, to pass by.

PRETERMISSIO'N, f. f. pretermission,

passing by. PRETE'XTA, f. f. the fort of garment anciently worn by the Roman youth

from fourteen to eighteen years of age.

PRETEXTA'R, v. n. to find a pretext or excuse.

PRETE'XTO, f. m. a pretence. PRETEXTUAIR, v. n. v. PRETEX. TA'R.

PRETI'L, f. m. a rail to lean the break on.

PRETINA, f. f. a girdle; also a waste belt.

dili- PRETO'R, f. m. a magistrate among the Romans, like a judge. PRETORIA'L, adj. of, or belonging

to a pretor. PRETO'RIO, s. m. a court of justice, where the pretor used to sit.

PRETURA, f. f. the dignity or office of a pretor.

PREVALE'CER, v. a. to prevail. PREVARICACIO'N, f. f. prevarication, collusion, false or double deal-

ing. PREVARICADO'R, f. m. a prevancator, a falf double dealer.

PRE'STAMO, s. m. a loan; worth, PREVARICA'R, v. n. to prevaricate, to be worse than one's word, to bearay one's trust, to quibble, not to speak fairly to the purpose.

PREVENCIO'N, f. f. prevention; allo preparation, making ready.

prepare, to make ready. PREVE'R, v. a. to forefee.

PRENERTIR, v. a. to pervert. PREVICO, f. m. obf. a forcerer. PREVILEGIAR, v. a. vide PRIVILE.

GIAR. PREVILE'GIO, f. m. vide PRITE LEGIO.

Spanish universities, when the beadle | PREVIO, adj. previous, antecedents going before.

any order of the chancellor or other PREVISION, f. f. prescience, we knowledge.

> marshal, an officer in the army to to cure and punish all osfenders.

> Prevoste, f. m. the head of a community of clergymen. PREZ, f. m. price, value,

PRI

PRIAPISMO, 6. m. priapism, a preternatural tension. PRINGO, f. m. obf. a naile PRIESSA, f. f. halle, speed.

PRIETO, adj. black.

Pricin

Priéta, f. m. formerly a coin so called. PRI'MA, s. f. a she cousin; in musick, the finallest string of an instrument; in falconry, the female hawk of any kind; in the divine office, the hour of prime, which follows lands; in cant, a shirt.

Obra prima, curious work. Zapaiéro de obra prima, a shoemaker that

makes only near shoes.

PRIMIACIA, f. f. primacy, the first in rank.

PRIMA'DO, f. m. a primate, a metropolitan, a chief bishop; also the first or prime place.

PRIMIL, I m. a lamb that is one of the first yeared in the year.

PRIMAME'NTE, adv. prettily.

PRIMARIAMENTE, adv. in the first

place. PRIMA'RIO, adj. fiell, principal, chief, primary.

PRIMAVE'RA, f. f. the spring; a sort of filk veil or fine web, that is full of flowers resembling the spring.

PRIMAZGO, s. m. cousinship, kindred.

PRIME'R, adj. (for primero), the first, used only in the masculine, and when it is placed before the substantive; as el primer boinbre, the first man.

PRIME'RA, f. f. a game at cards. Ponérse a priméra, to expose oneself to danger.

PRIMER AME'NTE, adv. in the first place.

PRIMERI'A, f. f. precedency, in the first place.

child or delivered of her first child. PRIMERI'LLA, f. f. vide PRIME'-

RA.PRIMERIZO, adj. that which comes

first. PRIME'RO, adv. first, before. Priméro, adj. the first, the foremost. PRIME'VO, adj. original, primitive, of the first age.

PRIMICE'RIO, f. m. in the univerfities, the eldest in any faculty. PRIMI'CIAS, f. f. pl. the first-fruits. PRIMITIVO, adj. primitive, of the first institution.

PRI'MO, f. m. a cousin; also the first, the best, the chiefest; also delicate, curious.

Primo hermano, a cousin german. PRIMOGE'NITO, adj. the first begotten, the eldeft.

PRIMOGENITU'NA, f. f. primogeniture, the right of the first bern. PRIMO'R, f. m. excellence, delicacy,

curiofity, neatness. PRIMOROS AME'NTE, adv. excellent-

ly, delicately. PRIMORO'SO, adj. nice, curious, delicate.

PRINCE'SA. f. f. a princefs.

PRINCIPA'DO, f. m. principality, fovereignty.

PRINCIPA'L, adj. principal, chief. PRINCIPALME'NIE, adv. principally, chiefly.

PRINCIPE, f. m. a prince. PRINCIPIA'NIE, f. in. a beginner. PRINCIPIATR, v. a. to begin.

PRINCIPPIO, f. m. a beginning. Principles, pl. principal sudiments; field rules of any art or feience.

a good beginning is half the work done.

PRINGADA, f. f. a flice of bread PROBLEMATICO, adj. belonging to pressed upon fat bacon boiled fost, fo in the pan; or a flice of fat bacon to cat, moulding it with bread.

PRINGAR, v. a. to balle meat that is roalling; also to eat fat bacon boiled a piece of bread.

PRO

Pringar un esclavo, a punishment some masters have used to wicked slaves, skin, as if they were basted to be roafted.

PRINGUE, f. m. the dripping of fat bacon or the like.

PRIO'R, f. m. a prior, the head in some monasteries and in some collegiate churches.

PRIORATO, f. m. a priory or monastery governed by a prior; also the dignity of a prior.

PRIORA'ZGO, f. m. the dignity of a prior.

PRIORIDA'D, f. f. priority.

PRIO'STE, f. m. the steward of a brotherhood.

PRISCA'L, f. f. } vide APRI'SCO. PRISCO, f. m. J Prisco, a peach.

PRISIO'N, f. f. a prison; also imprisonment. In falconry, the hawk's feizing his prey.

Prisiones, pl. irons, fetters, shackles. PRISIONE'RO, f. m. a prisoner; pro perly, a prisoner of war, for other prisoners, are generally called presus.

the whale kind. PRISTINO, adj. former, first in antiquity.

PRIVACIO'N, f. f. privation, depriving or being void of any thing. PRIVA'DA, f. f. privy, necessary house. PRIVADAME'NTE, adv. privily. PRIMERI'ZA, f. f. a woman with PRIVADE'RO, adj. that may be de-

prived. PRIVADI'LLO, f. m. a little favourite.

PRIVADO, f. m. a favourite. Privádo, adj. deprived.

PRIVA'NZA, f. f. favour, great intimacy.

PRIVA'R, v. a. to deprive; but geintimate.

Privarse, v. r. to deprive oneself. Privarse de juicio, to turn mad. Privarse de razón, to be drunk. PRIVATIVO, adj. that can be de- PRODICION, f. f. treachery.

prived. PRIVILEGIA'R, v. a. to give liberty or privilege.

PRIVILE'GIO, f. m. privilege, liberty, immunity.

PRO

good may it do you.

againtt. El pro; in cant, the breech.

PRO'A, f. f. the prow or head of a fhip.

PROBABILIDA'D, f. f. probability. PROBABILI'STA, f. m. a cafuist that ! follows the most probable opinion. PROBABLE, adj. probable, likely. PROBABLEME'NTE, adv. probably. PROBACIO'N, f. f. probation, trial. PROBAINZA, f. f. proof.

PROBA'R, v. a. to prove, to try, to talle. Muger probada, a woman that has been

Prov. Buhn principio la mitad es hécho, PROBLEMMA, C. m. a problem, a PROESA, C. f. prowefs, valour. proposition having an interrogation (annexed.

proved a whore.

a problem.

that the bacon flicks to it; or a fop [PROGEDE'R, v. a. to proceed, to go on.

> PROCEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. proceeding. PROCELO'SO, adj. flormy.

fost, squeezing and moulding it with PRO'CER, Is. m. a grandee, a great

PROCERIDAD, s. f. eminence, elevation.

dropping scalding fat on their bare PROCESSA'L, adj. relating to a suit in law.

PROCESSAR, v. a. to judge a criminal or malefactor, to try him.

PROCESSIO'N, f. f. a procession, the proceeding or going forward of many people in order, upon solemn occafions.

PROCESSIONALME'NTE, adv. in manner of a procession.

PROCESSIONARIO, f. m. a church book containing the ceremonies and mulick for processions.

PROCESSO, f. m. a process or trial at law.

PROCI'NTO, f. m. a jutting-out stone or the like in the middle part of a wall or structure.

 $PROCLAMA_{r}$? f. f. a proclama-PROCLAMACIO'N, tion.

PROCLAMA'R, v. a. to proclaim, to publish.

PROCLIVE, adj. tending to, inclined. PROCO, f. m. he who follicits a woman.

PROCO'NSUL, f. m. a proconful. PRISTE, f. m. a small whale, a fish of PROCONSULA'DO, f. m. the proconsulthip or dignity of a proconsul. PROCREACIO'N, f. f. procreation, en-

gendering. PROCREADO'R, f. m. he that begets,

procreates, or engenders. PROGREA'R, v. a. to procreate, beget, or engender.

PROCU'RA, f. f. a letter of attorney. PROCURACIO'N, f. f. folliciting, endeavouring, procuring; also procuratorship, the office of a procurator, fleward, or attorney.

PROCURADO'R, f. m. an attorney. Procurador fiscal, f. m. the king's attorney.

Procurador de cortes, a representative of nerally, to be in favour, to be very | some town in the circus or parliament.

> PROCURA'R, v. a. to procure, to endeavour, to obtain, to look to, to follicit.

> PRODIGALIDA'D, f. f. prodigality, wastefulness, extravagance.

PRODIGAME'NTE. adv. prodigally, wastefully, extravagantly.

PRODI'GIO, f. m. a prodigy, a wonderful thing.

PRODIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigioully, wonderfully. PRO, s. m. Buén pro os bága, much PRODIGIO'SO, adj. prodigious, won-

derful. Pro y contra, adv. pro and con, for and PRO'DIGO, adj. prodigal, extravagant. wasteful.

PRODUCCIO'N, f. f. production, producing, bringing forth.

PRODUCI'R, v. a. to produce, to bring forth. PRODUCTO, f. m. in arithmetick, the

product. PROEYAR, v. n. to row against the wind or fiream, to flem the current,

or bear up against the wind. PROE'L, f. m. a cabbin-boy in a

ship. PROEMIA'L, adj. introductory.

PROE'ALO, f. m. introduction, preface.

PROFANACION, f. f. profanation. PROFANADO'R, f. m. a profaner. PROFANAME'NIE, adv. profuncly. PROFANAR, v. a. to profane, to pol-

lute a holy thing. PROFANIDA'D, f. f. profanencia. PROFA'NO, adj. profane, ungodly,

wicked; that is not holy. PROFAZADOR, f. m. obf. a reviler. [4 D] PRQ- PROFAZAMIENTO, is m. obf. the act | PROMISCU aME'NIE, adv. with conof reviling. PROFAZA'R, v. a. obs. to revile.

PROFAZO, f. m. v. PROFAZAMIEN-TO.

PROFECIA, f. f. a prophecy.

PROFERIMIENTO, f. m. an utterance, a bringing forth.

PROFERI'R, v. a. to utter, to bring | forth, to speak.

PROFESSA'R, v. a. to profess any art or science; also to profess in a religious order; that is, to take the vows of the order.

PROFESSIO'N, f. f. a profession, an acknowledgment; also a calling, and a professing in a religious order.

PROFE'SSO, f. m. one that has professed in a religious order.

PROFESSO'R, f. m. a professor. PROFICIE'NTE, f. m. a proficient, one that advances in learning or any thing else.

PROFICUO, adj. profitable.

PROFUGO, adj. that wanders like a fugitive.

PROFUND AME'NTE, adv. profoundly, deeply, lowly, humbly:

PROFUNDIDA'D, f. f. profundity, depth.

PROFU'NDO, adj. profound, deep. PROFUSAME'NTE, adv. profusely. PROFUSIO'N, f. m. profusion, waste. PROGE'NIE. f. f. offspring, race, generation.

PROGENITO'R, f. m. a progenitor, a forefather.

PROGENITU'RA, f. f. vide PROGE'-NIE.

PROGRESSIO'N, f. f. progression, a proceeding or advancing.

progressive, PROGRESSIVO, adj. going forward, advancing. PROGRE'SSO, f. m. progress, proceed-

ing, advancing. PROHIBICIO'N, s. f. a prohibition, PRONTEZA, Is. f. promptness, rea-

forbidding.

bid. PROHIDIA, f. f. (a clownish word)

for parfia) a contentious infilling upon a point; positiveness. PROHIDIA'R, v. n. (clownish, for) sides at a wedding.

perfill obstinately. PROHITAMIE'NTO, f. m. adoption. | PRONU'NCIA'R, v. a. to pronounce. |

PRO'LE, f. f. issue, offspring, a child. PROPAGADOR, f. m. who propa-PROLIFICO, adj. prolifick, that gets |

children. PROLIXAMEINTE, adv. prolixly, te- PROPAGATIVO, adj. that which pro- PROSCRITTO, p. p. proscribed, out-

dioufly. PROLLYIDA'D, f. f. prolixness, te- PROPALA'R, v. a. to publish.

dioufness, length. PROLI'XO, adj. prolix, tedious, long. PRO'LOGÓ, s. m. prologue, presace, PROPENSAME'NTE, adv. with ten. PROSEGUAR, v. a. to prosecute, to introduction.

PROLONGACIO'N, f. f. a prolong- PROPENSIO'N. f. f. propension, in- PROSELITO, f. m. a proselyte, a coning, delaying, Aretching out in length,

PROLONGA'R, v. a. to prolong, to PROPHECIA, i. f. prophecy. delay, to stretch out at length, to pro- PROPHETA, f. m. prophet. tract.

PROLO'QUIO, f. m. a fhort and witty fentence.

PROMEDIA'R, v. a. to divide any be an arbiter judge between two parties.

PRO'MEDIO, f. m. the place into PROPHETI'SS A. f. f. a prophetels. which any thing is divided.

PROME'SSM, f. .f a promife.

mifes.

PROMETE'R, v. a. to promife. Prometers, v. r. to hope, to flatter onefelf.

PROMETIMIE'NTO, f. m. a promisc.

fuled mixture, promiscuously, indiscriminately.

PROMI'SCUO, adj. promiscous, mingled, confused.

PKOMISSIO'N, f. f. promise; but feldom used, unless in speaking of the PROPONEDO'R, s. m. who proposes, miffion.

PROMISSO'RIO, adj. promissory. PROMOCIO'N, f. f. promotion, preferment,

PROMO'NTORIO, f. m. a cape or promontory, a point of land running PROPORCÍONAP, vi ai to propor.

PROMOTO'R, PROMOVEDO'R, the cortes, where promowedores are particular persons appointed to make promotions to the house.

PROMOVE'R, v. a. to promote, to PROPO'SITO, f. m. purpose, design,

publisher, a proclaimer.

FROMULGA'R, v. a: to promulge, to Ser fuera de propósito, to be nothingto the publish, to proclaim, to make publick.

PRONO, adj. prone, inclined. PRONO'MBRE, f. m. a pronoun. PRONOSTICACIO'N; f. f. prognostication, prediction.

PRONOSTICADO'R, f. m. a fortuneteller.

PRONOSTICA'R, v. a. to prognosticate, PROPRIEDAD, f. f. property. to foretel.

PRONO'STICO, f. m. a fign or token of a thing that is to come; a fore- PRO/PRIO, f. m. proper, peculiar, a telling, or prognosticating; so they call the almanacle, almanaque y pro- PROPUESTO, p. p. proposed; also nostico nuevo, because it pretends to foretel the weather.

PRONTAME'NTE, adv. promptly, readily.

PRONTITU'D, diness. PROHIBI'R, v. a. to prohibit, to for- PRO'NTO, adj. prompt, ready.

PRONTUA'RIO, s. m. a book so con- PROROGAR, v. a. to prorogue, to put trived and digested, that a man may readily find what he feeks in it. PRO'NUBA, f. f. the woman that pre-

porfiar) to contend, to be positive, to PRONUNCIACIO'N, s. f. pronuncia- PROSADO'R, s. m. one that writes in

tion, utterance.

PROHIJA'R, v. a. to adopt for a PROPAGACION, f. f. propagation, PROSA'PIA, f. f. race, generation. increase.

gates.

PROPAGA'R, v. a. to propagate. pagates.

PROPASSA'R, v. n. to pass farther PROSEGUIMIE'NTO, i. m. prosecutthan one ought.

dency or propension.

clination.

PROPE'NSO, adj. inclined. PROPHETAL, adj. applied to the

books written by the prophets. PROPILETA'R, v. a. obf. v. PROPHE. PROSOPOPE IA, f. f. the feigning of TIZAR.

thing into two equal parts; also to PROPHETICAMENTE, adv. prophetically.

PROPHE'TICO, adj. prophetick. PROPHETIZAR, v. a. to prophecy, to foretel.

PROMETEDO'R, f. in. one that pro- PROPICIACIO'N, f. f. propitiation. PROPICIATO'RIO, f. m. that has the PRO'SPERO, adj. prosperous, success virtue of propitiation.

PROPICIO, adj. propitious, favour- Viento proficero, a fair wind. able.

PROPINA, f. f. a fee or due, which doctors, who take their degree, pay

to those who have were " netore them. It was formerly a collation or treat; but now they give it in money. Alfo wages or pay.

PROPINQUO, adj. near of kin, a kinf.

PROPONE'R, v. a. to propose. PROPORCIO'N, f. f. proportion. PROPORCIONA'BLE, Jadj. propor.

PROPORCIONAL, PROPORCIONALME'NTE, adv. p.o. portionably:

I f. m. a promoter; PROPOSICIO'N, f. f. a proposition; also the speech the king makes at the opening of the cortes or parliament; so called, because in it lie propules the cause that moved him to call them.

intention, refolution. PROMULGACIO'N, s. s. a publica- Tenér propósito de hacér una cosa, to design,

to do a thing: PROMULGADO'R, s. m. a crier, a Hacer propossio, to make a purpose or refolution.

purpose.

Ha. er una cosa de propôssio, to do a thing purpofely.

Vener à proposito, to be put to the purpole. Juégo de propostio, the sport of cross pur-

poies. PROPRIAME'NTE, adv. properly.

PROPRIETA'RIO, f. m. a proprie. tor.

man's own.

purposed, resolved. PRO'RA, f. f. v. PRO'A. PRORATA, f. f. proportion.

PRO'ROGA, η f. f. a prorogation PROROGACIO'N, or putting off; the proroguing of the cortes or parliament; adjournment.

off.

PRORUMPI'R, v. n. to out with vio. lence, to burst out. PRO'SA, f. f. prose, what is not verse,

prose. PROSAICO, adj. profaick.

PROSCRIBIR, v. a. to proscribe, to outlaw.

PROSCRIPCIO'N, f. f. proscription. outlawing.

lawed. PROSECUCIO'N, f. f. prosecution. ing, following.

follow.

vert.

PROSISTA, s. m. a writer in profe, A man that speaks too much. PROSO'DIA, f. f. the art of true ac-

centing of words, and giving them their found with their proper lengths. any creature or thing to speak, reprefenting of persons. A figure in the torick,

PROSPERAMEINIE, adv. prospetoufly.

PROSPERAR, v. a. to prosper, to give good fuccefs.

PROSPERID.I'D, f. f. prosperity. ful.

PROSTITUCIO'N, f. f. proflitution exposing to common use. PROS

tinous clay almost in the nature of a

PROSTITUIR, v. a. to prostitute, to expose to common use. PROTECCIO'N, f. f. protection: PROTECTO'R, f. m. a protector. PROTECTO'RA, f. f. protectress. PROTECTRIZ, PROTEGE'R, v. a. to protect. PROTERVAMENTE, advi haughtily, obstinately, perversely. PROTE'RVIA, f. f. untowardness, perverseness, pride, obstinacy. PROTE'RIO, adj perverse, untoward, proud, obstinate, sullen. PROTESTA, s. f. protest, a solemn declaration of opinion against one thing. PROTESTACIO'N, f. f. a protestation PROTESTA'NTE, f. m. a protestant. pROTESTA'R, v. a. to protest, to PRUDE'NTE, adj. prudent, discreet. upon non-payment. pROTE STO, i. m. a protestation; also PRUEBA, s. f. a proof, a trial, a a protest of a bill of exchange or the like. PROTO, f. m. the first in his line. PROTOCO'LO, f. m. a register kept by a notary, or fuch officer of fales, contracts, &c. sician. tary. model gain. may do you. PROVECHOSAME'NTE, adv. profitably, advantageoufly. PROVECHO'SO, adj. profitable, advantageous. PROVECHUE'LO, f. m. a little profit or advantage. PROVEEDO'R, f. m. a commissary of provisions in an army, a purveyor. PROVEE'R, v. a. to provide, to take heed, to forsee. Proviésse, v. r. to case one's body; to do that another cannot do for one. PROVEYDO, adj. that has got a place or preferment. PROVEIMIE'NTO, f. m. providing, PTI'SIS, f. f. v. PTI'SICA. floring, foreseeing. PROVE'NA, f. f. a young branch of a vinc. PROPENTA, v. a. to come to, to ar- [PU, f. f. the excrements of a child,] PUENTEZUE'LA,] rive at. fpeaks proverbs. PROVERBIALL, adj. proverbial, belonging to a proverb. PROYER BIALME'NTE, adv. proverbially. PROVE'RBIO, f. m. a proverb. PROVIDAME'NTE, adv. providently. PROVIDE'NCIA, f. f. providence, forefight, PROVIDE'NTE, adj. provident. PRO'VIDO, adj. provident. PROVINCIA, f. f. a province. PROVINCIA'L, adj. provincial, of, or belonging to a province; that is, fuperior over a whole province, as among | PUBLICADOIR, f. m. a publisher, religious orders. also a result or determination of the king and council, an order, a grant of [a place or preferment to any person. PROPISO'R, f in. a provisor, one that provides for a community; also a bishop's vicar-general. PROMISO'RIO, adj. belonging to the provisor or provisorship. PROPISTO, p. p. of provier. PROPOCACIO'N, f. f. provocation. PROPOCADO'R, f. m. a provoker. PROFOCA'R, v. a. to provoke. PROPOCATIPO, adj. provocative, ex-

citing.

PROXIMAME'NTE, adv. nearly; also lately.

PROXIMIDA'D, f. f. proximity, nearness kindred.

PRO'XIMO, f. m. a neighbour in the Christian sense.

PROYECTA'R, v. a. to scheme, to form in the mind, to contrive.

PROYE'CTO, adj. extended, dilated. Proyécto, s. m. a scheme, a project, a contrivance.

PRU

PRUDE'NCIA, f. f. prudence. PRUDENCIA'L, adj. prudential. PRUDENCIALME'NIE, adv. prudentially.

affirm, to protest a bill of exchange PRUDENTEME'NTE, adv. prudently, discreetly:

talte.

PRUI'NA, f. f. the hoary-frost: PRUNA, s. f. a prune, a pluma

P S A

PROTOME'DICO, f. m. the first phy- PSALMEA'R, v. a. vide PSALMO-DIAR. PROTONOTA'RIO, s. m. a chief no- PSALMISTA, s. m. a writer of psalms, a psalmist. pROTOTI'PO, s. m. a prototype or Decir à une el psalme, to give one a lecture. PROVE'CHO, s. f. prosit, advantage. PSALMO'DIA, s. f. singing of psalms. PSALMODIA'R; v. n. to fing pfalms. Buén provécho os hága, much good it PSALTE'RIO, s. m. the psalter or book of psalms: also a musical instrument called a pfaltery. PSEUDO, adj. false.

PTI

PTINGE, f. m. the name of a kind of nocturnal hawk. made of barley decocted with raisins and liquorice. PTI'SICA, f. f. hectick, consumption,

an heclick fever: PTISI'CO, adj. hectick, hectical, in con-

fumption.

PUA

Pu! used when it stinks. PROVERBIADO'R, f. m. one that PU'A, f. f. a point, a prick, the tooth of | loude; also the nut of a screw. out; also a stock to graft on; in forfraises; that is, palisadoes or stakes. Puás de puérco espín, the quills or long pricks that grow on the back of a porcupine.

PUB

fourteen in youth, and of twelve in [girls.

PUBLICACIO'N, f. f. publication, publishing.

PUBLICAME'NTE, adv. publickly. PROVISIO'N, f. f. provision. It is PUBLICA'NO, f. m. a publican, often

> the Romans. vulge, to make publick.

PUBLICIDA'D, i. f. publickness. PUBLICO, adj. publick, known to all.

Escribano público, a publick notary. Caja pública, a bawdy-house.

PUC

PUCELA'NA, f. f. a fort of very glu-

bitumen. PUCHAS, f. f. plina fort of pap, made . UCHES, f. m. pl f with grated bread; oil, water, and other ingredients. PUCHER!'AS, f. f. trifles, things of no value; used also as puchericos. PUCHERICO, 7 PUCHERI'LLO, & s. m a little pipkin. PUCHERITO, Hacer puchericos, to whimper, to begin to cry, to make such faces as children do when they cry. PUCHE'RO, s. m. a pipkin. Puchéro, the mess or spoon-meat generally eaten first at dinner. Tiene usted puchero? have you any dinner to give us? A question asked by travellers at the inns. Hacer pucheros or puchericos, to bubble, to cry as children do.

PUD

PUCHES, f. m. pl. v. PUCHAS.

Comér su puchéro, to be satisfied with

little.

PUDICI'CIA, f. f. modesty, chastity. FUDO'R, f. m. modesty, shamefaced ness. PUDRICIO'N, f. f. corruption, PUDRIMIENTO, f. m.] rottennuss. PUDRIR, v. s. to sot. Pudrirse, v. r. to putrify, to become corrupted.

PUE PUE'BLA, f. f. a town or village. PUEBLEZUE'LO, f. m. a little town; also the mean fort of people, the mob. PUE'BLO, s. m. the populace, the people; also a town. PUE'NTE, s. f. a bridge. PTISA'NA, s. f. ptisan, a medical drink | Puénte de crisnésas y pája, a bridge of hurdles, and straw over them, bound with ropes cross a river, used in the West-Indies. Puénce levadiza, a draw-bridge. Puénte de rabé!, the bridge of a fiddle. Ojo de puénte, the arch of a bridge; ironically, the podex. PUENTECICA, PUENTECI'LLA, [f. f. diminuitves PUENTECITA, os puente. PUE'RCA, f. f. a fow. Also a hoga comb, or any sharp point sticking | Puérca de busóllo, the spindle of a distaff. tifications phas, are what we call | Puercas, f. f. pl. kernels growing in the throat or other parts of the body; also ridges in plowed land or gara dens. PUERCAME'NTE, adv. nastily, dire tily. PU'ERCO, adj. nafty, dirty, filthy. PUBERTA'D, f. f. puberty, the age of [Puérco, f. m. hog, boar; also pork, or fwines sless. Metaph. a nasly, dirty person. Puérco cewádo, a fatted hog. Puéren espín, a porcupine. Puérco montés, a wild boar. PUERICIA, f. f. boyith years, betwirk children and youth. fow or hog; alfo a little nut of a ferewa

mentioned in the gospel; they were [FUERIL, adj. boyish, childish. only farmers of the revenues paid to PUERILIDAD, f. f. boyilhnels. PUERILME'NTE, adv. boyishly. PUBLICA'R, v. a. to publish, to di- PUERQUEGIGO, As. in. a little PURRQUECI'LLO. (PUERQUECTTO, PUERQUEZUE'LO, 📜 also a little nally, or dirty person. PUERRO, f. m. a leek. PUE'RIA, f. f. a door, a gate, a ports hole. Puérta principal, fore door, great gate, Puerta traféra, puerta fálfa, back door,

Eller

Estar a la puérra, to be at the door; that is, to be ready at hand.

Abrir puérta, to facilitate, to make way. A esseria pubita, tell that story to another. A way of turning one away, as they do a briggar, bidding him go to the next door.

Echarlo a puértas, to spoil, to dellroy It.

Andar de puérta en puérta, to bez from door to door.

Prov. A puérta cerráda el diáblo se buelve, when the devil finds the door thut, he goes his way; that is, the devil does not prevail when a man fets his resolution against him; when a house is well secured, thieves are disappointed.

Prov. Donde una puerta se cierra otra Se abre, where one door is thut, another another hits.

Ponér puértas al canpo, to put gates to the fields.

PUERTECTCA, PUERTECI'LLA, f. f. a little door. PUERTECITA, PUERTEZUE'LA,

PUE'RTO, f. m. a port, a harbour, a haven.

Puérto séco, a país en mountains; a frontier town, where goods pay a duty.

Fuérto de arrebata cajas, any place that is much exposed to winds, which are always fluttering about a men's cloak.

PUE'S, adv. then fince.

PU'ESQUE, adv. fince that.

PUE'STA, f f. a flice, a cut, a piece, a portion, an allowance.

FUE'STO, adj. put, placed, set, slanding.

D spues del sol puésso, after sun-set.

Puésio, s. m. a place, a post, an employment; also a it and in a market, or other place, where goods are fold, not in a fliop.

Pucho que, adv. notwithstanding, although.

PUG

PUGA, f. f. obf. v. PU'A. PUGIL, f. m. a boxer. PUGNA, f. f. a battle, opposition. PUGNA'R, v. n. to firive, to contend, to fight. Puguáz, adj. warlike.

PUJ

TUJA, f. f. bidding above another in a fale.

Sucur de la púja, to be worse than another.

I'UJAMIE'NIO, f. m. bidding in a fale or authion; also thruthing or | pulling.

Dajamiento de sangre, an ovcillowing of blood.

PUJANIE, adj. Rong, powerful, prevalent.

IUJANZA, f. f. puillance, power, might.

PUJAR, v.n. to bid one above another, [as they do in an auction; also to puth, { to thraft.

PUJANA NTE, f. no a farrice's butscefs to pare horfes hoofs.

2 % (fO), L. m. a difference in the fundament femetimes canted by the flux; | PULSA'R, v. a. to touch; also to feel alfo a defire to go to flool, but in van.

P/U/L

I black ITUD, f. f. beauty, grace, landfomenels.

PDLCRO, adj. beau, fparkidi, womanilli.

PULGA, f. f. a flea.

Maia púlga, a troublesome fellow that dillurbs every body.

Prov. Echarle la pulga detras de la o cja, to send one away with a slea in [his ear.

PULGA'DA, f. f. an inch, the breadth of a thumb.

great toe.

Meniar los pulgares, to play at cards, to deal them out.

Hilado por éstos pulgares, the women that PUNIR. v. a. to punish. spin, and value themselves upon that PUNTA, f. f. the point of any sharp housewifry, say this when they shew their work; that is, it was spun with these thumbs.

PULGARA'DA, f. f. a motion of the thumb; also a thumb's breadth, an inch.

is opened; that is, when one fails, PULGO'N, f. m. a worm that cats the vines.

> PULGUE'RA, f. f. a place where there are many fleas; also an herb so called. PULGUI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of pulga: PULICIA, f. f. neatness, civility, courtefy, good behaviour.

PULIDAME'NTE, adv. neatly, politely.

PULIDE'RO, f. m. a cloth women hold in their hands when they wind | thread to make it smooth.

I'ULIDE'Z, } f. f. politeness.

[ULIDILLO, f. m. a little nice fellow.] PULI'DO, adj. neat, spruce, tight.

PULIDO'R, f. m. he who polishes; also any instrument to polish with.

PULIME'NTO, f. m. polishing, sprucing, making neat.

Dur pulimento, among statuaries, to sinish, to give the last strokes to a figure.

PULI'R, v. a. to polish, to make fine or curious.

PU'LLA, f. f. joke, jest, banter.

PULMO'N, f. m. the lungs. Pulmón marino, a bright froth in the sea

that shines. PULMONA'RIA, f. f. the herb lung-

wort or pulmonary. PULMONIA, f. f. an inflamation in

the lungs. PU'LPA, f. f. pulp, the flesh of any

fruit or the like; also any soft mass. Carne de púlpa, flesh without bones.

PULPE'JO, s. m. the brawny slesh of PUNTAPIE, s. m. a kick, a spurn. arms, legs, and fingers. PULPERIA, s. s. in the West-Indies, PUNTEA'R, v. a. to play upon any

the fliops where they fell wine, brandy, | and other spirits, and many other wares.

keeps one of the shops called $\mu u' - |PUNTERPA$, f. f. upon the level, puria.

FU'LPITO, f. m. a pulpit.

feet, or pourcontrel, which has no l bones.

PULPO'SO, adj. pulpous, having flesh, without bones.

PULQUE, f. m. the juice of a tree called | magney, in New-Spain, mixed with Asirmár úna cósa a pies puntulas, to alother ingredients.

PULQUERUA, f. f. the place where they fell the liquor called phlque.

PULSACIO'N, I. f. the feeling of the pulfe.

PULSADA, f. f. the beating of the PUNTILLO'N, f. m. vide PUNTILLA'. pulfe.

one's pulle; also to pulse, to beat as the pulle.

PULSO, f. m. the pulse.

Tomár el pulso á un regório, to sound a bufine fs.

Quedar for puller, to be so surprised, or attonified, that the blood Ragnates and the pulse ceases to beat.

PULULA'R, v. n. to bud out.

PUN

PUNDONO'R, f. m. point of honour, a nicety in honour. PUNDONORO'SO, adj. nice in points

of honour. PULGA'R, s. m. the thumb; also the PUNGIMIE'NIO, s. m. a pricking, PUNGIR, v. a. to punch, to prick,

Metaph, to vex, to nettle. PUNICIO'N, f. f. punishment.

thing; a prick.

Púnta de agrio, a touch of sharpness er fowerness. Tenér punta el vino, is for wine to be

pricked. Jugar à punta y cabéza, children's play at heads and points.

Dob'ar la punta, to double a point of land at sea; that is, to get about it. Hacer punta, to oppose, to contradici. Heir de punta, to throst or wound with

the point of a weapon. Hacer funta el balcon, to fly off from his

game; said of the hawk. Ofricer algo por la punta de la espada, to offer a thing by the point of a fword, Arniddo de punta en blanco, armed cap.

a-pee. Tenér uno sus puntas y collar, to have point and collar; that is, to be

haughty. Prov. Chica es la punta de la essina, mes à quien duéle no la obvida, the point of a fish-bone is small, but he who is hurt by it does not forget it; that is, a small hurt or wrong in the eyes of another is not forgot by him that feels it.

Puntas, pl. lace; so called because they were formerly pointed.

Púntas de tramoya, a particular sort of lace used formerly.

PUNTACIO'N, f. f. pointing in write ing.

PUNTA'DA, s. f. a stitch.

Dar una puntáda en un negócio, to put a word in, to move a point in a buliness.

PUNTALL, f. m. a prop, a shore sor a house or the like; among sailors the depth of a ship from the deck to the bottom of the hold.

PUNTA'R, v. a. to point, to tharpen

Aringed instrument by pricking the fprings; also to prick, to point, and to flitch.

PULPE'RO, f. m. a retailer, one that PUNTE'RA, f. f. the herb houseleek. shooring point blank at a mark; allo a chifel to pare flones with.

PULPO, f. m. a fish called many- | PUNIE'RO, f. m. a fescue children ule when they learn to read.

PUNTIAGUDO, adj. fharp-pointed. Puntillus, f. f. pl. dim. of funtas. allo the tips of the toes.

Andar de puntidas, to walk on tip-tocfirm a thing positively, as if a man flood on tip-toe for cagerness.

PUNTILLAZO, f. m. a kick, 1 fpurn.

PUNITLEO, f. m. a little point. ZO,

PUNTO, f. m. a point, a moment, a flitch, the fize of a shoe, the acc at cards or dice. Also a note in milfiele.

Pou un punto entre effes palábras, makea point, or a punctum between those words.

Vendré en un punto, I will come in a moment.

Lat in

Zapato de tantos puntos, a shoe of such a fize.

Punto y rey, the ace and king at cards. Punto de escopéta, the fight to take aim by in a gun.

Hombre de punto, a man of honour.

Punto en bóca, filence.

Dar punto, to give over; also to give a hint.

Al punto, adv. immediately.

Enar en su punto, to be just as ought to be.

Ir al punto del negócio, to come to the

point. Lleg ar à punto, to come in the nick of time.

Sin descrepar un punto, without varying or differing a jot.

Punto por léira, a term among musicians in thort compositions, when there is

En buen punto or en mal punto, in a lucky or an unlucky minute,

A punto crudo, a day after the fair. Curar de punto, to cure a wound, stitch-

ing it ap. Puntos, the plural of punto.

Púntos dereolgía, points in divinity.

Dar termino por puntos, to give very thort respites.

Ganar por puntos, to reckon more pips at cards.

Ponér los puntos en la wista, to take aim with a gun, bringing the fights of the piece to the eye.

PUNTO'SO, adj. having many points; also punctilious.

PUNTUACIO'N, s. f. pointing in writing

PUNTUA'L, adj. punctual. PUNTUALIDA'D, f. f. exactness. PUNIUALME'NTE, adv. punctually.

PUNTUA'R, v. a. to point in writing. PUNTU'RA, f. f. pointing, pricking. PUNZA'DA, f. f. a punch, a thrust, a prick; also grief, trouble.

PUNZADU'RA, s. f. idem.

PUNZA'R, v. a. to punch, to thrust, PURIFICACIO'N, f. f. purification, to prick; also to trouble.

PUNZO'N, f. m. a bodkin. PUNZONCI'CO, f. m. a little bod-

kin.

PUn

PUn A'DA, s. f. a blow with a fift; also a handful.

Prov. A punadas éntran las buenas badas, good luck comes in by cuffing; that is, a man must struggle and take PURO, adj. pure, clean, without mixpains to be fortunate.

Prov. Dar una punada en el cielo, to PU'RPURA, f. f. purple. strike at heaven; to aim at impossibilities; to be very wicked and fly in the face of heaven; to contend with or offend those, that are so much above us that we cannot reach them.

PUnA'DO, f. m a handful, a gripe, as much as a man can grasp in his

PUnA'L, f. m. a dagger, a poniard. PUnALA'DA, f. f. a stab with a dag-

 $P\ddot{U}\bar{n}A'R$, v. a. vide PUGNA'R. $PU\tilde{n}E'TE$, f. m. a blow with the fift. Punctes, f. m. pl. russles, such as we wear at the wrifts.

PU'nO, f. m. a fift; the handle of a fword, dagger, or other fuch thing; sometimes a handful; among sailors, the clue, which is the lower corner of the fail that reaches down to the place where the tacks and sheets are made fall to the fail,

*

Puños, f. m. ruffles or cuffs for the wrists; and, in sea-terms, the clues for the fails.

PUP

PU'PA, f. f. the pultule of a pimple. PUPILA'GE, f. m. a house where they keep young scholars at bed and board, a boarding-school.

PUPILE'RO, f. m. he that keeps a boarding-school, or a house for young scholars to board in.

PUPI'LO, f. m. a pupil, a fatherless child, or one that is under the tuition of another; or that is at a boardingschool, or under a tutor. PUPO'SO, adj. pimpled, scabby.

but one note allowed to every sylla- PURAME'NTE, adv. purely, fincere-

PURE'ZA, f. f. purity. PU'RGA, f f. a purge.

PURGACIO'N, f. f. purging, cleanfing, clearing; women's courses.

PURGA'R, v.a. to purge, to cleanse, to clear.

PURGATI'NO, adj. purging. PURGATO'RIO, I. m. purgatory, a place of cleanfing.

PURIDA'D, f. f. purity. It was also used for secrecy.

Prov. A quién dices tu puridad, a essé das tu liberiad, to him you tell your secret, to him you resign your liberty; that is, when you have trusted a man with a secret, he keeps you in awe. Prov. Puridad de dos, puridad de Dios;

puridad de tres de todos es, a secret between two is God's secret, a secret between three is every body's; that is, two may keep a fecret, but when three have it, every body has it.

Prov. Quien guarda puridad, escusa múcho mal, he that keeps a secret, prevents much mischief. The revealing of secrets often does much harm.

cleanfing.

La Purificación de nuéstra Señora, the fease of the Purification of our Lady; Candlemas-day.

PURIFICADO'R, f. m. one that cleanses or purifies; also a little cloth with which the priest wipes the chalice after receiving the facrament.

PURIFICA'R, v. a. to purify, to cleanse.

ture, untainted, unspotted, undefiled.

PURPURA'R, v. a. to dye any thing of a purple colour, to colour with purple; also to dress with purple.

PURPUREA'R, v. n. to be of a purple colour.

PURPU'REO, adj. of a purple colour. PURR'ELA, f. f. a low kind of winc. PURULE'NTO, adj. full of pus.

PUS

PU'S, f. m. pus, the matter of a well digested fore. PU.ILA'NIME, adj. pusillanimous,

fainthearted. PUSILANIMIDA'D, f. f. pufillanimity,

faint-heartedness. PUSTU'LA, f. f. a pustule.

PUTA, f. f. a whore, a harlot.

Púta barbacanéra, a whore that plies among foldiers about the walls of a town; a camp whose.

Pûta carcavéra, f. f. a whore; one that haunts church-yards.

Púta matréra, s.f. a cunning whore. Prov. Ayer pulas oy comástres, yesterday whores, and to day goffips; said of mean scolding women, who revile one another one hour, and are friends the next.

Prov. Pútas, y dados, y cominos de odre, matan al hombre, whores, dice, and wine, kill and destroy a man.

Prov. Ala puta y al juglar, à la vejéz le viène mal, a whore and a buffoon fare ill in their old age.

Prov. A la puia y a la trucha, do no catáres la búsca, fook for a whore and a trout where you least expect to find them. You may light of them in very unlikely places.

Prov. Guardate de puta, que dexa labelsa enxuía, take heed of a whore who leaves thy purse empty.

Prov. La pu'a y la cornéja, mas se lava mas négra, a whore and a daw, the more they wash, the blackerthey look. Prov. Putas y alcabuetas, todas son tretas, whores and bawds are all made up of tricks.

PUTAI'SMO, f. m. v. PUTANI'SMO. PUTAnEA'R, v. n. to follow whores. PUTAZE'RO, f. m. a whore-master. PUTANI'SMO, f. m. the tribe or race

of whores. PUTATIVO, adj. reputed, supposed to

PUTEA'L, f. m. a pitcher. PUTEA'R, v. n. to play the whore; to follow whores.

PUTERIA, f. f. a bawdy-house; also whoredom.

Prov. Putería ni burto, núnca se encubre mucho, whoredom and theft are never long concealed.

PUTESCAME'NTE, adv. whorishly. PUTE'SCO, aj p whorish.

PUTICO, } f. m. a bardash.

PUTREFACIO'N, f. f. putrefaction, corruption, rottenness. PUTRIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted by putrefaction.

PUZO'L, f. m. a kind of fand so called.

PYG

PYGN'RGO, f. m. a kind of wild goat; also a kind of eagle or hawk.

PYR

PY'RA, s. f. a pile to burn dend bodies. PTRAMIDA'L, adj. pyramidal, having the form of a pyramid.

PYRAMIDALME'NTE, adv pyramidically, in form of a pyramid. PYR MIDE, f. f. pyramid, in geo-

metry, is a solid figure, whose base is a polygon, and whose sides are plain triangles, their several points meeting in one.

Pyramides, pl. in cant, the legs. PTROMANCI'A, f. f. pyromancy, divination by fire.

PYROMA'NTICO, f. m. one supposed to divine by fire.

PTRO'PO, f. m. a carbuncle, a jewel so called.

PYXIXDE, f. f. a little box; also the pit or box in which the Roman priests keep the holy hoft.

there is always an wafter this letter.

QUADE'RNA, f. f. the garnet; a tackle, wherewith they hoise casks and goods into ships.

QUADERNA'RIO, adj. made of four parts.

QUADERNI'LLO, f. m. a fmall pocketbook; also five sheets of paper.

QUADE'RNO, f. m. a sheet of paper folded in four. Among printers, as much as goes under one letter in a fignature.

Quadérno, a little book, made of some sheets of paper; also a suit of cards to play with.

QUADRA, f. f. a room, or chamber in a house; also the square plot the the house stands on; that part of the ship called the quarter; in architecture, that square that contains an inscription; in horsemanship, the chest of a horse.

Caballo ancho de quada, a full-chested horse.

QUADRA'DA, s. f. in cant, a purse. QUADRA'DO. s. m. the gusset in a QUALQUI'ERA, \ pron. any. shirt, the square piece under the arm; QUAMA'nO? how big? and the clock in a stocking.

QUADRAGENARIO, adj. forty years old.

QUADRAGE'SIMA, I. f. lent. QUADRAGESIMA'L, adj. belonging QUANTIDA'D, f. f. quantity, abun- Quatro tanto, four times as much. to lent.

QUADRAGE'SIMO, adj. the fortieth. *QUADRANGULA'R*, adj. quadrangular, fquare.

QUADRA'NGULO, f. m. a quadrangle, a fquare.

QUADRA'NTE, f. m. a quadrant, a mathematical instrument so called.

QUADRA'R, v. a. to square; metaph. to fuit with one's humour or inclination; also to agree, to please.

QUADRATU'RA, s. s. a squaring or fitting.

QUADRE'TE, s. m. a little square banner. QUADRIENNA'L, adj. of four years.

QUADRIENNIO, f. m. the space of four years.

QUADRIGA, f.f. a coach or cart with four horfes.

QUADRIL, f. m. the hip. QUADRILA'TERO adj. quadrilateral, having four sides.

QUADRILLA, f. f. a troop or com- QUARESMAL, adj. of or belonging pany of men; a gang.

trooper of what they call the holy apprehending and punishing of robbers on the high-way.

QUADRILLO, f. m. a little square court, or square bed in a garden. QUADRIME'STRE, adj, the space of

four months. QUADRIN, f. in. a finall coin like a

farthing. QUADRI'PLE, adj. quadruple, made QUARTANA'RIO, f. m. one that has QUEBRADU'RA, f. f. a breaking, a

with four. QUADRISTLAIDO, adj quadrifyl- QUARTAR, v. a. to turn the land with QUEBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a bankrupt-

lable. QUADRIVIO, f. m. a place having QUARIEA'R, v. a. to quarter, to di- QUEBRANTA'BLE, adj. frangible.

four ways meeting in a point. QUADRIFISTA, I. m. one who uses QUARTEI, f. m. quarters for solfour measures in an affair.

QUADRO, f. m. a fquare; also a picture.

Quádro, a square bed in a garden.

Quadro, any trame, also a dagger, in cant.

Quadros, pl. in cant, dice. 更UADRUPEDE, f. m. a four-footed

benit.

QUADRU'PLA, s. f. quadruple, proportion in music.

QUADRUPLA'R, v. a. to quadruple. QUADRUPLICACIO'N, f. f. a quadruplication.

QUADRUPLICA'R, v. a. to quadruplicate, to double twice.

QUADRU'PLO, adj. fourfold. QUAJA'DA, f. f. milk hardened with rennet.

QUAJADI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of

quajâda. QUATALE'CHE, f. f. the herb cheesewort; so called, because it turns QUARTO, s. m. a small brase coin; a milk.

QUAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. curding, congealing.

QUAJAR, v. a. to curd, to congeal, to thicken.

Quajar, s. m. the paunch, or entrails of any creature.

QUAJARE'JO, s. m. a little paunch QUARTO'N, s. m. a quarter, or the or entrails.

QUAJO, f. m. rennet to make cheese. ZUA'L, pron. which. Qual y qual, here and there one, a very

few.

QUALESQUYER & QUALESQUYE-RA, pron. which soever.

QUALIDA'D, s. f. vide CALIDA'D. QUALQUI'ER,

QUA'NDO, adv. when.

Cáda y quándo, whensoever, at any Quáiro cicutos, four hundred. time.

Quándo quiéra, whensoever, at any time. | Quátro mil, four thousand. dance.

QUANTIO'SO, adj. in great quantity, Quairo de menor, in cant, an ass. abundance; also rich.

Caballéro quantióso, a gentleman obliged to keep horse and arms; a wealthy gentleman; one of a confiderable estate. QUA'NTO? adj. how much?

Quantos? how many? Quanto mas? how much more?

Quanto media legua, about half a league. Quanto quiera, as much soever.

QUARA'NGO, f. m. the tree that produces the Jesuit's bark.

QUARE'NTA, adj. forty.

QUARENTE'NA, f. f. a quarentain; the forty days of Lent; also the forty days persons, coming from places Que dice usted? what do you say? supposed to be insected with the QUEBRA'DA, s. f. break; unevenplague, are obliged to stay in the pest-house.

QUARENTE'SMO, adj. belonging to forty.

QUARE'SMA, f. f. Lent.

to the time of Lent.

QUADRILLE'RO, f. m. an officer or QUA'RTA, f. f. a quarter of a yard, a quarter of an ounce.

brotherhood, an institution for the QUARTAGO, s. m. a nag, a small horfe.

QUARTA'L, f. m. a quarter, a fourth part of any measure.

QUARTA'NA, f. f. the quartan ague. Prov. Por quartana, núnca se tane campána, a bell was never sung for a Quebrádos, fractions in arithmetick, quartan ague; that is, people do not | die of it.

a quartan ague.

a plough for the fourth time.

vide into quarters.

diers; a fourth part of a galley; al QUEBRANTAHUE'SSOS, f. m. a foit so a grass plot or square bed in a of eagle. garden; also the word quarter, used QUEBRANTAMIE'NTO, s. m. breakamong soldiers when they ask their ing; also tiring and wearines; forelife on en emy.

vided into four parts, as a coat of

arme.

quarter of any thing, of any weight

Quarteron, s.m. the son of a black man and a Spanish woman.

QUARTETES, f. m. a fort of poetry, each stanza consisting of four verses, QUARTI'LLA, s. f. a little quartern; also the pasterns of a horse or other

beast. QUARTI'LLO, f. m. the fourth part of the liquid measure, called an aximi bre; a fourth part of any other thing; a fmall copper coin so called.

quarter of mutton, or other meat; also an apartment in a house.

Quarto del alva, the third watch; that is, break of day-watch.

Quárto de modorra, the drowfy watch, being that next the morning when people are sound asleep.

fourth part of a large piece of timber sawed into sour length-ways. QUA'SI, adv. vide CA'SI.

QUATRA'LBO, adj. that has four white feet.

Quairálbo, s. m. a commodore of four galleys.

QUATRE'RO, s. m. a horse-stealer. QUATRIDIA'NO, adj. of four days standing.

QUATRI'N, f. m. vide QUADRI'N. QUA'TRO, f. m. four.

Quátro dobládo, four-fold.

Quatro témporas, the four Ember weeks.

QUATROPE'A, s. f. in cant, a sour. footed beast.

QUE

QUE, pron. what; also that, to the end that.

Para que haces esso? to what purpose, or why do you do that? Para que venga bien, that, or to the end

that it may fit. Dice que vayas, he says that you go, or he bids you go.

No hay para que, there is no occasion. Que bora es? what hour is it?

ness, breach; in falconry, a fault. Cogér de quebrada, it is said when a hawk brings down a partridge at the fecond flight.

Ondas quebradas, broken billows at

QUEBRADE'RO de cahéza, a piece of impertinence, or any tedious troublesome thing that troubles one's head.

QUEBRADIZO, adj. that is apt to break. QUEBRA'DO, s. m. in poetry, a short verle inserted in every stanza of verles

of a longer fort. broken numbers.

QUEBRADO'R, f. m. one that breakt. rupture.

cy; used only in this sense.

QUEBRANTADO'R, f. m. a breaker,

a braifer.

ness, a bruising. QUARTELA'DO, adj. in blasonry, di- QUEBRANTA'R, v. a. to break, to

bruife, to weaken, to tire. QUEBRA'R, v. a. to break.

QUARTERO'N, f. m. a quartern, a Quebrar el ojo al diáblo, to make merty.

tradesmen do.

broken belly.

QUE'DA, s. f. the nine-o'clock bell, when all should be at home, and after which the watch secures suspicious persons, or such as are found with unlawful weapons.

QUEDA'DA, s. f. a staying:

OUEDA'R, v. n. to stay, to remain: Quedarse en el sermon, to be out or at a stand in a sermon.

QUEDITO, adv. foftly, gently. QUE'DO, adj. quiet, still; adv. used, foftly, gently.

QUE'JA, s. f. a complaint.

Dar quéja, to make a complaint; to bring an action into court for a wrong received:

Baxar de su quéja, to let fall a suit commenced.

QUEJA'RSE, v. r. to complain: OUETICO'SO, adj. one who is always complaining.

QUETIDO, i. m. complaint, lament. QUETO'SO, adj. one who complains of QUIE'N, pron. who. another.

QUE'LDRA, f. f. a cellar or vault under ground; a word only used by

QUEMA'DA, \ ing.

QUEMADE'RO, f. m: the place where malefactors are burnt.

QUEMADO'R, f. m. he who burns. QUEMADU'RA, f. f. a burn or burning; also a blast or blasting.

QUEMA'R, v. a. to burn; also to blast.

Querar la hacienda, to destroy; to waste an estate.

Quemarse, v. r. to burn one's self. QUEMAZO'N, f. f. heart-burning, vexation.

QUENTA, f. f. vide CUENTA. QUERE'LLA, f. f. a complaint; a quarrel.

QUERELLADO'R, f. m. one who

complains; one who quarrels. quarrel.

QUERELLO'SO, adj complaining; quarrelsome.

the place any beast generally resorts to, as a hare to her form, a fox to her kennel, &c.

QUERE'R, v. a. to will, to have a will, to defire, to love.

Prov. Quién todo lo quiére, todo lo piérde, all covet, all lose.

Querér, s. m. love, will, inclination. QUERIDI'LLO, f. m. a little savou-

QUERI'DO, f. m. one beloved. Mi querido, my dear.

QUESA'DA, f. f. a checke-cake.

QUESADI'LLA, f. f. a little cheefecake.

QUESE'RA, f. f. a woman that makes or fells cheefe.

QUESERI'A, f. f. a cheesemonger's thop or a dairy where cheese is made. QUINCE'NO, adj. fifteenth. QUESE'RO, f. fm a cheesemonger. QUESILLO, f. m. a fmall cheefe.

QUE'SO, f. m. chcefe. Tanto quéso como pan, make the bread! and cheese even.

cheese; that is, to endeavour to enfnare a man with some trifle,

QUE'STA, f. f. a lawful begging, a begging by brief.

QUESTION, f. f. a question; a controversy, a debate, a quarrel.

Questión de terménte, an examination of un offender upon the rack.

Questionalk, v. a. to question, to examine.

Quebrar como mercader, to break as QuESTIONCI'LLA, s. f. a little con- QUINQUILLERI'AS, s. f. pl. all sorts troversy, contest, or quarrel.

Quibrarse, v. r. to get a rupture, or QuESTO'R, s. m. a questor, a great QUINTA, s. s. a country-house, a farmmagistrate in Rome, who had charge of the publick treasure.

Quessór de orden religiosa, a friar that begs for his order.

QUEXIGA'L, s.m. a grove of wild ashtrees.

QUEXI'GO, s. m. a wild ash-tree.

QUI

QUICIA'L, f. m. the place on which the hinges of the door are made fast. QUI'CIO, s.m. a hinge.

Sacar de su quicio, to unhinge, to force a thing from its netural place; metaph. to fret a man out of his wits.

QUIE'BRA, s. f. a breach a tradesman breaking; heart-breaking, forrow.

Qu'ébra de péñas, a clest in a rock, a broken precipice.

Quiébras, pli in music, those we call břesks.

Quién es? the question when one knocks at the door, who is it? who is there?

foldiers.

QUIENQUIE'R,

QUE'MA,

Is f. a burning of blast- QUIENQUIE'RA,

Pron. whosoever: QUIETAME'NTE, adv. quietly; peaceably.

> QUIETA'R, v. a. to quiet, to still, to hush, to appease, to pacify; also to be quiet, to rest.

persons are obliged to be hashed and quiet.

QUIETO, s. m. quiet still.

QUIETU'D, f. f. quietness, stillness, QUITAMIE'NTO, f. m. the taking reit, eafe.

QUILAT ADO'R, s. m. a resiner of gold | Quitamiénto de casúdos, a divorce. and filver.

QUILATA'R, v. a. to try as gold, to refine, to bring to perfection.

QUILATE, f. m. a carat of gold; the fineness or touch of gold; the perfect QUITAPESA'RES, s. m. a pleasant tion of any thing.

little,

De muchos quilates, of great value: QUERENCIA, f. f. love, liking; also which is the first timber laid; and the basis to which all the rest are fastened.

QUILLO'TRO, s. m. disturbance, trouble.

QUI'LMA, f. f. a bag, a pouch. QUINA, f. f. the Jesuit's

QUINAQUI'NA, § bark. QUINA'O, among fludents, the run- QUIXA'L, I.m. the grinder or hinderarguing one has so confuted the other,] that he has nothing to answer.

QUINAS, f. f. pl. the arms of Portu- | cial canal. gal; so called, because they are five QUIXO, some the ore of any silver or escutcheons, and each of them sive bezants.

Quinas, on the dice, two sives; in cant, money.

QUINCE. f. m. fifteen.

QUINCURIO'N, f. m. the chief, or

leader of five foldiers. QUINDE'NNIO, f. m. the space of fifteen years.

QUINIE'NTOS, adj. five hundred. Armar con queso, to bait a trap with QUINIETOS, s. m. a fort of woollen

fluff fo called. QUINO'N, f. m. a part, a portion, a

thare; also the fifth part of a ploughed land. QUITONE'RO, f. m. one that di-

vides lands, or that has a mare in the Jand. QUI'NOLAS, f. f. pl. a game at

cards, QUINQUAGE'SIMO, adj. fiftioth. of small iron-ware.

house, a farm.

Quinta, s. f. in music, the sisth, or z diapente.

Ponérse en quintas, to oppose one another.

QUINTA'L, f. m. an hundred weight. QUINTICUTDA'DOS, s. m. a pleasant person that diverts sorrow. QUINTA'R, v. a. to take the fifth.

Tércio quintado, a regiment made up by taking every fifth man out of some other numbers.

QUINTERI'A, f. f. a farm that pays the fifth of its product to the land. lord.

QUINTE'RNO, f. m. the number of leaves the fignature runs through in printing.

QUINTE'RO, s. m. a sarmer. QUINTI'LLAS, s. f. pl. a sort of poetry that has five verses in every stanza.

QUI'NTO, adj. the fifth. QUINTUPLO, adj. five-fold.

QUIQUIRI'QUI, s. m. the children's play at hide and seek.

QUIRITE, s. m. a Roman gentleman of old.

QUISICO'SA, s. f. a riddle.

QUISTIO'N, f. f. vide QUESTION. QUI'STO, p. p. of que ér.

Bién quisso, well beloved; mal quisso, ill beloved.

QUITACIO'N. f. f. servants wages. QUIETE, f. m. the hours religious QUITACUYDA'DOS, f. m. a merry fellow that drives away forrow.

QUITADO'R, f. m. who takes away or removes:

away, removing; also quitting.

QUITA'NZA, s. f. an acquittance, a discharge, receipt in full.

QUITAPELI'LLOS, s. m. a statterer, a pick-thank.

man that diverts forrow. QUERELLA'R, v. n. to complain; to De baxos quilates, of base allay, worth QUITA'R, v. a. to take away, to remove, to quit

> Quitarse los casados, to be divorced. QUI'LLA, f. f. the keel of a ship, Vender al quitar, to sell, reserving a right of redemption.

QUITASO'L, f. m. an umbrella used to keep off the fun.

QUITATE de ai, stand away, get out of the way, remove thence.

QUITE, quit; a word most used among gamesters.

QUIXA'DA, f.f. a jaw.

ning down of one; that is, when at | QUIXA'R, | tooth; also the jawbone.

QUIXE'RO, f. m. the fide of an artifi-

golden mine. QUIXO'NES, f. m. pl. bastard parsley.

QUIXOTA'DA, f. f. any ridiculous ac. tion committed seriously.

QUIXO'TES, f. m. pl. armour for the thighs; also any foolish serious perfons.

QUIZAS, Jadv. perhaps.

QUOCIE'NIE, f. m. the quotient in arithmetic.

QUO'TA, f. f. an aliquot part; alfo a quota, or one perfor's flute or part a quotation or a marginal note.

QUOTIDIANAME'NTE, ade. daily. QUOTIDIA' NO, adj. daily, that happens every day.

QUOTIDIE, adv. vide QUOTIDIA. NAME'NTE.

R

Is pronouced as in English.

R A B

RABADA'N, f. m. a chief among the mepherds.

RABADI'LLA, f. f. the rump of a bird.

RABADO'QUIN, f. m. a fort of long

RABANA'L, f. m. a spot of ground where radishes grow.

RABANE'RO, adj. short, said of a garment.

RABANI'LLO, f m. a little radish; also the taste of wine that begins to be pricked.

RABANI'ZA, f. f. the feed of radishes.

RA'BANO, f. m. a radish.

RABEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.

RABE'L, f. m. a rebeck, a little fort of | RADICALME'NTE, adv. radically. a fiddle with only three strings, used | RADICA'R, v. n. to cast roots. by shepherds.

RABELE'JO, I f. m. a little rebeck or RABELI'LLO, \(\) fiddle.

RABE'RA, f. f. the hind part of any thing.

RA'BIA, s. f. fury, rage, madness. RABIA'R, v. n. to rage, to be furious or mad; to run mad.

RABICA'NO, s. m. a horse or other RAEDE'RA, s. f. a scraper; a scraping creature with a grey tail.

RABICO'RTO, adj. short tailed; or that wears short cloaths or a short tail.

RABIETA, f. f. fretting. RABI'LLO, f. m. a little tail.

RABINI'SMO, f. m. the doctrine of the rabbies or masters among the RAE'Z, adj. obs. easy, easily done. Jews.

RABI'NO, a rabbi, a master among the Jews.

RABIOS AME'NTE, adv. outrageously, RAFA, s. f. a buttress or small piece furiously, madly, like a mad dog.

RABIO'SO, adj. outrageous, furious, mad, a mad dog.

RABIRU'BIO, f. m. a bird with a RAFE'Z, ? red tail; there is also a fish of this RAHE'Z, adj. obs. low, mean. name.

RABISE'CO, adj. dry-tailed; poor, lean, flarveling; that answers short and inappish.

RABIZA, s. f. the tip of a fishing-rod; RAPBLE, adj. that may be razed. in cant, a drab, a trull, a whore.

RA'BO, f. m. the tail, the fundament.

R. bo de vestidura, the tail of a garment,

Rabo de mula, the herb horse-tail.

Rabo de junco, the herb called a wagtail.

Rabo de puerco, the herb called maidenweed.

Ir con el rabo entre piernas, to go away with his tail betwixt his legs.

Aun està el rabo por desollar, the tail is not yet flead; there is still some dissiculty.

Prov. De rabo de puerco, nunca buen viibte, you can never make a good shaft of a pig's tail. There is no making a filk purfe of a fow's ear.

RABO'N, f. m. any thing that has a fhort tail.

RABOSEA'F, v. a. to bespatter, to stain lightly.

RABO'SO, adj. that has many tails; RAJETA, f. f. a kind of cloth fo alfo daggled, that has a daggled tail.

RABU'DO, that has a tail.

RAC

RACAME'NTO, f. m. the parel which

goes about the mast in a ship, and RALEAR, v. a. to make thin, to grow holds the yard to the mast. RACINI'LLO, f. m. a little bunch of |

grapes. RACI'MO, s. m. a bunch, a cluster. RACIOCINACIO'N, f. f. greasoning. RACIOCI'NIO, f. m. RACIOCINA'R, v. n. to reason.

RACIO'N, f. f. a ration, a portion or allowance; also board-wages. RACIONA'L, adj. rational.

RATIONALIDAD, s. f. rationality, the power of reasoning.

RACIONALMENTE, adv. rationally, reasonably, according to reason.

RACIONE'RO, f. m. a petty canon of a church.

R A D

RA'DA, f. f. a bay, a harbour, a road.

RADIA'NTE, adj. radiant, bright, ef fulgent.

RADICACIO'N, f. f radication. RADICA'L, adj. radical. Humor radicál. radical moisture.

RA'DIO, s. m. sometimes taken for the needle in a sea-compass, the radius of an arch.

RADIO'SO, adj. splendid, glittering, thining.

RAE

tool.

RAEDU'RA, f. f. the act of scraping or the thing scraped or rasped off; also razing of writing.

RAE'R, v. a. to scrape, to rasp, to raze.

Raér con rástro, to rake.

RAF

of brick like a pillar, set at distances | RAMO'SO, adj. full of boughs. in mud walls to strengthen them. RA'FAGA, f. f. a gust of wind.

RAHEZA'RSE, v. r. obs. to demean oneself.

RAI

RAICI'LLA, f. f. a small root. RAIGA'L, adj. relating to a root. RAIGA'MBRE, f. f. all the roots of a plant or tree.

RAIGA'R, v. n. v. ARRAIGA'RSE. RAIGO'N, f. m. a very large old | 1001

RAI'Z, f. f. a root; also the bottom or lower part of any thing. Raiz, the original, the first cause.

$R \Lambda J$

RAJA, s. f. a chip, a lath; also cloth rath.

Hacerse rajas, to take much pains, to toil much; also to beat, or hack one] another to pieces.

RAJADI'LLO, f. m a kind of sweetmeat.

RAJA'R, v. a. to hew, to cleave, to RANGIO'SO, adj. rufly, rank, fiale. split; metaph, to tell many boastling | RANCO'R, s. m. rancour, malice. lies; to crack.

called.

RAJUE'LA, f. f. a little chip.

RAL

RALE'A, f. f. a race, flock, kind, or breed.

RALE'ZA, f. f. thinness. RALLADU'RA, f. f. grating. RALLA'R, v. a. to grate. RA'LLO. f. m. a grater. RA'LO, adj thin.

RAM

RAMA, s. f. a twig, a small bough of a tree.

Asírse a las râmas, to lay hold of the tivigs, to catch at straws.

R IMA'DA, s. f. an arbour, a hut made of bough.

RAMADA'N, f. m. a fast kept by the Mahometans. RAMA'L, f. m. the end of a cord un-

twifted. RAMALA'ZO, f. m. a blow with the

ramal. RA'MBLA, f. f. a gravelly or fandy place.

RAME'RA, f. f. a harlot, a common whore.

RAMERI'A, f. f. a bawdy-house.

RAME'RO, f. m. in falconry, a young hawk taken out of a nest, that can hop from bough to bough, called in En. glish a brancher.

RĂMERUE'LA, f. f. a poor distressed whore.

RAMIFICACIO'N, f. f. a flooting out of branches, as trees do. RAMIFICAR, v. n. to shoot out branches

as trees do. RAMILLE'TE, f. m. a nosegay. RAMILLETE'RO, f. m. one who makes

nosegays. RAMI'LLO, I f. m. a little bough, RAMI'TO, f twig, or branch. RA'MO, f. m. a bough, a branch.

Rámo de tabérna, a tavern bush. Domingo de ramos, Palm-sunday. RAMO'N, f. m. a small bough or twig, fuch as shepherds break from trees in

winter to give their sheep. RAMONEA'R, v. n. to gather or cut fmall twigs for sheep.

RAMPA, f. f. the cramp.

RAMPA'NTE, adj. rampant, a term in heraldry. RAMPLO'N, f. m. a ramping fellow; also a caulkin for a horse-shoe,

Herrar de ramplon, to shoe a horse with caulkins. RAMPLONCI'LLO, f. m. a little caulk for a horse-shoe.

RAMPO'JOS, f. m. calthrops, crows feet; also the thorns or prickles of briars.

RAN

RA'NA, f. f. a frog. Rána zárzal, f. f. a land frog.

Prov. Cánta la rána, y no tient peloni là :a, the frog fings, and yet she has neither hair nor wool; content may abide with poverty. RANACUA'JO, f. m. a little frog.

RANCHERIA, f. f. a row of huts or tents, quarters, lodging.

RA'NCHO, f. m. a quarter among loldiers, their quarters; also a mels on board a ship.

Ráncho de santa barbara, the gun-100m in a ship.

RA'NGIO, adj. rufty, rank, flale. RANDA, f. f. laca.

RANI'LLA, f. m. a little frog; alfothe pattern of a horfe.

Ranitlas, pl. the scratches in a horse's heels. RANU'NCULO, f. m. n flower so called.

$\mathbf{R} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P}$

RAPACE'70, f. m a little boy; also a thagged

a shagged end of a cloth or of any RASCUNA'R, v. a. to scratch. RAP ACERIA, s. f. a boyish trick; alfo a gang of boys. RAPACIDA'D, f. f. rapaciousness, ra-

venousnels, avarice, greedincs. RAPACI'LLA, f. f. a pretty young

girl. RAPADU'RA, f. f. the act of scraping

or shaving, or the state of being scraped or flaved.

RAPAGO'N, f. m. a great, lufty lad, neither boy nor man.

RAPA'R, v. a. to shave, to trim, to clip, to pare, to peel. In an obsolete sense, to take away by force.

RAP'AZ, f. m. a boy. Rajáz, adj. rapacious, given to snatching, stealing, or taking away by

force. Prov. Cuida bien de lo que haces no te fies de rapacis, take heed what you do,

and do not trust boys. RAPAZA'DA, f. f. a boy's trick. RAPIDAMENTE, adv. swiftly, with

rapidity.

RAPIDE'Z, f. f. rapidity. RA'PIDO, adj. rapid, swift, that carries Tiempo raso, fair weather. all before it like a river.

RAPINA, s. f. rapine, taking by violence.

Acede rapina, a bird of prey. RAPINA'R, v. a. to commit rapine, to RASPADO'R, f. m. the person who RAUDA'L, f. m. a swift stream of water; p'en.ter.

RIPISTA, f. m. barber; a burlesque word.

RAPO'SA, f. f. a fox.

Prov. Quien la rajosa ha de enganar comple madrugar, he that will cheat the fox, must rise betimes.

Prov. Ratosa que mucho tárda, cázo aguard, the fox that stays long, waits for game.

RAPOSE'RA, f. f. a fox's kennel. Rapofería, s. f. crastiness.

RAPO'SO, f. m. a he-fox.

fubtle, RAPOSU'NO, adj. foxish,

crafty. RA'PTO. adj. taken, or inatched away, substantuelly used, a rape.

RAPTO'R, f. m. a ravisher, a plunderer, a robber.

RAQ

RAQUETA, f. f. a racket to play at tennis.

RAR

RARAME'NTE, adv. rarely, feldom. RAREF ACCIO'N, f. f. rarefaction. RAREFACE'RSE, v. r. to rarefy, to become thin. RAREF A'CTO, p. p. rarefied. RAREZA, $\leq f$. f. rarity.

RAS

RARO, adj. rare.

RAS CON RAS, adv. level, touching one another.

RASADU'RA, f. f. the act of importhing the corn-measure.

RASAMENTE, adv. clearly, openly, publickly, without concealment.

RASA'R, v. a. to firike the corn-meafure and make it fanooth; also to rub one hody with another lightly.

RASADO'R, f. m. who flrikes the meafure of corn to make it even.

RASCACARA'LLOS, f. m. a groom, an Offer; thence any mean fellow. RASCADO'R, f. m. a feratcher.

RASCADU'RA, f. f. a feratching, a k ratch |

RASCAR, v. n. to feratch, to ferape, to carry.

RASCO, T. m. v. RASCADURA.

RASCU'NO, f. m. a scratch; also a

sketch or rough draught in draw- RATERI'A, s. f. petty larceny. ing:

RASE'LES, f. m. pl. the narrow parts of the ship towards head and stern, distant about half way from the widest RATERUE'LO, f. m. a little pitiful in the hold, and sharpening away, the rudder.

RASE'RO, f. m. a pole to strike corn or the like in meafuring.

RASGADU'RA, s. f. a rending, tear-

ing. RASGA'R, v. a. to tear, to rend. Ojos raseúdos, large eyes, full eyes. RA'SGO, f. m. a dafii of a pen, a stroke, a scratch, a rough draught, a glimpse of a thing.

ment.

RASGUNA'R, v. a. to tear, to scratch. $RA_2GU''_2O$, f. m. a rent; also a fcratch.

RASIO'N, f. f. erafion.

RA'SO, f. m. the filk called fattin. Rájo, adj. plain, smooth.

RASPA, f. f. a rasp; the beard; an awn of an ear of corn; a shoe maker's cutting knife; a spark of fire; in cant, a cheat at cards.

fcrapes.

RASPADU'RA, f. f. a scraping. RASPA'R, v. a to scrape; also to be tough or hard to the taste or feel- | RAUTA, s. f. road. ing.

Vino raspado, a small liquor made by putting water to the grapes after the wine is pressed out, and pressing them over again, otherwise called aguapié. RASTI'LLA, S. f. v. RASTI'LLO.

RASTILLA'R, v. a. to rake; also to comb, or card flax, wool, &c.

RASTILLE'RO, f. m. a shop-lister; one that inatches hats and iwords, and i runs away with them.

RASTILLO, f. m. a rake; also a card or comb for wool, flax, or the like; also the portcullis of a gate.

RA'STRA, f. f. a drag-net; also a flead.

RASTRA'R, v. a. vide ARRASTRA'R. RASTREAR, v. a. to track, to trace, to follow by the footsteps.

RASTRE'RO, f. m. one that tracks, or traces, or follows the track.

RASTRILLADO'R, f. m. the person who harrows or rakes.

RASTRILLA'R, v. a. to harrow, to rake, to card.

RASTRILLO, f. m. a harrow, a rake, a card, a portcullis of a gate.

RASTRO, f. m. the track any thing

leaves behind it, a market or cattle, or the place where they flaughter the cattle, a harrow, a rake.

Caer in il raffio, to find the track, to hit upon the fcent.

Alcalde del raftro, the fame as alcalde del crimen, a judge in criminal cafes. RASTROYYO, I. m. flubble of corn.

RASU'RAS, f. f. pl. parings, fliavings, drofs, dregs, lees of wine, tartar.

RAT

RATA, f. f. a fliarc, part, portion, every man's fliare, or quota, a proportion.

Rata pr cantidad, quantity for quantity, or in proportion to the quantity.

Rata, f. f. a rat.

R.17 1FI'A, f. f. ratafia, a liquor prefpirits.

RATEA'R, v. a. to diminish in propor- RE, s. f. the second note in musick. tions.

RATE'O, f. m. proportional distribution.

RATE'RO, adj. meun, vile, base, a

mean-spirited fellow; in cant, a pickpocket.

fellow, a little pick-pocket. that the water may run the faster to RATIFICACION, s. f. ratification.

RATIFICA'R, v. a. to ratify, to confirm.

RATICO, $\{f, m, a little while.$

RATINA, f. f. a kind of cloth for called.

RATO, f. m. a while. A ráios, sometimes, by fits. RATO, adj. ratified, firm. RATO'N, f. m. a mouse, a rat.

RASGO'N, s. m. a rent in a gar- Raiones, s. m. pl. sharp slones, or rocks in the fea, which wear the cable of anchors.

> RATONA'R, v. a. to mouse-eat, to gnaw, to nibble.

RATONICO, RATONCI'LLO, \ f. m. a little mouse. RATONCITO,

RATONE'RA, f. f. a mouse-trap; also a mouse-hole.

RAU

the channel of the river. RA'UDO, adj. violent, impetuous, fierce, rapid.

RAY

RAYYA, f. f. a line, a fireak; the grain of wood; the borders of a country; the fish called a thornback.

Estár a rája, to keep within bounds. Passar la raya, to exceed.

RAYA'R, v. a. to sule, to line, to streak, to mark out.

RATO, f. m. a flash of lightning, that kills or does harm; a thunderbolt; a beam of the fun; the spoke of the wheel; the radius or line drawn from the center to the extremity of an arch.

RAYUELA, f. f. dimin. of raya.

RAZ

RAZA, f. f. a race, breed. RAZAGO, f. m. a coarfe fort of linen. RAZO'N, f. f. reason.

Tener razón, to be in the right. Hombre de buinas razónis, a well-spoken man.

Razón de pie de bánce, nonsense, an anfwer nothing to the purpose. Razón de escido, politicks, reason of

state. Hacer razin, to pledge in dricking. Tomár la razóa, to take account. En razón aésto, on this account, sor this

reason. Razón de cárta réta, nonsense.

Prov. Obras fen ambres que no bulnas razónes, actions are love, and not fair words; that is, love is shewn by kind actions, and not by fair speeches.

RAZONA BLE, adj. reasonable. B.IZONIBLEMIL'NIE, adv. reason.

ably. RAZONAMIE'NTO, f. m. a dif-

courie RAZONA'R, v. n. to discourse, to reason, to talk.

R E

pared from the kernels of apricots and |RE|, a particle in composition, which figuifies repetition.

[4 F]

REA

REACCIO'N. f. f. reaction. REA'CIO, adj. obslinate, positive, difficult.

REAL, f. m. a royal, a piece of money worth fix pence.

Real de rellon, a royal brass, not worth above a groat.

Alzárse con el reál y truéco, to sweep all clear away; to run away with all. REAL, adj. royal, kingly; ical.

Real, f. m. a camp.

Assentar el real, to encamp; metaph. to fet up house-keeping.

REAL'CE, f. m. increase, addition of value, beauty, or the like.

REALE'JQ, f. m. a small organ to be carried about.

REALE'NGO, adj. belonging to the king.

REALE'ZA, f. f. royal magnificence, great liberality, great pomp.

REALIDA'D, 1. f. reality, the truth of } the marter.

REALME'NTE, adv. really.

REALZA'R. v. a. to raise, to extol any thing more than it was before; also to dignify, to elevate.

REASSUMI'R, v. a. to reassume, to take again.

REASSUNCIO'N, f. f. the action of taking again.

REATA, T. f. the fore mule that draws |REBRAMA'R| v. n. to roar again like a in a cart, which goes single before they are two, and both called reales. Múla de reata, a carrier's mule.

REATADU'RA, f. f. binding or tying again.

REATA'R, v. a. to bind or the again. REATO, f. m. guilt.

REB

REBA'LSA, f. f. a puddle. REBALSA'R, v.n. to settle in a pud- REBU'SCA, s. f. the gleaning of corn dle.

REBANA'DA, f. f. a flice. REBANA'R, v. a. to flice.

REBANA'R, v. a. to gather into a flock; REBU'SCO, f. m. gleaning of corn or to take or ferape together; to wipe a dish with bread or with one's singer, as nafty eaters do after eating the meat. REBAnE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to

to the flock.

 $RERM\pi O$, f. m. a flock of theep. REBATA'R, v. a. obf. to fnatch, to feize.

REBATE, 7 f. m. an alarm a for-REBA'TO, Γ prize.

REBATTWAL, f. f. a foatching or fcrambling.

REBATTR, v. a. to abate in price or in accounts; to beat back, to repulfe.

REBATIO, f. m. an alarm, a fudden furprize.

Tocar a rebato, to beat the alarm.

Cogér de rebato, to surprife. REBAXA, f. f. abatement.

REBAXA'R, v. a. to abate of the price; to lower any thing.

REBdXO, f. m. a groove in flone or REGdE'R, v. n. to relapfe, to fall wood.

RIBELA'RSE, v.r. to rebel.

REBRLDE, t. m. a rebel.

REBELDIJ, f. f. rebellion.

REBELLIO'N, L. I. rebellion.

REBELLI'N, f. or. a rayelin in fortiheation, confilling of two faces, which make an angle falient.

horte or male.

REBENGMZO, f. m. a ftroke with a RECAMAR, v. a. to embroider. fivain of the galleys flrikes flaves with, or any thing like it.

RRBR'NCUE, f. m. a bull's pizzle; REGAMBLI'R, v. a, to change again.

any lash, or that the boatswain of galleys beats the flaves with.

REBIE'N, adv. extraordinary well. REBLE, f. m. in cant, the backfide, the posteriors.

REBOCINO, f. m. a cloak worn by women.

REBOLLIDU'RA, f. f. a defect in the inside of a cannon got in the casting of it.

 $REBO\overline{n}A'R$, v. a. to stop the mill. REBOSADU'RA, f. f. running over,

overflow. REBOSA'R, v. n. to run over, to overflow.

REBOTA'DO, adj. dull. Vino rebotádo, dead wine.

REBOTADU'RA, f. f. dullness, bluntness, a repulse, putting back.

REBOTA'R, v. a. to dull, to make blunt, to take off the edge; to repulse, to putting back; also to rebound like a ball.

REBOTITA, f. f. a back shop. REBOTI'N, f. m. raw filk, fleaf filk. REBOZA'R, v. a. to disguise, to mustle up, to hide the face, as women do, pulling their hoods over their faces, or men when they throw their cloaks over their face.

Rebezärse, v. r. to disguise oneself. REBO'ZO, f. m. a difguise, a mussler, a veil or head over the face, to avoid being known.

lion.

two that go double, but sometimes |REBUDIMR|, v.n. to grunt as the wild boar.

REBUE'NO, adj. extraordinary good. REBUJA'R, v. a. to put on the mantle.

REBULLI'R, v. n. to stir, to move. REBULTA'DO, adj. bulky.

REBURUJAR, v. a. to cover, to wrap

REBURUTO'N, f. m. a bundle carelefsly or haffily made.

or of the vineyards.

REBUSCA'R, v. a to glean, to feek | again.

of the vineyards.

REBUSNADO'R, f. m. who brays like an ass.

REBUSNAPR, v. n. to bray like an als. REBUZNO, f. m. the braying of an ass.

REC

RECABA'R, v. a. to obtain, to perform, to recover, to compass.

RECADERO, f. m. a messenger that carries a letter, a message, or the like.

RECA'DO, f. m. a meffage; fafety; fecurity; a warant; a letter of attorney; an answer in court; a subposna; it is also necessaries, ingredients, or materials, to do any thing with.

Todo effá a buén recádo, all is fafe. Ricado para escribir, necessaries for writ. ing; that is, pen, ink, and paper.

again. RECATDA, f. f. a relapfe. RECALM'R, v. a. to ftrain through. RECALCADAME'NTE, adv. fully as]

if crammed or trod down. REGALGA'R, v. a. to fluff, cram, or ram down, to drive, thrull, or tread down

REBELO'N, adj. refly; applied to the RECALCHRA'R, v. a. to kick, to tpun.

bull's pizzle, or the lath the boat- | REGAMARA, f. f. a withdrawingroom, a closet; also a wardrobe; a DEGIBIDO'R, f. m. a receiver. gentleman's eqipage.

RECA'MBIO, f. m. changing again; in

cant, a tavern. RECA'MO, f. m. embroidery.

RECANCANI'LLA, f. f. the play among boys, when they jump upon one leg only; also tergiversation, sub. terfuge, evalion.

RECANTACIO'N, f. f. recantation, retractation.

RECAPACITA'R, v. a. to recapaci. tate.

RECAPITULACIO'N, f. f. fumming up the heads or chief points of a book, oration, or the like; recapitu. lation.

RECAPITULA'R, v. a. to fum up the heads, or repeat in a few words all that has been faid at large; to recapi. tulate, to repeat again.

REC A'RGA, f. f. charging again. RECARGA'R, v. a. to charge again, to recharge, to accuse again. RECA'RGO, f. m. recharging, impeach.

ing again, RECATA, f. f. the act of looking again.

RECATADAME'NTE, adv. cautiously, warily, modeffly, prudently. RECATAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide RECA.

TO. RECATA'RSE, v. r. to be cautious,

wary, circumspect. RECATEA'R, v. a. vide REGA. TEAR.

RECATO, s. m. cautiousness, wariness, circumspection, reservedness, modesty, prudence.

Mugér recatáda, a modest woman. RECATO'N, f. m. the but-end of a staff or spear.

RECATONA'ZO, f. m. a blow with the end of a spear.

RECAUDACIO'N, f. f. recovering, receiving.

RECAUDADO'R, s. m. a procurer, a recoverer, a receiver of rents.

RECAUDAMIE'NTO, s. m. a procure. ment, recovery, receipt.

RECA'UDAR, v. a. to procure, to obtain, to get, to speed, to recover, to receive.

RECAUDO, s. m. recovering, receiv-RECAVA'R, v. a. to dig again.

RECENTADURA, f. f. the portion of leaven left for the next time. RECENTAIR, v. a. to put the leaven

in the dough. RECEPCIO'N, f. f. reception. RECEPTA'CULO, s. m. a receptacle, a place of reception.

RECEPTADO'R, f. m. an abetter of a criminal; he who conceals. RECEPTAR, v. a. to abet a criminal;

to cover or hide a crime. Receptarse, v. r. to run to a place of refuge.

RECEPTO, f. m. a place of refuge-RECEPTO'R, f. m. a receiver. RECEPTO'RLA, f. f. a receipt, or 1 bill to receive money.

RECE'I'A, f. f. a recipe in physick. RECETAR, v. a. to prescribe, to write a recipe in physick.

RECHAZA'R, v.a. to repulle, to drive back.

RECHAZO. f. m. repulling. RECHINAFR, van. to gnath the teeth; to creek as the binge of a door do for want of oil; to make any fuch noise, as the whiftling of a bullet through the air, the whilling of wind of the like.

RECHINO, f. m the noise caused by

gouthing. RECLAME! NTE, adv. Riongly, velte-

mently, in a loud manner.

REGIEIMIE'NTO, f. m. receivings reception, an antichamber to recene company; also a great hason for water to run into.

RECIBI'R, v. a. to receive, to admit, to allow.

RECl'BO, s. m. a receipt or acquittance.

RECIEDU'MBRE, f. f. strength, force. RECIE'N, adv. vide RECIENTE-ME'NTE.

RECIE'NTE, adj. new, fresh. RECIENTEME'NTE, adv. newly, late-

RECINIO, f. m. the compais of the walls of any place, the inclosure; also the foundation of the wall, and the outstanding part of brick or stone in a wall, called by our builders the watertable.

RE'CIO, adj. strong.

RE'CIPE, f. m. a recipe, a medical prescription; also pain, or trouble. RECIPIE'NTE, f. m. a recipient, or

raceiver. RECIPROCAME'NTE, adv. tecipre-

cally. RECIPROCA'R, v. a. to reciprocate,

to alternate. RECIPACCO, adj reciprocal.

void. RECITACIO'N, f f. a reciting. RECITA'R, v. a. to recite.

RECITATIVO, adj. recitative. RECIU'RA, f. f. REZURA.

RECLAMACIO'N, f. f. reclaiming, calling back, gainfaying, opposing. RECLAMAR, v. a. to reclaim, to call

back; to gainfay, to oppose, to contradict.

RECLA'MO, f. m. a bird-call.

Venir al reclamo, to answer a call as birds do; to come where one thinks to find any advantage.

RECLE, f. m. absence from the choir by leave previously obtained. RECLINA'R, v. n. to rest, lie, or Ican

against a thing. RECLUI'R, v. a. to flut up.

up.

RECLUSO, adj. reclufe, flut up. RECLU'TA, f. f. recruit for an army or regiment.

RECLUTA'R, v. a. to recruit, to raise new foldiers.

RECOBRA'BLE, adj. recoverable, that may be recovered.

RECOBRA'R, v. a. to recover.

RECO'BRO, f. m. recovery. RECOCE'R, v. a. to boil over again. RECO'CHO, p. p. of recocér.

RECO'DO, f. in. an angle or a corner. RECOGEDE'RO, f. m. the place wherein things collected are put.

RECOGEDO'R, f. m. he that collects.

RECOGE'R, v. a. to gather; to retire; to withdraw; to take up.

Recegérse a luéras horas, to go home carly at night; to go to bed in good | time.

RECOGIMIE'NTO, f. m. a gathering, retiring, drawing together, retired living, and a house for women to live in retirement.

RECOLECCIO'N, f. f. recollection. RECOLEGIR, v. a. to recollect. fo called.

RECOMENDA'BLE, adj. recommend- | RECRE'CER, v. n. to increase, to grow | able.

RECOMENDACIO'N, f. f. recommendation.

RECOMENDA'R, v. a. to recom- RECRETO, f. in. recreation, diver-

mend. RECOMPE'NSA, f. f. recompense, re-

ward.

RECOMPENSACIO'N, f. f. compenfation, rewarding.

RECOMPENSAR, v. a. to recompense, to reward, to make amends...

RECONCENTRA'R, v. a. to reconcenter, to join or put together again, as in its center.

RECONCILIACIO'N, f. f. reconciliation.

RECONCILIA'DO, f. m. one that has been penanced in the inquisition; and thus reconciled to the church.

RECONCILIADO'R, f. m. the person who reconciles.

RECONCILIA'R, v. a. to reconcile; in the inquisition, it is to receive those again into the church who had fallen from it.

Reconciliar un témplo, to purify, to cleanse a church that has been polluted.

Reconciliars, v. r. after a man has been at confession, if he has forgotten any thing, to return to the priest and confels it; or to confess as priests do, who, doing it often and living pioully, have but small matters to confefs.

RECONCOME'RSE, v. r. to scratch one's self.

RECISIO'N, f. f. rescinding, making | RECONCO'MIO, f. m. the motion made with the arms and shoulders, in order to scratch one's self; also suspicion and inclination.

RECO'NDITO. adj. hidden, concealed. RECONOCEDO'R, f. m. an acknowledger.

RECONOCE'R, v. a. to acknowledge, to own; also to view.

RECONOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. acknowledgement, owning; also viewing.

RECONTA'R, v. a. to recount, to tell, to relate.

RECONVALECE'R, v. n. to recover health again.

RECONVENCIO'N, f. f. retorting, recriminating; when the defendant or party accused, accuses the procecutor.

RECLUSIO'N, f. f. reclusion, shutting RECONVENI'R, v. a. to retort, to recriminate for the criminal or defendant, to accuse the prosecutor.

RECOPILACIO'N, f. f. compiling, collecting, or gathering out of books. RECOPILA'R, v. a. to compile, col-

lect, or gather. RECOQUIN, f. m. a short fat fellow.

RECORDACIO'N, f.f. remem-RECORDAMIENTO, f. m. 5 brance, calling to mind.

RECORDA'R, v. a. to remember, to call to mind; to put in mind; to awake.

RECORRE'R, v. a. to run back, to look back, to have recourse to. Recorrée la membria, to call to mind.

RECORTA'R, v. a. to shorten by cutting.

RECOSE'R, v. a. to few again. RECOSTAR, v. n. to lie down, or to lean.

RECO'VA, S. f. the buying about in villages what one intends to fell again. Also a pack of hounds.

RECOVERO, f. m. the man who buys here and there in order to fell again. RECREACIO'N, f. f. recreation

RECOLETOS, f. m. pl. a kind of friars | RECREA'R, v. a. to recreate, to refresh, to divert.

again.

RECRECIMIE'NIO, f. m. increase, growing again.

fion.

RECTAME'NTE, adv. uprightly. RECTANGULO, adj. rectangular, | right-angled.

Restángulo, f. m. a rectangle.

RECTIFICACIO'N, f. f. rectification, the act of setting right what is wrong.

RECTIFICA'R, v. a. to rectify, to make right.

RECTILI'NEO, adj. rectilinear, rectilineous, confilling of right lines.

RECTITU'D, s. f. righteousness, uprightness, justice.

RE'CTO, adj. right, just, true, equitable.

RECTO'R, f. m. a rector.

RECTORADO, f. m. a rectorship. RECTORA'L, adj. belonging to a rector.

RECTORA'R, v. n. to be elected a rector.

RECTORIA, f. f. vide RECTORA'-DO.

RE'CUA, f. f. a drove or gang of carrier's horses or mules.

RECUA'GE, f. m. carrying or carriage of goods by the carriers; the cost for carrying; also a great number of carriers mules or horses.

RECUDI'DA, f. f. the rebound of a thing; also the product or profit it yields.

RECUDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a rebound, the profit a thing yields, rent of land; also an order to receive rent.

RECUDI'R, v.a. to rebound; to yield profit or benefit.

RECUENTO, f. m. an inventory. RECU'ERDO, f. f. the act of putting in mind.

RECUE'RO, f. m. a carrier that drives pack-horses or mules.

Prov. Los recuéros de nuéstro lugár, óy enalbardan, manana se van, the carriers of our town put on the packsaddles to day, and go away to-morrow. Said of loiterers and procrastinators.

RECUE'STO, f. m. a rifing ground. RECULA'R, v. n. to fall back, to give ground backward.

RECU'LO, adj. without a tail, applied to poultry. RECUPERA'BLE, adj. recoverable.

RECUPERACIO'N, f. f. recovery. RECUPERADO'R, f. m. the person who recovers.

RECUPERAR, v. a. to recover. RECU'RA, f. f. a tool used in making combs.

RECURRIER, v. a. to have recourse. RECU'RSO, s. m. recourse, relief, redress.

RECUSACIO'N, f. f. refufal. RECUSA'R, v. a. to refuse, to except againft.

Recusar un juéz, to except against a judge.

RED

RE'D, f. f. a net; a grate or lattice; a place where they fell or deliver out any thing through a grate, to keep off the crowd; the speaking-room of a monastery of nuns; fine net-work women make for curtains and other fuch usce.

Red barredéra, a drag-net, that sweeps all the fish before it. Red de paro, in cant, a coarse cloth, a

great coat. Red de telarejo, the woof in weaving, or

thread in the shuttle. Réd tumbadéra, a toil or snare to catch

wild beatls. Red en que nace la criatura, a caul in

which some children are born. Echar sus redes, to cast one's net; metaph.

to use all one's endeavours. Caer en la red, to be enfinared. REDA'DA, f. f. a net-full, a draught

of a net. RE- REDA'nO, f. m. the caul in which the REDUCCIO'N, f. f. reduction. bowels lie; so called, because it is like | REDUCIBLE, adj. reducible. a net.

 $RLD \mathcal{A}'R$, v. n. to cast the net

REDARGUCIO N, f. f. reproof; also disproving.

REDARGUIR, v. a. to reprove; also to disprove.

REDECI'LLA, f. f. a small net.

REDECI'R, v. a. to repeat, to fay again. REDEDO R, adv. round about.

RLDEJO'N, f. m. a net on a hoop open at the top and ending in a point at bottom; in cant, a nightcap

REDE'LES, f. m. pl. vide RASE'LES. REDEMI'R, v. a. to redeem, to ranfom.

REDENCIO'N, f. f. redemption, ranforning.

REDENIO'R, f. m. a redcemer, a ran

Redentores, pl. so they call the religious men that go over among infidels to redeem captives.

REDE'RO, f. m. a net-maker.

REDICIO'N, f. f. repetition of what has been faid.

REDIE'ZMO, f. m. a re-tithing, or taking a tithe over again, or the tithe REFACIO'N, f. f. refection, a re-REFUGIA'R, v. a. to refuge, to shelter, of the tithe.

REDEL, f. m. hurdles to fold sheep REFALSA'DO, adj. cunning, mali Refugiárje, v. r. to fly to shelter or pro.

REDPLLA, f. f. a dimin. of red.

REDIMIDO'R, f. m. a redeemer. REDIMIT'R, v. a. to redeem, to ran-

fom.

RE'DITO, f. m. revenue.

REDOBLADO, adj. thick and fhort; faid of a man.

REDOBLADURA, f. f. a redoubling.

REDOBLA'R, v. a. to redouble. In music, to repeat the same notes striking the same string.

REDO'BLE, adj. twice, double.

REDOBLO'N, f. m. a fold or crease made in cards to know them by.

REDO/MA, f. f. a glass vial.

Redoma, among the peafants, the gift every man bellows upon a new-married couple on the wedding-day.

REDOMA'DO, adj. fubtle, crafty, [fly.

REDOMZZO, f. m. a blow over the face with a vial. A practice formerly used by villains in spite or revenge, which is to throw a very thin vial full of ink into a man's face, which break ing, cuts, and the ink flies all about, which cuts are very hard to be cuied, to as not to leave a fear.

REDOMULLA, f. f. a little vial. REDO'NDA, f. f. in cant, a petty-

coat. A la resénda, adv. round about. REDONDAME'NTE, adv. roundly.

REDONDEA'R, v. a. to round, to make round. REDONDMTE, f. m. a little round

thing, a little plump child, a fquat fat man.

REDONDE'Z, f. f. roundness.

REDONDILLAS, f. f. pl. roundelays, a fore of postical composition.

REDO'NDO, adj. round.

REDO'R. f. m. a round mat, fuch as we lay under tables, or the like.

 \mathcal{A} REDRO, adv. behind.

A rédio wayas enemigo málo, go behind | me fatan; from the Latin retro.

REDRO JO, f. m. a fmall bunch of grapes, fuch as are left behind, because not seen by those that gather in the vintage; metaph, a little facaking boy that does not thrive.

REDROPE'LO, adj. against the hair or graira

REDI'U'n'A, I. f. the left fide. A hunt- Refregdoft con las mugéres, to be familiar ing terms

REDUCIMIE'NTO, f. m. reducing, bringing convincing, reclaiming, back

REDUCI'R, v. a. to reduce, to convince, to reclaim, to bring back.

REDUNDA'NCIA, i. i. redundance, fuperabundance.

REDUNDA'R, v. a. to redound. REDUTO, f. m. a redoubt, a small fort.

REE

REEDIFICACIO'N, f. f. rebuilding. REEDIFICADO'R, f. m. the person who rebuilds.

REEDIFICA'R, v. a. to rebuild. REEMBARCA'R, v. a. to reimbark, to ship again.

REENCAXA'R, v. a. to set again a bone that was diffocated.

again a hone that was diflocated. REENGENDRA'R, v. n. to regenerate.

REF

C10 us.

REFECCIO'N, s. f. refection, a re- REFU'GIO, s. m. refuge. pait.

REFERENDA'R, v. a. REFREN-DA'R.

REFERIMIE'NTO, f. m. a repetition, a rehearial.

REFERI'R, v. a. to repeat, to refer, to REFUNFUZADU'RA, f. f. muttering, relate, to declare, to tell.

REFETO'RIO, s.m. vide REFITO'- REFUNFUNA'R, v. n. to grumble, to RIO.

REFINADO'R, s. m. a refiner.

REFINA'R, v. a. to refine.

thing that is very fine.

REFITOLE'RO, f. m. he that has the care of a rectory, or dining-room in a monastery, where the religious dine and fup.

REFLEXIO'N, f. f. reflection.

REFLEXIONA'R, v. a. to reflect, to confider attentively.

REFLEXIVAME'NTE, adv. with reflection.

REFLEXIVO, adj. reflective. REFLE'XO, f. m. reflection. Refléxo, adj. reflected.

REFLORECE'R, v. n. to flourish again.

REFLU'XO, f. m. the ebb of the tide.

REFOCILA'R, v. a. to cherish, to comfort.

Resociéa se, v. r. to regale one's self. REFOCILO, f. m. cherishing, comfort.

REFO'RMA, REFORMACIO'N, tion.

REFOR WADO'R, f. m. a reformer. REFORMAR, v. a. to reform.

REFORZA'R, v. a. to firengthen, to reinforce.

fortification, a deeper trench cut along REGALIZA, I. f. liquotice. the middle of a dry ditch, and gene- REGALO, f. m. a dainty, or choice rally carried down till there be water to fill it.

REFRACCIO'N, f. f. refraction. REFRACTA'RIO, adj. refractory, that will not fland to his bargain. REFRAIN, f. m. a proverb.

REFRANCILLO, f. m. a little proverb.

REFREGAMIEINTO, f. m. the act of rubbing.

REFREGMR, v. a. to rub.

with women.

REFREGO'N, f. m. a rub against any

REFRENAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of checking or stopping with the bridle. REFRENA'R, v. a. to curb, bridle, or

REFRENDA'R, v. a. to countersign, to fign as the secretary does in the king's

REFRENDA'RIO, f. m. an officer in the state so called.

REFRENDA'TA, f. f. the manual fign of the refrendario affixed to a petition or other thing. REFRESCADO'R, f. m. who re-

freshes. REFRESCADU'RA, f. f. refreshing,

cooling. REFRESCA'R, v. a. to ccol, to refresh.

REFRE'SCO, f. m. refreshment, tepait.

REFRIE'GA, f. f. a fray, a skirmish, REENCAXADU'RA, f. f a setting REFRIGERA'R, v. a. to refresh. REFRIGERATIVO, adj. refreshing.

REFRIGERATO'RIO, adj. that has the power or quality of refreshing. REFRIGE'RIO, f. m. refreshment. REFUGIA'DO, f. m. a refugee.

to protect.

tection.

REFULGE'NCIA, f. f. brightness, refulgence. REFULGE'NTE, adj. bright, shin.

. ing. REFUNDIR, v. a. to cast over again,

grumbling.

mutter. REFUNFU'ãO, f. m. vide REFUN.

FUnADU'RA. REFI'NO, s. m. a refining; also any REFUIACIO'N, s. f. refutation.

REFUTA'R, v. a. to refute.

REG

REGADE'RA, f. f. a watering-pot. REGADIO, f. m. watering; a place that is watered. REGADIZO, adj. that may be wa-

tered. REGADO'R, f. m. a waterer. REGADU'RA, f. f. watering. REGAJA'L, f. m. a watry, flabby, dirty

place; any place that is full of litter and dirty. REGATIO, f. m. a puddle.

REGALADAME'NTE, adv.

REGALA'DO, adj. dainty or nice. REGALADO'R, f. m. one that loves to make much of others. REGALANTE'NTO, f. m. making

much of others. I f. f. reforma- REGALA'R, v. a. to make much of, to

treat daintily; also to melt. REGALI'A, f. f. the prerogative of a king.

REGALICIA, f. f. the root liquorice REGALILLO, 16. m. a must; alto a REFOSSE'TO, f. m. the curvette in REGA'LITO, J little present.

> bit; kind entertainment; a mult; a prefent.

REGALO'N, f. m. a wanton, a dainty person that loves to seed nicely. REGALO'NA, f. f. a nice, dainty wo-

man. REGANAR, v. n. to fnarl, to growl as a dog does, to grumble, to multer.

Regande les diéntes, to gnash the tecthe REGATIO, f. m. grumbling, mutterings fnailing, growling.

RR

REGATO'N, f. m. f. a snarling growl- REGOCI'JO, s. m. joy, mirth. the north-east wind.

against the knife as it cuts.

REGA'R, v. a. to water. REGATA, f. f. a small trench to con- REGOTO, f. m. a bit of broken bread, vey the water to a garden.

REGA'TE, f. m. quick and irregular REGOLDA'R, v. n. to belch.

motion.

REGATEA'R, v. n. to haggle in buying, to heat down the price, to bar- REGO'LFO, f. f. a whirl-pool. gain hard.

REGATO'N, f. m. a huckster, a retailer, a retailer of small wares; also one REGRE'SSO, s. m. a going back. of a spear, flaff, &c.

REGATONE A'R, v. n. to play the REGUE'LDO, f. m. a belch. huckster; also to haggle in buying. | REGUE'RA, s. f. a path betwixt two REGATONERI'A, J. f. huckstering; REGATONI'A, S

buying. REGAZA'R, v. a. vide ARREGA-ZA'R.

also the tucking up of her cloaths. REGE'NCIA, f. f. regency, the office

or dignity of a regent. REGENERACIO'N, f. f. regenera-

tion. REGENER N'R, v. 11. to regenerate. REGENIAR, v. n. to rule as a re-

gent. REGENTE, s. m. a regent; a presi- | REGURGITAR, v. n. to regurgitate, dent of a council; in an university, a triennial professor.

REGLAME'NTE, adv. royally, magnificently.

REGIBA'DO, adj. crook-backed. REGICI'D.1, f. m. a regicide, a kingkiller.

REGICI'DIO, f. m. the act of a regicide.

REGIDO'R, f. m. a ruler, a governor, an alderman of a city.

RE'GIMEN, f. m. rule, government. REGIMIE'NTO, f. m. government; also a regiment of soldiers.

RE'GIO, adj. regal, kingly. REGIO'N, f. f. a region, a country. In architecture, the prospect a house has on all fides.

REGI'R, v. a. to rule, to govern; to fleer a ship.

gisters or enters in a book, a keeper s of rolls.

REGISTRA'R, v. a. to register, to enter | REHILE'TE, s. m. a shuttle-cock. into, to examine; to fearch goods at the cufforn-house.

REGISTRO, f. m. a register; the entry of goods at the cuflom-house; the entry-book of the cuftom-house; the cocket given there for goods that are passed; also the register put into books, being feveral flrings faftened to a roll, which ferve for marks in a book; a man that is prying into every body's butinefs.

Registres, pl. the stops in the organ.

RE'GLA, f. f. a rule.

Rigla de la mugée, a woman's courses. Right de enférme, the rule prescribed a fick person by the physician.

cording to rule.

REGLA'DO, adj. orderly, regular.

ordering. REGLA'R, v. a. to rule, to govern, to Order.

REGNECOLA, adj. belonging to a kingdom,

REGOCIJADAME'NTE, adv. joyful- REFR, v. n. to laugh; also to be pleaby, merrily,

REGOCIJAR, v. n. to rejoice, to make merry.

*

ing dog; a grumbling fellow; also REGODEAR, v. n. to be merry, to sport, to wanton.

péra reganona, a harsh pear that grates REGODEO, s. m. merry - making, fporting, playing the wanton, bantering.

a scrap; a little small fellow.

REGOLFA'R, v. n. to turn round like a whirl-pool.

REGORDI'DO, adj. full, fat, puffed up with fat.

that haggles hard; also the but-end | REGUARDA'R, v. a. obf. to look to, to mind.

beds in a garden.

also haggling in] REGULACIO'N, s. f. regulation. REGULA'R, v. a. to regulate; to make the ferutiny, and see how many votes each candidate has.

REGdZO, f. m. the lap of a woman; REGULA'R, adj. regular, orderly. Regular, s. m. a religious man of some order.

> REGULARIDA'D, s. f. regularity. REGULARME'NTE, adv. regularly. RE'GULO, s. m. any petty sovereign; also a basilisk.

> Régulo, regulus, the finer and most weighty part of metals.

REH

to run over.

REHABILITACIO'N, f. f. a re-enabling.

REHABILITAR, v. n. to re-enable. REHACER, v. a. to do again, to make anew, to renew.

R. bacerfe, v. r. to recover strength; also to rally after disorder; said of troops. REHACIUIE'NTO, f. m. a doing | again; recovery; rallying of broken troops.

REHA'CIO, f. m. vide REA'CIO. REHE CHO, adj. done again, made anew; rallied; strong, well-set.

REHE'N, f. m. an hostage, a pledge. REHENCHIR, v. a. to fill or to fluff again.

REGISTRADO'R, f. m. one that re- Rebenchir la silla, to fluff a faddle anew. REHILMR, v. a. a fea-term, to firain the cables, to make them work.

upon a book; also to search, to look REHOLLA'R, v. a. to trample under $\{$ foot again.

REHUI'R, v. n. to fly; to run away again, or back.

REHUNDIR, v. a. to fink or drown again.

REHUSA'R, v. a. to refuse.

REI

REYBLE, adj. rifible. RE'INA, f. I. the queen.

REINADO, f. m. the reign of a king, the time he governs.

REINAMIENTO, C. m. obf. idem. REINA'R, v. n. to reign; also to prevail, to be predominant.

REGLADAMENIE adv. orderly, ac- REINCIDE'NCIA, f. f. falling in agam.

REINCIDIR, v. n. to fall in again, REGLAMIE'NIO, f. m. a ruling, or RE'INO, f. m. any kingdom, any dominions having a king.

REINTEGRACIO'N, I. f. renewing, making whole again.

REINTEGRAR, v. a. to renew, to make whole again.

fant. Reinse, v. r. to mock, to tidicule, to

laugh at. Regocijarfe, v. r. to be glad, to rejoice RELIERACION, f. f. reiteration, repetition.

REITERA'R, v. a. to reiterate, to repeat.

REJ

REIJA, I f. the plow-share, the coulter of a plow; an iron grate; the iron grates of a window.

REJA'DO, f. m. a grated window, a grated gate.

REJALGA'R, f. m. arsenick.

RE'JO, f. m any iron point, as the prick of a goad, or the like; the clownish prople ale it for recie, strong, lufty, fliff, hard.

Rejo de healla, the tongue of a buckle. Rejo, is also an iron plate, round, with a hole in the middle, they play at coits with instead of a horse-shoe.

REJO'N, f. m. an iron bar ending in a sharp point; also a fort of spear, used in the bull-seasts to wound the bulls,

 $Rej\delta n$, a dagger, a poniard. REJONAZO, f. m. a blow given with

a rejent REJONEA'R, v. a. to wound the bulls with the spear called rijon.

REJUE'LA, s. s. a little bar, or grate of a window; also a little fire-pan. REJUVENECE'R, v. n. to grow young

REL

again.

RELACIO'N, f. f. a relation, an account of any thing.

RELACIONA'R, v. a. to relate. RELACIONE'RO, f. m. one who fells

fongs and feveral accounts in the fireets. RELAME'R, v. a. to lick over again.

Relamérse, v. r. to lick one's chops savourily after eating some thing that is pleasant; to deck or dress one's self up curioully.

RELAMI'DO, f. m. an hypocrite, a precise formal fellow.

RELA'MPAGO, s. m. a stash of lightning.

RELAMPAGUEA'R, v. n. to lighten, to give flashes like lightning.

RELAMP AGUZAR, v. n. obf. to glitter, to give a glittering light, like the sudden stasties of lightning.

Ojos relampaguzántes, glittering eyes like a cat in the dark, or as drunken men's eyes twinkle. Often used in this signification.

RELAINCE, f. m. chance, accident. RELA'PSO, adj. relapfed, fallen agam.

RLLATA'R, v. a. to relate, to make a declaration.

RELATIVO, adj. that bears a relation to.

RELATO'R, f. m. a relater, a reporter, he that relates or gives an account; an officer in courts who acquaints the court with what has been told of the cafe or cause to be tried.

RELATAR, v. a. to wash over again. RELANACIO'N, f. f. relaxation, 10. leafing, ferting loofe at liberty; relaxation of manners; also a looseness in the body.

RELdXdDO, f. m. a loofe liver. RELANAMIE'NTO, L. m. a relaxation, releasing; setting loose; looseness of any kind.

RELANAR, v. a. to release, to set loose, to take to a loofe life, to be loofe in the body.

RELE'NIE, f. m. the fofmels canfed by the dew that has fallen on a thing,

RELENTECER, v. n. to grow weak, to relent, to yield, to become supple.

(4 G) RE_{-} RELEVACIO'N, f. f. a raising, a lifting up.

RELEVA'R, v. a. to raise, to lift up, to ease, to relieve.

RELE'XES, f. m. pl. knobs or bunches in a table or other smooth thing; also ruts of coach or cart wheels: among architects, relex or relexes, is that part of the wall which slicks out; also the landing-place of a pair of stairs.

RELICA'RIO, f. m. a case, a place to

keep relicks in.

RELIE'VES, f. m. pl. fragments, scraps, broken meat; embossing in filver or gold; raised work in embroidery; embossed figures on walls in architecture.

RELIGA'R, v. a. to bind again.

RELIGIO'N, f. f. religion.

RELIGIONARIO, i.m. a Calvinit or |REMEDA'R, v. a. to mock, to imi-RELIGIONI'STA, S Reformed. as they call themselves.

RELIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. religioufly.

RELIGIOSIDA'D, f. f. piety.

REL/GIO'SO, adj. religious. RELINCHA'R, v. n. to neigh as a horse does.

RELINCHI'DO, I. m. the neighing of a horse. RELI'NCHO,

RELI'QUIAS, f. f. pl. relicks, the remains of holy things.

RELL /NA'R, v. a. to plain, to smooth |

again. Rellandirse, v. r. to sit stretched out in a chair, leaning back with the legs out at full case.

RELLENA'R, v. n. to fill, to stuff, to cram; commonly to fill a fowl, hare, or the like, with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.

RELLE'NO, adj. filled, stuffed, crammed; substantively used, a fowl, &c. stuffed with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.

RELO'X, f. m. a clock, a watch.

Relox de sol, a sun-dial.

Relox de arcna, a sand hour-glass. Relox de água, a water hour-glass.

El relox dá, the clock strikes.

Relox de faltriguéra, a watch. RELOXE'RO, f. m. a clock-maker or watch-maker.

RELUCHA'R, v. n. to contend one thing against another.

RELUCIE'NTE, adj. bright, flining, glittering.

RELUCI'R, v. n. to shine, to glitter. RELUMBRA'DO, adj. that has a braffy

taste. RELUMBRA'NTE, adj. bright, glittering, thining.

RELUMBRA'R, v. n. to shine, to glit-

RELUMBRO'N, f. m. the fudden blow of the light in one's cyes.

REM

REMISCHA'R, v. a. to rivet, to clench REMO, f. m. an oar. a nail, to beat flat or fmooth, to make fast an end of a thread, or the like. REMADO'N, f. m. a rower.

REMADU'RA, f. f. a rower.

REMANECE'R, v. n. to appear where not expected, to break out like the REMOLN'CHA, f. f. beet-root. dawning of the day.

REMANE'NTE, f. m. the remainder. REMANGA'R, v. a. vide ARREMAN-GAR.

REMINSO, f. m. the calm or fill REMOLCAR, v.a. to tow along with a water of a river, which after it has run with a swift current comes into a plain, and runs flow and gently.

REMA'R, v. n. to row.

REMIATAD AME'NTE, adv. abfolutely, [patt redrefs, desperately.

REMATA'DO, adj. quite lost, ruined, desperate.

Loco rematado, one that is quite mad, REMOLLA'R, v. a. in cant, to line. past retrieving.

REMATA'R. v. a. to clench a nail, to rivet, to close or finish an account, to REMO'LQUE, s. m. towing. strike up a bargain, to knock at a sale, to fasten the thread in sewing, or the like.

REMATE. f. m. the end, the conclufion, the fum of an account; either end of a slick, rope, or other thing; REMONTAR, v. a. amongst sportsmen, the conclusion of a bargain; the fattening of the end in fewing, clench ing of an nail, rivetting.

Perdido a remáte, lost to all intents and Removiár, v. a. to remount, to be high purpofes, utterly ruined; also excef

five lewd.

REMECE'R, v. a. to stir again. REMEDAMIE'NIO, f. m. mocking, imitating.

tate.

REMEDIADO'R, f. m. one that remedies.

REMEDIA'R, v. a. to remedy, to cure.

REME'DIO, f. m. remedy, cure, help. REME'DO, f. m. mock, initiation. REMEMBRA'NZA, f. f. obf. a remem-

brance. REMEMBRA'R, v. a. obl. to remem-

ber. REMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to patch. Cabállo remenaádo, a piebald horse. REMENDO'N, f. m. a botcher, a

cobler. REME'RO, f. m. a rower, one that rows.

REME'SSA, f. f. a remittance of money. Reméssa, f. f. a coach-house.

REMESSA'R, v. a. to pull by the hair, to tear the hair.

REMESSO'N, f. m. a pull by the hair; the hair that is torn off the head; a short stop in riding, when the rider REMUDA'R, v. a. to change. stops his horse short in the middle of REMUGA'R, v. n. v. RUMIA'R, the carrier.

REMETE'R, v. a. to put in again. REMIE'NDO, s. m. a patch, a botch. REMUNERADO'R, s. m. a rewarder, REMILGA'RSE, v. r. to make pictty faces, as affected ladies do.

REMINICE'NCLA, f. f. a remembrance.

REMIRA'R, v. a. to look again, to view well, to see thoroughly into a thing or consider maturely.

weakness, without vigour or briskness.

REMISSI'BLE, adj. pardonable, that may be remitted.

REMISSIO'N, f. f. remission, pardon, forgiveness.

REMI'SSO, adj. remis, flack, loose, negligent, lewd.

REMITI'R, v. a. to remit, to forgive, RENCI'LLA, f. f. quarrel, dispute. to pardon; also to refer.

Pleito remitido, a suit or trial at law returned to the same court from whence it was removed by appeal.

Echar al rémo, to send to the galleys. REMOJA'R, v. a. to foak, to steep, to

water. REMO'JO, f. m. foaking, fleeping, watering.

REMOLA'DO, adj. battered, rugged,

craggy. REMOLA'R, v. a. in cant, to load a

dic. boat; also to shove back with the

oars. REMOLINA'RSE, v. r. to turn about]

like a whirl pool or spiral line. REMOLINO, f. m. a whirl-pool, a whirl wind, an eddy wind or water; the turn of the hair on the top of the head; a spiral line.

REMOLLERO'N, f. m. in cant, a head. piece; the head itself.

Llewar al remolque, to towalong. REMONDA'R, v. a. to clean, to ptel

REMONTA. f. f. the act of giving new horses to foldiers.

to frighten animals, to drive them away with noise; also to give new horses to soldiers.

and lofty, to use lofty expressions, REMOQUETE, f m. a check, a frem?, a sharp word; also a bang, a stroke, a flirt.

RE'MORA, f. f. a small fish, which they say, sticking to a ship's side, will stop her when failing. Metaph. any stop, stay, or delay.

REMORDER, v. n. to have a remorte, to have a touch of conscience. REMORDIMIE NTO, f. m. a remorfe,

a touch of conscience.

REMOSTA'R, v. n. to put must or new wine into old, in order to quicken it. REMOSTECE'RSE, v. r. to work and grow sweet again like new wine.

REMO'TO, adj. remote, distant. REMOVE'R, v. a. to remove, to stir. REMOVIMIE'NTO, f. m. removing, stirring.

Removimiento de estémago, rising in the stomach, nauseousness, inclination to vemit.

REMOZA'R, v. n. to grow young; to endeavour to appear young. REMPUJA'R, v. a. to push, to thrust,

to jostle. REMPUJO'N, f. m. a push, a thrust, a jostle.

REMUNERACIO'N, f. f. reward, re-

compense.

a recompenser. REMUNERA'R, v.a. to reward, torecompense.

 $REMUSGA^*R$, v. a. to suspect.

REN

REMISSAME'NTE, adv. flowly, with |REN|, f. m. the kidney, the reins of the back.

RENACE'R, v. n. to be born again, to spring or to bud out again. RENACIMIE'NTO, f. m. being bom

again, sprouting, springing, or but ding again. RENACUATIO, f. m. the spawn of frogs, a small frog.

RENCILLO'SO, adj. quarrelfonia, contending. RE'NCO, f. m. one that is look, or

lame in the hips. RENCO'R, f. m. rancour, hatred, malice.

RENDATO, f. m. a jay. RENDICIO'N, f. f. rendition, giving

RENDID AME NIE, adv. humbly RENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. yielding, [ufrendering, submission, and surrendere RENDIR, v. a. to yield, to submit to furrender, to overcome, to lubdue.

RE'NDON, a word of no fignification by itself, but it is used adverbially for abruptly or rudely.

Entrarfe de condon, to intrude, to theilt into a place, without faying by your leave, in a rude manuer.

RENEGADO, f. m. a renegade, an apostate, one that has renounced his faith.

RENEGA'R, v. a. to renounce one's RENGLE'RA, f. f. a row or rank. faith. KENGLON, f. m. a line in writing. RENGO, adj. that has got a hurt in the loins or the back.

RENIE'GO, f. m. a blasphemous renouncing of God or of holy things. RENITE'NCIA, f. f. reluctance, repug-

RENITENTE, adj. reluctant, repug nancy.

RENOMBRA'DO, adj. renowned, fa-

mous. RENO'MBRE, f. in. renown. RENOVACIO'N, f. f. a recening. RENOV d'DOR, s. m. a renewer. RENOVA'R, v. a. to renew. RENOVE'RO, f. m. an usurer. Renovéro de artol, a young shoot of a Rejassar lie ones a niños, to hear children

RENQUE d'R, v. n. to go lame in the REPASTA'R, v. n. to feed. hips; that is, wringing one's body REPA'STO, f. in. food, passure. from fide to fide.

RE'NTA, s. f. revenue, rent, yearly

income. Prov. El que lléva la renta que adobe la wieta, jet him that receives the rent REPE'CHO, s. m. a break work; a repair the inn; he that has the profit should be at the expence.

venuc.

RENTE'RO, f. f. a farmer. RENTI'LLA, f. f. a small rent or revenue; also a game at cards so call-

ed. RENUE'I'O, f. m. renewing; also increase, usury; a young shoot or sprout of a tree, or the like.

RENU'NCIA, f. f. vide RENUNCIA-CIO'N.

RENUNCIA'BLE, adj. that may be re-

nounced, given up. RENUNCIACIO'N, f. f. renunciation, quitting one's right or claim, resignation.

RENUNCIA'R, v. a. to renounce, resign, or quit claim.

REÑ

RENIR, v. n. to chide, to rebuke, to reprimand, to quarrel, to fight. Guerra renida, bloody war.

REO

RE'O, f. m. a criminal, a guilty person, one accused of a crime. Also a fort of fish so called.

REP

REPATO, f. m v. REPATNO. REPANTIGATRSE, v. r. to fit leaning back and flietched out at one's fulle de.

REPAPILA'DO, f. m. a curious feeder or epicure, one that is curioully fed or filled up to the throat.

REPAPILATRSE, v. r. to epicurize, to feed daintily, to feed till one is full to the throat.

REPAR MBLE, adj. that can be repaired; remarkable, obtervable.

REPARACIO'N, f. f. reparation. REPARADO'R, f. m. a repairer. REPARAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide RE-PARO.

REPARA'R, v. a. to repair; also to { parry in fencing, to ward off a blow; to flop, to make a fland; to observe, to take notice.

REPARO, f. m. repair, reparation; [in fortification, a defence, any part of the works that flanks another; any work or intrenchment.

Reface, f. m. regard, notice, observation.

REPARTICIO'N, f. f. division, partition, thuring.

REPARTIDO'R, f. m. a divider, a distributer.

R pariido, de pleitos, y negócios, s. m. an officer in some courts of Spain. who appoints every man his buliness, and calls on the feveral causes in their courfe.

REPARTIMIE'NTO, f. m. division, distribution.

REPARTIR, v. a. to divide, to diffribut .

REPASSADE'RA, f. f. a tool used by carpenters, a kind of a plane.

REPASSAR, v. a. to look over again; as,

Repassar un libro, to read a book over agam.

REPATRIA'R, v. n. to return to one's own country.

REPA'XO, f. m. a thicket of young trees; a place for cattle to graze.

rail to lean the breatt against; also the fide of a hill.

RENTAR, v. n. to yield rent or re- REPELA'R, v. a. to pull off the hair, to pull by the hair; in a military sense, to charge often in parties or in the rear.

> REPELE'R, v. a. to drive off, to best back.

REPELO, f. m. pulling by the hair; also the skin that grows over the nails; metaph. any thing that is not to the purpole.

 $R\bar{E}PELO'N$, f. m. a tug by the hair. REPELO'SO, adj. a touchy quarrelsome man.

Madéra repelosa, wood that has an ill grain, and works rough every way.

to confider seriously.

tedly. REPENTINAME'NTE, adv. suddenly.

REPENTI'NO, adj. fudden.

REPENTO'N, f. m. a fudden event, a sudden motion, a great and unforescen accident.

REPERCUSSIO'N, f. f. repercussion, striking back.

REPERCUSSINO, adj. that may be flruck back.

REPERCUTYR, v. a. to beat back, to drive back.

REPERTOIRIO, f. m. a repertory. REPESAR, v. a. to verify the weight of any thing; to weigh again.

REPE'SO, f. m. weighing again; also the place where an officer in Spain flands in the market to verify the weight of bread, meat, &c.

REFIGICIO'N, f. f. repetition. REPETIDAME'NTE. adv. repeatedly. REPETTDOR, 6. m. a repeater.

REPETER, v. a. to repeat. REPICADO, f. m. a curious nice beau.

REPICAPUNTO, adv. De repicapiente, nicely, precisely.

REPICA'R, v. a. to ring the bells out.

Prov. En fálivo eflá el que repica, he is [fafe that rings the bell; because, when it is an alarm bell, he is in the Reeple | out of harm's way.

RERIQUE, f. m. a ringing of bells; also a repique at the game of piquetat cards.

REPLOUETE, f. m. a little noise or clattering of bells, or any fuch noify | thing; thence applied to fignify a clattering of tongues.

REPPSO, adj. penitent. REPIZCZR, v. a. to pinch, REPIZCO, f. m. a pinch, the act of pinching with the fingers.

REPLECIO'N, s. f. repletion, fullness. REPLE'TO, adj. full, crammed full. In architecture, it is the mortar and small stone, rubbish, or the like, with which masons fill up the middle of thick walls.

RE'PLICA, f. f. an answer, a reply. REPLICACION, f. f. idem.

REPLICA'R, v. a. to answer, to reply.

REPLICO'N, f. m. he that will give an answer though he had better hold his tongue.

Ri.PO'LLO, f. m. a hard cabbage. REPOLLU'DO, adj. round thick truss, like a hard cabbage, a short squat

man. REPONE'R, v. a. to replace. REPORTADO, adj. deliberate, stayed,

grave. REPORTARSE, v. r. to be pacified,

to curb one's passion, to settle, to be appeased.

REPORTO'RIO, adj. an almanack, a calendar, a memorial, a fummary, a brief account of things.

REPOSADAME'NTE, adv. quietly, calmly and gravely.

REPOSA'DO, adj. sedate, of a quiet temper. RIPOSA'R, v. a. to refi, to settle, to

be still. REPO'SO, s. m. rest, quiet, ease.

REPOSTERI'A, f. f. a buttery. REPOSTE'RO, f. m. a butler, a sumpture cloth; also a carpet or a piece of tapellry hangings.

REPREGU'NTA, f. f. question upon question.

REPREGUNTA'R, v. a. to question over and over again.

 $REPREHENDE'\bar{R}$. v. a. to reprehend, to reprimand, to rebuke, to chide. REPENSAR, v. a. to think over again, | REPREHENSIBLE, adj. blameworthy, blameable.

REPE'NTE, adv. suddenly, unexpec- REPREHENSION, f. t. reproof. REPREHENSO'R, f. m. a reprover, a chider.

> REPRESINTA'CION, s. f. representation, a play, a comedy. REPRESENT NOR, f. m. a repre-

senter, a player, an actor. REPRESENTA'NTE, f. m. idem.

REPRESENTA'R, v. a. to represent, to act a play.

REPRESSA, f. f. a mill-dam, a floodgate. REPRESSAR, v. a. to hold up by

water by means of a dum or floodgate.

REPRIME'NDA, f. f. a reprimand. REPRIMI'R, v. a. to reprefs, to cruth, to keep under.

REPROBACION, f. f. reproving. REPROBA'R, v. a. to reprove.

RE'PROBO, f. m. he who is to be damned

REPROCHAR, v. a. to reproach, to tell one of his faults, to upbraid. REPRO'CHE, f. m. reproach, upbraid-

ing. REPRODUCCYON, f. f. reproduction, the act of producing ancw.

REPRODUCER, v. a. to reproduce, to produce again.

REPTAR, v. a. to challenge, to defy.

REPUBLICA, f. f. a republick, a com-

monwealth. REPUBLICA'NO, f. m. a republican. REPUBLICO, f. m. a republican.

REPUDIACIO'N, f. f. repudiation, divorce, rejection.

REPUDIAR, v. a. to divorce, to put away, to reject.

REPUDIO, f. m. divorce. REPUESTO, p. p. of reponer.

Repuéjto,

house. REPUGNA'NCIA, f. f. repugnancy, re- | RESBALADI'ZO, adj. v. RESVALAluctancy. REPUGNA'NTE, adj. oppolite. REPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppose, to have

a reluctancy.

REPULGA'R, v. a. to hem.

REPULGO, s. m. a hem in a gar- RESCATE, s. m. ransom. ment. El repúlgo de la empanáda, the edge of a

jump.

REPU'LSA, f. f. a repulse.

REBULSA'R, v. a. to repel, to give a repulse. REPU'NTA, f. f. a reply, a breaking RESE'LLO, f. m. scaling again.

out, the appearing of any thing. REPUNTA'R, v. a. to reply; also to RESE'nA, s. f. a muster or review.

break out, to appear. REPURGAIR, v. a. to purge or clean

over again. REPUTACION, f. f. reputation. REPUTA'R, v. a. to repute.

REQ

courts, woos, makes love to, or uses | got a cold. fine amorous expressions.

REQUEBRAR, v. a. to court, to woo, to make love, to use fine amorous expressions.

REQUEMA'R, v. a. to burn again. REQUERIMIE'NTO, f. m. intimation, and requiring notification.

REQUERI'R, v. a. to require, to make intimation, to notify; also to seek after, to court, to fearch.

love.

REQUESO'N, f. m. curds. REQUESTA, s. f. a request. REQUESTA'R, v. a. to request.

REQUIE'BRO, f. m. an amorous expression or any pretty fost alluring word.

REQUISITO, adj. requisite.

Requisito, f. m. a circumstance, a part that is requisite.

REQUISITO'RIA, f. f. a warrant from a judge requiring obedience.

RES

RES, f. f. a head of cattle, sometimes a flock or herd.

RESABE'R, v. n. to be loquacious. RESABIA'R, v. a. to use, to practise RESIGNA'R, v. a. to resign. an ill tafte or favour.

RESABI'DO, f. m. a crafty subile RESINO'SO, adj. full of resin. fome fellow that pretends to know much.

a jadish trick in a horse; an ill taste or j favour.

RESAICA, f. f. the breaking of the billows on the fhore, the eddy.

RESALI'R, v. n. to go out, to appear

or to jut out in a building or in a pitlure.

RESALTE, f. m. the jutting out part in a building, and that which reprefents it in painting.

a body or rebound,

RESALUDAR, v. n. to refalute, to re- RESOLYE'R, v. n. to refolve.

turn the falutation of one. returning the greeting to one.

to make good, to repair.

Repuésso, s. m. a repository, a store-RESBALADE'RO, s. m. v. RESVA-LADE'RO.

DI'ZO.

RESBALA'R, v. n. vide RESVAL-A'R.

RESCALDA'R, v. a. to heat again. RESCATA'R, v. a. to ranfom.

RESCO'LDO, f. m. hot embers or a fire of smallcoal.

RESCRIBIR, v. a. to write back. REPU'LLO, s. m. a violent shake or RESCRI'PTO, s. m. a rescript, an anfwer of a prince to any petition. RESCUE'NTRO, s. m. a compensa- Respésso de, adv. because.

> tion. RESELLA'R, v. a. to seal again.

RESEMBRA'R, v. a. to low again. RESENTIMIENTO, s. m. resentment, De respéte, prepared.

the act of resenting. RESENTIR, v. a. to resent. RESE'RVA, f. f a referve.

RESERVACIO'N, f. f. tion.

RESERVA'R, v. a. to reserve. RE'SES, f. f. pl. of res.

REQUEBRADO'R, s. m. one that RESFRIA'DO, adj. that has taken or RESPIGADE'RA, s. f. a gleaner.

RESFRIAME'NTO, f. m. a cold that RESPIGAR, v. n. to glean, to gather one gets.

 $RESF \land IA'R$, v. a. to cool. Resfriárse, v. r. to get a cold.

REQUEMA'DO, adj. adust, choler RESGUARDA'R, v. a. to preserve, to defend.

> Risguardá se, v. r. to be cautious, to take care of oneself.

> RESGUA'RDO, f. m. security taken for what a man does; a counter security, when a man is bound for another; also a referve.

Requerir de amores, to court, to make RESIDE'NCIA, s. f. residence, residing in a place.

Pedir residencia, to call to an account. Residencia, the trial a governor or magistrate is to undergo when he resigns his | RESPIRADE'RO, s. m. a breathing employment, a judge being appointed to hear all complaints against him.

Tomár residencia, to take an account. RESIDENCIA'R, v. a. to make the trial of a person in publick offices, to RESPLANDECE'NCIA, s. f. esfulhear all complaints against him.

RESIDE'NTE, f. m relident, a minister | RESPLANDECE'R, v. n. to shine, to of a prince inferior to an envoy.

a place. RESI'DUO, adj. what remains. Residuo, f. m. the remainder.

RESIGNA, RESIGNACIO'N, & f. resignation.

any ill customs or habits; also to have RESINA, s. f. a resin, a fat oily liquor diffilling from a tree.

knave; also a talkative, trouble- RESISTE'NCIA, s. f. resistance, oppofition.

RESISTE'RO, If. m. the reflection RESABIO, f. m. an ill habit or custom; | RESISTIDE'RO, f or violent heat of | the fun, the heat of the day from noon till two or three, when the fun feems to fcorch.

RESISTIR, v. a. to resist, to oppose, to withstand.

RE'SMA, f. f. a ream of paper. RESALTA'R, v. n. to fland, to flick, RE'SOL, f. m. the reverberation of the

fun. RESOLA'NO, f. m. a warm funny RESQUEBRADURAL v. RESQUE

place, where the wind does not blow.

RESOLLA'R, v. n. to breathe.

RESA'LTO, f. m. the repercussion of RESOLUCIO'N, f. f. resolution; also |fpirit, courage.

RESOLUTAME NTE, adv. refolutely. RESALUTACIO'N, f. m. refuluting, RESOLUTO, adj. refolute, or refolved.

dounding.

RESONA'NIE, adj. resounding, or that resounds.

RESONA'R, v. a. to refound. RESOPLA'R, v. a. to blow again. RESOPLI'DO, f. m. a blowing RESO'PLO, again.

RESPALDA'R, I f. m. vide ESPAL. RESPA'LDO, DA'R. RESPECTIVAME'IIIE, adv. respec.

tively, relatively. RESPECTIVO, adj. respective, tela. tive.

RESPE'CTO, f. m. consideration, motive.

RESPETA'BLE, adj. that deserves re. spect.

RESPETAR, v. a. to respect. RESPETO, f. m. respect; in cant, the fword.

Estar de resiéte, to be in ceremony. RESPETOSAME'NTE, adv. reipest.

fully. a reserva- RESPETO'SO, acj. respectful. RESPETUOSAME'NIE, adv. sespest.

fully. RESPETUO'SO, adj. respectful.

RESPIGADOR, s. m. a gleaner.

after the gatherers RESPIGO'N, f. m. the skin that grows over the nails, or rather those little skins that break and fly up about the nails, and are very fore. It is also a

fty upon the eye. RESPINGAR, v. n. to kick out of wantonness, to rebel by being pampered; also to skip, to leap, and to give short and peevith answers.

RESPINGO, f. m. a skip, a leap, a kick of wantonness; a pert peevish answer.

RESPIRACIO'N, f. f. the breath of the body.

place, a hole to let in the air. RESPIRA'R, v. a. to breathe, to take

breath, to take comfort, to be eased, to rest.

gence, splendor. glitter.

RESIDI'R, v. a. to reside, to remain in RESPLANDECIE'NTE, p. p. bright, thining.

RESPLANDO'R, s. m. brightness. Cintas de restlanaor, ribbons wrought with filver. RESPONDE'R, v. n. to answer.

RESPONDIE'NTE, f. m. who anfwers.

RESPONDO'N, f. m. f. a grubling person, one that has always an aniwer.

RESPONSABLE, adj. responsible. RESPO'NSO, f. m. an answer; but generally taken for the finging of pfalms for the dead, two choirs alternatively answering one another

RESPONSO'RIO, f. m. a responsory after reading the lessons in the mattins.

RESPUE'STA, f. f. an answer; also the report of a gun.

RISPUESTO, p p. of responder. カスイグの・

RESQUEBRAJADURA, C. f. a crack, a chop, a flir, a cleft; alto a nibbling

or breaking about the edges. RESQUEBKAJAR, v. a. to crack, to

chop to flit, to cleave; alto to nibble or break about the edges.

RESQUEBRATJO, f. m. v. RESQUE BRAJADURA

RESARCI'R, v.n. to make amends for, RESONANCIA, f. f. a found or re- RESULICIO, 1. m. a chink, a cleft, 2 wanny. RE'SIA,

RE'STA. s. f. the rest, the remainder. RESTABLECE'R, v. a. to re-establish. Restablecerse, v. a. to recover one's RETARDACIO'N, s. f. a delay. health. RESTABLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a re-

establishment.

RESTALLA'R, v. n. to fly, to flaw, to flake as stones do with the fire, or the Jike.

RESTANA'R, v. n. to stand, to stop, particularly the blood. RESTANO, f. m. a filver or gold stuff;

also a pool, a pond.

RESTA'NTE, f. m. what remains. RESTA'R, v. a. to rest, to remain, to

subtract in arithmetick. RESTAURACIO'N, f. f. restoration, re-

storing, repairing. RESTAURADO'R, s. m. who re- RETERI'R, v. a. to dye again.

stores. RESTAURA'R, v. a. to restore, to re-

RE'STO, s. m. the rest, the remainder, RETESAMIE'NTO, s. m. the residue; also a stake at play. In arithmetick, subtraction.

Jugar a résto abiérta, to play, or throw against all that is set.

Echar el résto, to set one's last stake. RESTRICCIO'N, f. f. restriction, confinement.

RESTRICTO, adj. restrained, kept within certain bounds.

RESTRINGI'R, v. a. to restrain; also bound in the body.

RESTRINI'R, v. a. to restrain, to bind | in the body.

RESVALADE'RO, f. m. a slippery place, or a thing that is apt to flip. RESVALADI'ZO, adj. slippery.

RESVALA'R, v. n. to slip, to slide. RESVALO'SO, adj. flippery. RESUCITADO'R, f. m. one that re-

vives. RESUCITA'R, v. n. to revive.

RESUDA'R, v. n. to sweat, to perspire.

body. RESUE'LTO, p. p. resolute, or reosiv- | Tocar a retirar, to sound a retreat.

cd. RESU'LTA, f. f. the refult of any bu-

siness. RESULTA'R, v. n. to result, to rebound.

RESU'MEN, f. m. result, conclusion. RESUMI'R, v. a. to re-assume, to commence again; also to reduce.

dead.

RESURRECCIO'N, f. f. resurrection. RESURTI'R, v. n. to rebound.

RET

RETABLO, f. m. a puppet-show in the the streets.

Retable, an altar-piece.

twice at billiards.

RETACO, f. m. a fmall gun. fier.

RETAGUA'RDIA, army or of any

body of men. RETAINPLA, f. f. the aggregate of many

things set in due order. RETAJA'R, v. a to chop, to cut short, to circumcife.

RETA'L, f. m. a remnant.

RETALLAR, v.n. to sprout again. RETA'LLO, f. m. a new sprout. RETA'MA, f. f. furz, whins, heath, gols.

RETAMAIL, f. m. a ground that bears furz, whins, heath, or gofs.

RETA'R, v. n. to defy, to challenge, to charge a man with treason or other

heinous crime, and undertake to make it good in combat.

RETARDA'R, v. n. to setard, to delay.

RETEJA'R, v. a. to tile again, to new tile, to repair the tiling of a house; metaph. to mend cloaths.

RETE'N, f. m. in cant, the keeping back a card to cheat with.

RETENCIO'N, f. f. retaining, detaining.

RETENEDO'R, f. m. who stops, or retains.

RETENE'R, v. a. to retain, to detain, to with hold.

RETENIMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of detaining.

RETENTA'R, v. a. to try, to tempt, to attempt again.

RETENTIVO, adj. retentive.

stalenes, of meat,

RETESA'R, v. n. to grow stale, to eat | RETRACCIO'N, s. f. retraction. till a man belches.

RETICE'NCIA, f. f. reticence, a rhetorical figure focalled.

RETICULA'DO, adj. made in the form of a net.

RETTHER, v. a. to dye over again; also to tinckle, to found like a bell.

RETINTE, f. m. dying over again; also a tinckling noise.

RETINTI'DO, i. m. a tinckling noise, a draws by the life. shrill loud voice.

RETINTI'N, f. m. the noise of a shrill | RETRATARSE, v. r. to recant, to unsay loud voice.

RETIRA'DA, f. f. a retreat; also a RETRATO, f. m. a picture drawn by retrenchment within another work to retire to when beaten out of the RETRETA, f. f. the tattoo which gives first.

RETIRADAME'NTE, adv. in retirement.

RESUE'LLO, s. m. the breath of the RETIRA'R, v. n. to retire, to withdraw.

retire.

Retirárse, v. r. to retire, to retreat. RETI'RO, f. m. retirement.

charging a man with treason or any giving back. other crime, and offering to make it RETROGRADACION, f. f. drawing good in combat.

vise.

RETOHAR, v. n. to sprout out again, RETRONAR, v. n. to thunder again, like a plant that has been cut.

RETO'NO, f. m. ayoung shoot or sprout of a tree or plant.

nature of the raree-shew carried about | RETO'QUE, s. m. correcting, finishing.

RETACA'R, v. n. to strike the ball RETORCEDU'RA, s. f. twisting, RETULA'R, v. a. to write an inscripwreathing.

RETORCIJO'N, f. m. a twist.

RETADO'R, f. m. a challenger, a de- Retorcijón de tripas, a fit of the gripes, RETUMBAR, v. n. to resound, to the twisting of the guts.

wreathing.

RETO'RICA, f. f. rhetorick, the art RETUNDI'R, v. a. to best back. of speaking.

RETORICAME'NTE, adv. rhetori-] cally.

RETO'RICO, adj. rhetorical. Retorico, f. m. rhetorician.

RETORNA'R, v. a. to return.

RETO'RNO, f. m. a return of kindness.

Múlas, à cabállos de retorno, mules or horfes that have been a journey, and return home empty or unloaded.

RETORTE'RO, adv. Andar al retoridro, to twirl about like the little dish

the women put upon their spindle, when it is light, to give it weight, which they call tortera. Metaph. to be toffed and tumbled about, to be turmoiled.

RETORTIJA'R, v. a. to twist, ito wreath.

RETORTIJO'N, f. m. twisting, wreathing.

Retorisjon de tripas, twisting of the guts, gripes.

RETOZADO'R, f. m. one who plays the wanton.

RETOZA'R, v. n. to play the wanton, to rejoice, to dally, to exchange caresses, to fondle.

Retozár con el wérde, to sport, to plays to frolick.

Retozár la rísa, to burst with laughing. RETO'ZO, s. m. wantonness, dallying, caressing lasciviously.

RETOZO'N, adj. lewd, impudent, lascivious.

growing state, cramming oneself so full RETRABA'R, v. a. to set people by the ears.

> RETRACTACIO'N, f. f. recanting; drawing back.

> RETRAHE'R, v. a. to withdraw, to draw back, to retire.

> RETRAHIMIENTO, f. m. retirement, drawing back, withdrawing.

> RETRANCA, f. f. a crupper for a beaft of burden.

> RETRATADO'R, s. m. a painter that

jangling of small bells, the noise of a RETRATA'R, v. a. to draw by the

what one had faid.

the life.

the fignal to the foldiers to retire to their quarters at night.

RETRETI'LLO, f. m. a little closet. RETRETE, f. m. a closet, a private room.

RETRIBUCIO'N, f. f. retribution. Retirár al enemigo, to make the enemy | RETRIBUIR, v.a. to return, or make a return.

RETROCEDE'R, v. n. to go back, to give way.

RE'TO, f. m. challenge, defiance, RETROCESSIO'N, f. f. going back,

or going back. RESURGIR, v. n. obs. to rise from the |RETOCA'R|, v. a. to touch again, to |RETROGRADA'R|, v. n. to go back.

finish, to complete, to correct, to re- | RETROGRA'DO, adj. retrogade, going back.

to found again like thunder. RETORECE'R, v. a. vide RETORA'R. | RETRUCA'R, v. n. to strike one ball against the other at billiards.

RETRUE'CANO, f. m. a rechange, or changing again what was changed before.

RETORCE'R, v. a. to twift, to wreath, RETUE'RTO, adj. very crooked. tion or title on a thing.

RETULO, f. m. an inteription.

make a hollow or rumbling noife. RETAGUA'RDA, Is. f. the rear of an RETORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a twilling, RETU'MBO, f. m. a rumbling, a hole low noife.

RETUSA'R, v. a. to shave, to clip or cut again.

REV

REVALIDACIO'N, f. f. revalidating, making valid again. REVALIDA'R' v. a. to revalidate, to make valid again.

REVALACIO'N, f. f. a revelation, the revealing of a fecret.

REFELA'R, v. a. to reveal.

REVENDEDO'R, f. m. a retailer, a huckster.

REVEN-[+ H]

REVENDE'R. v. a. to retail, to sell REVOLEAR, v. n. to bound, to fly again. REVENI'R, v. n. to return, to come again. Rewenirse, v. r. to decay, to grow stale, to take damp, as sweetmeass, or such things do that are ill kept. REVE'NTA, f. f. retailing. REVENTADE'RO, f. m. a painful work; also any bad place in a road. REVENTA'R, v. n. to burit; also to work hard. REVENTA'R, to plague, to molest; alfo to fpring. Reventar, to long for any time. REVENTO'N, f. m. bursting; also a great difficulty, or any hard work. REVE'R, v. a. to review, to revise. REVERBER ACIO'N, f. f. reverberation, repurcussion, beating back, reflestion. REVERBERA'R, v. a. to reverberate, to reflect, to beat back. REVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green again. Reverdecer, to break out again. REVERE'NCIA, f. f. reverence, respect; the title given to priests and religious persons. REVERENCIADO'R, f. m. he who pays reverence. REVERENCIA'L, adj. reverential, respectful. REVERENCIA'R, v. a. to reverence, to respect, to honour. REVERE'NDAS, f. f. pl. letters from one prelate to another recommending | a person to be ordained, or the like. REVERE'NDO, adj. reverend. REVERENTE, adj. reverent. REVERSIO'N, f. f. reversion. REVE'RSO, adj. the reverse or backside of a medal or coin. REVER'TER, v. a. to revert, to turn again. REVE'S, f. m. the wrong fide of any thing; a backstroke; also any misfortune. Al rewes, adv. the wrong way, the wrong | Fiefla di reges, the Epiphany or Twelfthside outwards. REVE'SA, f. f. in cant, the act of one that betrays his trust. REVESADO, adj. dissicult, hard, stubborn, peevish. Párto revesádo, a woman's hard delivery. REVESA'R, v. n. to vomit. REVESTI'R, v. a. to cloath; to put one garment over another. Revestirse el sacerdôte, for the priest to vest himself to officiate at the altar. REVEZA'R, v. a. to take turns. REVIE'SO, adv. aukward, untoward. REVISIO'N, f. f. a revising, or looking over an account. REVISO'R, f. m. the person who revises | or looks over. REVI'STA, f. f. a review. Revissa de pleito, the rehearsing of a cause. REVISTA'R, v. a. in law, to revise a cause. REVISTO, p. p. of rever. REVIVI'R, v. n. to revive, to live again. REVOCA'BLE, adj. revocable. REVOCACIO'N, f. f. revocation, re- | REZE'LO, f. m. fear, mistrust, suspicion. peal, recalling, or revoking. REVOCA'R. v. a. to revoke, to recall, to repeal. REVO'CO, f. m. the polish given to a wall. REVOLAR, v. n. to fly again; in cant, [to make his escape through a window | REZONGEAR, § or the top of the house. REVOLGADE'RO, f. m. the place where dogs or other animals roll or wallow. REZURA, f. f. v REGIURA. Revolcás se, v. r. to tumble, to roll, to

wallow.

one's blood.

back. REVOLETE'O, f. m. a quick motion of birds in flying. REVOLOTEA'R, v.n. v. REVOLEA'R, REVOLTILLO, f, m. a heap of several things put together. REVOLTO'N, f. m. a fort of worm seeding-upon leaves. REVOLTOSO. adj. turbulent, seditious. REVOLUCIO'N, f. f. a revolution. REVOLVEDO'R, f. m. one who fets at variance. REVOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap, to roll up, to turn round, to stir about, to set at variance. REVO'QUE, f. m. v. REVO'CO, REVUE'LTO, p. p. of rwolver. REVUE'LO, f. m. flying back; also confusion. De revuélo, adv. quickly. REVULSIVO, 7 adj. that causes or REVULSO'RIO, \(\) can cause a revulfion. REU REU'MA, f. f. a rheum, a defluxion. REUNION, f. f. to re-union. REUNI'R, v. a. to re-unite. REUPO'NTICO, the herb centaury. REY RE'Y, f. m. a king. Rey católico, the catholick king, the king of Spain. Rey de armas, a king at arms. Elrey don Alonfo, the name of a Spanish dance. Aqui del rey, a cry, demanding assistance in the king's name. Prov. Viva el rey y daca la capa, God fave the king, and give me your cloak. Applied to those, who under colour of ferving the king or executing justice, rob the people. Prov. Nuevo rey, nueva ley; new kings new laws. Réyes, kings, in the plural number is often used to signify the king and queen. day. Dia de réyes, idem. REYE'RTA, f. f. a quarrel, a fray, wrangling, strife. REYECI'LLO, s. m. a petty king; also a sort of venemous serpent, so called, because it has something like a crown on the head. REYEZUE'LO, s. m. a wren, a bird so called. REZ REZA'GA, f. f. rear guard. Rezagárse, v. r. to fall behind, to lag behind. REZA'GO, f. m. the flate of remaining behind, what remains behind, the refiduum of any thing. REZA'R, v. a. to pray, to recite, to fay without finging. REZELADO'R, f. m. the horse that ferves to make the mares hot before they receive the stallion. REZELA'R, v. a. to fear, to suspect, to mistrust. REZELO'SO, adj. fearful, fulpicious, mittruttful. RE'ZNO, f. m. a tick, fuch as torment dogs, slicep, &c. RE'ZO, f. m. a prayer. REZONGA'R,) v. n. to mutter, to grumble. REZONGO'N, f. m. a grumbling muttering fellow. REZUMA'RSE, v. r to transpire.

RHA

Revolutife en su sangre, to wallow in RHACHITICO, adj. discased, by the rickets.

RHACHITIS, f. f. the rickets, a difease in children so called.

RHE

RHETO'RICA, f. f. rhetorick. Rheibricas, pl excuses, pretexts. RHETO'RICO, adj. rhetorical. RHEU'MA, f. f. rheum. RHEUMATICO, adj. rheumatick. RHEUMATI'SMO, f. m. rheumatism,

RHI

RHINOCERO'NTE, f. m. a beaft called rhinoceros with a horn in his front,

RHO

RHO'MBO, f. m. a rhomb, a paralle. logram. RHOMBOI'DES, f. m. a rhomboid.

RIA, f. f. the mouth of a great river, a great inlet of the sea like the mouth of a river, fit for ships to anchor in. RIACHUE'LO, f. m. a little river, a brook. RIACHUELO, If. m. a brook, a ii. RIATI'LLO,

vulet.

RI'BA, f. f. the fea shore. RIBA'ZO, f. m. the ridge of a hill; alfo a high bank. RIBE'RA, f. f. the shore, the side of a river or of the fea, the banks. Hombre de monte y ribéra, a man good at anything, that can turn his hand to any thing.

RIBEREnO, adj. belonging to a river. RIBE'TE, f. m. a fillet about any thing, the hem of a garment, or any small lace or ornament about it.

RIBETE A'R, v. a. to edge, to border, to fillet.

RIC

RICA'CHO, f. m. v. RICAZO.

RICAME'NTE, adv. richly.

RICIA'L, adj. that produces a second time after the cutting down of com. Said of a field. RICO, f. m. rich. Formerly it signissed noble às well as rich. Ricas komes, the nobility, the barons of

RICAZO, f. m. a wealthy rich man.

the realm.

Prov. O rico ò pinjado, either rich or hanged; neck or nothing.

Prov. El rico come quando quiere, y el pobre quando tiene, the rich man cate when he pleases, and the poor man when he has it.

Prov. Ni a rico debas, ni a púbre prométas, do not run in debt with a rich man, nor promise any thing to a poor one.

RID

RIDICULAME'NTE, loufly. RIDICULE'Z, f. f. a ridiculoufnels. RIDICULO'SO, } ndj. ridiculous. RIDI'CULO,

RIE

RIE'GO, f. m. watering. RIE'L, f. m. gold or filver that has been melted, and being split, is run into a brond flat plate; also an ingot, or a mould to call ingots in-RIE'NDA

RIE'NDA, s. f. the rein of a bridle.

A riénda juéita, a round gallop.

A média riénda, a half speed.

A toda rienda, full speed.

Bolver las riéndas, to come about.

Ponér riénda en la léngua, to curb one's tongue.

RIE SGO, s. m. danger, peril, hazard.

RIF

RIFA, f. f. strife, contention, a quartel; also rafflle or lottery.

RIFA'R, v. a. to strive, to contend, to quarrel; also to raffle at play.

RIFIRA'FE, f. m. a slight quarrel.

RIG

RIGIDE'Z, f. f. harshness, severity.

RIGIDE'Z, f. f. harshness, severity.

RIGO'R, adj. rigid, austere, stern, severe.

RIGO'R, f. m. rigour, harshness, severity.

Lievár una cosa por todo rigor, to use the utmost extremities.

RIGURIDA'D, s. f. obs. v. RIGOR.

RIGUROSAME'NTE, adv. rigorously, rigidly.

RIGUROSIDA'D, s. f. rigorousness, rigidness.

RIGURO'SO, adj. rigorous, rigid.

RIj

RIJA, s. f. a running sore in the corner of the eye, a fiftula lachrymalis.

RIM

RIMA. f. f. a rhime in poetry; also a heap, a stack, a pile.

RIMA'R, v. n to rhime.

RIMBOMBA'R, v. n. to resound, to echo.

RIMBO'MBO, f. m. resound, echoing.

RIME'RO, f. m. a heap, a pile, a stack.

RINE RINE

RINCO'N, f. m. a corner.

El rincón de las sièce semanas, a very retired place.

Al rincón con el almobadilla, into the corner with the cushion. This they say
to young maids, bidding them retire
into a corner with their work.

RINCONA'DA, s. f. the corner formed
by two houses, streets, or roads.

RINCONCI'LLO, s. m. a little corner.

RINGLA,
RINGLA,
RINGLA,
RINGORA'NGO, s. m. a slourishing
stroke of the pen made in writing.

RIñ

RlnO'N, s. m. a kidney.
Rinones, pl. the reins of the back.
RinoNA'DA, s. f. the fat about the kidneys.

RIO

Prov. A rio rebuelto ganancia de pescaderos, good sishing in troubled waters.
Prov. Do va mai bondo el rio, bace menes
ruido, the deepest waters make least
noise.
Prov. El río passado, el sánto olvidádo,
when the river is past, the saint is forgotten.
Prov. En el rio do no bai peces, por demas
es ecbar redes, it is in vain to cast nets
into a river where there is no sist.
Prov. En rio quedo no metas tu dedo, do

not put your finger into a still river; that is, do not have any thing to do with demure still people. Prov. Lo que el rio alléga, el rio lo lleva, what the river gathers, the river carries away. What is got over the devil's back is spent under his belly.

Prov. Quando el río no bace ruido, ò no leva agua, ò va mui crecido, when the river makes no noise, either it has no water, or is very full.

RIO'STRA, s. f. a prop or shore to prop up a wall till it can be other-wise repaired.

RIF

RI'PIA, f. f. a shingle, such as they use to cover houses with, a chip, a lath.

RIPIA'R, v. a to cover a house with

RIPIA'R, v. a. to cover a house with shingle; also to lath.

RIPIO, f. m. the small bits of stone that fly in the working of stones by the masons; other small stones and rubbish.

Meter mucho ripio, to talk much, and little to the purpose. Dar ripio a la mano, to furnish matter.

RIQ

RIQUE'ZA, f. f. wealth, riches.
RIQUISSI'MO, adj. superl. most wealthy or rich.

RIS

RISA, f. f. laughter.

RISA'DA, f. f. a fit of laughter. RISCO, f. m. a rock, a cleft, a crag; rifque, danger, hazard. RISIBILIDAD, f. f. risibility, the power of laughing. RISI'BLE, adj. that can laugh. RISTRA, f. f. a rope of onions, garlicks, or the like-RISTRE, f. m. the rest, an iron to rest the but-end of the lance. Lanza en ristre, the lance in the rest; that is, against the breast, in order to run against the adversary. $RISUE'\bar{n}O$, adj. pleafing, fmiling, pleafant.

RIT

RITHMO, f. m. rhime, metre.
RITO, f. m. rite, custom, manner.
RITUA'L, f. m. the book that contains the rites and ceremonies of the church.

RIV

RIVA'L, f. m. a rival. RIVE'RA, f. f. a rivulet, a brook.

R I X

RIXADO'R, adj. quarel, a dispute.
RIXADO'R, adj. quarelsome.
RIXO, s. m. inclination to sensuality.
RIXO'SO, adj. troublesome, quarrelsome; also sensual, inclined to sensuality.
ality.

RIZ

RIZA, f. f. the root of the green barley given to horses; also havock, destruction, a great slaughter.
RIZAR, v. a. to curl the hairs; also
to plait linea nicely.
RIZO, s. m. curl, plait.
Terciopelo rizo. unshorn velvet.

ROA

ROA'NO, adj. roan, said of a certain colour in a horse.

R O B

ROB, f. m. v. ARROPE. ROBAR, v. a. to rob, to steal. Cásar báda, s. f. a disorderly, unfurnished house. Robar corazones, to steal hearts, to win people's affections, to make onefelf beloved. ROBADO'R, f. m. a robber, a thief. ROBAMIE'NTO, f. m. theft. ROBERI'A, f. f. theft, robbery. ROBIN, f. m. rull in metals. ROBLA'R, v. a. to caulk horses shoes; alfo to rivet. RO'BLE, f. m. an oak-tree. ROBLEDA'L, f. m. a wood or grove of oak-trees. ROBLI'ZO, adj. strong, stout. RO'BO, f. m. theft, robbery. ROBORA'R, v. a. to strengthen. ROBORATINO, adj. strenghtening. ROBRA, s. f. an instrument in writing upon a bargain, a bill of sale, or articles of fale. ROBRA'R, v. a. to draw an instrument in writing; also to clench a nail. ROBUSTAME'NTE, adv. vigoroully. ROBUSTE'Z, f. f vigour, strength. ROBU'STO, adj. robuit, itrong, hardy, flurdy. ROBUSTOSIDA'D, f. f. vide RO-BUSTEZ.

ROC

RO'CA, f. f. a rock. Rócas, pl. a ridge of rocks about twelve degrees of north latitude. ROCADE'RO, f. m. the part of the distaff or spinning-wheel, about which they fasten the flax; also a piece of paper rolled up wide at top and pointed at bottom, to wrap sweetmeats or the like in. ROCALLA, f. f. an aggregate of small stones and pebbles artfully placed. ROCIA'DA, f. f. a sprinkling; also a volley of shot. ROCIADE'RO, f. m. a sprinkler. ROCIADO'R, f. m. asprinkler. ROCYA'R, v. a. to sprinkle, to bedew. ROCI'N, f. m. a nag, a horse. ROCIO, f. m. the dew. ROCLO', f. m. a cloak fo called.

ROD

RO'DA, f. f. the rake of a ship.

RODABA'LLO, s. m. a turbot.

RODA'DA, f. f. the wheel-rut on the road. RODADE'RO, adj. easily wheeling. RODA'DO, adj. dappled; said of a horse. RODADO'R, f. m. any thing that tumbles or rolls like a bowl. RODADU'RA, s. f. a tumbling or rolling like a bowl. RODA'JA, s. f. the rowel of a spur, or any thing that turns round in that nature; a pulley, or the like. RODA'NCHO, f. m. a round buckler. Ser rodáncho, in cant, to be bold or daring. RODAPE'LO, f. m. vide RODOPE-LO. RODAPIE'S, f. m. pl. the bases round the bottom of a bed. RODA'R, v. n. to tumble, to roll; metaph. to be toffed about unregarded, to be made no account of. RODEN'R, v. a. to encompafa. Mas vale rodear, que no abogar, it is better to go about than drown. RODE'LA, f. f. a round target. RODELE'RO, f. m. the foldier that wents a rodéla, RODE'O, f. m. a compais, the farthest Way

way about; in cant, a company of rogues and whores.

Rodéo pára la cabeza, a cloth rolled in a ring to put on the head to carry a burthen.

RODE'RO, adj. belonging to the wheels. RODE'TE, f. m. a roll, such as women used to wear on their heads; also a little border for a coat, or the like.

RODE'ZNO, f. m. the piece of wood or timber which draws the upper millitone about when it grinds; metaph any short thick thing.

RODI'LLA, s. f. a knee; also a dishclout.

RODILLA'ZO, f. m. a thump with the knee.

RODI'LLO, f. m. a roller, a long round piece of wood they lay on the ground, to lay a stone or timber of great weight on, and roll it along.

RODILLU'DO, adj. that has great knees.

RODRIGA'R, v. a. to prop, to shore

RODRIGO'N, f. m. a pole or prop for a vine.

RODRIGONCI'LLO, s. m. a little pole or prop for a vine.

ROE

ROEDO'R, f. m. agnawer; metaph. a carper, a railer.

ROEDU'RA, f f. a gnawing; metaph. carping, railing.

ROE'L, s. m. a flat round, or plate, all sorts of flat rounds used in heraldry.

ROE'R, v. a. to gnaw; metaph. to cenfure, to talk ill of the absent.

Roér los zancájos, to carp, to find out faults.

Rôcte esse huesso, there's a bone for you to pick.

ROE'TE, f. m. the juice of the pomegranate made into wine.

ROF

ROFIA'N, f. m. v. RUFIA'N. ROFIANERI'A, f. f. v. RUFIANE-RI'A. ROFIANEA'R, v. n. v. RUFIANEA'R.

R O G

ROGACIONE'S, f. f. pl. the Rogation weck.

ROGADO'R, f. m. an intreater, one that prays or requests.

ROGA'R, v. a. to intreat, to pray, to request.

ROGATIVAS, f. f. pl. publick prayers in the church in some time of need.

ROL

ROL, f. m. a lift, a catalogue containing names, a register.

ROLD A' NAS, f. f. pi. trucks, those little wooden wheels, without any spokes, on which the carriages of guns do run on ship-board.

RO'LDE, f. m. a circle of persons, or any other thing.

ROLLI'ZO, adj. thick and round, brawny, fat.

RO'LLO, f. m. any long round thing, a roll, a scroll of writing; also a sweet | cake made like a roll or wreath. It is also a gallows.

Tenér su piédra en el róllo, to have a stone at the gallows; to be respected; to be proud and conceited,

Róllo de mantéca, a roll of butter. Peliáda en róllo, barrelled cod.

ROLLO'NA, adj. fem, flout, ftrong. Said of a woman.

ROM

ROMADIZA'DO, adj. that has got a cold.

ROMADIZA'RSE, v. r. to get cold. ROMADI'ZO, f. m. a cold, a de-

fluxion. ROMA'NA, f. f. the balance, called the steelyard.

ROMA'NCE, f. m. the Spanish tongue;

also a fort of poem. ROMANCEA'R, v. a. to translate into

Spanish. ROMANCE'RO, f. m. one that composes that sort of verses, called romances; or a book of that fort of verses; or one that writes or translates

into Spanish. ROMANCISTA, f. m. who composes romances.

ROMANEA'R, v. a. to weigh with a Reelyard.

ROMA'NO, adj. black and white; faid of the colour of a cat.

ROMA'NZAR, v. a. to turn or to put into Spanish.

ROMA'ZA, f. f. the four dock. RO'MBO, f. m. v. RU'MBO. ROMERA, f. f. a woman pilgrim.

Prov. Ir roméra, y wolver raméra, to go out a pilgrim, and return home a whore; that is, to pretend fanchity and follow lewdness.

ROMERA'L, f. m. a plat of ground planted with rosemary, or where it grows wild.

ROMERI'A, f. f. a pilgrimage. De sáles romerías se sacan sáles venéras, such pilgrimages afford such scallopshells; said when a man is poxed, and

breaks out in scabs and blotches. Prov. Romería de cérca múcho víno y póca céra, a short pilgrimage is a great expence of wine and little wax. Those little pilgrimages near home have more of mirth than devotion; and therefore much wine is spent, and

ROME'RO, f. m. the herb rosemary; also a pilgrim.

little wax offered.

Prov. Roméro abiso, saco zasice, a pilgrim, though he be over-beaten, will get a piece of bread of you. That is, they are importunate, though they want it not, and their importunity extorts it.

Prov. Gran obréro, gran romero, a great workman is a great pilgrim; because he is sent for from all parts.

Roméro, f. m. a little fish that slicks to the sharks so close, that they cannot shake it off, and feeds on what slips by the sharks.

RO'MO, adj. flat-noted; also the male mule, got by a horse on a she-ass. ROMPEDO'R, f. m. a breaker.

ROMPENE'CIOS, f. m. one that makes his use of fools till he ruins them.

ROMP EPO'TOS, f. m. a vagabond, an idle fellow, one that is fitting about in the streets.

ROMPE'R, v. a. to break; metaph. to fall to open enmity.

Romper por la gente, to break through the people.

Rompérse una persona, v. r. to break loofe into wickedness; to break out into the world to learn experience.

ROMPESQUI'NAS, f. m. a fierce bully, a noify fellow.

ROMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of breaking.

RON

RO'NGA, f. f. a bravade. RONGAME'NIE, adv. hoarfely. RONCA'R, v. n to inore.

RONCE A'R, v. n. to be idle or lazy; to flug about; also to flatter.

RONCERIA, f. f. laziness, idleness; alfo flattery.

RONCE'RO, f. m. a lazy idle fellow; a flatterer, a little fawning child.

RO'NCHA, f. f. a wheal raised by the sting of a nettle, the bite of an insect, a blow or the like.

RONCHA'R, v. a. v. RONZA'R.

RONCHO'N, f. m. augment. of roncha. RO'NCO, adj. hoarse.

RO'NDA, f. f. the round that goes at night, the watch; also the space between the walls of a town and the houses; also the way of the rounds, being a space between the rampart and the low parapet under it.

RONDADO'R, f. m. one that goes the rounds: one that keeps bad hours.

RONDA'R, v. n. to go the rounds; to keep bad hours; to haunt a place much.

RONDIZ, f. m. the lower or broader part in a precious stone.

RONDO'N; as, Entrarse de rondon, to intrude abruptly, without asking leave. RONQUE A'R, v. n. to be hoarse.

RONQUEDA'D, I. f. hoarseness. RONQUE'RA,

RONQUIDO, s. m. snoring, snort. RONQUI'TO, adj. hoarsish. RONZA'L, f. m. the halter of a horse

or mule. RONZA'R, v. a. to chew or crack hard things.

ROT

RO'nA, s. f. the scab in sheep, scabbiness; it is also taken for dirt or nastiness grimed into any thing. ROnO'SO, adj. scabby; also grimed with dirt.

ROP

RO'PA, f. f. all furniture of a house, in linen, filk, and woolen; all that belongs to a man's cloathing; the clothes a man has on, or any loose garment he wears over the rest.

Rópa de levantár, a morning or a night gown.

Rópa de mésa, table-linen.

Rópa blánca, linen.

Rópa afuera, a term used in the galleys to bid the flaves strip to row.

Rópa a la mar, (sea-term) to throw goods over-board in a fform, or when a ship is a-ground.

Hacer a toda rupa, to plunder all one finds.

Prov. Quien quiere wiwir sano, la ropa de invierno traiga en verano, he that will be healthy, must wear the same clothes in summer and in winter.

ROFA'GE, f. m drapery, the parts composing a garment. ROPANEJERO, s. m. a broker that

fells old clothes.

ROPERIA, f. f. a street where all forts of garments are fold; in monafteries they give this name to a room, where they keep all their clothes or habits; also a wardrobe.

ROPE'RO, f. m. a broker that fells clothes.

ROPE'TA, f. f. a little coat or garment.

ROPILLA, f. f. a fort of waistcoat with fix fkirts, and hanging fleeves, and a narrow welt about two fingers broad on the shoulders.

ROPITA, f. f. v. ROPETA. ROPO'N, f. m. a gown.

ROQ

ROQ

ROQUE, f. m. a rook at chess. ROQUE'RO, adj. rocky. Castilio roquéro, a castle seated on a ROQUE'TE, f. m. a short surplice.

ROR

RORRO, f. m. a hum made to set children to sleep.

ROS

RO'SA, f. f. a rose. Rósa castellána, a Provence rose. Rosa de alexandría,, or rosa montes, the piony, hill-rose, or king's bloom. Rosa silvéstre, sweet brier. ROSA'DO, adj. of the colour of roses, or made of roses. Azeiterosado, oil of roses. Lesquário rosado, an electuary of roses.

Azucar rosado, sugar of roses. Agua rosada, rose - vater. ROSA'L, s. m. a rose-tree, a rose-

bush. ROSA'RIO, f. m. the rosary, the beads. RO'SCA, f. f. a sweet cake made with a

hole in the middle. ROSCO'N, f. m. augment. of rosca. ROSEO, adj. rosy, of a rose colour. ROSE'TA, s. f. a little rose, such as is made upon curious works in filver or the like, to cover a rivet, or for such use; also the rowel of a spur.

ROSICLE'R, f. m. brightness, a shining beauty, such as of a clear sky, the dawning of the day, a bright sword, or the like.

ROSMA'RO, s. m. a sea animal so called.

RO'SO, adj. ruddy, as some fruits when ripe, as apples, peaches, or the like.

No dexar roso, ni welloso, to sweep away all, good and bad; from the similitude of some sorts of fruit, as peaches, which when green are rough and downy, and when ripe turn ruddy.

ROSO'LI, f. m. a kind of dram for called.

ROSQUILLA, f. f. a little sweet round cake made in a ring.

ROSTITUE'RTO, adj. wrylooked, out of humour.

RO'STRO, f. m. the face.

Hater rostro, to sace an enemy, to stand to one's adversary.

Huir el rostro, to turn one's hack, to avoid meeting a man, to avoid contention.

Dar in rostro, to upbraid. Rostro à rostro, face to face. Hacerse el rostro, to break one's face.

ROT

ROTA, f. f. a rout, a defeat of an army. ROTACIO'N, f. f. rotation. ROTAME'NTE, adv. raggedly. ROTO, adj. broken, torn, ragged; a ragged or a lewd fellow, ROTULA'R, v. a. to put on an inscrip-

tion. ROTULO, f. m. a roller a trundle to roll great weights on; an inscription upon any thing.

ROTUNDIDA'D, f. f. roundness. ROTUNDO, adj. round. ROTURA, f. f. a rent in a garment, a breach.

R O X

ROXEA'R, v. n. to be ruddy, to blush.

RO'XO, adj. red.

ROY

ROYA, f. m. the dampness of corn.

R O Z

ROZA f. f. rubbing. ROZAGA'NTE, adj. ample, sumptuous, showing; said of dress. Metaph. arrogant, proud; also gay, brilliant. ROZA'R, v. a. to till the ground in order to fow; also to rub; and, in cant, to eat. Rozárse, v. r. to resemble.

ROZAVILLON, f. m. in cant, one who comes to eat and drink in a private house without being desired.

ROZNA'R, v. n. to bray like an ass, to mutter, to make a noise; also to gnaw, to champ, to chew.

ROZNI'DO, f. m. braying, muttering.

RO'ZNO, f.m. in cant, an ass. ROZO, s. m. the chips made in cutting wood; in cant, victuals.

RUA

RU'A, f. f. a street. Cabállo de rúa, a fine horse to prance about the streets. RUNN, f. m. linen cloth so called. RUA'NO, adj. roan; faid of a horse. RUA'R, v. n. to walk or ride about the ifreets to gallant the ladies.

RUB

RUBE'TA, f. f. a kind of venemous frog. RUBI', f. m. the precious stone called a ruby. RU'BIA, f. f. the herb madder, used in dying. RUBIAL, f. m. the field where madders grow. RUBICA'N, adj. white and red; faid | of the horse's colour. RUBICU'NDO, adj. ruddy. Latin rubicundus. RU'BIO, adj. ruddy; fair-haired. RU'BIO, If. m. the fish called a RUBIO'N, ζ gurnet. Rubión, red wheat. RUBO'R, f. m. shame, blush. RU'BRICA, f. f. a mark or flourish either under the name, or at the end of it, to prevent counterfeiting; in books of accounts, to every leaf instead of the name, to shew it has passed such an office, and been examined by such an officer; also the

RUC

RUBRO, adj. red, of a red colour.

RUBRICA'R, v. a. to mark.

the titles of the laws. It is also the

rubrick or red letters used in prayer

books.

RUC, f. m. a fabulous bird of an immense size. RUCIA'DA, f. f. v. ROCIADA. RUCIA'R, v. a. v. ROCIA'R. RU'CIO, adj. grey; only used in speaking of beatts. Ru io de la mancha, an ass. Rúcio rodádo, a dapple grey.

RUD

RU'DA, f. f. the herb ruc. kUDAME'NTE, adv. ignorantly, dully. RUDE'R.A, f. f. rubbish. RUDEZZA, f. f. dulinefs, ignorance, RUDIME'NTO, f. m. rudimeut. RUDO, adj. dull, coarfe, gross.

RUE

RUE'CA, f. f. a distaff. RUE'DA, f. f. a wheel. Ruéda de pescádo, a slice of a round fish.

Ruéda de arcabúz, the wheel of a wheellock musket.

Calzár la ruéda, to fasten a wheel in order to stop it from running too fast down hill; or to put a stone to it to stop it quite.

RUEDECICA, RUEDECI'LLA, \ f. f. a little wheel. RUEDECITA

RUE'DO, f. m. the compass or width of a garment; also a border set about women's petticoats.

A todo ruédo, for all manner of service. RUE'GO, s. m. intreaty, request, prayer. Prov. Ruégos porqué cante, y ruégos porqué calle, intreaties to sing, intreaties to give over. Some people must be courted to fing, and when they begin, will never give over.

Prov. Ruégo de grande, fuérza es que te bace, the intreaty of a great man is putting a force upon you; because when great men request, little ones dare not deny.

Prov. Ruégo y derécho bacen bécho, intreaty and right do the deed. Right alone is not enough; but sometimes fair words and intreaties have more force.

RUE'LLO, f. m. a kind of roller used in agriculture.

RUF

RUFE'ZNO, f. m. a little pimp. RUFIA'N, f. m. a ruffian, a bully, a pimp.

Prov. Almuérza con rufian, come con carpintéro, y céna con arriéro, breakfait with a bully, dine with a carpenter, and sup with a carrier; because those are their best meals.

RUFIANA'R, v. n. to play the ruffian, bully, or pimp. RUFIANCILLO, f. m. a little ruffian,

bully, or pimp. RUFIANERI'A, f. f. bullying, pimp-

ing, playing the russian. RUFIANE'SCO. adj. of, or belonging to rustians, bullies, and pimps.

RU'FO, f. m. the cant word for a russian, bully, or pimp. RUFO'N, f. m. in cant, the seel used to strike fire out of the flint.

RUG

RU'GA, f. f. v. ARRU'GA. RUGA'R, v.n.v. ARRUGA'R. RUGI'DO, f. m. a roaring like a lion. RUGINO'SO, adj. rufty. RUGIR, v. n. to roar like a lion. Rugirse úna cósa, to be muttered about and not openly discoursed. RUGOSID. 2'D, f. f. rugofity, wrinkles. RUGO'SO, adj. rumpled, full of wrinkles.

RUI

RUIBA'RBO, f. m. rhubarb. RUI'DO, f. m. noife; found. Ruido, fray, quarrel; in cant, a pimp. RUIDOSAME'NIE, adv. with great noise. RUIDO'SO, adj. noify. RUIN, adj. mean, vile, base; despicable, covetous. RUI'NA, f. f. ruin, destruction. Ruinas de un edificio, the ruins of an edifice. RUINAR, v. n. v. ARRUINAR. $RUIN_{\pi}$ [41]

RUINO'SO, adj. ruinous, threatening | RUMIA'R, v. n. to chew the cud, to ruin.

RUINDA'D, f. f. a base action; also covetouinels, milery.

RUINME'NTE, adv. meanly, vilely. RUIPO'NCE, f. m. a root fo called. RUIPONTI'CO, f. m. the herb cen-

taury. RUISENOR, f. m. the nightingale. RULA'R, v. a. v. RODA'R. RULO, f. m. a great bowl.

RUM

RUMBA'DA, f. f. the place at the head of the galley where the men go to ease themselves.

RU'MBO, s. m. a course, a way, a method; the rhumb a ship steers at RUPICA'PRA, f. f. a wild-goat. fea.

Echar de rumbo, to boast.

RUMBOSAME'NTE, adv. with pomp and offentation.

RUMBO'SO, adj. magnificent, splendid, RUQUE'TA, s. f. the plant rocket. pompous.

RU'MIA, s. f. the act of chewing or ruminating, as kine do.

RUMIADO'R, f. m. a chewer of the cud; one that considers maturely.

consider maturely.

RUMO'R, s. m. rumour, report, noise. RUMORCI'LLO, f. m. a little rumour, report, or noise.

RUN

RU'NFLA, f. f. in cant, a great number, quantity, or parcel. RUNRU'N, f. m. a noise, an uproar.

RUn

RUnA'R, v. a. to cut or work as the cooper does.

RUP

RUPTURA, S. S. v. ROTURA.

RUR

RURA'L, adj. rural, belonging to the RUXA'R, v.a. to irrigate, to water, country.

RUS

RUSCO, f. m a. plant so called. RUSTIC AME'NTE, adv. rustically, RUSTICID. I'D, f. f. clownishness. RU'STICA, adj. clownish; substantively used, a clown. RUSTIQUE'Z, f. f. clownishness. RUSTIQUE'ZA,

RUT

RUTA, f. f. a road confidered as divided into stages. RUTILANTE, adj. bright, thining, glittering. RUTILO, adj. bright, shining, glittering.

RUX

RUXA'DA, f. f. a sudden shower.

S.

S

A letter mostly pronounced as in English.

SAB

SA'BADO, f. m. Saturday, the Sabbath.

SA'BALO, f. m. a fish called an olave or a shad.

SAI BANA, f. f. a sheet for a bed. SABANDI'JA, f. f. any worm or fuch small creature; also a short ugly person,

SABANI'LLA, f. f. a small sheet. $SABA\tilde{n}O'N$, f. f. a chilblain.

Comér cômo un sabañon, to cat like a chilblain; to be always eating.

SABATICO, adj. relating to the Sabbath.

SABATINA, f. f. the office of Saturday in the church.

SABATI'NO, adj. belonging to the Sabbath.

SABATI'SMO, f. m. sabbatism, rell, observance of the Sabbath, superstitiously rigid.

SABATO'RIOS, f. m. pl. a name given

to the Jews. SABE'O, adj. relating to the country called Sabas, Sabean.

SAB'ER, f. m. learning, science. Sabér, v. a. to know, to be learned;

also to talle of.

five, he is a mere idiot. Prov. Mas vále sabér que babér, better be wife than rich.

Prov. Quien poco Jabe presto lo reza, he that knows little, foon repents it. A SABULO, f. m. gravel, hard fand. fool's bolt is foon fhot; a fhort horse | SABULO'SO, adj. full or mixed with | is foon curried.

Prov. Quien no sabe remendar, no sabe parir ni criar, she that knows not how to mend, knows not how to bring forth or breed up; that is, poor wo- | SA'CA, f. f. a great fack; also a drawmen who have children, must work and know how to mend their cloaths. Hacer saber, to make known.

SABIAME'NTE, adv. wisely. SABIDO'R, f. m. one that knows or un-

derstands. SABIDO'RA, f. f. a woman that knows or understands.

SABIDORAMENTE, adv. obs. vide SABIAMENTE. SABIDURI'A, f. f. wildom, know-

ledge. A fabiendas, adv. knowingly, purposely, defignedly.

SABIE'ZA, f. f. obf. for SABIDU-RIA.

SABI'NA, f. f. the herb favine. SABIO, adj. wife, f. m. a wife man. SABIONDE'Z, f. f. much knowledge joined to much malice and cunning. SABIO'NDO, adj. that has knowledge

joined to malice and cunning. SA'BLE, f. m. sabre, cimetar, short fword with a convex edge.

SABO'GA, f. f. the fish called a fhad. SABO'R, f. m. talle, favour, relifficiant

old Spanish, desire. SABOREA'R, v. a. to give a taste, to give a relish.

Saboreárse, v. r. to sinnek one's chops or relift a thing one likes.

No sabe quantos son cinco, he cannot count | SABOYA'NA, f. f. a woman's petticoat fo called.

> SABROSAME'NTE, adv. favourily. SABRO'SO, adj. favoury, relishing. SABUE'SSO, f. m. a blood-hound.

gravel or hard fand.

S A C

ing or taking out, and a duty upon goods exported. Sáca, f. f. exportation.

Rénta de sá, as, a duty upon exportation.

Alcalde de sacas, a chief officer over those that receive the duty on goods exported.

Saca de bachillérés, a sort of hood worn by graduate bachelors in the univerfities.

SACABA'LA, f. f. an instrument used by furgeons to take out the balls of a wound; also the instrument made use of by gunners to extract a shot out of a cannon.

SACABOCADO, f. m. a punch to punch shoes, or any such instrument that cuts out a piece.

SACABU'CHE, f. m. a musical instrument called a fackbut.

SACADINE'RO, f. m. a wheedle to get one's money.

SACADU'RA, s. f. a particular cut made by tailors in cloaths, to make them lit eafy.

SACALI'nA, f. f. a wheedle or other art to obtain one's ends; a tax or imposition; a benrded dart, which, if struck into a piece of wood, will draw out a splinter.

SACAMA'NCHAS, f. m. one that takes out spots; one that publishes other men's faults.

Tiérra sacamanchas, fullers caith. SACAMIE'NIO, f. m. a taking or

drawing out. SACAMÜE'LAS, f. f. a furgeon's infirument to draw out teeth or a tooth-

drawer. SACAPE-

draw a gun.

out. utmost, to make a virtue of necessity. Sacar pollos las áves, to hatch.

Sacar una muestra, to take out a pattern.

Sacar a luz, to produce.

Sacar en limpio, to clear. Sacar por el rastro, to discover by the

track. SACATRA'POS, f. m. a rag-gatherer;

also a screw, a cork-screw. SACERDO'CIO, f. m. a priesthood.

SACERDOTA'L, adj. saceidotal, belonging to a priest. SACERDO'TE, f. m. a priest.

SACERDOTI'SSA, f. f. a priestess. SACHADU'RA, f. f. raking, harrowing, or weeding.

SACHA'R, v. a. to rake, to harrow, to weed.

SACHO, f. m. a rake, a harrow, or weeding-hook.

SACINBLE, adj. satiable.

SACIA'R, v. a. to satiate, to fill, to a mill's wheel. satisfy.

SACIEDA'D, f. f. fatiety.

\$A'CO, f. m. a fack; facking, plundering; a coarse sort of garment worn by peasants and mountaineers; fackcan friars.

Ponér un lugar à saco, to plunder a SAGAPE'NO, s. m. a liquor that distils town.

Prov. Una en el sáco y ósra en el pápo, SAGA'Z, adj. sagacious, subtle, cunone in the fack and another in the ning. maw; that is, to eat and carry SAGAZME'NTE, adv. sagaciously, sub-

away. Prov. No le fiaré un saco de alaciánes, I SA'GE, s. m obs. a sage, a diviner. the least thing.

SACO'CHA, f. f. in cant, a pocket.

SACOMA'NO, f. m. a facking, or angles. ders.

a house.

SACRAMENTA'L, adj. belonging to a SAGMA, s. f. in architecture, the mouldfacrament.

SACRAMENTALME'NTE, adv. facra- | SAGO. f. m. v. SAYO.

mentally. SACRAMENTA'R, v. a. to give the $\{a_{-}\}$

craments. onefelf.

reality of the holy facrament of the eucharist

SUCRAME'NTE, vide SAGRADA-MENTE.

SACRAME'NTO, f. m. a facrament; an oath.

SACRE, f. m. the hawk called a faker; a finall cannon carrying a ball of about

fix pounds; a containg thief, SAGRIFICADE'RO, f. m. the place

where the facrifices were made. SACRIFICADO'R, f. m. a facrificer. SAGRIFICA'R, v. a. to facrifice.

SaCRIFI'CIO, f. m, a facrifice. SACRILEGAME'NTE, adv. facrile. gioully,

SACRILE'GIO, f. m. facrilege. SACRI'LEGO, f. m. adj. facrilegious.

SACRISMO CHO, f. m. a person dressed | SAHU'CO, f. m. an elder tree. in black, but all in tatters. SACRISTA. 2 f. m. the facristan or

SACRISTAIN, fexton who looks to the vellry and church.

SECRISTANI'A, f. f. the veffry of a church.

SACKISTIA, f. f. the facrifly or !

vellry.

Sa'(RO, adi, holy, facred. Sacrosany O, adj. most secred.

SACAPELO'TAS, f. m. a worm to SACUDI'DA, f. f. a shake; a snappish word.

SACA'R, v. a. to take out, to draw SACUDIDO'R, s. m. the person who shakes.

Sacar suérzas de flaquéza, to make one's SACUDIMIE'NTO, s. m. a shaking or Inapping.

SACUDIR, v.a. to shake, to snap. Sacuair, to beat, to chastise.

Sacudir el tólvo a uno, to cudgel one. Sacuairse, v. r. to be inappish, to speak pecvishly.

SAE

SAE'TA, f. f. arrow, dart, shaft. SAETA'DA, f. f.] a wound or the shot

SAETA'ZO, f. m. (of an arrow. SAETEA'R, v. a. vide ASSAETEA'R. SAETE'RA, s. f. a loop-hole in a wall to shoot through.

SAETE'RO, f. m. a fletcher, he that | SAJA, f. f. scarifying. makes arrows or darts, or a bowman | SAJAR, v. a. to scarify. that shoots arrows.

SAETIA, f. f. a settee, a small sort of vessel.

SAETILLA, f. f. a little dart.

SAETI'N, f. m. the water that falls upon

SAETO'N, f. m. a great arrow or dart.

SAG

cloth, such as is worn for a peniten- SAGA, s. f. a witch, a false prophetess. tial habit; the habit of the Francis- SAGACIDA'D, s. f. sagacity, cunning, tharpness of wit.

from a certain plant so called.

tlely, cunningly.

will not truth him with a bag of scor- SAGITA, s. f. in architecture, is a line SALADU'RA, s. f. a salting. pions; that is, I will not trust him with | drawn from the middle point of the chord or line extended from the extremities of the arch, and forming two

plundering; one that facks or plun- | SAGITA'L, adj. belonging to a dart or arrow.

SACO'IME, f. m. in cant, a master of SAGITA'RIO, f. m. the constellation called fagittarius; an archer.

SAGRADAME'NTE, adv. facredly, religioully.

SAGRA'DO, adj. facred, holy.

Sucramentarfe, v. r. to transubstantiate SAGRA'R, v. a. to consecrate, to make SALARIO, i. m. salary, wages. holy.

SACRAMENTA'RIO, adj. denying the | SAGRARIO, f. m. a fanctuary, a holy place, the tabernacle on the altar, in which the bleffed facrament [SALCHI'CHA, f. f. a faufage. is kept.

SAGRAIIVANIE'NTE, adv. obf. myslically, morally.

SA'GULAS, I. f. pl. the shrouds in a galley.

SAH

SAHORNA'RSE, v. r. to get any part of one's, body exceriated by over-rub- | SALGA'R, v. a. lobf. to falt. bing.

SAHO'RNO, f. m. excoriation, proceeding from too much rubbing againt.

SAHUCAL, f. m. a grove of eldertrees.

SAHUMADO'R, f. m. a perfuming pan or a thing to lay cloaths on over a lire | SALINE'RO, f. m. the person who to perfume; a perfumer

SAUUMADU'RA, f. f. a perfuming. SAHUMAR, v. a. to perfume.

Poliver una cosa sabumáta, to restore n thing horrowed in a better condition. than it was received.

SAMUMERIO, I. m. a perfuming with Salir de rebuélta, to get out of a fray, the imoke of fweets burnt in the fire.

The same is also used for burning of feathers or other stinking things for women in fits, or the like.

SAI

SAI'N, f. m. suet, grease, dripping.

SAINA'R, v. a. to fatten.

SAINE'TE, s. m. any daintiness; also any thing pleasing.

Sainéte, a sauce, a relish, a flavour; something added to food to improve its tafte.

Sainéte, a farce.

SAINETI'LLO, s. m. dimin. of fairicle.

SAINO, f. m. a fort of hog in the West-Indies.

SAJ

SAL

SAL, f. f. falt. Metaph. wit, ingenuity.

Prov. Sál vertida, núnca bién cogida, salt spilt is never well taken up. Wit lavished to an ill use can never be recalled.

Prov. Ponér sal en la molléra, to put falt on the mould of the head; to teach one wit.

SA'LA, f. f. a hall, a large room.

SALADA'R, f. m. a ground made barren by sea water that has gotten over it.

SALA'DO, f. f. falt-meat.

SALADO'R, f. m. in cant, one who when he wins at play, adds to the sum he had really fet, and stands it out by bullying and fwearing.

SALAMA'NDRA, f. f. the falamander, a creature like the lizard, said to live

in the fire.

SALAMANQUE'SA, s. f. the salamander, or rather the venemous little creature called an eft, as appears by the following proverb.

Prov. Al que muerde la salamanquésa, al urcer dia le bacin la buessa, he that is bit by the eft, has his grave made for him the third day after.

SALA'R, v. a. to falt.

SALARIA'R, v. a. to pay falary, or wages.

SAILCE, f. m. a willow. SALCE'DA, f. f. the place where willows grow.

SALCHICHO'N, f. m. a great faufage.

SALEDIZO, f. m. the jutting out of a wall. SALE'RO, f. m. a faltfeller for the

table. SALETA, f. f. a little hall.

SALGA'DA, f. f. the plant called feapotherb.

SALI'DA, f. f. a walk abroad, or going out; a fally from a place befreged; alfo a walking place near a town.

Dar falida a un negocio, to bring off a buness, to find means to make it succeed.

SALIDIZO, adj. vide SALEDIZO.

SALI'NA, f. f. a falt-pit.

makes the falt. SALINO, adj. faline.

SALPR, v.n. to go out.

Salir en blanco, not to succeed, to take no effect,

Salir de madre, to overflow the banks. out of a troublefome affair.

Salir

SAL Salir al campo, to go out to meet an adversary in the field. Salir a la causa, to stand trial, to vindicate a cause. Salir de Sso, to run mad. Salir de cascarón, to creep out of the egg. shell, to get into the world. Salir con lo que se impénde, to compass SALTARE'N, s. m. a tune on the guitwhat one undertakes. Salirse, to run out. Salirse de religion, to quit a religious order. SALITRA'DO, adj. impregnated or SALTEADO'R, f. m. a highwayman. made up with faltpetre. SALITRA'L, f. m. a place where faltpetre is dug. SALITRE, f. m. saltpetre. makes the faltpetre. SALITRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to SALTE'RIO, f. m. a pfilter or pfalm. to the faltpetre. SALIVA, f. f. spittle. SALIVACIO'N, s. f. a salivation. SALIVA'R, v. n. to spit. SALITO'SO, adj. full of spittle. SA'LMA, s. f. a great large sack. SALMI'STA, s. m. a pfalmist, a composer of plalms. SA'LMO, f. m. a pfalm. Sálmo, f. m. a falmon. SALMONA'DO, adj. looking like fal- [SATO'R, f. m. a kind of grasshop-] mon; said of some fishes. SALMONCI'LLO, f. m. a little sal- | Sa'LVA, f. f a salute with great guns or mon. SALMORE'JO, f. m. a pickle or brine for olives or the like; also a sauce for] a rabbit, made with fait, pepper, vinegar, and other ingredients. Metaph. a tharp reproof or chiding bout. SALMUE'RA, f. f. brine. SALOBRA'L, adj v SALOBRE'nO. SALO/BRE, adj. brackish. SALOBRE'NO. adj an appellation given] to the earth that is faltish or brackish. SALO'N, f. m. a great hall. In cant, a cudgel. $SA'LP\bar{A}$, f. f. flock-fift. SALPICADU'RA, s. f. a speck of dirt | SALVA'DOS, s. m. pl. sand, such as | SANDIA, s. f. a water melon. or drop of any thing dashed. SALPICA'R, v. a. to bespatter, to dash | SALVA'GE, adj. savage, wild. with dirt, or water, or the like; me- [SALVAGINA, f. f. game. taph, to pick here and there. SALPICO'N, f. m. cold beef cut in] flices, and eaten with oil and vinegar,] onion, and pepper. SALPIMENTA'R, v. a. to feafon with I falt and pepper. SALP I'NGA, f. f. an African serpent so called. SALPRESA'R, v. a. to powder meat. SALPRE'SO, adj. powdered, corned,] falted. SALPU'GA, f. f. a kind of venemous ant fo called. SALSA, f. f. a fauce. SALSAFRA'S, f. f. faffafras, a wood growing in America, much used in | SALUBRIDAD, s. f. wholesomeness. phyfick. SALSE'RA, f. f. a faucer. SALSERE'TA, If. f. a little faucer. SALSERI'LLA, \$ Sulferilla de color, f. f. a little dish with red paint, which women use for their face: . SALSE'RO, f. m. a faucer; also the heid thyme. SALSIFRA'N f. m. γ vide $SALSA_{-}$ SALSIFRA GIA, f.f. 5 $FRMS_*$ SALTACA'BRAS, f. m. a ferpent following called

SALTABARDALES, f. m. a ramp.

cing.

SALTACIO'N, f. f. the act of jump-

SALTADE'RO, f. m. a high place fit

Sa la en lajneo, a mountebank, a quaek]

to jump down from.

SALTADO'R, f. m. a leaper.

ing; also the art or practice of dan-

SALTAPARE'DES, f. m. a nimble fellow, that will leap over a wall. SALTA'R, v. n. to leap, to skip. Also to blow up with gunpowder. Ojos saliádos, great eyes sticking out. tar formerly in use; also a kind of grass-hopper. SALTARIN, f. m. a dancer. SALTARIZ, f. f. a she dancer. SALTEAMIE'NTO, s. m. a sudden! affault, a robbery. SALTEA'R, v. a. to assault by surprize, to rob on the highway. passengers on the road to rob them. book; also the musical instrument] called a pfaltery. SALTE'RO, f. m. a forester, a woodman. SALTI'LLO, s. m. a little jump. SA'LTO, s. m. a leap; also an assault a robbery; and poetically, a forest. Prov. A gran salto, gran quebranto, a great leap gives a great shake. Great undertakings cost great pains. per. meat or drink before a great man; a salver to serve glasses or the like on. Señor de Salva, a great man that has his meat and drink tasted. Hacer la sálva, to taste meat and drink] before a great man. SALVAGUA'RDIA, f. f. a safeguard, a convoy; also a body of reserve to fecond another. SALVACIO'N, f. f. falvation. SALVADE'RA, s. f. a sand-box to sand writing. SALVA'DO, f. m. bran of meal. SALVADO'R, f. m. a faviour. we use for writing. SALVAME'NTE, adv. fafely. SALVAME'NTO, f. m. fatety. Llegar a salvamento, to arrive safe. SALVA'NTES, adv. obf. excepting, fav- | SANGRA'DA, f. f. the act of letting SALVA'R, v. a. to save. Among scriany instrument or writing an account | of what is blotted out or interlined in the writing. Salvá se, v. r. to be saved, to escape danger. SALVARO'BA, s. f. a wardrobe. SALU'BRE, adj. falutary, wholesome,] healthful. SALU'D, f. f. health. Prov. Salud y alegría, belléza cría, health and mirth make beauty. SALUDA'BLE, adj. wholefome. SALUDABLEME'NTE, adv. wholefomely. SALUDACIO'N, 3. f. f. falutation. SALUDADO'R, i.m. the name given [to idle fellows, that go up and down! Spain, pretending to a natural gift] of curing diffempers, killing mad Helarfe la Jangre, to be so allonished, that dogs, handling red hot iron, and the like. SAILUDA'R, v. n. to falute. Also to pretend to cure with the breath or

SAN SALT'AMBA'REA, s. f. a fort of loose | SALVI'LLA. s. f. a salver to serve glasses, sweetmeats, or the like on. SALVO, adj. safe, sound; also a saving, or excepting. Sálvo conduto, a safe conduct, a pass to carry a man through. SALUTACIO'N, f. f. a salutation. SALUTI'FERO, adj. wholesome. SAM SAMBENI'TO, f. m a fort of garment put by the inquisitors on those that come gout of prison, reconciled to the church. SAMBU'CA, s. s. a musical instrument fo called. SALITRE'RO, f. m. the person who SALTE'O, f. m. the act of attacking SAMBLAGE, f. m. vide ENSAM. BLADURA. SAMPSUCHI'NO, f. m. an unguent fo called. SAMPLU'GO, f. m. vide ALMORA-DUX. SAMU'GA, f. f. v. XAMU'GA. SAN SAN, s. m. it stands for santo, (a saint) before a proper name, as San Pédro, St. Peter, San Juan, St. John, &c. SANA'BLE, adj. that may be healed. SANALOTODOS, s. m. a plaster put upon fores, fo called. otherwise; also an assay or tasting SANAME'NTE, adv. soundly, healthfully; meraph, fairly, honestly, simply. SANA'R, v. a. to heal, to cure. SANCIO'N, f. f. a fanction, a law eftablished. SANCOCHA'R, v. a. to boil or roaft any meat withut feafoning it. SANDA'LIAS, f. f. pl. sandals to wear on the feet instead of shoes. SA'NDALO, f. m. pl. the herb whitebeet. Sándalo, a tree so called. SANDARA'CA, f. f. a kind of arsenick. SANDE'Z, f. f. folly. SANDIO, f. m. a fool, or a madman. SANEAMIE'NTO, f. m. making good, answering for. SANEA'R, v. a. to make good, to an-

fiver for. blood; a trench or channel to convey water. veners and notaries, to set down under | SANGRADE'RA, s. f. a dish to let blood in; also a trench to convey water; a lancet.

> SANGRADO'R, f. m. one who lets blood. SANGRADURA, f. f. a letting of blood.

> SANGRA'R, v. a. to bleed, or let blood; to cut trenches to carry off water; to make a hole in a fack, for corn or the like to run out at. SANGRA'ZA, f. f. watery blood.

SA'NGRE, f. f. blood. Sometimes it is taken for kindred or confangutnity. Sángre de dragón, dragon's blood.

Seniencia de Jangre, a sentence of death, or loss of limb.

Restañár la súagre, to flanch, or slop the blood. Escribir con sangre, to threaten death.

the blood stagnates. Prov. Escupir sangre en bacea de oros to spit blood in a gold bason. To have much wealth, and little enjoyment of it.

SANGRELLU'VIA, f. f. a bloody rain. water and blood mixed. SANCRYA, f. f. bleeding, letting blood.

SAN-

SA'LVIA, f. f. the herb fage.

do.

jalve.

spittle, as those they call faludadores

SA'LIE! hail! God fave you! Latin!

SANGRIENT AME'NTE, adv. blood-

SANGRIE'NTO, adj. bloody. SANGUA'L, f. m. a kind of eagle. SANGUI'FERO, adj. breeding blood. SANGUIJUE'LA, s. f. a leech, a bloodsucker.

SANGUI'NA, f. f. a stone that serves to burnish filver.

SANGUINA'RIA, s. f. an herb that flops bleeding.

SANGUINA RIO, adj. bloody, cruel, [inhuman, fanguinary.

SANGUI'NEO, adj. bloody, also of a fanguine complexion.

SANGUI'NO, adj. sanguine, bloody. SANGUINOLE'NTO, adj. bloody, or bloody-minded.

SANGUINO'SO, adj. vide SANGRIEN-

SANGUISUE'LA, vide SANGUIJUE'-

\$ANIDA'D, f. f. healthy. SA'NO, adj. found, health.

Hombre fano, metaph. an honest, wellmeaning man.

Sáno de castila, in cant, a dissembling thief.

SANTA, s. f. a female saint. SANIAME'NTE, adv. holily:

SANTE'LMO, f. m. at fea they give this name to certain lights which sometimes appear about the masts in storms, and which the failors look upon as a good omen. The ancients | SAQUE, f. m. a term used in the playcalled them Castor and Pollux.

SANTERIA, f. f. hypocrify. SANTE'RO, f. m. an hermit; one that lives with the hermit and goes about questing for his chapel; a man that begs for the church; an hypocrite,

SANTIA'GO, f. m. an order of knights, next in dignity to the Golden Flecce. Santiágo y cierra España, 'tis the war cry used by the Spaniards when going to attack the enemy.

SANTIAMEIN, s. m. the twinkling of SAQUI'LLO, 7 s. m. a little fack or an eye, the least moment; as Venir en SAQUITO, } bag. un fantiamén, to come in the twinkling of an eve.

SANTICO, f. m. a little faint. SANTIDA'D, f. f. holiness, sanctity.

SANTIFICACIO'N, f. f. functification, fanclifying, making holy.

SANTIFICADO'R, f. m. a fanctifier, one that makes holy.

SANTIFICA'R, v. a. to fanctify, to make holy.

SANTIGUA'DA, f. f. a bleffing. Per mi fantiguada, my blessing with it. SANTIGUADE'RO, f. m. a knavish fellow, who pretends to cure by bleff-

pretends to cure by blefling.

SANTIGUA'R, v. a. to bless, properly | SARDI'NA, f. f. a pilchard. as a priest, a bishop, a father, and Sardina areneada debaxo del Jobaco se assa, making a fign of the cross; but there are also cheating old women, and knavish sellows, who pretend to have particular bleffings to cure fick people, and impose upon the ignorant.

Santiguar a uno las orejas, to rattle one's cais, or to box one. Santiguarse, v. r. to bles oneself, to

make the fign of the crofs.

SANTIGUO, f. m. the fign of the slo12

SANTIMO'NIA, f. f. v. SANTIDAD. SANTINA, f. f. the fink in a ship; alfo the pump.

SA'NTO, adj. holy. Santo, f. m. a faint.

SANTOCHA'DO, adj. foolish; hypocritical

SANTO'N, f. m. a great faint, also a hypocrite.

SANTUARIO, f. m. a fanctuary, a holy place.

SANTURRO'N, f. m. the same as Janten.

SAñ

SAnA, f. f. wrath; fury, rage, madness. Prov. Amanse su saña, quien por si mismo Se engaña, he that cheats himself, must

curb his passion.

SANO'SO, adj. v. SANU'DO.

SANUDAMENTE, adv. angrily, with choler.

SANU'DO, adj. angry, wrathful, ill tempered, peevish.

SAP

SAPHI'RO, s. m. a sapphire-stone. SAPIE'NCIA, f. f. wisdom:

SAPIE'NTE, adj. learned.

SAPILLO, s. m. a little toad.

Sapillos, s. m. pl. the disease called the lampass in a horse's mouth.

Prov. Compon un Sapielo parecerá honitillo, dress up a little toad and it will | look pretty; to express how great an SARRIO, s. m. a kind of wild-goat. addition ornaments are. SA'PO, f. m. a toad.

SAPONA'RIA, f. f. the herb sopewort.

SAPORI'FERO, adj. favoury, that has | SA'RTA, f. f. a string of beads, or any a good relish.

SAQ

ing at ball.

SAQUEA'R, v. a. to fack, to plunder, to pillage.

SAQUE'O, f. m. a pillage.

SAQUE'RO, adj. ferving to sew sacks or bales of goods.

Aguja saquéra, a needle used to sew sacks, bales of goods and the like.

SAQUILA'DA, s. t. the quantity of the fack is not full.

SAR

SARAGUEITE, f. m. dimin. of farão. SARAMPION, f. f. the meazles.

SARA'O, f. m. a ball, or meeting for dancing.

SAIRCIA, f. f. a load, a pack.

SARCI'LLO, f. m. vide ZARCI'L-LO.

SA'RCO, f. m. a hurdle.

SARCO'PHAGO, f. m. a grave; rarely used but by poets.

SARCO'TICO, adj. sarcotick. SA'RDA, f. f. a kind of fish.

SANTIGUADO'R, f. m. a man that | SARDE'SCO, f. m. little as of the Sardinian breed.

a pilchard; that is, one dried like a red herring may be roafted under one's arm. Only heating it through is enough.

SARDINE'RO, f. m. a man who fells pilchards.

SARDIO, 36 m. a kind of stone.

SARDIO'QUE, s. m. in cant, salt. SARDO'NIA, f. f. an herb so called.

SARDONICO, adj. fardonick; faid of forced laughter, of hypocritical laughing.

SARDO'NIX, f. f. a stone or gem so called.

SA'RGA, f. f. ferge.

SARGE'NTA, f. f. a lay nun of St. Jago's order.

SARGENTEA'R, v. n. to do the duty of a ferjoant.

SARGE'NTO, f. m. a ferjeant.

SARGENTO'N, f. m. a flout woman, a flurdy big-boned weach.

SARGO, f. m. a sea-bream.

SAR = ENTA'R, v. a. to gather up the twigs or branches of the vines after pruning.

SARMENTE'RA, f. f. a place to lay up the prunings of vines, or any brushwood to burn.

SARM/E'NTO, f. m. a twig or branck of a vine cut off.

SA'RNA, f. f. the itch or mange.

Prov. No le falia mas que faina que rasiár, he wants nothing but the itch to scratch. Said of one that has plenty of all things.

SARNO'SO, adj. itchy, mangey.

SARPILLE'R, f. f. a coarie packing cloth to pack up goods.

SARPULLI'DO, adj. freckly; full of little spots.

SARRACINA, f. f. a battle, a confilet.

Sa'RRIA, s. f. a sort of net made of espanio used to carry chopt straw for beasts.

SA'RRO, f. m. the fur that gathers on a man's tongue in a hot fever; the fur about a chamber-pot, or any like it.

such thing that may be strung.

SARTA'L, f. m. idem.

SARTE'N, f. m. a frying-par. Fruta de fartén, pancakes, fritters, or

any thing that is made in a frying-

Prov. Dixo la sarten a la caldera quitáis alla nigra, the frying-pan said to the kettle, stand away thou black thing.

Prov Saliar de la sarten, y dar en las brá, as, to leap out of the frying-pan into the fire.

SARTENA'DA, f. f. a frying-pan full. wheat that is sent to be ground when SARTENAZO, s. m. a blow with the frying-pan.

SAS

SASSAFRAS, f. m. fassafras, a tree so called.

SASSIFRAIGIA, f. f. the herb faxifrage.

SASTRA, f. f. a woman taylor.

SA'STRE, f. m. a taylor.

Prov. Ser como el fástire de la encruciacada, que cosia de válde, y ponta el bilo de su cása, to be like the taylor of the cross way, who fewed for nothing, and found thread himself. To give one's labour, and be at charges besides, to ferve others.

Prov. Al sastre jobre, la aguja que se doble, a poor taylor muit have a needle that will bow; that is, you must be humble when you are poor. Prov. Cién fastres, y cién molinéres, y cién téxedores, son treciéntos ladrones, an hundred taylors, an hundred mil-

lers, and an hundred weavers, are three hundred thieves. We fay, take a taylor, a miller, and a weaver, and put them into a fack, and the first that comes out will be a knave.

SASTRECI'LLO, f. m. a puny little taylor, a botcher.

SAT

SATANA'S, f. m. Satan, the devil. Prov. Abrenimcio Satanás! Mála capa llewarás: I renounce thee, Satan! Thou shalt have a bad cloak. A proverb in two parts; one fays he renounces the devil, and the other anfwers, if he does fo, he will have but an ill cloak, or be ill clad; that is, if a man will not cheat and go to the devil as others do for wealth, he will always

be poor. 14K] SATTELITE, SATE'LITE, s. m. poetical, or familiar, for an officer of justice. Los saiélites lhe Jupiter, the satellites of Jupiter. SATISFACCIO'N, s. f. satisfaction. SATISFACE'R, v. a. to satisfy, to content. SATISFACTO'RIO, adj. satisfactory. SATISFE'CHO, p. p. of fatisfacer. SATIVO, adj. that is cultivated. SATO, f. m. a fort of cask. SA'TRAPA, f. m. a governor of a province, used sometimes by poets and historians; ironically, a busy body. SATURACIO'N, f. f. faturation. SATURA'R, v. a. to saturate. SATURNA'LES, f. m. pl. the feasts of SCOLOPE'NDRA, f. f. v. ESCOLO-SATURNI'NO, adj. saturnine, melan- SCO'RDIO, s. m. the herb water-gercholy. SATU'RNO, f. m. Saturn, a planet. SATTRA, f. f. a fatire. SATYRICO, adj. satirick, satirical. SATTRIO'N, f. m. the herb ragwort. ATYRIZA'R, v. a. to satirize, to sampoon. SATTRO, f. m. a fatyre.

SAU

SAU'CE, s. m. a willow-tree. SAUCEDA'L, f. m. the place where willows grow. SAU'CO, f. m. the elder-tree. SAUTO'R, f. m. in heraldry, is the escutcheon divided into four quarters or escutcheons. f. f. a willow tree.

SAX

SAUZE,

SAXATIL, adj. taken among rocks, living among rocks; said of certain fishes. SAXIFRA'GA, ? f.f. v. SASSIFRA'-GIA.SAXIFRA'GIA,

SAY

SATA, s. f. a woman's petticoat, generally taken for an upper one. SAYA'L, f. m. coarfe fackcloth. SAYALE'RO, f. m. a maker or weaver of fackcloth. SAYE'TE, f. m. a little coat or jerkin. Sayéte de armas, a coat of armour. SAYO, f. m. a loofe upper coat. Sáyo Deminguero, a Sunday garment. Prov. Quien no tiene mas de un sayo, no puéde prestallo, he who has but one coat, cannot lend it. SAYO'N, f. m. a hangman or executioner; also a great loose coat. SAYUE'LO, f. m. a little upper coat or jerkin.

SAZ

SAZ, f. m. a willow-tree. SAZO'N, f. f. season, due time; also the seasoning of things eatable; metaph. humour, temper. SAZONA'R, v. a. to scason; also to) ripen.

SCA

SCANDICE, f. f. a plant so called.

SCE

SCELE'STO, adj. impious, wicked. SCENOGRAPHIA, f. f. feenography, SECRETAME NIE, adv. fecretly, prithe draught of a building, thewing ! the ground plat, front, and one of the SECRETARIA, f. f. a fecretary's Seguer, in fealunguage, to spoon, as our fides of it-

SCI

SCIE'NA, f. f. a fish so called. SCIE'NCIA, f. f. science, knowledge. Sabér de cierca sciencia, to know for certain. Prov. Poca sciencia y buena consciencia, little knowledge and a good conscience is best. SCIENTI'FICO, adj. knowing.

SCI'SMA, s. f. a schism. SCISMA'TICO, adj. a schismatick.

SCO

PENDRA. mander.

SCR

SCROPHULA'RIA, f. f. the herb called lesser celidony or figwort.

SCY

SCYTA'L, f. m. a serpent so called.

SE

SE, the fign of the passive, and fignifying

him, or them, or onefelf. Se dice, it is said. Se áma a si, he loves himself. about Se andan bolgazanes, they go idling.

Hacer se mal, to hurt oneself.

SEB

f. m. a fruit-tree SEBESTE'N, called. SEBILLO, f. m. a fort of paste for the hands. SE'BO, f. m. tallow Mostrár el sebo, a sea-term, to run swiftly with a side wind, turning up the side of a ship, which shews where she is tallowed. SEBO'SO, adj. tallowy, greafy, fat.

SEC

SE'CA, f. f. drought, driness; also a

SECADA'L, f. m. a dry fandy place.

kernel in the flesh.

SECA'R, v. a. to dry.

vately.

office.

SECAME'NTE, adv. drily.

Tierra de secano, a dry land.

SECA'NO, f. m. a dry featon.

Secarfe, v. r. to wither, to pine away; also to be extremely thirtly; metaph. to fay nothing in company. A sécas, drily, barely. Pan a sécas, dry brend. SECARA'L, f. m. v. SECADA'L. SECCIO'N, f. f. a fection. SECE'NO, adj. belonging to the number fix. SECLU'SO, adj. feeluded. SE'CO, adj. dry. Hombre séco, a lean man; metaph. an Mugéres de seguida, common whores that austere man, one of no conversation. SECRECIO'N, f. f. fecretion, separation. SECRESTACIO'N, f. f. sequestration. SECRE'STAR, v. a. to sequester, to put a thing into third hands. SECRE'STO, f. m. fequestration, putting a thing into third hands. SECRETA, f. f. a privy, a necessaryhoute.

SECRETARIO, f. m. a secretary. SECRETILLO, s. m. diminutive of secreto. SECREITO, f. m. a secret: SE'CTA, .f. f. a sect, a faction, or party of people. SECTA'RIO, f. m. a sictary, one that holds with a fect. SECTO'R, f. m. fector. SECUESTRACION, f. f. v. SEQUES. TRACION. SECUESTRA'R, v. a. vide SEQUES. TRA'R. SECUE'STRO, s. m. vide SEQUES. TRO. SECULA'R, adj. of an age. SECULARIZAIR, v. a. to secularize. SECUNDARIAME'NTE, adv. in the fe. cond degree, in the second order. SECUNDA'RIO, adj. secondary, belonging to the second place. SECUNDI'NA, f. f. the secundine, the membrane in which the embryo is wrapped, the afterbirth. SECU'RA, f. f. drought.

SED

SED, f. f. thirst; metaph. covetousness

SE'DA, f. f. filk. Séda floxa, sleaf silk. Séda ciúda, raw filk. Séda de ajuél, S Séda de puérco, a hog's brissle. SEDADE'RA, s. f. an instrument for dreffing of filk. SEDA'L, s. m. a fishing-line. SEDE, s. f. a see. Santa sede, the holy see. SEDE'nA, f. f. the hurds of the filk. SEDE'NO, adj. filky, of filk. SEDENTA'RIO, adj. sedentary, given much to fitting. SEDERI'A, f. f. any goods made of filk; alfo a filk shop. SEDE'RO, f. m. a filk-man. SEDICIO'N, f. f. a sedition, tumult, or mutiny. SEDICIOS AME'NTE, adv. seditionsly. mutinoully. SEDICIO'SO, adj. seditious, mutinous. SEDIE'NTO, adj. thirsty. SEDUCCIO'N, 1. f. seducement, lead. ing aftray. SEDUCI'R, v. a. to seduce.

SEG

SEDUCTO'R, f. m. a seducer.

SEGA'DA, f. f. the harvest, the resping time, the act of reaping or mow-SEGADO'R, f. m. a mower, a reaper, a harvest-man.

SEGA'R, v. a. to mow, to reap. SEGAZO'N, f. m. the harvest, moving, or reaping-time; the act of moving or reaping.

SEGLA'R, adj. secular, lay, of the laity, a layman.

SEGREGACIO'N, f. f. a separation. SEGREGA'R, v. a. to separate. SEGUIDA, f. f. a following, a arain. run after men•

SEGUIDI'I.LA, f. f. a fort of couplets; alfo a dance.

SEGUIDO'R, f. m. a follower. Prov. Buena de mejores, por mengua de Irguidores, good among the belt, for want of followers. Said of a woman who boalls of her virtue and honelly, and is so deformed, that no body will touch her.

SEGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. following, putfuinge

SEGUIR, v. a., to follow, to purfue-Tailors call it; that is, to put a thip

right afore the wind and the fea without any sail, as is done in desperate florms.

Seguir a uno basta la mata, to pursue a can be.

SEGU'N, adv. according as. SEGUNDAR, v. a. to second.

SEGUNDARIAME'NTE, adv. fecondarily. SEGUNDARIO, adj. fecondary.

SEGU'NDO, adj. the second. SEGU'R, f. m. an axe, a battle-axe, a hatchet.

SEGURAME'NTE, adv. fecurely fafelv. SEGURAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. vide SE'MOLA, f. f. the coarse part of the SENTI'NA, f. f. a sink, the well in SEGURIDA'D.

SEGURA'R, v. a. to fecure, to make | fafe.

axe.

SEGURIDA'D, f. f. fecurity, fafety. SEGU'RO, adj. fafe, secure, sure. Siguro, f. m. a país, a safe conduct, an infurance. A buén segûro, sure enough.

SEI

SEI'S, f. m. fix. Séses, pl. the sices on the dice. SEISCIE'NTOS, adj. fix hundred.

SEL

SELECCIO'N, f. f. selection, choice. SELE'CTO, adj. elected, chosen. SELENI'TES, f.f. a fort of white transparent stone. SELLADO'R, f. m. a sealer. SELLADU'RA, f. f. a fealing. SELLA'R. v a. to feal. SEILLO, f. m. a feal. Echár el sello en un negocio, to conclude

an affair. SE'LVA, f. f. a wood. SELVATICO, adj. of the woods, wild, untamed.

SELVATIQUE'Z, f. f. wildness. SELVO'SO, adj. woody.

SEM

SEMA'NA, f. f. a week, a sevennight. SEMANERPA, f. f. the business or duty of a week; a weekly turn. SEMANE'RO, f. m. one that serves by | SENESCA'L, f. m. a seneschal. the week, or takes his turn by the week, or is in his week's waiting. SEMBLA'NTE, f. m. the countenance, SE'NO, f. m. a bay in the sea; the the aspect, by which a man shews the inward motions of joy, fear, anger, &c. SEMBLA'R, v. n. obs. to be like. SEMBRADYO, adj. that may be fowed or fet, UMBRADI'ZO, adj. idem. SEMBRADO'R, f. m. a sewer or setter. SEMBRADURA, f. f. fowing or fetting, SEMBRACK, v. n. to fow, to fet feed or grain. Sembrar mondal i, to sentter money. Simbode nucleon, to (pread news. Sembrar zu mu, to fow discord. ShM/Ja, f. f. lil.enefs. SEMEJACHIE, adj. like. SEMETA'NIE, adj. like refembling. SEMEJANIEMFINIE, adv. likely, Adembling; allo moreover. EEMEJANZA, f. f. refemblance, like-

 $\frac{\delta k M l}{M} \mathcal{J} d' R$, v. n. to refemble, to be

SEMENTA'R, v. a. to fow. SEMENTEIRA, s. f. the time of fowing any grain.

SEME'STRE, adj. of fix months. man to the thicket; that is, as far as SEMIDIA'METRO, f. m. the semidiameter of a circle, or half the line that passes through the center, and touches both sides of the circle.

SEMIDIDIAPE'NTE, f. f. half a fifth SENTINCIO'SO, adj. sententious, full in mulick.

SEMI'LLA, s. f. seed.

SEMINA'RIO, f. m. a seminary or place for the education of youth. SEMINARISTA, f. m. the inhabitant

of a feminary.

wheat not ground into a fine flower. SEGURA'NZA, f. f. assurance, safety. SEMOVIE'NTE, adj. removing, putting aside.

SEMPITE'RNA, f. f. a fluff so called. SEGUREIJA, f. f. a hatchet or small SEMPITERNAME'NTE, adv. everlastingly, eternally.

SEMPITERNIDA'D, f. f. perpetuity, eternity.

SEMPITERNI'LLA, f. f. a stuff so called.

SEMPITE'RNO, adj. eternal, everlasting, perpetual.

SEN

SE'NA, s. f. a purging plant so called. SENA'DO, f. m. a senate, a council, a grave assembly. In Spain the players | Senál de berida, the scar or mark left by give this title to the audience. SENADO'R, f. m. a fenator. SE'NAS, f. f. pl. two fices at dice. SENATO'RIO, adj. of the senator's rank. SENCILLAME'NTE, adv. ingenuoufly, fincerely. SENCILLE'Z, f. f. ingenuity, fincerity. SENCI'LLO, adj. genuine, natural; also ingenuous, sincere. SE'NDA, f. f. a path.

SENDERA'R, jv. n. to go, or walk SENDEREA'R, 5 through paths. SENDE'RO, i. m. a path.

Prov. En cada sendero bay su atolladero, in every path there is a flicking or al dirty place. No convenience without |SEnE'RO|, adj. fingular, peculiar; also some inconvenience. SENDI'LLA, f. f. a little path.

SENDOS, adj. pl. each of them. SENE, f. m. an old man. SENECTU'D, f. f. old age.

SENI'L, adj. old, belonging to old age, or old people.

bosom of a man or woman; a fold in a garment.

Prov. Hinchese mi seno, siquiera de beno, let my bosom be full, though it be but of hay; that is, let me have | SENORI'A, f. f. lordship, a title of hoa bellyful, of whatever it be; or, fo I be getting, no matter how little.

SENOGI'L, f. m. a garter. SENSACIO'N, f. f. Tenfation. SENSIBILIDA'D, f. f. fenfibility. SENSI'BLE, adj. that may be felt, or

that has feeling. SENSIBLEME'NTE, adv. fenfibly. SENSITYFO, dj. fensitive. SENSUAL, adj. fenfual. SENSUALIDAD, f. f. fenfuality.

SENSUALME'NTE, adv. fenfually. SENTADA, f. f. a fitting.

SENTA'R, v. a. to fit, to fit down, to place.

Sintar partidas, to enter accounts. Sentár con amo, to go into place, to live with a mafter. S ntár pláza de foldádo, to list one's self

SEMENCE/RA, f. f. v. SEMENTE'-Shaik NTAL, adj. sowable, sie to be Sentdesse à la mésa, to sit down to table. Sentarse én cuclillas, to sit on one's lega

with the body hanging, as people do to ease themselves in the field; or; as children call it, to mould cockledy bread

SENTE'NCIA, f. f. a sentence, an opinion, a judgment.

SENTENCIA'R, v. a. to pass sentence, to pronounce judgment.

of fentences.

SENTI'DO, f. m. fense; feeling. SENIIDOS, f. m. pl. the five sensess

SENTIMIL'NTO, f. m. feeling, sense; also grief trouble, concern, or opinion.

a ship, where all the water gathers. Senizna de pecádos, a sink of sin:

SENTI'R, v. a. to feel, to perceive, to judge, to be of opinion; also to grieve; to be troubled or concerned. SENTYR, f. m. an opinion.

SEñ

SE'nA, s. f. a sign, a token; a stand: ard.

Hablar por señas, to talk by signs of gestures.

Hacer siñas, to make signs to another. SEnAL, f. m. a sign, a mark, a token, carnest given in buying; also a bound; a limit.

a wound.

Tocar en la senal, to hit the mark. SETALADAME'NIE, adv. remarkably; notably.

SENALA'R, v. a. to remark, to note, to point, to fix; also to put a mark to any thing, or to make fignals:

Suéldo sinalado, a fixed salary. Sina ar y no executar, in sencing, to make a feint or false pass.

Señalárse, v. r. to signalize one's self. SEnALE'JA. s. f. a little mark, note,

token, or fign. SENALE'ZA, f. f. obf. a fign.

SETERAME'NTE, adv. fingularly, peculiarly; also wildly, untamedly, outrageoully.

wild, untamed, outrageous. SENO'R, f. m. a lord, a master.

Señor de título, a nobleman that has a title, as an earl, duke, marquis, &c. Sinor de bien y mal tratar, an absolute lord who has power over his vassals to treat them as he pleases.

SEñO'RA, f. f. a lady, a millress. Nuéstra Senora, our Lady, the blessed Virgin Mary.

SETOREA'R, v. a. to rule, to govern, to lord it, to subject, to bring under.

nour; as, wuestra señoria, your lordship. It is also a sovereignty or seignory.

La señoria de Venécia, the seignory or republic of Venice.

SENORICO, 1 f. m. dimininutive of SETORITO, S Littor.

SETORIL, adj. lord-like, belonging to a lord.

SETOR!O, f. m. lordship, power, dominion.

SEHORIZA'R, v. a. vide SEHORE. A'R.

SEMUE'LO, f. m. a lure to call hawks; a stale to catch birds; also any allurement or enticement.

SEO

SEO'R, f. m. (for fenor) mafter, in cant.

yard.

SEP

SEPARA'BLE, adj. separable, that may be separated. SEPARACIO'N, f. f. separation. apart, fingly. fevers, or fets apart. to part. SEPEDO'N, s. m. a sort of serpent, whose bite causes a wonderful swelling and makes the flesh rot. SEPELI'R, v. a. to bury. SE'PIA, s. f vide Xl'BIA. SEPTENA'RIO, f. m. the space of seven days. SEPTENTRIO'N, f. m. the north. SEPTENTRIONA'L, adj. northern. SEPTIE'MBRE, f. m. September, the ninth month of the year. SE'PTIMO, adj. the seventh. SEPTUAGENA'RIO, adj. seventy years of age. SEPTUAGE'SIMA, f. f. the Sunday fortnight before Shrove-sunday. sepulchre. SEPU'LCHRO, s. m. a sepulchre, a tomb. SEPULTA'R, v. a. to bury. SEPULTU'RA. f. f. a grave. SEPULTURE'RO, f. m. a maker.

SEQ

SEQUA'Z, s. m. a follower. SEQUEDA'D, s. f. drought, dryness. SEQUEDA'L, s. m. a dry land. SEQUE'LA, s. f. the sequel, the consequence. SEQUE'RO, adj. naturally dry. SEQUESTRACIO'N, f. f. sequestra-SEQUESTRA'R, v. a. to sequester. SE QuE'STRO, s. m. the sequeltration made. SEQUE'TE, f. m. a dry piece of bread. SEQUI'A, s. f. vide SEQUEDA'D. SEQUI'LLO, f. m. a kind of rusk. SE'QUI'TO, s. m. a retinue.

SER

SE'R, f. m. the being, essence, or ex istence of any thing. Sér, verb. auxiliario, to be. Sér de alguno, to be a friend to one. SE'RA, f. f. a basket. SERA'PHICO, adj. feraphick. SERAPIII'N, f. in. a seraphim. SERAPHI'NA, s. f. a sort of woollen cloth so called. SERAPI'NO, f. m. a gum or refin flowing from the pine-tree. SE'RBA, f. f. a fort of wild pear. SERBAL, f. m. the tree of fuch pear. SERENA'R, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair; also to put out all night in the dew. SERENA'TA, f. f. a serenade, musick in the night. SERENE'RO, f. m. the cover of the | SERVI'R, v. a. to serve. the dew. SERENIDA'D, f. f. ferenity, clearness, fair weather; casiness in a man's looks; the title ferenity; in cant, impudence. SERE'NO, adj. fair, clear, serenc. Seréno, f. m. the evening dew. SERIAME'NTE, adv. terioufly, gravely. SE'RIE, f. f. a series, a continuation. SERIEDA'D, f. f. gravity, ferious-

neis.

SESMA, f. f. the fixth part of a SERIJO, S.m. a little basket. SE'RIO, adj. serious. SERMO'N, f. m. a fermon. SERMONA'RIO, f. m. a book of fermons. SEPARADAME'NTE, adv. separately, SERMONCI'CO, s. m. a little sermon. SEPARADO'R, s. m. he that separates, SERMONEA'R, v. n. to preach, to Tiner el siso en los calcanáres, to have make a sermon. SEPARA'R, v. a. to separate, to sever, SERO'JAS, s. f. pl. the withered leaves that fall from trees. SERO'N, f. m. a basket made of rushes like a mat. SEROSIDAD, f. f. ferosity, the thin or watery part of the blood. SERO'SO, adj. serous, thin, watery. SE'RPA, f. f. the herb wild-thyme. SERPEA'R, v. n. to move like a ferpent, to move by undulation. SER!'ENTA'RIA, s. f. the herb dra- SESE'RA, f. f the part of the scull that gon-wort. SERPENTICI'DA, f. m. a killer of SESSIO'N, f f. a scilion, as of a council ferpents. SERPENTIN, s. m. a kind of marble; SESTEADE'RO, s. m. a summer-house, a piece of ordnance so called. SERPENTINAME NIE, adv. in a ferpent-like manner. SEPULCHRA'L, adj. belonging to a SERPENTI'NO, adj. like, of, or belonging to a ferpent. SERPIE'NTE, f. m. a serpent. SERPI'GO, f. m. a disease or tumour \ fo called. SE'RPO, of m. wild running thyme, grave- $|SERPO'L_{i}|$ mother of thyme. SERRA'LLO, f. m. the Grand Signior's palace. SERRA'NA, f. f. a woman mountai neer SERRANI'A, s. f. a mountainous | SE TA, s. f. a sect. country. SERRA'NO, s. m. a mountaineer. SERRAR, v. a. to faw, to cut with a

faw. SERREZUE'LA, f. f. a little mountain. SERRO'N, f. m. a great saw used between two men. SERTA, s. f. in cant, a shirt. SERVADO'R, f. m. preserver. SERVIBLE, adj. serviceable, useful. SERVICIA'L, adj. ferviceable. Serviciál, f. m. a clyster. SERVICIALME'NTE, adv. fervice-

ably. SERVICIO, f. m. a service; at table it is taken for a plate, napkin, knife and fork; a close-stool.

Serviceo, a supply granted to the king by the corres or parliament. Prov. A buén servicio mal galardon, good service ill rewarded.

SERVIDO'R, f. m. a servant; a closeflooI-pan.

SERVIDU'MBRE, f. f. servitude, bondage, flavery; also a necessary-house; the right one neighbour has of going through another's house or ground, or the like.

SERVI'L, adj. servile, slavish. SERVI'LLIS, f. f. a fort of light flocs servant-maids wear.

SERVILLE'TA, s. s. a table-napkin. SERVILME'NTE, adv. fervilely, flavish-

head worn at night to desend from Servir de pelillo, to do some curious service, but of little value.

No servir una cosa, to be of no use. Prov. Ni sirvas a quien sirvio, ni pidas a quien pidió, do not ferve one that has been a servant, nor beg of one that has begged.

SERVITUD, f. f. fervitude, flavery, bondage. SES

SESE'NTA, adj. fixty. SE'SGO, adj. allope, athwart, bialling, awry; alto demure, grave.

SE'SO, f. m. the brain; metaph, sense, judgment; it is also used for an iron to fet a pot on over the nie. Hablur en f. so, to talk seriously. Fálio de Jeso, that wants brains, mad, foolish. one's brains in one's heels, to be foolish, or preposterous. Prov. Quien con tosco ba de entendir. múcho sijo ba menestér, he that is to deal with a senseless man, has need of much sense or wit. SESQUIALTERA, f. f. in musick, a note and a half. SESQUITE'RCIA, f. f. one and a third, either in musick or other meafure. contains the brain. or parliament. a place to pass the heat of the summer in, or to sleep after dinner in fammer. SESTEM'R, v. n. to fleep after dinner in fummer. SESTE'RCIO, f. m. the Roman coin called a festerce. SESUDAME'NTE, adj. prudently, wifely. SESU DO, adj. serious, grave, judicious.

SET

Séta, a mushroom. SETECIE'NTOS, adj. seven hundred. SETE'N.1, f. f. the seventh part. Seténas, s. f. pl. seven-fold. Pagar con las seienas, to pay a thing seven times the value. SETE'NO, adj. the seventh. SETE'NTA, adj. seventy. SETENTO'N, adj. seventy years old. SE'TO, f. m. a hedge.

SEV

SEVER AME'NTE, adv. severely. SEVERIDA'D, f. f. severity. SEVE'RO, adj. severe. SEVIZIA, f. f. cruelty.

SEX

SEXAGENA'RIO, adj. fixty years old. SE'XO, f. m. the fex, male or lemale. SEXTA'RIO, f. m. an old Roman meafure. SEXTIL, adj. of, or belonging to ux, fixth. SE'XTO, adj. the fixth.

SI

SI, pron. himself. Fuéra de si, besides himself, out of his wits. De por si, by himself. Pára si, for himself. Si, conjunct. if. Si, adv. yes, or yea.

SIB

SIBI'L, f. m. a little subterraneous room to keep things cool in fummer. SIBI'LA, f. f. a fybil. SIBILA'NTE, adj. whisling, hisling.

2 I C

SIC

SI'CLO, f. m. a shekel, a fort of silver coin among the Jews.

SID

SIDE'REO, adj. of the stars, star-like, bright, shining, like the stars. $SI'D\bar{R}A$, f. f. cyder.

SIE

SIE'GA, f. f. harvest-time, mowing or reaping-time. SIE'MBRA, f.m. the fowing season. SIE'MPRE, adv. always. SIEMPREVIVA, f. f. the herb house-

SIE'N, f. f. the temple of the head. SIE'NA, s. f. in cant, a face.

SIE'RPE, f. m. a serpent; also an ugly SILLE'RA, f. f. the part of the horse's woman, and any thing that moves by undulation.

Siérpe, a passionate person; in cant, a false key.

SIERPECI'LLA, f. f. a little serpent. SIE'RRA, f. f. a faw; also a mountain.

SIE'RVA, s. f. a maid-servant, or a woman-flave. SIE'RVO, f. m. a man-fervant, or

flave. SIE'STA, f. f. the heat of the day from | SILLI'CA, or SILLI'TA, f. f. a little noon forwards.

SIE'TE, adj. feven. Mata siète, a bully.

leek.

Prov. Siéte es combite, y nuéve es confusion, seven is a feast, and nine is makes good company, but all above produces disorder.

SIETEMESI'NO, adj. born the feventh or seven months old.

SIETENA'L, adj. seven years old.

SIG

SIGILACION, f. f. fealing. SIGILA'R, v. n. to keep a secret. SIGI'LO, s. m. a seal. Seldom used SI'MA, s. f. a deep pit, a dungeon, an but in talking of confession, or the fecrecy due to confession. SIGILOSAME'NTE, adv. fecretly. SIGILO'SO, adj. secret. Sl'GLO, f. m. an age. Buén siglo áya, God rest his soul. of the dead. Siglo de oro, the golden age. Siglo de plata, the filver age. Siglo de bierro, the iron age. SIGNA'R, v. a. to fign, to feal. SIGNATU'RA, f. f. figning, scaling, fignature. SIGNIFICACIO'N, f. f. fignification. SIGNIFICA'NZA, f. f. obf. for significación. SIGNIFICAR, v. a. to fignify.

SIGNIFICATI'VO, adj. that lignifies. of the twelve celellial figns of the zodiack.

SIGUIE'NTE, adj. following, next in courfe.

SII.

SILBA'R, v. n. to whiftle; also to mock, to despite. SH.BA'70, f. m. a whifile. SHABIDO, an whilling. SHENCIA'R 10, adj. filent, flill. SILE'NGIO, f. m. filence. speaking, without making a noise, fecretly, filently.

SILENCIO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to filence.

SILGUERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of silguéro.

SILGUE'RO, f. m. a goldfinch. SI'LLA, f. f. a chair; also a saddle. Silla real, a throne.

Silla de costillas, a chair with a back made of laths like ribs.

Silla de mâno, a sedan or chair to carry people in.

Silla rasa, a plain pad-saddle. Silla de borrénes, the great saddle.

Hombre de dos síllas, a man that can either ride long or short, either the great or the pad-faddle.

Ser de silla y albarda, to be for the saddle or pannel; to serve for all uses. SILLA'R, f. m. a stone cut out square for building.

Sillár del cabállo, that part of the horse's back on which the saddle is set.

back that bears the saddle.

SILLERI'A, f. f. a place where they make or fell chairs or faddles; also masons work, or the building cfa wall with fquare stone.

SILLE'RO, f. m. a faddler, or one that makes or fells chairs.

SILLE'TA, f. f. a little chair. SILLETE'RO, f. m. a chairman. Silleiéro, he that makes, sells, or mends chairs.

chair.

SILLO'N, f. m. a side-saddle for a woman.

SILO, f. m. a granary to lay up corn in, generally under ground. consussion. That is, as far as seven SILVADO'R, s. m. a whistler; also one that hisses.

SILVA'R, v. n. to whistle; also to hiss.

SILVA'TO, f. m. a whistle. SI'LVO, f. m. a whistle, whistling or histing.

SILU'RO, f. m. a fish so called.

SIM

abyss. Sima de vícios, an abyss of vice. SIMIN'DO, adj. decp. SI'MIA. f. f. a monkey, an apc. SIMIE'NTE, f. f. feed.

Said | SI'MIL, f. m. a simile in discourse, or writing.

SIMILITU'D, f. f. fimilitude, likenefs.

SPAIIO, f. m. an ape. SIMONI'A, f. f. fimony, buying or felting of spiritual things.

SIMONI'ACO, adj. guilty of fimony. SIMIPA'R, adj. without equal. SIMPLE, adj. fimple, pure, unmixt,

fincere, innocent, without deceit. SIMPLEME'NTE, adv. simply, honestly, candidly.

SIMPLE'ZA, f. f. fimplicity. SIMPLICIDA'D, f. f. idem. SIGNO, f. m. fign, token, feal; one SIMPI,ICI'STA, f. m. one that has skill in simples, or cures with them. * SIMPLO'N, f. m. a filly fellow.

SIMULACIO'N, f. f. dissimulation, counterfeiting, feigning.

SIMULA'GRO, f. m. an image, a refemblance. SIMULADAME'NIE, adv. feignedly,

diffemblingly.

SIMULA'R, v. a. to seign, to dissemble, to counterfeit.

SIN

SIN, prep. without. SHENCIOS AME'NTE, adv. without SINAGO'GA, f. f. the Jewish synagogue. SINALEFFA, f. f. a figure used in poe-

try, which cuts off the last vowel of a word when it ends with a vowel and the next begins with one. SINCEL, f. m. vide CINCEL. SINCELA'R, v. a. vide CINCELA'R. SINCERAME'NTE, adv. fincerely. SINCERA'R, v. n. to clear one's felf of a charge or crime. SINCERIDA'D, f. f. fincerity. SI'NCERO, adj. fincere, faithful. SINCOPA, f. f. a figure by which a fyllabic in a word is cut off; also a fainting or swooning fit. SINCOPA'R, v. a. to abbreviate, to cut off; also to faint, to swoon. SINDICA'DO, zdj. judged, tried; subst. used, the office of a judge or steward. SI'NDICO, f. m. a fyndick, a steward, an advocate or follicitor for a body politicle. SINGULA'R, adj. fingular. SINGULARIDA'D, f. f. fingularity. SINGULARIZA'RSE, v. r. to make one's self singular; to signalize one's felf. SINGULARME'NTE, adv. fingularly. SINGU'LTO, f. m. a fob, a hiccup. SINIE'STRA, f. f. the left hand. SINIESTRAME'NTE, adv. unluckily, aukwardly, untowardly. SINIE'STRO, adj. of the left, lefthanded; also untoward, unlucky. SINIGUA'L, adj. peerless, that has not its match, matchless. SINJUSTI'CIA, f. f. wrong, injustice. SINO', adv. if not, unless. SINO'CA, f. f. a fever that lasts a day. SINOCA'L, adj. that lasts a day; said of a fever. SINRAZO'N, f. f. a wrong, an injury, a thing contrary to reason. gust. finuous, crooked.

SINSABO'R, f. m. a distaste, a dis-SINUO'SO, adj. that is not firaight, SľO, i. m. a plant so called.

SIQ

SIQUIE'RA, adv. at least.

SIR

SIRE'NA, f. f. a syren, a mermaid. SIRGA, f. f. a rope to tow a vessel along, or that draws the net to the fhore.

Ir a la sirga, to be towed along. SI'RGAR, v. a. to tow a ship. Sl'RGO, f. m. a filk twill.

SIRGUE'RO. f. m. the Lind called a goldfinch; also one that tows or draws a boat along. STRO'CO,

f. m. the fouth-east SIRO'QUE, wind. SIRVIE'NTE, f. m. a fervant.

SIS

SPSA, f. f. an excise or tax upon meat or drink.

Sifa, borax for foldering, or fixe for gildmg.

Sife, the lessening of any thing by fubtracting fome Imall part, or cutting meafures lefs; also the floping or fliaping of a garment.

SISADO'R, f. m. a receiver of excise; in cant, a pilferer,

SISA'R, v. a. to diminish, to take away fomething, to nim, to leffen; also to flope in cutting.

SISO'N, f. m. a tailor that cuts cabbage too often, or in too large a quantity.

SISIRO! f. m. a mufical lastrument to called.

[A, L]S + T

SIT

SITIADO'R, f. m. besieger. SITIAL, s. m. a stool without a back. SITIAR, v.a. to besiege. SITIBU'NDO, adj. thirsty. SITIO, f. m. situation; also a siege. SITUACIO'N, f. f. situation. SITUA'DO, s. m. an assignment upon a branch of the revenue. SITUA'R, v. a. to situate.

SO

SO, adv. under. So pena, under pain. So pente de la pena pronunciada, under the pain of the fentence passed against you.

8 O A

SOASSA'R, v. a. to half roaft.

SOB

SO'BA, f. f. in cant, a beating or cudgelling.

SOBA'CO, f. m. the arm-pit.

SOBAJA'R, v. a. to misuse, to handle a thing roughly, to mould like dough, to knead bread, to grope. SOBAQUI'DO, s. m. in cant, what a | SOBRECOGE'R, v. a. to surprise, to

thief runs away with under his arm. arm-pits.

SOBA'R, v. a. to knead, to work any thing with the fifts and in a vigorous manner.

SOBARBA'DA, f. f. a check given the horse with the bridle; a check to one that takes too much liberty in talking; also a chuck under the chin.

SOBARCA'R, v. a. vide SOBACA R. SOBEJANI'A, s. f. obs. superfluity. SOBEJA'NO, adj. obf. superfluous, useless; an old word.

SOBERANAME'NTE, adv. sovereign-

SOBERANI'A, s. f. sovereignty. SOBERA'NO, adj. sovereign.

SOBE'RBIA, f. f. pride. SOBERBIAME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily.

SOBE'RBIO, adj. proud, haughty; fometimes taken for lofty, great, and noble.

Palácio sobérbio, a stately palace.

SOBO'N, f. m. a cunning fellow that knows how to avoid work.

SOLONA'ZO, s. m. augment. of sobon.

SOBORNADO'R, s.m. a suborner. SOBORNAL, f. m. the overplus in measure; also what is laid on a beast over and above its due burden.

SOBORNA'R, v. a. to suborn, to bribe, to corrupt with bribes.

SOBORNO, f. m. subornation, bribe. SO'BRA, f. f. overplus, what is over and above, the excess.

SOBRA'DO, adj. superfluous, over and | above; metaph. idle, unmannerly.

to be superfluous, to be over meausc.

SOBRASA'R, v. a. to put burning SOBRENO'MBRE, f. m. a furname. coals under a pot or the like.

SOBRAZA'R. v. a. to put or to fold fomething under the arm.

SO'BRE, adv. upon.

SOBREABUNDA'NTE, p. act. superabundant.

SOBREABUNDA'R, v. a. to super- SOBREPASSA'R, v. a. to surpass. abound.

SOBREAGADIR, v. a. to add with SOBREPENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging exceis.

SOBREASSA'R, v. a. to over-roall. SOBRECEBADE'RA, s. f. the spritsail, top-sail of a ship. SOBREVIVI'R, v. n. to survive.

SOBRECA'MA, f. f. a counterpain for a bed, or a covering put over it to keep it from the dust.

SOBRECAMARE'RO, f. m. a chief | chamberlain, a head-servant.

SOBRECATA, f. f. a vicious excre scence on the shin-bone of a horse, SOBRERO'PA, s. s. an upper gar. called a knot, a knob, or a ringworm.

SOBRECA'RGA, f. f. a furcharge, an overcharge, what is laid on a beast more than its due burden.

loading kills the horse.

SOBRECARGA'R, v. a. to surcharge, Soldados sobresalientes, men advanced beto overload.

SOBRECA'RTA, f. f. a fecond letter, SOBRESALI'R, v. a. to jut out, to or order to the same effect as the appear, to make a shew, to stand first.

SOBRECE'DULA, f. f a writ or warrant granted upon another.

SOBRECE'JA, f. f. an eye-brow. Sobrecéja de acemila, plates or pieces of SOBRESANA'R, v. a. to heal supersileather-hanging over a mule's eyes, | to make her look down to the gound. SOBRESA'NO, adj. healed superfici-SOBRECE'JO, f. m. an eye-brow.

SOBRECIE'LO, s. m. an awning or SOBRE'SCER, v. n. to supersede, to covering over a court of a house, or other open place, of canvas or the like | SOBRESCRIBI'R, v. a. to write upon to keep off the fun.

take unawares.

SOBAQUI'NA, f. f. the ill scent of SOBRECO'RVA, f. f. the curb, a SOBRESCRIVI'R, v. a. to superdistemper in a horse's hinder-legs. SOBRECO'Z, f. m. obs. a master SOBRESEMBRA'R, v. a. to sow over. cook.

> SOBREDIE'NTE, f. m. a tooth that grows upon another.

SOBREDORADO'R, f. m. a gilder. SOBREDORADU'RA, f. f. the gild-

SOBREDORA'R, v. a. to gild over. Sobredorár, v. a. to gild, to cover with gold.

SOBREHAZ, f. f. the supersicies, the part that appears to fight.

SOBREHUESSO, f. m. a splint in a horse; metaph. one that sticks close | to another and becomes very trou blesome; any uneasiness that attends a man.

SOBRELINTE'L, f. m. the work, timber, or stone over the lintel, or piece that lies over the jambs of doors or SOBREVESTIR, v. a. to put one windows.

SOBRELLEVA'R, v. a. to bear with, to endure.

SOBRELUCIR, v.n. to shine much, or | SOBREVIVIR, v.n. to survive. above another.

SOBREMANE'RA, adv. excessively. SOBREMA'NO, f. m. a swelling about the pastern joint of a horse's fore-foot, caused by being too hard ridden when young.

SOBREMEDI'DA, f. f. over-meafure.

SOBREME'SA, f. f. a carpet for a table; it means also after dinner. Discurrir sobre mesu, to chat after din-

ner. SOBREMONTA'R, v. n. to surmount. SOBRA'R, v. n. to be over and above, | SOBRENADA'R, v. n. to swim above, | or on the top.

fure; metaph. to be idle, and of no | SOBRENATURA'L, adj. supernatural.

SOBREO'JO, f. m. a lowring, or a SOCARRA'R, v. a. to hold a thing for prying look.

Lhvár sobreójo, to have a watchful eye upon.

SOBREPA'RTO, f. m. a woman's ly- SOCARRE'N, f. m. the caves of a ing-in after being delivered.

SOBREPELLI'Z, f. f. a furprice.

over.

SOBREPENSA'R, v. a. to consider se-

SOBREPIE', f. m. a swelling about the pastern joint of a horse's hinder-leg, caused by being too hard tidden when young.

SOBREPONE'R, v. a. to set upon, or put upon.

SOBREPUJAIR, v. a. to surpais, to

SOBRESALI'DO, adj. impatient, hasty, rash, head-strong.

SOBRESALIE'NTE, adj. standing above or beyond another.

Prov. La sobrecarga máta, the over- Puesso sobresaliente, an advantageous, or an advanced post.

fore the rest of the body.

out above, or beyond another, to ex. cel.

SOBRESALTA'R, v. a. to surprise. SOBRESA'LTO, f. m. a furprize,

cially.

ally.

ceafe, to desist.

any thing; to direct a letter.

SOBRESCRITO, s. m. a superscrip. tion, or superscribed.

fcribe.

SOBRESE'TDO, adj. superseded, ceased, delisted.

SOBRESEYMIE'NTO, f. m. superseding, ceasing, desisting. SOBRESOLA'R, v. a. to mend shoes,

putting one sole upon another. SOBRESTA'NTE, s. m. an overseer,

a supervisor. SOBRESTE'RA, f. f. an upper mat to lay on another, or other thing to lay

on a mat. SOBREVA'RDA, f. f. a welt or guard

on a garment. SOBREVAI'NA, f. f. a false scabbard to put over another for riding.

SOBREVENI'R, v. n. to come upon, to come in the nick of time.

SOBREVESTA, f. f. a large coat. garment over another.

SOBREVISTA, s. f. the beaver of a helmet.

SOBREU'SA, f. f. a dish consisting of poor Jack fried in oil after being boiled, and then put into a liquor of water, pepper, scalded oil, honey or fugar, cinnamon, and a little vinc-

gar. SOBRIAME'NTE, adv. foberly. SOBRIEDA'D, f. f. fobricty. SOBRINA, f. f. a niece. SOBRI'NO, f. m. a nephew.

$S \circ C$

SO'BRIO, adj. sober. Latin fobrius

SOCA'PA, s. f under pretence, under the cloak; also privately.

SOCA'RRA, f. f. the scorching lightly any thing over a fire.

to the fire, that it be neither raw nor roalled, but scorched in one Place, and raw in another.

houfe.

SOCARRO'N, f. m. a crafty subtle fellow, an aich wage adv. archly. SOCARRONAML'NIE,

like a wag. SOCAR.

SOCARKONERI'A, f. f. waggery. SOCAVA'R, v. a. to dig under, to undermine. SOCAVO'N, f. m. a cave dug under a SOCHANTRE, f. m. the under chaunhill. ter of a church. SOCIA'BLE, adj. fociable. SOCIEDA'D, f. f. fociety. SO'CIO, f. m. a companion. SOCOLO'R, under colour, or pretence. SOCO'NO, f. m. in cant, any thing robbed, or a present made by a whore

to her pimp. SOCORREDO'R, f. m. one who helps succours, aids, or assists. SOCORRE'R, v. a. to succour, to re-

lieve. SOCO'RRO, f. m. succour, relief, aid. SOCRO'SIO, s. m. a medicine, a plaster.

Socrósso mithridatico, mithridate.

SOD

SO'DA, s. f. the herb glasswort. SODOMI'A, f. f. the fin of fodomy. SODOMI'TA, f. m. f. a sodomite. SODOMI'TICO, f. m. a sodomite. SO'DOMO, f. m. v. SODOMI'IA.

SOE

SOE'Z, adj. filthy.

bridle.

SOF

SOFALDA'R, v. n. to tuck up the coats. great heat, captious and deceiving words. also to deceive one with fair language. SOFLAME'RO, f. m. one who deceives | SOLARIE'GO, adj. of, or belonging | with fair words. SOFOCA'R, v. a. v. SUFOCA'R. SOFRE'IR, v. a. to fry lightly. SOFRENA DA, f. f. a check given with the bridle; a check, a reproof, and fometimes a blow on the face.

SOG

which is made of esparto.

SO'GA, f. f. a rope, but properly, that

Dar sóga, to give out rope; to let a man

go on without check. Llevár la sóga arrastrándo, to drag the rope; that is, to be in danger. Tinér la soga a la garganta, to have a halter about one's neck ! to be in [great danger. Tenér sóga de aborcádo, to have the rope a man was hanged with; that is, to be fortunate in all things. Prov. Echar la soga tras el calderó, to throw the rope after the bucket; to throw the helve after the hatchet. SOGUEA'R, v. a. to measure with a SOGUE'RO, f. m. a rope-maker.

SOH

SOHE'Z, adj. mean, base, vile.

SOJ

fabduer, SOJUSGAR, v a. to subduc, to con-

\$07USGADO'R, f. m. a conqueror, a quer, to bring under.

SOL

SOL, f. m the fun.

El sol sale, the fun sifes.

El jol se pone, the sun sets. El fol pica, the sun scorches. De jol à jol, from sun rising to sun setting. Detenér el sol, to stop the sun; to aim at impossibilities; to labour in vain. Prov. Con el buén sol, estimaése el caracol, the warm fun makes the fnail stretch himself out. The meanest creature with encouragement thrives; or, base people encouraged, grow faucy.

SOLACEA'R, v. a. v. SOLAZA'R. SOLA'DO, f. m. a boarded or paved floor.

SOLAME, NTE, adv. only. SOLA'NA, s. f. a sunny place, a lost in | SOL FA, s. f. the name of two notes in a house. Also the rent paid for a house.

SOLANAZO, s. m. augment. of soláno.

SOLA'NO, f. m. the east wind. SOLA'PA, f. f. a lapping over in agar- | SOLFEAR, v. n. to fing by notes. ment; metaph. an underhand prac- | SOLICITACIO'N, f. t. folicitation. tice, a concealed affair.

SOLAPADAME'NTE, adv. with diffimulation, deceitfully. SOLAPA'R, v. a. to lap over like a garment; also to conceal, or cover, as

under a garment. SOLA'PO, f. m. a lapping over in a garment; metaphor, an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

SOLA'R, f. m. the ground a house stands on; the ancient mansion house of a family.

SOFLA'MA, s. f. a little flame; a Hidálgo de Jolár conocido, a gentleman of an ancient known family. Solar, adj. folar, of the fun.

SOFLAMA'R, v. a. to shame one; Solar, v. a. to lay a floor, to plank, to pave.

Solar zapatos, to fole shoes.

to the stock, family, or mansion- |SOLILOQUIA'R, v. n. to speak with house.

SOLA'Z, f. f. comfort, gaity, pleafure, delight.

to delight. SOFRENA'R, v. a. to check with the SOLAZO, f. m. augment. of fol; a

burning fun. SOLDA'DA, s. f. soldiers pay, servants wages; also soldering of metals. SOLDADE'SCA, f. f. foldiery. SOLDADICO, Is. m. dimin. of fol-

SOLDADILLO, \ dado. SOLDADO, f. m. a soldier.

Soldads aventajáso, a soldier that has SOLITUID, s. f. obs. solitude. more than the common pay.

da tu váca, keep your cow from a foldier that has no cloak. Take care of all you have, when you fee a poor foldier.

SOLDADO'R, f. m. a folderer. SOLDADURA, f. f. a foldering, or the place where a thing is foldered. SO'LDA'N, f. m. a foldan or fultan.

SOLDA'R, v. a. to folder metal.

concord. SOLECITO, f. m. dimin. of fol; a SOLLASTRI'A, f f. scullery.work. pleasing sun that does not overheat \SO'LLO, f. m. a stargeon.

SOLEDA'D, f. f. folitude, folitarinefs, SOLLOZO, f. m. a figh, a tob, Ionefomeness, a folitary lonefome SOLO, adj alone, only, place, a defert.

SOLE'MNE, adj. folemn, expensive, famous; alfo merry, gay.

SOLEMNEA E'NTE, adv. folemnly. SOLEMNIDA'D, f. f. folemnity, religicus ceremony.

SOLEMNIZADO'R, f. m. a folemnizer. SOLEMNIZAR, v. a. to folemuize, to celebrate.

SO'LEO, f. m. one of the muscles, so called by anatomists.

SOLER, v. n. to be wont, to accustom, to habituate oneself.

Soler, f. m. the floor at the bottom of the hold in a ship.

SOLE'RCIA, f. f. cunning, craft. SOLE'TA, s. f. the sole part of a stocking, a new sole put to it.

SOLETAR, 7 v. a. to put new foles SOLETREAR, I to old stockings. SOLETE'RO, f. m. one whose business

is to sole stockings. SOLEVACIO'N, vide SUBLEVA-CIO'N.

SOLEVANTA'R, v. a. to rife up; also to persuade servants to change

places. SOLEVA'R, v. a. idem.

SOLEVAMIE'NTO, f. m. the art of raising or lifting up.

musick, used to signify musick in general.

Estar en solfa, to be finished. Ponér en solfa, to finish any thing, to make it perfect.

SOLICITADO'R, f. m. a solicitor, one that tries, attempts, courts or allures.

SOLICITAME'NTE, adv. folicitously, diligently, carefully.

SOLICITA'R, v. a. to folicit, to make haste.

Solicitar una muger, to make love to a woman, to endeavour to debauch her.

SOLI'CITO, adj. solicitous, careful. SOLICITU'D, f. f. solicitude, carefulness, diligence.

SOLIDAME'NTE, adv. folidly, firmly. SOLIDA'R, v. a. to make folid.

SOLIDE'Z, f. f. folidity. SO'LIDO, adj. solid.

SOLIDE'O, f. m. a fort of cap used by priests.

oneself.

SOLILO'QUI'O, f. m. a foliloquy, a meditation, a discourse by oneself. SOLAZA'R, v. a. to solace, to comfort, SOLIMA'N, s. m. mercury sublimate.

SO'LIO, f. m. a throne. Gelebración de sólio, the king's sitting on his throne when in the cortes, either at the opening of them, or to pass

acts. SOLITARIAME'NTE, adv. folitarily. SOLITA'RIO, adj. folitary, lonefome. SO'LITO, adj. wont, usual, accustomed.

Solito, adj. dimin. of Jolo; all alone. SOLIVIADURA, f. f. relieving, eafing.

Prov. De soldado que no tiene capa, guár - SOLIVIAR, v. a. to relieve, to ease to lift underneath; sometimes to steal.

SOLIVIO, f. m. relieving, or easing, lifting underneath; sometimes theft. SOLLA, f. f. a foal, a fish to called. SOLLAMA'R, v. a. to fcorch in the

flame. SOLLA'R, v. n. to draw one's breath

hard, to blow, to pant. SOLECISMO, f. m. a folecism, a salse | SOLLASTRE, f. m. a scullion in a kitchen.

SOLLOZAR, v. n. to figh, to fob.

A jolas, adv. alone.

SOLOMPLLO, f. m. dimin. of follomo. SOLO'MO, f. m. the under part of the lom, which is the tenderell.

Solomo de puérco, an under toin of pork. SOLSTICIALL, adj. of the folltice.

SOLSTYCIO, L. m. the folding, when the fun enters the figns of Cancer and Capracorn.

るひん。

SOLTADIZO, adj. loosed, untied, fice. SOLTADO'R, f. m. a loofer, a releaser, an expounder of difficulties. SOLTA'R, v. a. to let go, to let loofe, to release; also to expound difficulties. Soliár la présa, to let go the booty; also to open a fluice.

Soliár la vápa, to let go one's cloak, either running away, or when one can defend it no longer against thieves. Sollar de la carcél, to dismiss out of prifon.

Soltár ataduras, to loose bands. Soliar questiones, to solve or explain obfoure questions.

Soltar les nanes de la éscuela, to send the children from the school. Soltás déudas, to remit debts.

SOLTE'RA, f. f. a fingle woman; ge-

nerally taken in no good sense. SOLTERI'A, f. f. a single life. SOLTERO, s. m abatchelor, a singleman. SOLTURA, f. f. loofing, delivering, |

releasing, untying; metaph. impudence, lewdness.

Decir el fueño y la foltura, to tell all one thinks without reserve. SOLU'BLE, adj. that can be refolved or

explained. SOLUCIO'N, f. f. a folution, the folv-

ing of a question. SOLVE'R, v. a. to untie, to folve. SOLUTIVO, adj. that can folve or untie.

S O M

SO'MA, s. f. bran; in cant, a hen. SO'MBRA, s. f. a shadow, the shade. Ponér a uno a la sómbra, to put a man into the shade; that is, to cast him into prison.

Andár a sombra de texádo, to go under the shade of the tiles; that is, to abscond, to keep close.

SOMBRA'JO, f. m. a shady place; a SONROSEA'RSE, v. r. to blush. thing that makes a shade. SOMBRA'R, v. a. v. ASSOMBRAR. SOMBREA'R, v. a. to shade a picture. SOMBRERA'DA, f. f. a falutation, by

pulling off the hat; asso a blow with the hat. SOMBRERAZO, f. m. a very large

hat, and a blow given with a hat. SOMBRERE'RA, f. f. a hat-case; also the herb butterbur.

SOMBRERE'RO, f. m. a hatter. SOMBRE'RO, f. m. a hat.

Sombréro albanéz, a high-crowned hat, SO'MBRIO adj. shady. SOMBRO'SO,

SOMERAME'NTE, adv. superficially. SOME'RO, adj. superficial, that is almost at top.

SOMETE'R', v. a. to fubmit, to put under, to subduc.

SOMNOLE'NCIA, f. f. disposition to fleep, fleepinefs.

SO'MO, adv. as, En somo el collado, on the top of the hill.

SOMO'NTE, f. m. what is rough, uncouth, unpolified.

SOMORGUJADO'R. f. m. a diver. SOMORGUJAR, v n. to dive under [

water. SOMORGUYO, f. m. a plunge under water; a bind fo called.

SOMPESA'R, v. a. to lift any thing as it were to feel how much it weighs.

SON

SON, f. m. a found, a noise. SONABLE, adj. that may found, or be founded.

action or exploit much spoken of, and a rumour, a report. SONADE'RO, f. m. a handherchief.

SONADO'R, f. m. that founds. SONATAS, f. f. pl. a kind of instru ment the country people dance to.

SONAJE'RA, f. f. a woman that plays on the sonajas. SONA'JERO, f. m. a ratile, a small

SONA'R, v. a. to found. Scnarse, v. r. to be reported or bruited abroad.

bell, any thing that makes a noise.

Scnarse las naisces, to blow one's nose. Prov. El bién suéna y el mal vuéla, good news is rumoured, but bad news flies.

SO'NCO, f. m. a fort of herb so called. SO'NDA, f. f. a plummet to found the depth of waters with, a founding lead.

SONDALE'SA, f. f. a founding plummet, fuch as they use at sea. SONDA'R, Iv. a. to found the depth

SONDEA'R, of waters. SOMECI'LLO, f. m. a light found. SONETAZO, f. m. a very good fonnet; a very bad fonnet too.

SONETICO, s. m. a poor despicable sonnet, a litt'e pretty sonnet.

SONE'TO, f. m. a founct. The Spanish consists of sourceen verses. SONI'DO, f. m. a found.

SONORAME'NTE, adv. fonoroufly. SONO'RO, adj. founding, that makes a great founding or a pleasant found. SONORO'SO, adj. idem.

SONREI'RSE, v.n. to smile. SONRI'SA, f. f. a smile, or smiling. SONRODA'DO, adj. that is stuck in mire.

SONROD A'R, v. n. toslick in the mire; faid of the wheels.

SONROJA'R, v. a. to ashame. SONRO 70, f. m. shame, blush. SONROSA'R, v. a. to dye in a rose colour.

SONROSE'O, f. m. blufhing. SONSA'CA, f. f. feducing, cheating. SONSACADO'R, s. m. one who wheedles or seduces.

SONSACA'R, v. a. to wheedle, to worm out, to draw astray, to seduce.

SONSONE!TE, f. m. a little found! caused by hitting softly on any thing.

SOñ

SOnADO'R, s. m. a dreamer. SOMMR, v. n. to dream. SOnARRE'RA, f. f. the act of dicaming much, and a heavy fleep. SOMOLIE NTO, adj. sleepy, drowfy,

SOP

SO'PA, f. f. a fop. Sópa doráda, a fort of foap so called. Ir a lá sópa, to repair for alms to the SO'RBO, f. m. a fip; also a servicemonasteries where they give to all the poora mess.

Ellar becke una sopa, to be wet through; metaph, to be drunk.

Una sopa de anadido, a soop that has more liquor put to it, and spoilt by | SORDE'Z, that addition.

SOPAIPA, f. f. a kind of fritter. SOPALANDA, f. f. a particular kind of drefs worn by vagabonds, generally torn and dirty.

SOPA'PO, f. m. dewlap, the part next under the chin or gorge; a double chin; also a blow under the chin.

SOPA'R, v. a. to fop. SOPEAR, v. a. to nie a man ill, to tread him under feet. SOPE'NA, adv. upon pain of.

SONA'DA, f. f. a tune; also a famous SOPETEA'R, v. a. to use ill, to treat

ill; also to dip bread in tro.h and

SOPETO'N, f. m. a large fop; also a sudden blow given with the hand. SO'PHI, f. m. the fophy or monarch

SOPHI'SMA, f. m. a fophism, a fallacious argument. SOPHISTA, f. m. a sophist.

SOPHISTERYA, f. f. fophistry. SOPHISTIC AME'NTE, adv. sophisi.

SOPHISTICAR, v. a. to sophisticate. SOPHI'STICO, adj. fophillical.

SOPI'LLA, St. f. dimin. of sopa. SOPLADO'R, f. m. a blower.

SOPLAMO'CO, f. in. a blow given on the face with the hand, SOPLA'R, v n. to blow. Metaph. to

whisper, to inform, to carry tales. Soplar una pieza en el juego, to hust a man at draughts.

Soplar à la oréja, to whisper in the ear.

Sópla, vivo te le dey, a sort of sport among boys.

Prov. Soplar, y forter no puede junto ser, to blow and up at once cannot be done. Two contraries cannot be performed at once.

SOPLI'LLO, f. m. a thin filk, of which they make women's veils.

SO'PLO, f. m. a breath of wind, a puff, a blast; also a whisper or information, a tale carried.

SOPLO'N, f. m. a great puff or blaft; generally taken for an informer, a tale carrier, a fpy.

SOPO'N, f. m. a fellow that goes to convents to fetch a foup given there regularly by way of alms.

SOPO'R, f m. heaviness, sleepiness. SOPORI'FERO, adj. that causes sleep. SOPORTAIBLE, adj. supportable, tol. rable.

SOPORTAL, f. m. a walking-place under a pertico or arch. SOPORTA'R, v. a. to support, to up.

hold, to maintain, to bear with.

SOR

SOR, f. f. a fifter; also an abbreviation of fenor.

SO'RBA, f. f. the fruit called a service.

SORBEDO'R, f. m. a fipper. SORBE'R, v. a. to fip.

Prov. Sorler y suplar, no se puede baur a la far, one cannot sip and blow at the same time. Two contrary actions cannot be done together.

SORBETE, f. f. the jelly of any fruit mixed with water to drink. SORBETO'N, f. m. a fip.

SORBICO, 7 SORBULLO, & f. m. a little sip.

SORBITO, tree.

SORGE, f. m. a moufe. SORDAME NIE, adv. deafly. SORDEDA'D, 7 SORDE'RA, 5 f. f. deafacts.

SORDIDEZ, f. f. fordidness. SO'RDIDO, adj. fordid, bafe.

SORDINA, f. f. a mute. SO'RDO, adj. deaf; also that does not found.

Piédra sória, so architecto call a solid fort of flone that makes little noile when flruck.

Prov. No hay pror sordo que el que m quiere oir, none fo deaf as he that will not hear.

SO'RNA, f. f. heaviness, flowness; in cant, the night.

SORNAR,

SORNA'R. v. n. in cant, to sleep. SORPREENDE'R, v. a. to surprise. SO'RRA, s. f. the ballast of a ship. SORRE'RO, adj. fluggish because ill ballasted; said of ships. SORTEADO'R, f. m. he that casts the lots; he that attacks the bull at the buil-feasts. SORTEA'R, v. a. to cast lots. SORTE'O, f. m. the act of casting lots. SORTE'RO, f. m. a fortune-teller; one that calls lots. SORTI'JA, f. f. a ring. Corrér de sortija, to ride at the ring. SORTIJO'N, s. m. a great ring. SORTIJUE'LA, f. f. a little ring. SORTILE'GIO, f. m. fortune-telling by lots SORTU, f. m. a great coat.

SOS

SOSA, s. f. the herb glasswort. SOSLAYO, adj. aslope, sloping, athwart. 50'50, adj. unfavoury, inlipid. SOSPE CHA. f. f. suspicion. SOSPECHA'R, v. a. to suspect. SOSPECHOSAME'NTE, adv. suspicioufly. SOSPE HO'SO, adj. suspicious. SOSQUI'N, f. m. a blow cuaningly or treacheroully given. SOSSEGADAME'NTE, adv. quietly, calm!y.

SOSSEGA'R, v. a. to quiet, to still, to calm. SOSSIE'GO, f. m. quietness, calmness,

stillness. SOSIEN, f. m. a prop, a support; or the act of supporting and keeping

SOSTENEDO'R, f. m. a supporter. SOSTENE'R, v. a. to fullain, to support, to uphold, to maintain.

SOSTENIMIE'NTO, f. m. fustaining, supporting upholding maintaining. SOSTITUI'R, v. a. to substitute, to appoint one under another; to make a deputy.

SOSTITUTO, adj. substituted; put under another; substantively used, a substitute, one placed under another.

SOT

SO'TM, f. f. the knave at cards. Sha de navio, that part of the hold of a ship where the ballast lies. SOTABA'NCO, f. m. among builders, a place jutting out towards the top of a wall over the frieze or cornice, and betwixt it and the roof, for any thing ! to rest or stand upon. SOTACABALLERIZO, 6. m. an officer

subject immediately to the master of the horse

SOTACOCHE'RO, f. m. an under coichman.

SOTACO'LA, f. f. a crupper, a strap put under the horse's tail and fixed to the faddle. SOIMLCA'IDE, f. m. a deputy go-

vernor. SOLAMONTE'RO, f. m. an under huntsman.

SOTA'NA, f. f. a caffock. SOTANI'LLA, f. f. a little caffock.

SO'TANO, f. m. a cellar. SOTAPENTADO, f. m. adj. drove to the lecward,

SOTAPENTO, f. m. the lee fide, the side on which the wind blows.

SOTERRA'NEO, f. m. a vault, a place | under ground.

Soteriamo, adj. that is under ground. EOTERRA'R, v. n. to bury, to put under ground,

SOTPCO, f. m. a little wood, thicket,

or hedge; also a sort of herb that has | leaves like trefoil.

SOTI'L. adj. v. SUTI'L. SOTILE'ZA, f. f. v. SUTILE'ZA.

SOTI'LLO, f. m. a little wood or | thicket.

SOTILME'NTE, adv. vide. SUTIL-ME'NTE.

SO'TO, f. m. a wood, a thicket, a hedge, a field hedged in.

Prov. Por soto no váyas tras otro, do not follow another in a wood or thicket; because the boughs fly back from him that went before.

SOTOMINISTRO, s. m. an under minister or coadjutor in a religious order.

SOTRO'ZO, f. m. an iron put in the wheels of ordnance pieces, to keep them firm.

SPA

SPARGA'NEO, f. m. an herb so called.

SPE

SPERMA, f. f. v. ESPERMA.

SPO

SPO'DIO, f. m. the ashes of the elephant's tulks.

STA

STACTE, s. m. stacte, an aromatick, the gum that distils from the tree | Subirje en el canto, to sing out of tune by which produces myrih.

STE

STFBA. I. f. an herb so called. STENTO'RIO, adj. very strong, applied to the voice.

STEREOGRAPHI'A, f. f. stereography; the art of drawing the form of solids upon a planc.

STEREOGRA'PHICO, adj. relating to stereography.

STEREOMETRIA, f. f. stercometry; the art of measuring all sorts of solid bodies.

STERNO'N, f. m. the sternum, the breast bone.

STO

STOMATICHO, Jadj. Romachick, good STOMATICO, J for the stomach.

STR

STRATIOIE, f. m. a plant so called.

SU

SU', pron. yours, his. Su cabállo, his horfe. Su faire ac v. m. your father.

SUA

SUADIR, v. a. to perfuade. SUASI'BLE, adj. that may funded. SUASIO'N, f. f. perfuntion. SUASITO, adj. perfuative. SUATE, adj. fweet, pleafant, fmooth, fost. SUAFFAIL'NTE, adv. fweetly, pleafantly, foft. SUATIDAD, f. f. sweetness, pleasantnels, foroothnels, fofinels. SUAFIZZIR, v. a. to make fweet and] pleafant to the mind or fenfes.

SUB

SUBALTERNATA, v. n. to subject, to place under another's command. SUBMIS FIRNO, adj. fubaltern. SUBBRIGMOIER, f. m. an officer of horfe, next in order te a briga dier.

SUBDELEGACIO'N, f. f. subdelegation, substitution. SUBDELEGA'R, v. a. to subdelegate, to substitute, to appoint one to serve for another.

SUBDIACONA'DO, if. m. the office SUBDIACONATO, } or dignity of a subdeacon.

SUBDIA'CONO, s. m. a subdeacon, the next in order to a deacon. SU'BDITO, f. m. a subject.

SUBDIVIDI'R, v. a. to subdivide. SUBDIVISIO'N, f. f. subdivision. SU'BDUPLO, adj. subduple, containing one part of two.

SUBI'DA, s. f. an ascent or going up. Prov. De gran subida, g'an caida, a great rise will have a great fall.

SUBIDE'TO, adj. that is ascended, that one mult afcend. SUBI'DO, adj. lofty, high; metaph.

proud, haughty. Subido de quilâtes, very fine or pure as gold or filver that is much refined; metaph applied to any thing that is

of great value. Subido de color, high coloured.

Subilo de talones, grown haughty or proud.

SUBIDO'R, f. m. one that rifes or goes up; or one that enhances, or raises the price, or extols any thing. SUBI'R. v n. to go up, to rife.

Subir el precio, to raise the price. Subirse de punto, to take state upon

overstraining the voice.

Subirse de ta ones, to grow proud. SUBITAME'NTE, adv. fuddenly. SUBITANEAMEINTE, adv idem. SUBITA'NEO, adj. sudden, unexpected. SU'BITO, adj sudden, unexpected. SUBJUGA'R, v. a. to subdue.

SUBJUNTIVO, s. m. a subjunctive in grammar. SUBLEVACIO'N, s. f. rising up, a se-

SUBLEVACIO'N, f. f. 7a rifing; SUBLEVAMIE'NTO, f. m. 5 the act of rising or lifting up.

dition.

SUBLEVA'R, v. a. to move a sedition or insurrection. SUBLIMACIO'N, f. f. fublimation,

lifting up, extolling. SUBLIMA'R, v. a. to lift up, to raise, to extol.

SUBLI'ME, adj. lofty, high. SUBLIMIDA'D, f. f. loftinefs. SUBLUNA'R, adj. fublunar, fublunary,

under the moon. SUBORDINACIO'N, f. f. fubordination.

SUBORDINADAME'NTE, adv. subordinately.

SUBORDINA'R, v. a. to make subordinate.

SUBPOLA'R, adj. lying under the pole.

SUBREPCIO'N, f. f. subreption, the act of obtaining by surprize or unfair representation.

SUBREPTICIAME NTE, adv. clandeftinely, thief-like.

SUBREPTICIO, adj. furreptitious, done by Realth.

SUBROGACIO'N, f. f. a putting in the place of another,

SUBROGAR, v. a. to subrogate, to put in the place of another. SUESCRIPCIO'N, f. f. a subscription.

SUBSCRITO, p. p. subscribed. SUBSCRIBIR, v. a. to subscribe. SUBSEQüE'NIE, adj. subsequent.

SUBSI'DIO, f. m. subsidy, aid, relief. SUBSISTE'NCIA, f. f. subsistence.

SUBSISTIER, v. a. to subfift. SUBSIA'NCIA, f. f. fubiliance, food, or nourishment.

[A M] Substán-

Substancia, wealth, means of life. SUBSTANCIA'L, adj. substantial, real. SUBSTANCIA'R, y. a. to make an abridgment or summary; also to enquire about any thing. SUBSTANCIO'SO, adj. belonging to SUE'LO, f. m. the ground, the floor, the substance. SUBSTANTIVAME'NTE, adv. fubstantively. SUBSTANTIVO, f. m. substantive. SUBSTITUCIO'N, f. f. substitution. SUBSTITUI'DOR, s. m. one who puts | Levantar la caja el suelo, to build a house another in his place. SUBSTITUI'R, v. a. to substitute. SUBSTRAHE'R, v. a. to subtract. SUBTENDE'R, v. a. to subtend, to be extended under. SUBTERRA'NEO, fubterraneous. SUBURBA'NO, I f. m. a suburb, out-SUBU'RBIO, \ \ part of a city. SUBVERSIO'N, f. f. subversion, ruin, destruction. SUBVER-I'R, v. a. to subvert, to Suélto de léngua, talkative. overturn, to ruin, to destroy.

SUC

SUCARILLO, f. m. in cant, a page or fervant. SUCA'RRO, f. m. in cant, a footman, a laquey, a servant. SUCCI'NO, f. m. yellow amber, fuch as they make necklaces of. SUCCIO'N, f. f. suction, the act of sucking. SUCEDE'R, v. n. to fucceed, as by descent; to happen, to fall out. SUCESSIO'N, f. f. fuccession, descent. SUCESSIVAME'NTE, adv. successively, by descent. SUCESSIVO, adj. successive, by descent, or in course. SUCE'SSO, f. m. success, event, accident, chance. SUCESSO'R, f. m. a successor. SUCIAME'NTE, adv. naftily, chily. SUCIE'DAD, f. f. nastiness, filth. SUCINTAME'NTE, 'adv. fuccinetly, briefly. SUCI'NTO, adj. succinct, brief. SU'ClO, adj. nasty, dirty, filthy. SU'CO, f. m. the sap of a tree. SUCO'SO, adj. juicy.

SUD

SU'D, f. m. the fouth-west wind. SUDADE'RO, f. m. a sweating place. Sudadéro de la tiérra, a moist ground where the water oules out. SU'DAR, v. n. to sweat. Más vále sudár que tosser, it is better to fiveat than to cough. · SUDARIO, f. m. a handkerchief. SUDO'R, f. m. (weat. SUDORI'FICO, SUDORI'FERO, adj. fudorifick. SUDUE'STE, f. m. fouth west.

SUE

SUEGRA, f. f. a mother-in-law by marriage, the wife's, or the hutband's mother. Prov. No je acuérda la suégra que sué \SU'FRE. s. m. brimstone. remember the was a daughter-in-law. SUEGRO, f. m. a father-in-law by anarriage, the wife's or the hulband's father. SUE'LA, f. f. the fole of the floc. Sucla, among carpenters, a piece of timber laid on the ground as a founda-

tion to build a fath and plaister wall upon; or a plank laid under a shore or prop-Prov. Suelas y vino andan camino, soles

good foles to fave the feet, and wine SUFRIR, v. a. to suffer, to endure, to chear the heart, make a man travel eafily.

SUE'LDO, f. m. pay, wages. bottom.

Dar con la cosa en el surlo, to let a thing fall upon the ground. Echar la casa por el suelo, to level a house

with the ground.

from the ground. Prov. Quién no pone y siempre sáca, suélo bálla, a man who always spends and never gets, must see an end of what he

has. adj. subterraneal, | SUELTA, f. f. the act of untying. Suéltas, s. f. pl. fetters for horses feet. SUELTAME'NTE, adv. loosely, lightly, nimbly, freely.

SUE'LTO, adj. loose, free, at liberty; nimbly, active, quick.

SUENO, f. m. obf. a found. SUE'nO, f. m. sleep, a dream.

Dirmir a sueno suelto, to steep sound, without any disturbance.

Decir el sueño y la soliúra, to tell a man his dream and the exposition of it; SU'LCO, f. m. a surrow. metaph. to tell a man all one's mind with freedom.

like a dog's dream to him. Applied SULQUI'LLO, f. f. a little furrow. to those who fancy they can compals great matters, and come off with loss.

Prov. De los sueños no créas málos ni buénos, of dreams believe neither the good nor the bad. Do not be superstitious and give credit to dreams.

Prov. Suéno jossegado no teme nublado, quiet sleep fears no foul weather; that is, he who sleeps sound, has no apprehensions, fears, or cares upon him.

fil- | SUE'RO, f. m. whey; the ferum in a man's blood.

SUE'RTE, s. m. a lot, a chance. Also a fort, a kind, or a manner. Echar suéries, to cast lots.

Esto me cupo en suérte, this fell to my lot.

No le quiéro de ésta suérte, I will not have it of this fort, after this manner. Prov. A mála suérte embidar suérte, he that has ill luck must push boldly. SUE'STE, f. m. fouth-east.

SUF

SUFICIE'NCIA, S. fusficiency, enough. SUFICIE'NTE, adj. sufficient. SUFICIENTEME'NTE, adv. fufficiently. SUFOCACION, f. f. sussocation. SUFOCA'R, v. a. to susfocate, to Hille.

SUFRAGA'NEO, f. m. fuffragan, fubordinate to an archbishop. SUFRAGA'R, v. a. to help, to fa-

SUFRA'GIO, f. m. a vote; also savour, | assistance; commonly used for the prayers of the church.

vour.

muéra, the mother-in-law does not SUFRE'NCIA, s. f. obs. sussence, patience.

SUFRIBLE, adj. tolerable, that may be endured.

SUFRIDA, f. f. in cant, a bed. SUFRIDE'RO, adj. that may be endured.

SUFRI'DO, adj. patient, that will fusser! much; in caut, one that endured the rack without confessing.

SUFRIDO'R, f. m. one who fuffers or endures.

and wine to go the journey; that is SUFRIMIE'NTO, f.m. patience. Prov. Sufre par Saber, y trabaja pir tener, endure inconveniencies to acquire knowledge, and take pains to gain SUFUMIGACIO'N, f. f. suffumigation.

SUG

SUGESTIO'N, f. f. fuggestion. SUGE'TO, adj. inbjeci. Sugéro, s. m. a subject. Fuláno es un sugéto de importancia, such a one is a person of note. SU'GO, f. m. juice. SUGOISO, adj. juicy, full of juice.

SUI

SUJECIO'N, f. f. subjection. SUJETAR, v. a. to subject, to sub. mit. SUJE'TO, adj. exposed, liable to.

SUL

SULCA'R, v. a. to make furrows, to plough. SULFONE'TE, f. m. a match to light fire with. Prov. Tornosele el sueno del perro, it was SULPHU'REO, adj. sulphureous. SULTA'N, f. m. a fultan.

SUM

SUMA, f. f. a fum. SUMAME'NTE, adv. in fine, in short; also highly, lostily. SUMA'R, v. a. to sum, to cast up, to add together. SUMARIAME'NTE, adv. briefly. SUMARYO, f. m. a summary, short contents, the sum or substance. SUMERGI'R, v. a. to fink, to drown. SUMERSIO'N, f. f. submersion, drown-

ing. SUMIDAD, f. f. height, the top. SUMIDE'RO, f. m. a fink, a place that fwallows all up.

SUMILLE'R, de curtina, s. m. a chaplain of honour to the king. Sumil ér de corps, the king's esquire of the body.

SUMILLERI'A, f.f. the buttery. SUMINISTRACION, I. f. affording, fupplying.

SUMINISTRADO'R, f. in. one who supplies or affords. SUMINISTRAR, v. a. to supply, to

afford. SUMI'R, v. a. obf. to fink, to swallow

up, to overwhelm. Sumirse, v. r. to fink into the ground. SUMISSION, f. f. fubmission.

SUMISSO, p. p. of the verb fometer: adjectively used, it means humble, submissive.

SUMI'STA, f. m. one that makes a collection or an abridgmeet of many

things SU'MO, adj. the highest, the most excellent.

El sumo pontifice, the pope. SUMPTUARIO, adj. fumptuary, relating to expence.

SUMPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. fumptuoufly, peropoully, magnificently. SUMPTUOSIDA'D, f. f. fumptuoul. nels, pompouluels, magnificence.

SUMPTUO'SO, adj. sumptuous, pompous, magnisseent. SUMULA, f. m. a sum, a collection, an

abridgment. SUMULI'STA, f. m. vide SUMI'S. TA.

SUN

SUN

SUNCHO, s. m. an iron that fastens the pump on board a ship.

SUP

SUPEDITA'R, v. a. to supply, to furnish, to provide; also to have enough.

SUPERABLE, adj. that may be conquered, overcome, subdued.

SUPERABUNDA'NCIA, f. f. Superabundance.

SUPERABUNDA'NTE, adj. fuperabounding.

SUPERABUNDA'R, v. a. to super- SUR, s. m. the south. abound.

SUPERA'R, v. a. to overcome. SUPE'RBO, adj. v. SOBERBIO.

SUPERCHERI'A, f. f. overbearing, fraud, deceit, fallacy; also incivillity.

SUPERCHE'RO, adj. one that overbears, that oppresses.

SUPERFICIA'L, adj superficial. SUPERFICIALME'NTE, adv. fuperficially.

SUPERFI'CIE, f. f. the superficies, the outward face of a thing. SUPERFLUAME'NTE, adv. superflu-

oufly. SUPERFLUIDA'D, S. f. Superfluity. SUPE'RFLUO, adj. superfluous.

SUPFRINIENDE'NCIA, f. f. . superintendency, overleeing SUPERINTENDE'NTE, f. m. a super-

intendant, an overfeer. SUPERIO'R, adj. (uperior, that is above)

or over another, uppermoft. Superior, f. m a superior. SUPERIORIDA'D, f. f. superiority.

SUPERIORME'NTE, adv. superiorly. SUPERLATIVAME'NTE, adv. fuperlatively.

the superlative degree.

SUPERNUME ŘARIO, adj. supernumerary, above the number allowed. SUPERSTICIO'N, f. f. superstition. SUPERSTICIOS AME'NTE, adv. fuperflitiously.

SUPERSTICIO'SO, adj. fuperstitious. SUPI'NO, f. m.

Supines de rapósa, the herb satyrion, or stander-grass.

SUPITAME'NTE, adv. ohf. fuddenly. SUPITA'nO, adj. obs. vide SUBITA'-NEO.

SU'PITO, adj. obf. sudden.

SUPLEME'NTO, f. m. n supplement. SUPLICA, f. f. a petition, a request, an intreaty.

SUPLICACIO'N, f. f. intreaty, fup. plication, an humble request; also a fiveet wafer rolled up, fuch as the consictioners sell.

SUPLICACIONE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells fweet wafers.

SUPLICA'NTE, f. m. a suppliant, he | that befeeches or intreats.

SUPLICAR, v. n. to intreat, to befeech.

SUPLICIO, f. m. punishment. SUPLIMIE'NTO, i. m. a supplement, making up what is wanting.

SUPLIE, v. a. to make up what is debeient or wanting.

SUPONEDO'R, f. m. the person who supposes.

SUPONE'R, v. a. to suppose. SUPOSICIO'N, f. f. a supposition; also

a flory, a lie. SUPREMIAME'NTE, adv. to the last end, laftly.

SUPREMO, adj. fupreme, chief. SUPRESSIO'N, f. f. suppression. SUPRIMI'R, v. a. to suppress, to a | SUSTITUCIO N, f. f. the substituting bolish.

SUPUE'STO, p. p. of Suponer.

SUPURACIO'N, f. f. suppuration, the ripening of a wound.

SUPURA'R, v. a. to suppurate, to come to matter, as a wound does.

SUPURATIVO, adj. the medicine that suppurates or brings a wound to matter.

SUPUTACION, f. f. computation, calculation.

SUPUTA'R, v. a. to compute, to calculate.

SUR

SURA, f. f. one of the bones in the leg, anotomically fo called.

SURCAR, v. a. to furrow, to plough up; to cut through the water as a fhip does.

SURCI'R, v. a. v. ZURZI'R.

SURCO, f. m. a furrow in a field or garden.

SURGIDE'RO, f. m. a road at fea, an anchoring place.

SURGI'R, v. n. to arrive, to come to an anchor.

SUKRIO, f in a buzzing noise. Surrío de trípas, a noise of wind in the belly.

SURTI'DA, f. f. a small gate in a fortress for the garrison to fally at on occasion of a siege.

SURTIDO'R, f. m. one that provides a caterer.

SURTI'R, v. a. to rebound, to fly high; alfo to supply with goods. Surtir effecto, to have an effect.

SU'RTO, adj. come to an anchor or riding at anchor; p. p. of the verb surgir.

SUS

SUPERLATIVO, adj. superlative, of SUS, pron. their; as sus manos, their 'hands.

SUPE'RNO. adj. supreme, the highest. Sus, an interj. go to; as sus, vámos, come, let us go.

SUSCITA'R, v. a. to rouse up, to raise.

SUSO, adv. above. De sulo, from above.

SUSODICHO, adj. above said, above mentioned.

SUSPL'CTO, adj. suspected. SUSPENDEDO'R, f. m. who suspends,]

or keeps in sulpense. SUSPENDE'R, v. a. to suspend.

SUSPENSIO'N, f. f. suspense, suspension, temporary cessition. SUSPENSIFO, adj. what has the fa-

culty, or power of suspending. SUSPE'NSO, p. p of Juspender. SUSPENSO'RIO, adj. what is made

use of in suspending any thing. SUSPIRAR, v. n. to figh. SUSPI'RO, f. m. a figh.

SUSTE'N, f. m. v. SOSTE'N. SUSTENE'R, v. a. vide SOSTENE'R. SUSTENTACION, f. f. the act of sup-

porting. SUSTENTADO'R, f. m. who fustains, maintains, or supports.

SUSTENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. main. tenance, food, fustenance.

SUSTENTA'R, v. a. to fustain, to maintain, to support, to uphold, to defend.

Sustentar mucha cosa to keep a great family.

Sustentur mucho peso, to bear a great weight.

Sustantar conclusiones, to defend conclufions in the schools.

SUSTEINTO, f. m. fustenance, maintenance.

SUSTILLO, f. m. dimin. of fuffe.

of another in one's place.

SUSTITUTO, f. m. a substitute, one that is appointed in the place of another.

SUSTI/UliR, v. a. to substitute, to put in the place of another.

SUSTO, s. m. trouble, cause of trouble, of suspense, of fear, of fright, and the like.

SUSURRADO'R, f. m. one that makes a humming noise; also a whisperer, a mumbler.

SUSURRA'R, v. n. to make a humming noise, to whisper.

SUSU'RRO, f. m. a humming like bees, a whifpering, a muttering.

SUT

SUTI'L, adj. subtle, crasty; also thin, flender. curious, fine.

SUTILE'ZA, 7 f. f. subtlety, craft; SUTILIDA'D, \ also thinness, slenderneis.

SUTILIZA'R, v. a. to fubtilize, to make thin, fine, or slender; to talk finely, to spin out an argument.

SUTILME'NTE, adv. subtly, craftily, thinly, flenderly, delicately, curiouf-

SUTTRO, f. m. that noise which one hears in the ear by pressing it with the palm of one's hand. SUTURA, f. f. future.

SUY

SU'TO, pron. his, or her's.

SYB

SYBILA, s. f. a sybil, a prophetes. SYBILI'NO, adj. written or foretold by the fybils.

SYBILI'SMO, f. m. the doctrine of the sybils.

SYBILI'STA, f. m. who professes that doctrine.

SYC

SYCOMO'RO, f. m. a sycomore, a tree fo called. SYCOPHA'NTA, f. m. a sycophant.

SYL

SYLA'BA, f. f. a fyllable.

SYLABA'RIO, f. m. a book containing an explanation of fyllables.

STLOGI'SMO, f. m. a fyllogifm. SILOGIATICO, adj. fyllogiftical.

SYLOGIZa'R, v. n. to syllogize, to reason by lyllogism.

SYL'VA, f. f. v. SE'LVA.

STLVANOS, f. m. pl. the fylvan gods.

SILVE'STRE, adj. rustick; also unpolite.

S Y M

SIMBO'LICO, adj. symbolical.

SIMBOLIZACION, f. f. fymbolization, resemblance.

SIMBOLIZA'R, v. n. to symbolize, to refemble.

SY'MBOLO, f. m. a fymbol, a type. SIMETRIA, f. f. fymmetry, a proportion, harmony.

SYME'TRICO, adj. symetrical, proportionate.

SIMP ATIII'A, f. f. fympathy, mutual fentibility.

SYMPATHICAMENTE, adv. fympathetically, with fympathy.

SIMPA'THICO, adj. lympathetical. SYMPHONEA, f. f. lymphony, concert of instruments.

SIM-

SYMPTO'MA, s.m a symptom, a sign, SYNDICA'R, v. a. to accuse a person a token among physicians. SYMPTOMA'TICO, adj. symptomatical.

SYN

SYNABA'PHA, s. f. any stuff of its natural colour. SYNAGO'GA, f. f. a synagogue. SYNALEPHA, f. f. a figure in grammar fo called. SY'NCOPA, f. f. a syncope. SYNCOPA'R, v. a. to shorten, to abbreviate, to cut off. SYNDE'RESIS, f. m. consciousness of what is good and bad without being

taught.

before a judge, to syndicate. SY'NDICO, s. m. a fort of judge. SYNODA'L. adj. synodal. SYNO'DICO, SY'NODO, f. m. a fynod, an assembly of the clergy. SYNO'NIMĪA, s. f. synonymy. SYNONI'MO, adj. synonymous. SYNTA'XIS, f. f. fyntax. fyntaxis. SYNTHE'SIS, f. f. synthesis, the act of joining.

SYR

SY'RIO, f. m. the dog-star.

SYRTES, f. f. a quick-fand, a bog; also any danger.

SYS

SYSTHE'MA, f. f. a system. SYSTOLE, f. f. the contraction of the heart; also the shortening of a long fyllabie.

SYZ

SYZIIGIA, f. f. an astronomical term, denoting a certain phenomenon of the moon.

board; a dresser in a kitchen; also a

square stone for an inscription.

KDENEN KDENKDEN: KDENKDENKDENKDENKDENKDEN: KDENKDENKDEN KDENKDEN

TABICA'R, v. n. to make an enclosure,

a partition, or a wall of lath and

Pronounced as in English. TATA', interj. softly; take care. TAB TA'BA, s. f. the joint bone of any animal between the two long bones, Juégo de tába, a play with such bones among children. Menear la tabas, to make haste. TABA'CO, f. m. the herb tobacco. TABALAIDA, f. f. a box in the ear. TABALA'RIO, f. m. the backfide. TABALEA'R, v. n. to make a noile with the fingers upon a table. TABANAZO, f. m. a cuff in the ear. TABA'NCO, f. m. a stall in the streets, where they fell any thing to eat. TA'BANO, f. m. a hornet or horsefly. TABAO'LA, f. f. a great and confused noise, an uproar, a scusse, a sray. TABAQUE, f. m. a little basket, such as ladies afe to keep their work in. TABAQUE'RA, f. m. a fnuff-box. TABAQUERIA, f. f. the place or shop where fnuff is fold. TABAQUE'RO, f. m. the feller of fnust. TABAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little baket. TABAQUISTA, f. m. a connoiseur in fnuff, and a great taker of fnuff. TABARDETE, 7 f. m. the spotted TABARDI'LLO, **S** fever.

of a horse's neck. Juégo de táblas, the game of tables. ler. water. TABLADI'LLO, s. m. a little scaffold, floor, or boarded place. TABLA'DO, f. m. a scassold, the floor of a room, a boarded place. Tablado, f. m. a mark to shoot arrows Tablado, adj. covered with boards or planks. TABLA'GE, f. m. boarding, planking. where they play at tables, &c. gaming house; one that haunts gaming-houses. In old Spanish, a gentleman who exercised himself, darting at a mark, called tablado. TABA'RDO, f. m. a coat worn by TABLA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant, a table- TACE'TA, f. f. a vessel used in the oil country people, by rufficks. cloth. TABLA'R, f. m. one of the compart- TACHA, f. f. a blemish, a fault, a TABA'RRO, f. m. a bornet. ments in a kitchen-garden. TABELLO'N, f. m. a writer, a kind of | TABLA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with a TACHA'R, v. a. to find fault with. notary. TABETRNA, f. f. a tavern. table. TABERNA'CULO, f. m. a tabernacle, TABLAZO'N, f. m. planks, boards, planking, boarding. a tent. TABLEAR. v. n. to divide a kitchen-{ TABERNE'RO, f. m. a vintner, a garden into compartments. tavern-keeper. TABI', f. m. tabby, a filk fluff fo TABLE'RO, f. m. tables to play on, a chess or draught-board; also a shop called.

Tabléro del capitél, the square stone on the plaister, or the like. top of a column. TA'BIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted, in a Tabléro, a mark to shoot arrows at. state of decay. Ponér la wida al tabléro, to put one's TABI'QUE, f. m. a thin wall or partition of lath and plaister. life in danger. TA'BLA, s. f. a board, a plank; a Perdér en los tabléros, to lose at tables. table, a picture, a banker's counter. TABLE'TA, f. f. a little board or plank, a little table, a tablet to write on; Tábia de rió, that part where the river alfo a fweet lozenge. runs smoothest. TABLETEA'DO, f. m. the noise that is Tábla de mesón, a board which is the sign of a lodging-house or inn. made by pressing the boards that form Tábla de músso, the thick brawny part of a floor. TABLETEA'R, v. n. to make the board the thigh. floor crack by treading upon it. Tábla pará contár, an arithmetical table. Segunda tabla despues del naufragio, a TABLITA. s. f. a little board. TABLILIA, f. f. idem; also a child's second plank after shipwreck. horn-book, a tablet to write on, and Táblas del pescuézo del cabállo, the sides the fign hung out to shew a house lets lodgings. TABLACHI'NA, f. f. a square buck-[TABLO'N, f. m. a plank, a large board. TABLA'CHO, s. m. a dam to detain TABLO'ZA, s. f. a painter's pallet. TABU'CO, f. m. a closet; cupboard in a wall. TABURE'TE. f. m. a chair with a back, but no arms to it. TABURETI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of tabus 10:00 TACAMA'CA, f. f. a gum distilling TABLAGERI'A, s. f. a gaming-house TACAMEA'R, v. n. to play the knave. TABLAGE'RO, f. m. one that keeps a TACA'nO, f. m. a knave, a fly deceitful

TAC

from a tree called by the fame name. TACATERIA, f. f. knavery. fellow.

TACAR, v. a. to leave a mark, a flain, or other thing that hurts the thing marked or flained.

preffes.

defect.

TACHO'N, f. m. a flud, a nail with a great flat head.

TACHONA'R, v. a. to flud, to adom with fluds.

TACANARIO, f. m. the bum, the backfide.

TACHU-

TACITAME'NTE, adv. tacitly, filently, privately.

TA'CITO, adj. still, quiet, hush, si-

TACITU'RNO, adj. filent, not talka-

that stops the mouth of cannons when they are not used.

TACO'N, f. m. the heel-piece of a

TACONEA'R, v. n. to make a noise with the heels in walking. TAICTICA, f. f. tacticks, the art of ranging men in the field of battle. TA'CTO, f. m. the sense of feeling.

TAF

TAFANA'RIO, f. m. the bum, the backfide. TAFETA'N, f. m, taffety.

ther so called.

thin leather.

carry horses in.

TAG

TAGARI'NO, f. m. an ancient Morisco or one descended from the Moors TALADRA'R, v. a. to bore, to pierce. among the ancient Christians in several towns and were become such persect Spaniards, that they could not be distinguished by any other way, from the rest in quarters of those towns allotted for them; in Barbary, the Moors give this name to the Spain.

thistle good to eat.

TAGAROTE, f. m. the worst fort of TALA'R, v. a. to ravage, to spoil, to falcon; metaph. a poor gentleman, | waste, to cut down. who lays hold of a dinner where he TALAVE'RA, f. f. earthen-ware. can get it.

TAH

TAHALI', f. m. a shoulder-belt, a bandelier-belt.

TAHE'NO, adj. a reddish brown co- [TALE'GO, s. m. a bag or sack. lour.

Tabéno de barba, that has a red beard. bridewell.

the atabona.

TAHU'LLA, f. f. a measure or portion of land to called.

one that makes gaming his bufinefs.

TAHURA'ZO, f. m. a great gamester or tharper. TAHURERI'A, f. f. a gaming-house.

TAI

TAIBI'QUE, f. m. v. TABIQUE. TAIMA'DO, adj. fly, cautious, crafty. TAIMONPA, f. f. craftinels. TAPIA, I. f. the word children use for dad or daddy.

TAJ

TAJA. s. f. a score, a tally. TAJA'DA, f. f. a score, a tally.

Tajada de carne, a slice of meat TAJADE'RA, s. f. a dam that keeps water from running to a particular part.

Jent.

TACITURNIDA'D, f. f. taciturnity, TAJADE'RO, f. m. a chopping board. TALLECI'LLO, \{\frac{1}{2}}\] TAJADO'R, f. m. a cutter, a flasher, a | TALLECITO, block or board.

TA'CO, s. m. the stopper for the bung TAJAMA'R. s. m. the cutwater the of a barrel, the rammer of a gun, a sharp part of the ship before, that TALLER, s. m. a place where carvers tack to play at billiards, the tompion cuts and divides the water before it comes to the bow.

TAJA'R, v. a. to cut, to flash, to flice, to carve.

TATO, f. m. a cut with any instru- TALLISTA, f. m. a carver. ment; also a chopping block. TAJO'N, f. m. a great chopping-block,

or board. TAJONCI'LLO, f. m. a little chopping-block or board.

TAJUE'LA, s. m. a four-legged-stool.

TAL

TAL, fuch. Tal qual, such as it is.

TAFILE'TE, s. m. a kind of thin lea- Soys un tal por qua', a sly way of calling

one a knave, or a whore. TAFILETEA'R, v. a. to adorn with Tales y tales palabras, such and such words.

TAFUREA, f. f. a flat-bottom boat to TA'LA, f. f. ravage, spoil, havock, wasting of a country.

> TALABA'RTE, f. m. a belt for a fword.

TALADO'R, f. m. a ravager, a waiter, a spoiler.

fuch as before the expulsion lived TALADRO, f. m. a wimble a piercer, an instrument to bore wirh, a tarrier to make a tap hole in a barrel.

TALAME'RA, f. f. the tree where the lures are laid to catch wild pigeons. than by being obliged to live apart TALANZIE'RA, f. f. the scaffolds erected to see the bull-feasts, or any fuch scaffold or place erected to see ihows.

Moors that were expelled out of TALA'NTE, f. m. obs. desire, will, pleafure.

TAGARNI'NA, f. f. a sort of sweet TALANTO'SO, adj. obs. desirous, wilful.

TA'LCO, f. m. tale, isinglass, such as is used instead of glass in windows, or before small pictures.

TALE'GA, f. f. a bag, a pouch.

bag.

a money-bag.

TAHO'NA, s. f. a horse-mill; also TALEGUILLA, s. f. f. } a little bag. TALEGUITO, f. m.

> fum of money in Greece and other eastern countries; the natural talent, ability, or capacity.

TAHU'R, f. m. a gamester, a sharper, [TALIO'N, f. m. the punishment of] equal damage for wrong done, as TAMBIE'N, adv. as well, also. tooth for tooth, eye for eye, &c.

TALIONA'R, v. a. to chastize with the punishment of the talion.

TALISMA'N, f. m. talifman, a magical character.

TA'LLA, f. f. carving, graving, carved TAMBO'R, f. m. a drum. or bits that fly out in graving or carving.

but half raised in carving or sculpture.

TALLADU'RA, f. f. carving. Better TAMBORITE'RO, f. m. a drummer. entalladura.

TALLA'R, v. n. to carve, to cut out, to | shape, to fashion.

TALLA'ZO, f. m. sugmen. of talle.

TACHUE'LA, s. f. a small nail called | Tojáda, a cut, a slash, a slice, a piece cut | TA'LLE, f. m. the mien, proportion. shape, fashion, presence.

TALLECE'R, v. n. to grow to a flalk, to sprout out, to grow flicky, as plants do when they run to feed.

TALLECI'CO Is. m. a little mien, presence, figure, or proportion; the flicer; also a carver, and a chopping TALLEZUE'LO, diminut. of salle; also a small stalk or stem of any thing that grows, and dimin. of talle.

work; also an academy or the like, where sciences are taught publickly.

Talleres, s. m. pl. an ancient coin in Spain.

Ta'LLO, f. m. the stalk, or stem of an herb, a young sprig of a tree. There was once a tax or duty called by this name.

TALLU'DO, adj. stalky, grown to stalks.

TALMU'D, f. m the Jewish Talmud. TALO'N, f. m. the heel; also the heel of a shoe or stocking; in cant, an

inn. Apretar las talones, to run away.

Ir a talon, to go on foot.

Tenér el juicio en los talones, to have the judgment in the heels; to be imprudent or inconfiderate.

TALONEA'R, v. n. to go with great ipeed.

TALONE'RO, f. m. in cant, the same as mesonero and winiero, an inn-keeper.

TALONE'SCO, adj. belonging to the heels. TALPA'RIA, s. f. a tumour or abcess

in the pericranium. TALQUE, f. f. clay to make cruci-

bles. TALVI'NA, f. f. a hasty-pudding, water and flour boiled together.

T A M

TAMA'NDOA, f. m. a strange creature in Brafit as big as a dog.

TAMANAME'NTE, adv. as big as another.

TAMA'nO, f. m. the magnitude, the bigness, bulk, stature, or proportion. TA'MARA, f. f. the date on the bough

or branch; also a faggot of brushwood. TAMARI'NDO, f. m. the tamarind, the

fruit of a beautiful tree so called. TAMARISCO, of m. the shrub called

TALEGAZO, f. m. a blow with a TAMARIZ, f a tamarise, sometimes growing up to a great tree. TAMBA, f f. in cant, a blanket.

TALEGO'N, f. m. a great bag or pouch, TAMBALEA'R, v. n. 7 to move to TAMBALEA'RSE, v. r. \ and fro. TAMBLALE'O, f. m. the movement to

and fro. TAHONE'RO, f. m. the man that keeps [TALE'NTO, f. m. a talent, an ancient | TAMBARI'LLO, f. m. a fmall trunk with the top round, like the oldfashioned trunks.

> TAMBESCO, f. m. a fwing used by children to swing themselves.

TAMBO, f. m. the Indian name in Peru. for the great inns built by the incas on the roads for lodging travellers, and flill called by the fame name by the Spaniards.

work; also a tax; also the gravings TAMBORETE, f. m. a round piece of timber used on board a ship so called. TAMBORPL, f. m. a drum, a tabor.

Média tálla, half relief, when an image is TAMBORILE'RO, f. m. one that plays on a tabor or drum.

TAMBORIN, f. m. a tabor.

TAMIZ, f. m. a fieve.

TAMO, f. m. chaff; also the hurde of hemp beaten, or firmy worn to dult or chaff.

[4 N]

 TAM_{-}

TAMPO'CO, adv. as little, neither. TAMU'JO, f. m. a fort of gols or furzbuth, with which they heat ovens.

TAN

TAN, adv. as, fo. Tan bién, as well, also. Tan buéno, as good. Tan málo, as bad. TANACE'TO, s. m. an Indian herb so; called.

TA'NDA, f. f. a task, a turn of any thing that goes about among many. TANGI'BLE, adj. that may be touched.

TANPO'CO, adv. as little, neither. TAN SOLAME'NTE, adv. only. TANTAS VE'CES, adv. so many times, fo often.

TANTEADO'R, f m. the person who deliberates or considers.

to cast up, to deliberate, to essay, to calculate, to try; also to rate, to tax.

TANTE'O, s. m. an essay, a trial, a calculation, a consideration, a valuation;

also a rating or taxing. TANTI'CO, a very little, or thus TAZUE, f. m. a found like knocking

little. TA'NTO, so much, or as much. Tánto mas, so much more. Tanto ménos, so much less. TA'NTO, s. m. a counter to play or cast accounts with.

TAÑ

TAREDO'R, s. m. a musician. TAnE'R, v. a. to play upon some musical instrument; from the Latin tangere. TANIDO, f. m. a tune. TAMIE'NIO, f. m. obs. the sense of

feeling.

TAO

worn by those of the order of St. Anthony.

TAP

TA'PA, f. f. a cover for any thing, alid of a box, &c. also the heel-pieces of a flioe.

TAPABO'CA, f. f. a stroke on the mouth with the hand.

TAPADE'RA, f. f. a cover for any thing.

TAPADE'RO, f. m. a floppic. TAPADITIO, f. m. the act of covering

onefelf with the mantle worn over the head.

TAPADIZO, f. m. any thing that ferves to cover another.

TAPADO'R, f. m. a flopper or flop ple.

TAPAR, v. a. to Rop a hole, to cover any thing.

TAPETA'DO, f. m. the infide of leather turned outward in any thing that is worn and blacked; thence taken TARAT, f. m. the tamarisk shrub. for a dirty black, or a very dark co- [TARAZANA, f. f. black.

TAPETE, f. m. a carpet, a piece of ta-

TAPIA, f. f. a mud wall.

TAPLIDO R. f. m. one that makes mud

wall. TAPINIA, t. m. the case of boards or wattles, which ferred to fill up to make TARBHA, f. f. a fquare trencher. alfo a rammer to beat earth.

TAPIA'R, v. a. to make a mud wall, to TARDA'NO, adj. v. TARDIO. wall up a place.

Tapiar el médio cuérpo, to stick a man half way into the earth, and so let him

die. TAPICERI'A, f. f. tapestry, hang ings.

TAPICE'RO, s. m. a tapestry weaver. TAPI'CES, f. in. pl. tapestry hang-

ings. Tapices de tiérra, carpeis to lay on the ground.

TAPIZ, s. f. a piece of tapestry, a Turky-work carpet.

TAPIZA'R, v. a. to hang with tapeftry.

TAPLO, f. m. in cant, a plate. TAPO'N, f. m. a stopple, a bung of a barrel, a tompion for the mouth of a

gun. Al primer tapon zurrapas, diegs at the first stopping; so they say, when things fall out ill at first.

TAPONCITO, f. m. a little stopple. TANTEA'R, v. a. to weigh, to consider, TAPUCA'RSE, v. r. to cover one's face that one may not be known. TAPU'CO, f. m. the act of covering or

hiding one's face.

TAQ

at a door. TAQUIN, s. m. in cant, a pick pocket.

TAR

TA'RA, s. f. tare, the cast, or the like, that must be allowed for in weight.

TARJCE'A, f. f. inlaid work in wood. TARACEA'R, v. a. to inlay.

TARAFA'DA, s. f. in cant, a cheat. TARAFA'NA, f. f. in cant, the customhouse.

TARZIFES, f. f. pl. in cant, the dice.

TARAGONCI'A, f. f. the herb tara-

gon. TARAGO'ZA, s. f. in cant, people. TARAGOZAGI'DA, f. f. in cant, a town.

TAO, f. m. a badge like the letter T, TARANGA'NA, f. f. a kind of fausage fo called.

TARA'NDO, f. m. a kind of stag so called.

TARA'NTULA, f. f. a venomous spider in the kingdom of Naples, which biting a man, makes him die mopish, unless he be cured by musick.

Paréce que la ba mordido la tarántula, he cannot be quiet, be still in one place. TARARIRA, f. f. a merry feaft.

TARMSCA, f. f. a great ferpent or a giant, carried about towns to make sport on great festivals; thence used for an hobgoblin, or any that is frightful.

TARASCADA, f. f. the bite of a dog; alfo ill language.

TARASCA'R, v. a. to bite as dogs and other animals do-

TARASCO'N, f. m. the same as ta ráfea.

TARAVILLA, f. f. the clacker of a mill; metaph, a tongue that is never Aill.

) a dock where lour; a face like a mulatto almost TARAZANA'L, f. m f they build or lay up thips.

TARAZAR, v. a. to tear off as the civet cats do their tellicles when hunted, that part being the principal end for which they are hunted.

TARAZO'N, t. m a piece, a flice, a goot cut of any thing.

mud walls to keep the fluff together; | YARDADO'R, f. m. one that flays or delays.

TARDAINZA, I. I. delay.

TARDA'R, v. n. to flay long, to delay, to be long a coming, to flop. TARDE, i. f. the evening

Tárde, adv. late; also the evening. Hacerse tarde, to grow late.

Hacer tarde en una parte, to spend the evening in a place. Tarde d nunca, late or never.

Tarae prache, you have not spoke in time or featonably.

TARDIAME'NTE, adv. flowly. TARDIO, adj. flow, late, that comes

late. TARDO, adj. flow.

TARDON, i. m. a flow fellow, one that Itays long.

TARE'A, i. f. a task.

TARIFA, f. f. a tariff, a catalogue marking the price of things.

TA'RJA, s. f. an ancient coin in Spain. It is also an escutcheon.

Tarja, f. f. a tally.

TARJA'R, v. n. to mark with a notch on the tally.

TARJETA, s. f. a target that is hellow on the fides.

Escuelo con torjéta, an escutcheon in heraldry that is placed on a target.

TARIMA, s. f. part of a room raised a step higher than the rest, and boarded, as is uted in rooms of state under a prince's canopy, where the chair of itate itands. The same used in wo. men's chambers, covered with fine mats in summer, and rich carpets in winter, on which there are cushions for the women to fit on.

TARQUI'A, f. f. v. TARJA. TARQUIN, f. m. the mud that is taken

out in cleanfing a pond. TARRASCA'R, v. a. in cant, to open

and to draw by force. TARRETAS, f. f. pl. rattles for chil-

dren; also the same as sonajas. TARRO, f. m. a large wide earthen vessel.

TARTA, f. f. a tart.

TARTA'GO, f. m. the purging herb, called fpurge.

Tartago mayer, five-leaved grafs. Dar a uno tartago, to perplex, to vez

one. TARTAJEA'R, v. n. to stutter.

TARTAJO'SO. adj. one that stutters or stammers.

TARTAMUDEA'R, v. n. to stutter or stammer. TARTAMU'DO, adj. that stutters or

itammers. TARTA'NA, f. f. a small vessel called a

tartan. TARTA'REO, adj. hellish, infernal tar-

tarcan. TA'RTARO, f. m tartar.

at anchor.

Tartaro, f. m. hell. TARUGA, f. f. a wild beast in the Well-Indies, like the vicuna, but

fwifter and larger. TARUGO, f. m. a wooden pin; a duvetail in joiners work; a stopple for the bung of a calk, or the like; in fea-terms, the bits in a ship, being two main square pieces of timber commonly placed abaft the manger in the loot of the ship, to belay or make fatt the cable to, when the ship ridea

TAS

TAS POR TAS, one good turn for another, tit for tat-

TASCAR, v. n. to champ, to bite or play on the bit as horfes do, to champ

Alle a horfe. TASCOS, i. f. pl. hurds of hemp, the

do to of any things TASCO NIO, Cm. v. TALQUE.

Lange M. R. A. L. in cant, a tavern. Z'al SSA, f. f. a rate fer upon any thing.

7.18-

TASSACIO'N, f. f. fetting a rate upon any commodity. TASSADAME'NTE, adv. barely, scan-TASSADO'R, f. m. a sessor, one that values, or fets a rate on goods. TASSA'JO, f. m. a slice, a cut of slesh; commonly faid of hung beef. TASSAIR, v. n. to rate, to set a price upon goods. TASTARA, f. f. coarse bran.

TAT

TATARADE'UDO, f. m. an old and long dead relation. TATARANIE/TO, f. m. a great fon's grandfon. TATARANUE'LO, f. m. a grand-father's grandsather. THE! an interjection of warning; take heed! no more of that! have a care! TATO, f. m. a quadruped fo called.

TAU

JAU, f. m. v. TAO. TA'URO, f. m. the constellation called Taurus. TAUTOLOGIA, f. f. tautology. TAUXI'A, f. f. v. ATAUXIA. TAVILLA'DO, adj. marked with the mark of the manufacturer; said of cloth.

TAX

TAXATIVO, adj. that limits, that fixes the bounds. A law-term.

T A Z

TAZ POR TAZ, tit for tat, one for the other, without any odds on either fide. TAZA, f. f. a cup, any vessel to drink

in; a bowl. Amigo de taza de vino, a friend only in

prosperity. TAZATAA, f. f. v. TARASCA.

TAZMPA, f. f. every man's share in a heap that is divided; also, in divided; TEJOLE'TA, of f. f. a little tile. viding the tithes among the propri- TEJUE'LA, etors.

TAZO'N, f. m. a very large cup.

TE

TE, pron. thee. Te dire, I will tell thee.

TEA

TE'A, f. f. the heart of a pine-tree, which, split in pieces, burns like a torch, and is used as such; thence a torch; also the herb tea generally known and used in England.

TEB

TEBLE, adj. obf. for terrible.

TEC

TECHA'DO, f. m. the roof, the covering, the ceiling.

Debaxo do techádo, under a roof, within doors.

TECHA'R, v. a. to cover a house, to ceil a room.

TECHO, f. m. the roof of a house, the ceiling of a room, the top, or covering of any other thing; in cant, a

TECHU'ATERE, f. f. the top or covering of the roof; the top of the covering; the floor of any room that is over another, to which it is a 100f.

(TE'CLA, f. f. the clave or key which [TELA'R, f. m. a weaver's loom. organ, harpfichord or the like.

TECLA'DO, f. m. a set of claves or keys for an organ or any fuch instrument.

as a person who plays upon the organ; also to try several measures, to succeed in any thing.

TEDIA'R, v. a. to hate, to abhor, to loath.

TED

TE'DIO, f. m. loathing, wearincis, aversion. TEDIOSAME'NTE, adv. tedioully. TEDIO'SO, adj. tedious.

TEG

fition.

TEJ

TE'JA, f. f. a tile to cover houses. Téja vána, nothing between the tiles and the room but the tiles are bare. Effár a téja vána, to be ill provided, or ill defended against the weather. Hablar de las téjus abaxo, to talk of in different things, without running into divinity or high matters. TEJADI'LLO, s. m. dimin. of tijádo.

TEJA'DO, f. m. the tiles of a house. Prov. El que tiéne téjado de vidito no tire piédras al de ju vezino, he whose roof is tiled with glass, must not throw stones at his neighbour's house; he upbraid his neighbour with his.

 $TE'\mathcal{J}AR$, v. a. to tile a house. Tejár, s. m. the place where tiles are

made. TEJARO'Z, f. m. a tiled penthouse. TEJAZO, f. m. a blow with a tile. TEJE'RO, f. m. a tiler.

TEJILLO, f. m. dimin. of tejo. TETO, f. m. a yew-tree.

a tile.

Tejo, a game so called. Té, o de oro, a small bar of gold.

Tejuélas, C. f. a pair of fnappers, such as boys play with.

TEL

TE'LA, f. f. a web, linen, any thing that is wove; the caul of any creature; any film; the lifts for tilting or TEMEROS ANIE NTE, adv. fearfully. fighting; also the woof that lies in the loom.

Tela de araña, a spider's web.

Téla de corazón, the membrane that covers the heart. Téla de mo, cloth of gold. Téla de juizio, trial at law. Téla cazado a, birding-nets. Tila de justa, the lifts for tilting. Tela de nuéz, the film that is on a nut. Téla en el 650, a film over the eye. Mantenér téla, to be the champion at tilding.

the lifts.

Prov. Buéna téla bila, quien su bijo cria, the tpins a good web, who breeds her fon; that is, the best work a mother can do, is to take care of the education of her children.

Prov. Haito es ciego, quien no wes por téla de ceadao, he is blind enough, who connot fee through the web of a fieve.

TELAMO'NES, f. m. pl. figures of men that terve for columns in architecture to support a structure, or at least seem to to do.

the finger strikes in playing upon the TELARATIA, s. f. a cobweb, a spider's web.

TELARE'JO, f. m a little loom. TELE/GE'IO, adj. loved with preference and choice.

TECLEA'R, v. n. to move the fingers TELE'PHIO, f. m. an herb so called. TELEIRA f. f a large nail that they put in the plough.

TELESCO'PIO, i. m. a telescope. TELE'TA, f. f blotting paper. TELETO'N, f. m. a fort of flrong filk

so called.

TELICA;ELPLLA, } f. f. a little web. TELLITA,

TELI'NA, f. f. the mussel, a fish. ILLI'NO, f. m. a fort of unguent made with honey and other ingredients.

TELLI'Z. f. f. a saddle-cloth.

TEGUA'L, s. m. obs. tax, duty, impo- TELLIZA, s. f. a counterpane, a coverlet for a bed.

TELO'NIO, f m. the office where the king's officers fit to receive the duties.

TEM

TE'MA, f. f. wilfulness, positiveness, a fixed humour, an obstinate resolution.

Trabér lá gorra de téma, to wear one's cap fantattically.

Tomár téma con úno, to take a prejudice to a man.

Cáda loco con su téma, every madman in his humbar; that is, every man, mad or fober, has his way, or his folly.

who has faults of his own must not TEMBLADE'RA, s. f. a drinking-cup with a round bottom; also a poppy. TEMBLADO'R, f. m. a trembler. TEMBLA'NTE, adj. shaking, tremb-

> ling. TEMBLA'R, v. n. to tremble, to quake, to shake.

> TEMBLE'QUE, f. m. an aigrette, an ornament worn by women on the head.

Tejo, s. m. a broken bit or fragment of TEMBLEQUEA'R, w. n. to quake, to TEMBLETEA'R, f be tremulous. TEMBLO'R, f. m. a trembling, quak-

ing, or shivering. Tembior de tiérra, an earthquake. TEMEDE'RO, adj. to be feared.

TEME'R, v. a and r. to fear. TEMERARIAME'NTE, adv. raftly. TEMERA'RIO, adj. rath. TEMERIDA'D, f. f. rashness.

TEMERO'N, f. m. a bully, a braggadocio, a pussing sellow.

TEMERO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful. TEMOIR, f. m. fear, dread. Prov. Por temor no pierdas honor, do not lose honour for fear.

TEMO'SO, adj. obllinate, politive, one that will not be moved when he fets upon a thing.

TE'MPANO, f. m. v. TI'MPANO.

TEMPERAME'NTO, f. m. temperament. TEMPERN'R, v. a. to temperate.

TEMPER NOLLA, 1 f. f. vide TEM-PLdNZ.J.TEMPERAINZA, J Cogér la téla, to run away, to get out of TEMPE'RO, f. m. temper, disposition of a ground to receive the feeds. TEMPESTA'D, f. f. a tempell, a

florm. TEMPESTITIDAD, f. f. seasonable-

nels.

TEMPESITIO, adj. feafonable. TEMPESTUO'SO, adj. tempelluous. flormy.

TEMPLA, f. f. a kind of paint used by painters.

TEMPLADAME'NIE, adv. temperaately, moderaly.

TEMPLADICO, adj. a little pered. TEM TEMPLADO'R, f. m. a temperer, moderator. In musick, a tuner. TEMPLAMIE'NTO, ! s. m. obs. temperance, fo-TEMPLA'NZA. brety, moderation. TEMPLAR, v. a. to temper, to mode-

rate, to tune an instrument.

TEMPLA'RIO, s. m. a Knight-Templar.

TE'MPLE, f. m. temper, temperature.

TEMPLECI'LLO, f. m. a little church or temple.

Th'MPLO, f. m. a temple, a church. TEMPORA'DA, f. f. a time, space, or tract of time.

TEMPORA'L, adj. temporal, worldly. Temporál, s. m. bad weather, a sudden heavy shower.

TEMPOKALME'NTE, adv. temporally.

a living that belongs not to the church

TE'MPORAS, s. f. pl. the four Emberweeks at the four quarters of the

year. TEMPORIZA'R, v. a. to temporize, to play the time-ferver.

TEMPRANA'L, adj. that fructifies early; faid of a foil.

TEMPRANAME'NTE, adv. early betimes.

TEMPRA'NO, adv. early. Tempráno, adj. soon ripe. Fruta temprana, early fruit. TEMULE'NTO, adj. drunk.

TEN

TENACEA'R, v. a. to pinch with pin-

Tenacear, to enlist, to be obstinate, to be tenacious in one's opinion. TENACICAS, f. f. pl. little pincers or

tongs. tenaciousness, TENACIDA'D. f. f

holding fast, positiveness. TENAZ, adj. tenacious, that holds fast, TENIR, v. a. to dye. griping, positive, covetous. TENA'ZA, f f. a pair of pincers.

TENAZME'NTE, adv. tenaciously. TENAZUE'LA, f. f. dimin. of tenaza. TE'NCA, f. f. the fish called a tench. TENSION, f. f. tension.

TE'ND.2L, f. m. the awning that covers the stern of a ship or boat to keep off the fun.

Tensál de ballésta, the part on which the bullet or shaft is placed in a cross bow.

TENDALE'TE, f. m. the awning of a ship or boat to keep off the sun. TENDEDE'RO, f. m. a place to hang

or lay clothes out to dry. TENDEJO'N, s. m. a tent, a soldier's

barrack.

TENDE'NCIA, f. f. tendency, bent, in clination.

TENDE'R, v. a. to spread abroad, to stretch out, to hang out linen.

TENDE'RO, f. m. a shopkeeper; also a tent-maker.

TENDI'DO, p. p. spreadabroad, stretched out, linen hung out.

Bandéras tendidas, colours flying. TEND!'LLA, f. f. a little shop; also a

TENDO'N, f. m. a tendon, a finew, a ligature by which the joints are moved,

TENEBRARIO, f. m. a fort of candle-

flick. TENEBROSIDA'D, f. f. darkness,

great obscurity. TENEBRO'SO, adj. dark.

little tent.

TENEDO'R, f. m. a fork to cut ment with; also one that holds.

Tenedor de bastimontos, a steward of a

ship, that has charge over the provilions.

TENE'NCIA, s. f. the holding of a place, the government of a fort or castle; also a lieutenancy.

TENE'R, v. a. to hold, to have, to apprehend, to keep; metaph. to know, understand, to remember.

Tenér las nowénas, to perform some devotion for nine days together.

Tenér en poco, to undervalue.

Tenér de ir, to be obliged to go. Tenér por bien, to be pleased, to vouchfafe, to approve.

Tinérse por dicho, to be fully persuaded, to stand to what is said.

Téngase al rey, stand in the king's name.

Prov. La mas cauta, es tedina por mas cásta, the most cautious woman is counted the most chaste.

TEMPORALIDA'D, s. f. temporality; | TENERI'A, s. f. a tanner's house, or the tan-pits.

TE'NIA, f. f. a part of the Dorick architrave,

TENIE'NTE, f. m. a lieutenant, a deputy.

TENO'R, f. m. the tenour, the contents, the matter, the substance; also the tenor in mulick.

Guardar a uno los tenóres, to humour a man.

TENTACIO'N, f. f. temptation. TENTADO'R, f. m. a tempter, the devil.

TENTAIR, v. a. to tempt, to try; also to feel.

TENTATIVA, s. f. an attempt, a trial, an experiment.

TENTEMO'ZO, f. m. a prop, a support.

TENUAME'NTE, adj. slenderly. TE'NUE, adj. slender, slight, weak. TENUIDA'D, s. f. slenderness. TENUTA, f. f. a tract of land.

TEn

TEO

TEO'SO, adj. that is full of relin and apt to burn.

TEP

TE'PE, f. m. turf.

TER

TERCE'R, f. m. v. TERCERO. TERCE'RA, f. f. a devout woman who is not a nun, but wears the habit of the third order of St. Francis; a mediatrix, a bawd; also a third perfon.

TERCERAME'NTE, adv. thirdly. TERCERI'A, s. f. mediation; depositing goods in a third hand; metaph. pimping, bawding.

TERCE'RO, f. m. a third man, a deyout man of the third order of St. Francis; a mediator; a gatherer of thirds; also a pimp; a third man.

Tercero, adj. third in order. TERCERO'L, f. m. the aftermost of the flaves that row in a galley.

TERCETOS, Spanish poetry, in which each stanzahas but three verses.

TE'RCIA, the third part of a yard; also tierce, or the third hour in the divine office.

Térciai, f. f. pl. the thirds of church | revenues granted by popes to the kings of Spain to carry on the wars against the insidels.

TERCIA'DO, f. m. fhort broad sword. TERCIA'NA, f. f. a tertion ague.

TERCIA'R, v. a. to mediate; to plough a third time; to throw the cloak over the shoulders; to pass between two about business; also to pimp, to bawd.

Terciár la tierra, to plough up land a third time.

Terciár la capa, to throw the ends of the cloak over the shoulders.

Terciár la pica, to toss a pike, to brandish it, and to charge the pike against an enemy.

TE'RCIO, s. m. a regiment, a third part; also mediation or interposition of a third person.

Tércio postréro de la vida, the last third part of a man's life; that is, old age. Tércio postréro de la espada, the last third part of the sword; that is, next the hilt.

Pagar el tércio de casa, to pay the third part of a year's rent.

Hacer buen tercio, to mediate, to intercede for another.

Jugar en tércio, to play three hands. TERCIOPELA'DO, s. m. wrought

velvet. TERCIOPELE'RO, f. m. a velvet maker or feller,

TERCIOPE'LO, f. m. velvet. Terciopélo lizo, plain velvet.

Terciopélo rizo, velvet not shorn. Terciopélo de tripa, a sort of stuff made in imitation of velvet.

TE'RCO, adj. obstinate, positive, hard, tenacious.

TEREBINTO, f. m. the turpentine-

TERGIVERSACIO'N, f. f. tergiversation. TERGIVERSA'R, v. n. to go back, to

hold back, to be unwilling, to cross. TERI'CIA, f. f. v. TIRI'CIA. TERLI'Z, f. f. ticking for beds.

TERMINACIO'N, f. f. the termination, the latter part of a word.

TERMINA'R, v. a. to terminate, to bound.

TERMINO, f. m. a boundary. Término, manner, behaviour. Término, district, territory. Término perentório, a peremptory term

that cannot be prolonged. Lligar a términos de perdérse, to be at the

brink of perdition. Términos, pl. terms of art. TERMINO'TE, s. m. an affected word

not in use. TE'RNA, f. f. three persons proposed for one employment.

TERNA'RIO, adj. ternary, confilling of three. TERNECI'CO, adj. very tender.

TERNEJO'N, f. m. vide TERNE. R'ON.TERNE'RA, f. f. a cow-calf; also

veal. TERNE'RO f. m. a bull-calf. Terneron, s. m. a name given to any per-

fon easily moved. TERNE'ZA, f f. tendernels. TERNEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of tierno. TERNI'LLA, f. f. griftle.

TERNILLO'SO, adj. griffly. TE'RNO, f. m. apparel, dress. El terno rico, the best or costly apparel.

TERNU'RA, s. f. tenderness. TERQUEDA'D, s. f. obstinacy, posttiveness.

TERQUERIA, I. f. v. TERQUEDAD. TERQUE'ZA, TERRA'DO, f. m. a flat covering of a house on which they may walk; a

terrace walk. TERRA'L, f. m. a land breeze. TERRAPLE'N, f. m. v. TERRAPLE.

NO. TERRAPLENAIR, v. a. to fill with

earth. TER. TERRAPLE'NO, f. m. a rampart of earth; any place filled with earth. TERRA OUEO, adj. terraqueous, com. posed of land and water.

TERRAZA, f. f. a sort of earthen vesfel with two handles; such as we often see in the pictures of the visitation, with lilies in it.

TERRA'ZGO, f. m. any piece of ground; also the rent paid for a field

by the tenant. TERRA'ZO, f. m. a clod of clay. Terrázo, f. m. an earthen pan, a pitcher, any vessel of earthen ware.

TERRAZUE'LA, f. f. a little earthen crock, pan, or pitcher.

TERREN'R, v. n. to show itself; said of the earth in a fown field. TERREGO'SO. adj. earthy, cloddy. TEREMO'TO, f. m. an earthquake. qERRENd'L, adj. earthly, terrestrial. TERREINO, adj. idem.

Terreno, f. m. a space of ground. TE'RREC, adj. earthly.

among rocks; also a kind of bird of the same colour as the earth.

TERRERI'A, s. f. obs. vide TER-RO′R∙

TERRE'RO, f. m. a parade, a walkingplace, a place of rendevous, a place of exercise, a but to shoot at.

TERRE'STRE, adj. terrestrial, earthly. TERRESTRIDA'D, f. f. earthly qua-

TERREZUE'LA, f. f. a little land, country, or spot of ground.

TERRIBILIDA'D, f. f. dreadfulness, TESTIGUA'R, v. a. to witness. terribleness.

TERRI'BLE, adj. terrible, dreadful. TERRIBLEME'NTE, adv. terribly, dreadfully.

TERRIBLE'ZA, f. f. vide TERRIBI- \ LIDAD.

TERRI'COLA, f. m. a citizen of the world.

TERRI'FICO, adj. dreadful, causing } terror.

TERRIGE'NO. adj. generated in the

earth. TERRI'N, f. m. a clown, a ruftick.

TERRI'NO, adj. that confifts or is made | of earth. TERRITO'RIO, f. m. a territory dif-

trict, or jurisdiction. TERROMONTE'RO, f. m. an hill only |

composed of earth. TERRO'N, f. m a clod of carth.

TERRONGILLO, f. m. a little clod of | earth.

TERRO'R, f. m. terror, dread, fear. MERROSIDIAD, f. f. earthly quality.

has a mixture of earth. TERRUTO, f. m. a layer of earth, a {

rank, a row. TE'RSO, adj. clean, pure, neat, clear, undefiled.

TERSURA, f. f. neatnefs, nicenefs. MERITL, f. m. a duty paid upon filk.

TERTULIA, f. f. a club or meeting or perfons.

ATRIULIA'NO, adj. one belonging to | a club.

TERUTELI, f. f. v. POLILLA.

TES

IESBI'QUE, f. m. obf. vide TABI' TE'SO, adj. obf. v. TIE'SSO.

TESO'N, i. m. obflinacy, politivenels,] wilfulners, contention.

TESORERPA, f. f. a treafury.

11' 8bRd, L. f. a fquare bone used by the Romans in a play.

TE'STA, f. f. the fore part of the head, the noddle.

Tésta de ferro, one whose name appears as a sham in an agreement made be- TEXEDO'R, s. m. a weaver. tween two persons, representing one TEXEDU'RA, f. f. weaving. of them.

TESTADO'R, f. m. a testator, he that TEXIDO, f. m. cloth, linen. makes a will.

TESTAMENTA'RIO, f. m. an executor to a will.

TESTAME'NTO, s. m. a last will, a testament.

Prov. Si no vále por testaménto, válga por codicilo, if it cannot pass for a will, let it pass for a codicil; that is, TE'XTO, f m. a text. was expected, let it pass for what it can.

Prov. Hacer el testamento en la úna, to make a will on one's nail. To have nothing to bequeath by will.

TESTA'R, v. a. to make a will or testa-

TESTARU'DO, adj. headstrong, obstinate.

TERRE'RA, f. f. a piece of ground TESTE'RA, f. f. armour for a horse's TEZA'DO, adj. black. head, the front of any thing.

TESTERA'DA, f. f. a blow with the - head; also obstinacy.

TESTE'RO, f. m. any thing to cover or defend the head; the front of a place.

TESTICULO, f. m. the testicle.

TESTIFICACIO'N, f. f. testifying, witnessing.

TESTIFICA'R, v. a. to testify, to witness.

TESTIGO, f. m. a witness.

TESTIMONIA'L, adj. belonging to a testimony.

TESTIMONIA'R, v. a. obf. to bear witness, to depose.

TESTIMO'NIO, s. m. testimony, witness, deposition; mostly taken in the worst sense.

falsely.

pope's dominions worth about eightteen pence sterling.

TESTUZ, f. f. TESTUZO, f. m. the head of a hog.

TET

TE'TA, s. f. a teat, a pap, a dug, a breast.

TETAR, v. a. v. ATETAR. Definipa terroner, a clod-beater, a clown, | TETI'ILLA, f. f. a little breaft, teat, or |

dug.

TEIO, f. m. v. TEIA.

TETO'NA, f. f. a woman that has great breaft.

TERRO : O, adj mixed with carm, that | TETRACO'RDIO, f. m. an instrument | THEOLO'GICO, adj. theological. of four flrings; also a tetrachord or a fourth in mutick.

TETRIGONA, f. m. a tetragon, a fquare figure.

TETRAGRAMMATON, f. m. the facred name of God, composed of four THEO'RIA, letters, which the Jews do not utter where they find it written, but inflead [of it read adonai, that is, Lord.

lord of the fourth part of a province.

TETRARCHIA, f. f. a tetrarchy, the fourth part of a province under al lord.

TETRICO, adj. unpleafant, harsh, rude,] rough.

TEILO, adj. black, flained.

TETUDA, f. f. a woman that has great breafts.

TEU

TEU'CRIO, f. m. an herb fo called.

TEX

TEXEIR, v. a. to weave.

TEXIMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. the same as lexido.

TEXILLO, f. m. a little yew-tree, a little fort of girdle wove.

TE'XO, a yew-tree. TEXO'N, f. m. the beast called a badger,

a grey, or a brock.

if it be not of as much value as TEXTUALISTA, f. m. he who flicks to the text without minding the commentators.

TEXTURA, f. f. texture.

TE'Z, f. f. the colour or grain of the skin of the face.

T H A

THA'LAMO, f. m. an eminent place in a room where the married couple fits and receives the usual compliments. Poetical, for a nuptial bed.

THALASOME'LI, f. m. a fort of phyfick confisting of honey, rain-water, and sea-water.

THALIE'STRO, f. m. a plant fo called. THA'PSIA, s. f. an herb like ferula or fennel-giant.

THAUMATU'RGO, f. m. an admirable and wonderful person; a miraclemaker.

THE

Levantome un testimonio, he accused me THE', s. m. the Chinese herb called

TESTO'N, f. m. an Italian coin in the THEA'ME, f. m. a stone brought from the mountains of Ethiopia, opposite to the load-stone, as having a natural antipathy to iron.

THEATRA'L, adj theatrical. THE A'TRO, f. m a theatre.

THE'MA, f. m. theme, a subject on which one writes or speaks; also obilinacy. THEMO'SO, adj. obstinate.

THEOLOGAL, adj. relating to theology.

THEOLOGIAI, f. f. theology, divinity.

THEOLOGICAME'NTE, adv. theologically.

THEOLOGIZAR, v. n. to speak upon theological matters.

THEO'LOGO, f. m. a divine. THEOREIMA, f. m. a theorem.

THEO'RICA,).f. theory, speculation.

THERAPEUTICA, f. f. practical phyfick. THERIACA, f. f. treacle.

TETRARCA, f. in. a tetrarch, the THERIACAL, adj. relating to the treacle.

> THEIRMA, f. f. hot-bath. THERMO'METRO, f. m. thermome-

ter. THESAURIZAR, v. a. to treasure, to

hoard, to lay up. 771ESAURO, f. m. vocabulary.

THE'S 18, f. f. a thefis or position. THESORMR, v. a. vide ATHESOR-

A'R.THESORERIA, f. f. a treasury,

THESORE'RO, f. m. a treasurer. THESORO, f. m. a treasure. THETE'RA, f. f. a tea-pot.

THO

THO

THO'LO, f. m. in architecture, the tholus, an half round covering of a firucture like a copula; it is also taken for the knitting of all the stones or b timber of fuch a work.

THR

THRE'NOS, f. m. pl. a lamentation. THRIA'CA, S. f. v. THERIA'CA. THRO'NO, f. m. throne, a royal feat.

THU

THURI'BULO, f. m. a thurible, a cenfer.

THURIFEN'RIO, s. m. he that carries the censer or thurible in solemnities of the church.

TI

TI, pron. thee. Pára ti, for thec.

TIA

TI'A, f. f. an aunt. TIA'RA, f. f. the pope's crown.

TIB

TIBIA, f. f. a flute. TIBIAME'NTE, adv. lukewarmly, negligently. TIBIE'ZA, adj lukewarmness. TIBIO, adj. lukewarm. TIBO'R, f. m. a china jar. TIBURO'N, f. m. a great sea fish called a shark.

TIE

TIE'MPO, f. m. time, Quanto tiempo ha? how long is it since? Mal tiempo, foul weather.

Llegar à tiempo, to come in the nick of time.

Andar con el tiempe, to suit oneself to the times.

Dar tiempo al tiempo, to wait for better times.

Prov. Qual el tiempo, tal el tiento, as the time is, so must the deliberation be; we must act as times offer.

Prov. Tienpo ni Lora no se ata con 16ga, time and hours are not to be tied with a rope; time and tide flay for no man.

TIENDA, f. f. a tent; also a shop; also the awning or covering on the poop of a galley.

Prov. Quien tiene tienda, que atienda, he that keeps a fliop, must look to it; if a man does not keep his shop, his shop will not keep him.

27E'NT.4, f. f. a furgeon's probe to 127N 27N, the found that earthen ware fearch a wound.

meditation; also guest; also the wand painters use to rest their hand on, and a flourish in musick before play-

Theme ar close, the flick of a blind man. Le dieron des tientes, they beat him.

Respondér a tiento, to answer at random.

Proceedir and tiente, to proceed cauti- 77'NEA, f. f. a wood-worm. oully.

Dur un tiento, to try a man, to found him.

TIERNAME NIE, adv. tenderly.

GIERNECITO, adj. tender, pretty cender-

ダフル/RNO, adj. tender、

QIERRA, f. f. the earth. lt is alfo a amm's country.

En mi tiérra, in my country. Buena tierra, a good country: Toda la tierra, all the world.

Tierra-tierra, coast-wise, along shore; and metaphorically, with caution, with circumspection.

Tierra sigilata, a sort of medicinal carth.

Ponér tierra en medio, to fly from a place.

Echár tierra a un negocio, to lay aside a business, to bury it, to think no more of it.

Echar per tierra, to destroy, to level with TINTO'R. f. m. v. TINTORE'RO. the ground.

Pecho por tierra, in an humble manner, prostrate on the ground.

Besar la tierra que otro pisa, to kiss the TINTORE'RO, s. m. a dyer. ground a man treads on, to pay him the greatest respect.

Ser tierra, to be earth, to be mortal. De tierra en tierra, from one country to another.

No sentirlo la tierra, no body living know it.

TIESSAME'NTE, adv. stiffly, gravely, austerely.

Tiessamente enamorado, deeply in love. TIE'SSO, adj. stiff, tough. TIE'STO, f. m. a pot to fet flowers, or

fmall trees in.

TIG

TI'GRE, f. m. the beaft called a tiger.

TIL

TILDA'R, v. a. to make a title or dash, as the Spaniarde do on the letter n.

TILDE, f. m. a tittle, a little dash; the dash set over the 2.

TILDO'N, f. m. augmen. of tilde. TI'LLA, f. f. the hatches of a ship. TTLO, f. m. the lime-tree.

TIM

TIMBRE, f. m. the crest of a helmet; TIRABUZO'N, f. m. a cork-screw. the top of any other thing. TIMIDAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.

TIMIDE'Z, f. f. fearfulness. TI'MIDO. adj. timorous, fearful.

TIMO'N, f. m. the rudder of a ship; also the pole of a coach or waggon between the two horses.

TIMONEAR, v.n. to steer at sea, to manage the rudder.

thip where the fleerman flands. TIMONE'RO, f. m. the steersman, he

TIMORATO, adj. fearful of offending God.

that fleers the ship.

TIN

makes when mook together.

TENTO, f. m. cantion, care, pre-|TINA|, f. l. a dyer's copper, or cauldron. Alfo any great tub, trough, or other veffel.

wood.

great earthen veffel.

[77NAJON, f. m. a great carthen jar, or fuch like veffel.

27NE'L 7 f. m. a publick hall, a dining-room. ganetao, (

Liner tinely cala a todo homo, on old phrafe, fignifying to keep open house.

TINIE'BLAS, f. f. pl. darknefs. They give this name to the evening-fervice on Wednerday, Thurfday, and Friday in the holy week, because the

candles are all put out and the church remains dark.

TINO, f. m. judgment, gu:ss, conjecture, sense.

TINTA, f. f. ink.

Tinta de zapatéro, blacking for shoes. TINTA'R, v.a. to dye as dyers do. TI'NTE, f. m. any fort of dice. TINTERO, f. m. an inkhorn.

TINTILLO, f. m. redgish, of a pale colour.

TINTO, adj. dyed. Vino tinto, red winc.

TINTORERI'A, f. f. a dyer's house,

the dyer's street; also the dyer's trade.

TINTU'RA, f. f. dye. TINTURA'R, v. a. v. TINTA'R.

$TI\bar{n}$

TINA, f. f. the scab, a scald head. Tina de arbol, the plant milletoe. TINO'SO, adj. scurvy, scald.

OIT

TIO, f. m. an uncle. TIO'RBA, f. f. the theorbo, a musical instrument so called.

TIP

TYPLE, f. f. the treble in musick,

D I T

TIQUISMI'QUIS, f. m. affeled words, affected expressions in speaking.

TIR

TIRA, f. f. a long flip of any thing; also a guard or welt of cloth or the like.

Tira braguero, a truss for a broken belly.

TIRACO'L, n. a beit, such as TIRACUE'LLO, j those used by sol-

TIRA'DA, f. f. the large distance from one place to the other.

diers.

Tiráda, f. f. the act of throwing. TIRA'DO, adj. call, thrown, thota Oro tirade, gold wire, or gold thread, or

any of that fort which is drawn. TIMONE'RA, f. f. the steerage in a TIRADE'RA, f. f. in cant, a chain. TIRADO'R, f. m. one that draws, throws, or floots; also a drawer in a cabinet or the like; and a place where they Aretch cloth on the ten-

ters. TIRANIPRA, f. f. a long narrow ridge rifing in the middle of a plain field; metaphor, any thing that re-

sembles it. TIRAMOLLA'R, v. a. to pull and let

TIRAINTES, f. m. pl. the traces harfes draw by in a coach or cart-

TINADA, f. f. a pile or flack of TIRANTEZ, f. f. the breath measured in a direct line.

TINATIA, f. f. an earthen jar, or fuch TIRAPIE, f. in the shoemaker's strap-TIRAR, v. a. to draw, to pull, to pluck; alto to shoot, to call, to

> throw. Tirár la bárra, to throw the bar; metaphi to do one's bell.

Tirár de camará la, to fire a volley-

Tirán la piddra y escontin la mine, to throw the flone and hide the hand; to do a mischief, and appear friendly-TTRASO'L, f. m. vide QUITASO'L.

AIRAFPRA; as, Hude tiravira, a lea phrase, to throw a ship flat on her fide.

 $gTRELI_{i}I_{i}$

TIRE'LA, f. f. a kind of striped stuff TIZNA'R, v. a. to smut, to soot, to so called. TIRI'CA, f. f. a little narrow flip of any thing. TIRI'CIA, s. of. the disease called a jaundice. TIRICIA'DO, adj. that has got the jaundice. TIRI'LLA, f. f. a little flip of any thing; a woman's tucker. TIRI'LLO, s. f. a little gun or piece of cannon. TIRITA'nA, f. f. a fort of very flight

filk or taffety. TIRITA'R, v. n. to quake, to tremble.

TIRITO'NA, f. f. the act of shivering for cold, especially when done out of affectation.

TIRO, i. m. a shot, a cast, a throw, a gun, a cast at dice, a joke, a restec. tion, an odd prank, a notable feat, a a cheat, trick.

Tiros de espáda, a belt for a sword, or the hangers of the belt. TIRO'N, f. m. a pull, a pluck.

THRRIA, f. f. aversion, antipathy. TIRTEAFUERA, an interj. stand away, draw off, be gone.

TIS

TISA'NA, f. f. ptisan, cooling drink. TI'SICA, f. f. the phthisick. qrsico, adj. phthifical, troubled with the phthisick.

TIT

TITERE, f. m. a puppet. TITERE'RO Is. m. one that goes THERISTA, \ about with a puppet show or rarce show.

TITI, f. m. a kind of very little monkey with a black spot on the head refembling a cap.

TITILACIO'N, s. f. titillation, a sensation arising from tickling.

TITIMALO, f. m. any milky plant. TITIRITA'INA, f. f. any merry feast. TITIRITE RO, f. m. vide TITE'RE-RO.

TITO, f. m. a feed of a grape or the like, a little kernel of any fruit; alfo a chamber pot.

THUBEZ'R, v. a. to stagger, to waver, to faulter.

THUL I'DO, f. m. a lord of title, as duke, marquifs, &c. one that has a title of honour.

THULAR, adj. titular. Titular, v. a. to affix a title.

Titu'ar, v. n. to obtain a title from the king.

TTULO, f. m. the title of a book, a a title of honour, the title a man has to any goods; also a monument. Timo colorado, a colourable title.

Sinor de título, a lord that has a title of honour, as duke, marquifs, carl, &c.

X I T

TIXE'RA, f. f. a pair of scissars. Tixia, the first feather in the wing of an hawk.

Tixéra, a cut made in a sield to drain

TAXER A'DA, 7 f. f. a cut with the TEXTERNIZIDA, 1 fciffars.

TIXERE' I'MS, f. f. pl. dimin. of tixcra.

TIXERETE A'R, v. a. to give repeated cuts with a pair of scissars.

TIZNA, f. f. the matter kept ready to imut or befinear another.

blrak, to smear, to sully. TIZNE, f. m. the black of a pot or the

like. TIZO, f. m. a firebrand; a coal in TOCINE'RO, f. m. the person that

charcoal that is not well burnt. TIZO'N, f. m. a firebrand.

TIZO'NA, f. f. a fword. TIZONA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a firebrand.

TIZONE'RA, f. f. the furnace in which coal is made, or wood reduced to coals.

TO

TO, a word used in Spanish, to call a dog.

TOA

TOATA, Is. f. a towel, a napkin. TOA'LLA, } TOALLE'TA, f. f. a napkin.

TOB

TOBA, f. f. a kind of spongious and like stone. Toba, the scurf on the teeth. Toha, in cant, a boot. TOBA'JA, γ f. f. a towel, a nap-TOBALLA, 3 kin. TOBALLE'TA, I f. diminutive of TOBELLE'TA, \ toballa. TOBI'LLO, f. m. the ancle-bone.

TOC

TO'CA, f. f. a woman's coif, handkerchief, or white veil for her head; any dress for the head.

Tica de camino, a sort of musser used by men and women in travelling to keep | the dust from their faces.

Toca de red, a net-cawl to hold women's hair.

ple with water.

Prov. Poco dura la toca en cabeza loca, TO'LDO, s. m. a canopy, an awning, a head.

Prov. Tocas de beata, y unas de gata, a devotce's head dressed, and a cat's Hablar con toldo, to talk haughtily. claws. To fignify an hypocrite.

TOCADI'LLO, f. m. a little headdress; also a game at tables so called. TOLERACIO'N, s. f. toleration, suffer-TOCA'DO, f. m. a women's drefs; a imall tuft of feathers or copple TOLERA'NCIA, f. f. sufferance. crown on a bird's head.

TOCA'DO, adj. dressed. Gran tocádo y chico recádo, great cry and [TOLLEIR, v. a. obf. to take away. little wool.

dreffing-room.

TOCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a touch.

TO'CA'NTE, adj. touching, relating, or appertaining to.

TOUMR, v. a. to touch, to dress, to belong to, to found a trumpet, to wind | musick, to beat a drum.

Tocar a leva, a phrase used aboard galleys, when they found a trumpet TOLVANE'RA, f. f. a wirlwind of dust, for all that are ashore to come on board.

Tocar aima, to found, to beat an alarm. Tocar alerta, to beat to arms. Tecar la cabéza, to drefs the head. Tocar tempéta, to sound a trumpet.

Tecar un instrumento, to play upon some musical instrument.

No me toca, it does not belong to me, it does not regard me.

TOCATO, f. m. a namefake. TOCHEDA'D, f. f. clownishness, rough nefs; also folly.

TOCHEM'R, v. a. to bar the door with a round pole.

TO'CHO, f. m. a round pole, a bar, to failen the door with.

Tócho, adj. coarse, unpolished, rough, clownish.

TOCHURA, f. f. the faying or the action of a wag, of a buffoon.

fells bacon.

TOCI'NO, f. m. bacon. Tocinos, pl. in cant, blows.

TOCO'N, s. m. that part of a tree remaining with the roots after cutting down the rest; also the stump of a man's limb.

TOD

TO'DA VIA, adv. nevertheless, also. TO'DO, adj. all, the whole. Tódo poderóso, almighty. Del tódo, quite, altogether: Todos; all of them.

TOE

TOE'SA, v. a. v. HE'XAPEDA; fix feet in length, a fathom.

TOG

TO'GA, f. f. a gown. TOGA'DO, adj. that wears a gown,

TOL

TOLA'NOS, s. m. pl. the disease in horses, and other beasts, called the lampas, being a swelling in the gums that hinders their eating.

TOLDADU'RA, f. f. an awning, a cloth hung and spread to keep off the fun. TOLDAR, v. a. to hang over with an

awning or tilt. Tolda, in cant, to cover, to adorn, to fet off a thing to advantage.

TOLDE'RO, f. m. he that sells salt by retail.

TOLDICO, 7 s. m. a little canopy, Torménto de toca, a way of racking peo- TOLDI'LLO, awning, or covering; also sometimes used for a sedan.

headcloaths stay but little on a mad | pavilion, any covering that hangs overthe head; metaph. state, grandeur, pride.

> TOLERA'BLE, adj. tolerable, that can be fuffered.

ance.

TOLERA'R, v. a. to tolerate, to suffer.

TO'LLO, s. m. a sish called a sea-cat. TOCADO'R, f. m. a night-cap; a lady's | TOLO'N, f. m. only used in the plural tolonés; the sames as tolanos; the lam-

> pas. TOLO'NDRO, 1 f. m. a swelling bunch TOLONDRO'N, made blow; metaph. a blunder, a blundering fellow; also a knock or blow.

a horn, to play on any instrument in TOINA, f. f. the bin of a mill, out of which the corn runs by a tunnel to the stones and is ground.

> a column of dust raised by a wirlwind.

T O M

TOMA, f. f. the act of taking what is given.

Toma, the taking by force of arms a fortrefs or the like,

Toma, the taking as much as is taken at one time with the fingers or with the hand; as una toma de tabace, a pinch of fnuff.

Toma, an aperture made to take water out of a river for the use of a mill or the like.

TOMAIDA, f. f. the fame no toma. TOMAL TOMADE'RO, s. m. the part at which | Salir de tono, to be out of tune. any thing is taken.

Tomadéro, the aperture made to take water out of a river.

TOMA'DO, f. m. an ornament formerly used in dress.

TOMADO'R, f. m. he who takes. TOMADU'RA, f. f. a taking.

FOMAJO'N, s. m. one that takes every thing.

TOMAMIE'NTO, f. m. a taking. TOMA'R, v. a. to take; also to rust. Tomár por tal parte, to strike up such a

way. Tomár el nombre, to take the word, as

among soldiers.

Tomar prestado, to borrow. Tomar la sangre, to stanch bleeding. Tomar de coro, to learn by heart.

Tomar el sol, o altura, to take the sun's altitude.

Tomar la voz, to take part with one. Tomar el ciélo con las múnos, to rave, to aim at impossibilities, like reaching at heaven.

know who you have to deal with. Cósa de dar y tomár, a troublesome affair,

a business of debate. Tomar las de villa diego, to run away. Tomárse de orin, to grow musty, to grow

rufty. Tomarse del vino, to grow drunk. Tomate essa! take this! a phrase ued on giving a blow to another.

Prov. Mas vale un toma que dos te daré, TOPA, s.f. a pulley. once taken, is better than twice I'll TOPA'CIO, f. m. the precious stone give you; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. Tomame acuestas, sabras lo que when one seems to make slight of another.

TOMATE, s. m. a red fruit so called. TOMILLA'R, f. m. a ground where

thyme grows. TOMI'LLO, f. m. the herb thyme.

Olér la mugér a tomillo, is to be a clean fweet woman.

grains.

the West-Indies. TOMIZA, f. f. a finall cord made of

esparto. TO'MO, I m. a tome or volume; also

weight, bulk, substance; also value, TOPO'GRAPHO, s. m. a importance.

TON

TO'N, f. m. a tunc.

Sin ton, ni son, without any reason, out of all order or due measure, without any just motive.

A qué ton o son viene esto? which is the resson of that?

TO'NA, f. f. the surface of any li-

quor. TONADA, f. f. a tunc.

TONADICA, If. f. a fong moltly TONAD!'LLA, I fung to the guittar,

very brisk and chearful. TONA'NTE, adj. thundering; the epithet given to Jupiter.

TONA'R, v. n. to thunder.

TOND!'NO, f. m. in architecture, a moulding fo called.

TONE'L, f. m. a cafe.

TONELA'DA, f. f. a tun; that is, two pipes, or four hogheads.

TONELE'JO, f. m. a little vessel.

TONELE'RO, f. m. a cooper. TONELETE, f. m. a fort of cap the

their helmet hung at the faddle. TONI'NA, f. f. a fresh tunny sish.

10'NO, f. m. a tune. Also a tone in mulick.

Tono entéro, a whole note, or tone, or an integer, or the distance that is betwixt any two notes, except mi and fa, be-

twixt which there is but the less half note. Vide Morley, p. 2.

TONSU'RA, f. f. the confure or shaving on the head, which denotes a churchman.

TONSURADO'R, f. m. one who shaves. TONSURA'R, v. a. to shave.

TONTA'DA, s. f. a filly saying, or action.

ishly.

d tontas y a locar, foolishly, madly. TONTAZO, s. m. a great silly fellow.

TONTEA'R, v.n. to play the fool. TONTECE'R, v. n. to grow foolish, to be stupified.

TONTEDA'D, f. f. folly, simplicity; also a heaviness or dulness in the head.

TONTERI'A, f. f. filliness, folly. No sabéis con quién os tomáis, you do not TONTILLO, s. m. a little fool; also a hoop, such as are yet used at court by ladies.

fellow.

TONTO, adj. foolish, filly; also heavy, dull.

TOP

cailed a topaz.

TOPA'R, v. a. to find, to meet, to run against.

péjo, take me upon your back, and Topar bago, in cant, to cheat at cards. you'll know what I weigh. Said TOPE, f. m. a jostle, running against a thing; also the top of a mail, or the like.

Hasta el tope, up to the top, as far as it will go.

TOPETAR, v. n. to butt with the head as bulls do; to stumble, to fall in the dark, to reel, to stagger, to blunder.

TOMIN, s. m. a weight of twelve TOPETO'N, s. m. a jostle, a stumble, a blunder.

TOMINE'JO, s. m. a very small bird in TO'PO, s. m. a mole, a kind of rat. TOFOGRAPHIA, f. f. topography, the description of a place.

TOPOGRAPHICO, relating ro topography.

topographer.

TOQ

TO'QUE. f. m. a touch.

Toque del oron touchstone to try gold, or the touching gold on it.

Toque de atambor, the beat of drum. Dar a une un toque, to give a man a hint of a thing.

TOQUE'RO, f. m. a weaver of a fine fort of head-dreffes women wear in Spain.

TOQUITLA, f. f. a hatband, a little woman's head-diefs, or a fine fort of filk, like gaufe.

TOR

TORA, f. f. a Jew family; also the TORNATIE, adj. that turns easily. tribute that a Jew family paid.

TORADA, f. f. a number of bulls. TORAL, adj. strong, that has most

Arength. Torál, virgin, natural yellowish; said | of wax.

men at arms formerly wore, when TORBELLI'NO, f. im. a whichwind; alfo a very quick person.

TORCECUE'LLO, f. m. a bird called a wryneck; in folconry, the taffel hawk, TORNE'RA, f. f. a non that has a paror the male.

TORCEDI'ZO, adj. twisted, or that may be twisted.

TORCEDO'R, f. m. a twister, an instrument to twist with, or the person that twists; metaph. he that screws, or forces any thing out of another by indirect means.

TORCEDURA, f. f. twisting; also a liquor made of grapes after the wine is fqueezed out, by pouring in water and pressing them over again,

TORCE'R, v. a. to twist, to wrench, to wrest, to wind.

TONTAME'NTE, adv. fillily, fool- TO'RCHE, f. m. a fort of head-flay women uled.

TORCIDA, f. f. a wick for a larap. TORCIDAME'NTE, adv. twiftedly, crockedly.

TORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a twisting, wrenching, or wresting.

TORDILLO, s. m. a flea bitten horse. TO RDO, f. m. the bird called a thrush.

Tordo, adj. painted white and blacklike a thrush; said of the colour of fome horles.

TOREADO'R, f. m. one that rides at bulls in the bull feasts.

TO'NTO. s. m. a fool, an idiot, a filly TOREA'R, v. n. to side at a bull in the bull feasts.

TORE'O, f. m. the practice or the art of fighting bulls.

TORE'RO, f. m. one that deals in bulls.

TORE'TE, f. m. a lively young bull. TORI'L, f. m. an ox-stall; the place where they shut up the bulls for the bull featts.

TORILLO, f. m. a little bull.

TORIO'NDA, f. f. a cow that is in luit.

TORLORO'TO, f. m. a fort of mulical instruments among shepherds.

TORML'NTA, f. f. a storm, a tempest.

TORMENTADO'R, f. m. a tormentor.

TORMENTA'R, v. a. to torment. TORME'NTO, f. m. torment, great pain, a rack.

Torménio de cuérda, a way of racking a man.

TORMENTO'SO, adj. flormy. TO'RMO, f. m. a rock that stands by itself separate from all others.

TORNA. f. f. restitution. TORNABO'DA, f. f. the second day's

feall at a wedding. TORNADA, f. f. a return; also a turn about.

TORNADIZO, adj. that has turned or may be turned, a turncoat, a runagate

TORNIDU'RA, f. f. a measure of about ten feet. TORNA'R, v. a. to turn, to return, to

restore. Ternéa la comida, to cast up what one has

caten, to vomit. Torneir a un negócio de nuevo, to begin afresh, to go upon a business.

Turnéer en si, to come to oneself, after being in a fivoon, or the like.

TORNASOL, f. m. the plant called turnfol. It is also any changeable colour.

TORNASOLADO, adj. of a change. able colour.

TORNEA'DOR, f. m. onn that exercises himself in tournaments, or tilt-

ing. TORNEANTE'NTO, f. m. a tournament; alfo a turning.

TORNEA'R, v. a. to turn, as turners do; also to tilt, to run at tilt.

TORNEO, f. m. a tournament or tilting.

ticular office in the monaftery.

TORNE'RO, i. m. a turner. TORNILLE'RO, f. m. a deserter, a) soldier that quits his regiment without leave.

TORNI'LLO, f. m. a screw, a vice, a little turn.

from the army to return home

TORNISCO'N, f. m. a blow with the back of the hand.

TO'RNO, f. m. a turn, a turner's lath, a screw.

g'arno de hela-, a spinning-wheel.

Torno de monjas, the nuns wheel, a round box standing on one end upon an iron pin to turn round, by which they receive and deliver out what is necessary without being teen.

TO'RO, f. m. a bull.

Toro, f. m. in architecture, the torus, the third member of the base.

Ciértes son les toros, wichout doubt. Avérse visto en los cu rnos del toro, to have been on the bull's horns; that is. to have been in imminent danger.

Echár la ca; a al toro, to throw one's cloak to the bull; to quit all a man has to lave himielf.

TORONDO'N, f. m. vide TOLON-

DRON. Torondon, a sore caused by a blow. goro'NJA, f. f. a citron. TORONGI'L, f. m. the herb baum. Torongal de liméres, lemon-baum.

TORO'NJO, f. m. a citron-tree. TURU'S O, a j. strong, robust.

TOROZO'N, f. m. the twisting of the guts, the griping of the guts. 70'RPE, aoj. base, vile, filthy, dirty;

alio duli, flow. TORPEDA'D, s. f. baseness, vileness,

dulness, flowness, filth, dirt. TORPE'DO, i. m. a fish so called. TORPEME'NTE, adv. basely, vilely,

dirtily; also dully, slowly. TORPEZA, f. f. baseness, vileness,

fith, dirt; also dullness, slowness. Torpéza de léngua, flowness of speech, bad utterance.

TORRA'R, v. a. to toast, to burn the superficies of.

TORRE, f. f. a tower.

Torre de bomonago, the highest, or the flrongest tower in a fort.

Torremocka, a plain tower without any battlements about it.

Tomes de viento, castles in the air. YORREM'R, v. a. to erect towers about a wall.

TORREJO'N, f. m. a small tower. TORRE'NTE, f. m. a torrent, a violent

ffream. TORREO'N, f. m. a large tower on a wall, or flanding by itself.

TORREONCILLO, f. m. a little tower.

TORRECI'LLA, s. s. a turret, or small [TOXiCA'DA, adj. poisoned. tower.

with fina liftices of bacon in it.

TORREZNETRO, f. m. a lazy fellow that fits always over the fire, as if he was roalling rathers of bacon.

Prov. A torrezno de tocino, buen golpe de aino, a rather of bacon requires a TOZUE'LO, f. m. the neck of any TRAFIGO, f. m. traffick. good dranght of wine.

TORREZUE LA, f. f. a turret, a little tower.

parched.

TORRITAS, f. f. pl. flices of bread foaked in eggs, then fried in oil or butter, and white wine, honey, and cinnamon put over them.

called.

TO'RTA, f. f. a cake.

90RTA'DA, f. f. a fort of pancake. TORTEDA'D, f. f. crookedness, wryness.

TORTERA, s. f. a pasty-pan; also little wooden dish. TORTILLA, f. f. a little cake.

Tortilla de buevos, an omelet of eggs. TORTOLICO, of m. dimin. of tor-TORTOLI'LLO, \ 10/a.

Soldato de tornillo, a soldier that runs TO'RTOLA, s. f. a turtle dove.

TORTOLI'LLA, s. f. a little turtledove.

TO'RTOLO, f. m. the male of the tuttle-dove. Seldom used.

TORTOZO'N, f. m. a kind of grape fo called.

TORTUGA, f. f. a tortoile.

TORTUOSIDA'D, s. f. crookedness, winding.

TORTUO'SO, adj. crooked, winding. TORTURA, f. f. crookedness. TORVISCO, f. m. the herb spurge. TORVO, adj. fierce, frightful frowning]

TORZA'L, f. m. any thread twifted. TORZO'N, f. m. the twisting of the guts properly, but used for the gripes; from torcer, to twist.

TORZONA'DO, adj. griped.

TOS

TOS, f. f. a cough. TOSCAME'NTE, adv. coarfely, grolly. TOSCO, adj. rude, rough, unpolished, clownish.

TO'SIGO, f. m. v. TO'SSIGO. TOSQUEDA'D, f. f. rudeness, roughness, unpoliteness, clownishness.

TOSSECI'LLA, f. f. on affected cough. TOSSE'R, v. n. to cough. TO'SSIGO, f. m. poison, intoxication.

Also pain, grief anguish. TOSTA'DA, f. f. a toast.

TOSTADO'R, f. in. a toasting iron. TO'STAR. v. a. to toast, to parch.

TOSTO'N, f. m. an old name for half a piece of eight; but in Portugal, a tofton is an hundred reis, worth eightpence.

Pan ibfien, pust-passe, cake, or crust. TOSTO'NES, f. m. pl. the peafe they call garvanzos when toasted.

TOT

TOTA'L, adj. total, entire. TOTALIDA'D, f. f. totality, whole quantity.

TOTALME'NTE, adv. totally, entirely.

TOTILIMU'NDI, f. m. a raree-show, a shew carried in a box.

TOTOVI'A, f. m. a small bird so called.

TOU

the bigness of a magpye.

TOX

TO'XICO, f. m. poison. TORREZNADA, f. f. a large omelet TOXO, f. m. a kind of broom.

TOZ

TOZA, S. f. v. TOCA'N. TORREZNÖ, f. m. a rasher of bacon. [TOZA'L, f. m. an high and eminent] place.

animal.

TRA

70'RRIDO, adj. torrid, burnt, scorched, TRABA, f. f. a linking, knitting, or or hindrance.

> millake in any account; alfoa quarrel, a dispute.

TORRONTE'S, f. f. a kind of grape to TRABADE'RO, f. m. the thinner part TRAGALDA BAS, f. m. a glutton. of a beatl's foot.

TRABADURA, f. f. joining together.

TRABADO, adj. linked, knit, or joined together.

a)TRABAJA'DO, adj. troubled, pained, grieved.

TRABAJA'DO'R, f. m. a labourer. TRABAJA'R, v. a. to labour, to work.

TRABAJI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of trabaja.

TRABAJO, f. m. work, labour, pains, trouble, grief.

Satár a uno ae trabajos, to bring a man out of trouble.

TRABAJOSAME'NTE, adv. difficultly, laboriously, troublesomely.

TRABAJO'SO, adj. difficult, troubleome TRABA'L adj. large; said of those

nails that serve to nail boards, planks, or beams together. TRABA'R, v. a. to link, to knit, to

join together; also to contend for, to dispute.

Trabarse de palabras, to quarrel with

Trabar, to fight.

Trabarse de léngua, is to have any impediment in the tongue, such as one cannot speak.

Trabar la vista, to squint.

TRABAZO'N, f. m. joining, knitting together; also connexion, relation to fomething.

TRABE, f. m. a beam.

TRABILLA, S. f. dimin. of traba. TRABO'N, f. m. an iron ring that they use to put to the feet of horses to subject them.

TRABU'CA. f. f. a kind of cracker. TRABUCACIO'N, f. f. a mistake.

TRABUCA'R, v. a. to overthrow, to overturn, to turn topfy-turvy, to cast down. TRABUCA'ZO, f. m. a blunderbuss's

shot; also a great and sudden fright. TRABUCO, f. m. a battering-ram, an engine to cast great stones and darts; or any other engine of that nature; a

blunderbuss. TRACAMUNDA'NA, f. f. a ridiculous exchange of any thing of no

value. TRACHE'A, f. f the artery called trachéa, the weasand or wind-pipe.

TRA'CHI, ARTE'RIA, f. f. idem. TRACIAS, f. m. the name of a wind. Not used.

TRACISTA, f. m. a contriver, one that draws the model of a work, an archi-

teet; also a sharper, a cheat. TRACTO, s. m. a space of time that passes or is passed.

TRADICIO'N, f. f. a tradition. TRADUCCIO'N, f. f. a translation.

TOUCA'N, s. m. a bird in Brasil about TRADUCIR, v. a. to translate; also to change.

TRADUCTO'R, f. m. a translator. TRAFAGA'R, v. n. to remove things from one place to another; also to

traffick. TRATFAGO, I. m. removing of goods from one place to another, traffick, builling, motion.

TRAFAGO'N, f. m. a trading man alfo a buly body.

TRAFALMETTO, adj. bold, courageous. TRAFICA'R, v. n. to traffick.

TRAGACA'NTHA. f. f. a root fo called; alfo a gum to called.

TRAGACETE, s. m. a missile weapon fo called.

joining together; also an impediment TRAGADE'RO, f. m. the throat, the

TRABACUEINTA, f. f. an error, a TRAGADO'R, f. m. a swallower, a de-

vourer, a glutton. TRAGAFE'ES, f. m. a traitor.

TRAGALE'GUAS, f. m. a great runner,

speaking of horses or men. TRAGALUZ, f. f. a window made on the top of a house.

TRA-[4P]

TRAGAMALLAS, f. m. a devouring fellow, a glutton, a cormorant; also a bluftering bully.

TRAGANTA'DA, f. f. a very large draught.

TRAGANTO'N, f. m. a glutton, a devoorer, a nasty feeder.

TRAGA'R, v. a. to fivallow, to devour.

TRAGAZO'N, f. m. devouring, gluttony, gormandizing.

TRAGE, f. m. apparel, garb. Prov. Con buén trage se encubre ruin linage, good garb hides a base pedi-

gree. TRAGEA'R, v. a. to dress a person. TRAGE'DIA, f. f. a tragedy; also any mournful event.

TRAGE/DICO, adj. tragical.

TRAGE'LAPHO. f. m. an animal of the stag kind so called.

TRAGICAME'NTE, adv. tragically. TRAGICO, adj. tragical.

TRAGICOME'DIA, f. f. a tragi-comedy

TRAGI'N, f. m. carriage or convenience for carriage.

TRAGINAPR, v. a. to transport or carry goods from one place to another.

TRAGINE'RO, f. m. a carrier, a perfon that removes goods from place to place.

TRAGINO, s.m. vide TRAGIN.

TRAGIO, f. m. a plant fo called. TRAGO, f. m. a draught of any liquor, a gulp.

Trázo de amargura, a bitter draught, a grievous accident.

TRAGO'N, f. m. a glutton.

TRAGONCI'LLO, f. m. a little glutton.

TRAGONI'A, f f. gluttony. f. f. a large bird TRAGOPA'NA,

fo called. TRAGOPA'NADE, 5 TRAGUI'LLO, ? s. m. a little draught, TRAGUITO, 5 a gulp.

TRAHEDO'R, f. m. he that brings or carries.

TRAHE'R, v. a. to setch, to bring, to wear; also to draw.

Trabér, to perfunde, to engage. Traberse bien, to be nicely dressed. Traber at ojo, to observe attentively. Traber a mal traber, to abuse one.

Traber en lenguas, to censure, to speak ill of one.

Traber las piernas, to rub the legs. TRAIII'DA, f. f. bringing, fetch-

TRAINE'NIE, adj. one who brings. TRAIII'LLA, f. f. the leafh for a dog; allo a fort of cart made use of to carry !

earth. TRAHILLA'R, v. a. to level the TRANQUILIZA'R, v. a. to quiet, to ground.

TRAICE IN, f. f. treason.

TRAIDO'R, f. in. a traitor. Trandor, adj. treacherous.

TRANSACCIO'N, f. f. transaction. outly.

TRAIDORCICO, f. m. dim. of traidor.

TRAINELL, f. m. a pimp's fervant. TRAPIE, f. m. drefling of cloth.

TRIMA, f. f. the owle in weaving of uivance.

TRAMADOR, f. m. the person who

plots or contrives. TRAMA'R, v. a. to plot, to contrive;

alfo to warp, to weave.

ZZZMIIIE, f. m. a path.

7.24'MO, L. m. a piece of any thing; \7.2ANSFIXO, adj. transfixed, pierced. particularly a piece of land.

Thams de cordel, a piece of rope. TRAMOTJO, adj. the lowest or bardest | part of the reed of any grain.

Rusa tramé, o riène que reér, he has a

good weed to gnaw. a hard bone to pick.

TRAMONTA'NA, f. f. the northwind.

TRAMONTA'NO, adj. ultramontane, that lives beyond the mountains.

TRAMONTAR, v. n. to go down or fet as the fun does.

Al tramontar del sol, at sun-set.

TRAMOYA, f. f. a machine such as they have in the play-houses for show, to bring down angels in clouds, or the like; metaph. a cheat, a fraud, a deceitful contrivance.

Púnias de trambya, a sort of lace.

TRAMOTISTA, f. m. an enginemaker; also a cheat, a deceiver.

TRA'MPA, f. f. a trap-door, a pitfall to catch wild beasts, a trap, a fnare; metaph. a cheat, a deceit, a fraud.

TRAMPA'LES, f. m. pl. floughs, dirty miry places, where beafts are fluck fast.

TRAMPANTO'70, f. m. a trick or cheat put upon a man before his face. TRAMPEA'R, v. n. to trick, to cheat, to cosen, to defraud, to play the knave.

TRAMPI'LLA, f. f. a little trap-door, trap, or cheat.

TRAMPISTA, f. m. a tricking cheating fellow.

TRAMPOSI'LLO, f. m. a little knavish cheating fellow.

TRAMPO'SO, adj. tricking, deceitful, a tricking cheating fellow.

TRA'NCA, f. f. a door or windowbar, or the like.

TRANCA'DA, f. f. a fillet, a hairlace.

TRANCAHILO, f. m. any thing that is bound with thread or cord.

TRANCA'R, v.a. vide ATRANCA'R. TRANCAZO, f. m. a blow with a bar or pole.

TRA'NCE, f. m. a ticklish or dangerous point. In buying and felling, the transferring of goods from the seller to the buyer.

Trance rigoroso, a dreadful circumstance. Trance de armas, a battle.

TRANCELI'N, f. m. vide TRENCEL-LI'N,

TRANCHETE, f. m. a shoemaker's knife.

TRANCO, f. m. a large stride. TRANQUE'RA, f. f. a palifade.

TRANQUILAME'NTE, adv. peace ably, quietly, calmly.

TRANQUILA'R, v. a. to quiet, to appease.

TRANQUILIDA'D, f. f. tranquility, quietness, calmness.

calm, to appeare.

TRANQUILO, adj. calm, ftill, quiet. TRANQUILLA, f. f. a little bar for a door or window.

TRANSCENDE'NTE, adj. transcend-

ing, furpassing. TRANSCENDE'R, v. n. to transcend,

to furpais.

TRANSCRIBIR, v. a. to transcribe, to copy.

cloth; metaph, a plot, a cunning con- [TRANSCU'RSO, f. m. process of time, TRANSFERIR, v. a. to transfer.

> TRANSFIGURACIO'N, f. f. the feaft of our Saviour's Transfiguration; a changing of fhape or figure.

> TRANSFIGURAR, v. n. to transfigure, to change the shape or figure.

> TRANSFORMACION, f. f. metamorphosis, transformation, changing of form.

> TRANSFORMADO'R, f. m. a transformer, or changer of forms.

We fay, he has TRANSFORMAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide TRANSFORMACIO'N.

TRANSFORMA'R, v. a. to transform, to change forms.

Transformarse, v. r. to transform one's felf.

TRANSFORMATINO, adj. having the quality or power of transforming. TRANSFU'GA, f. m. a run-away.

TRANSFUND!'R, v. a. to transfuge. TRANSFUSIO'N, f. f. a pouring liquor from one vessel into another.

TRANSGREDIR, v. a. to transgress. TRANSGRESSIO'N .f. f. transgression, offence.

TRANSGRESSO'R, f. m. a trans. greffor.

TRANSICIO'N, f. f. a transition, pass. ing from one thing to another. TRANSIDO, adj. Starved with hunger,

thirst, or cold. TRANSIGI'R, v. a. to pass an agree. ment.

TRANSITA'R, v. n. to pass.

TRA'NSITO, f. m. a passage, the pass. ing from one place to another. TRANSITO'RIO, adj. transitory, that

passes away. TRANSLACIO'N, f. f. translation. TRANSMARI'NO, adj. beyond the sea,

ultramarine. TRANSMIGRACIO'N, f. f. a trans.

migration. TRANSMIGRA'R, v. n. to remove from

one country to another. TRANSMISSIBLE, adj. that which may be transmitted.

TRANSMITI'R, v. a. to transmit. TRANSMUTA'BLE, adj. changeable

from one thing to another. TRANSMUTACIO'N, f. f. a changing

from one thing to another. TRANSMUTA'R, v. a. to change from one thing to another.

TRANSPARE'NCIA, s. f. transparency. TRANSPARENTA'RSE, v. r. to be

transparent. TRANSPARE'NTE, adj. transparent. TRANSPIRACIO'N, f. f. transpiration,

perspiration. TRANSPIRA'R, v. n. to transpire, to

perspire. TRANSPORTACIO'N f. f. transportation.

TRANSPORTA'R, v. a. to transport. TRANSPORTI'N, f. m. an appermate trafe upon a bed.

TRANSPOSICIO'N, f. f. transposition. TRANSPUE'STO, adj. transposed.

TRANSUBSTANGLICIO'N, f.f. wantfubiliantiation. TRANSUBSTANCIAR, v. a. to change

one substance into another. TRANSFERSALL, adj. overthwatt, a. cross.

TRANZADE'RA, f. f. a knot. TRANZA'R, v. n. vide IRENZAR. TRAPACE'RO, f. m. a cheating fel-

low, an extortioner. TRAPACETE, f. m. a broker's or a banker's book.

TRAPACISTA, f. f. a cheat in buying or felling, an extortioner in lending of money; a broke, a banker.

TRAPATO, f. m. a clout, a rage TRAPALA, f. f. a confused noise of clattering with the feet, or flamping

of horses; metaph, the noise of bakbling, TRAPAZA, f. f. a cheat, a fraud.

TRAPAZO, f. m. a knavish trick; also a waggish faying or action. TRAPERIA, I. i. a place full of ragin

or where they bny and fell rags. TRAPETRO, I. m. a rag-merchante TRAPICATE, f. in. a fogar-mill.

TRAPILLO, s. m. a little clout or tage

Un mal trapillo, a pitiful scoundrel. Mark; to called at Madrid, because on that day all the rabble and ragged crew go abroad into the fields to be merry.

TRA'PO, f. m. a clout. a rag. Al aiur de los irajos, at the binding up of the rags. We lay, at the winding

up of the bottom. Prov. Al descul brado, núnca le falta un t'apo que toto que sano, he that has his head broke, never wants a rag TRASMONTA'NOS, f. m. pl. the pcowhole or to:n When a man has a missertune, somebody or other pities TRASMONTA'R, v. n. vide TRAand relieves him, though it be but

poorly Tropes, pl. the foul linen when the laundress has it to wash.

TRAQUE, s. m. the noise of a cracker when burfting.

TRAQUEADO'RA, f. f. a turbulent troubleiome woman.

. to laster like a drum.

gun, the noise of a drum, or the like

pocket.

TRAS, adv. after, behind. 1 ras el ludron, to pursue a thief.

Trus et wenge ye, I come in pursuit of him; or, I am next in order to him.

Trunas, f. m. a noise.

TRANGANE'JO, adj. three years old. TRASCA. f. m. a thick firap.

TRA CANTO'N, f. m. a by-corner; alfo a wound or blow given at the turning the corner of a street, as ruffians do who Le in wait.

TRASCORDA'DO, adj. forgotten. Trascorado, f. m. a sorgetsul man.

Sois un trascordado, you forget every thing, you never mind your business.

one's felf, or to fall affeep.

TRASCORRAL, f. m. a back-yard. TRASEGADO'R, f. m. one that racks, pours, or conveys from one vessel to another.

TRASEGA'R, v. a. to rack, to pour, [other.

hindermoff, backward.

Trajero, 1. m the breech.

TRASFIGURACIO'N, f. f. v. TRANS-F/GURACIO[N]

TRASFIGURA'R, v. a. vide TRANS FIGURA'R.

TRATEORRESCIO'N, f. f. vid.TRANS-FORMACIO'N.

TRASFORMATER, v. a. vide TRANS-FORM.CR.

TRASGO, f. m. an hobgoblin, an apparition, a ghoff, a fairy.

TRASGUEATR, v. n. to play the hobgobtin,

TRASHOGUE'RO, f. m. an iron back by behind the fire.

TRASHOJA'R, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.

TRASHUMAR, v. a. to pass from the pallures to the mountains, or the contrary. Said of the flocks.

TRAJEGO, f. m. the passing a thing

from one pl ce to another. TRASLACIO'N, f. m. a translation.

TRASLADADO'R, f. m. a translator

TRASLADA'R, v. a. to translate. TRASLADO, f. m. a copy of writ

9 KZSLAPA'R, v. a. vide SOLA- $F_{\mathscr{A}'}R_*$

TRASLUCIE'NTE, adj. transparent. La ficha del trapille, the feast of Saint TRASLUCI'R, v. a. to thine through; to be transparent; to perceive, to conceive, to see into, to understand.

Trosluci se una cosa, to have some knowledge or infight into a thing; also to be transparent.

TRASMA'LLO, f. m. a close net behind another open one.

TRASMARA'NA, f. f. the next day atter to-morrow.

TRASMA'NO, adv. behind-hand.

ple beyond the mountains.

MONTA'R.

a whole night without going to bed. TRASNOCHA'R, v. n. to watch all Trassornár a uno, to make a man change night.

TRASPALA'R, v. a. to turn, or to Trasscruárse, v. r. to be drunk or mad. place to another.

TRASPARE'NTE, adj. vide TRANS-PARE'NTE.

TRASPASSAMIE'NTO, f. m. the report of a TRASPASSAMIE'NTO, f. m. a transferring or passing away to another; running through with a weapon.

gRAQUIN, s. m. in cant, a pick- TRASPASSA'R, v. a. to transfer, to pass over to another, to run through with a weapon, to pierce with hunger or cold; also to exceed, to transgress.

Trassassasse de hambre, to be pierced or flarving with hunger.

TRASPA'SSO, f. m. the transferring, [or making over of a thing; also a trance, an agony.

Ayunar el trafásso, to fast from Maundy Thursday till Holy Saturday at noon, in honour of our Saviour's agony.

TRASPEINAR, v. a. to comb again TRASU'NTO, s. m. a copy, a figure, lightly what was already combed.

TRASPIE', s. m. a trip in wrestling.

Dar iraspićs, to reel, to stagger.

TRASPILLA'RSE, v. r. to grow lean. TRASCORDA'RSE, v. r. to forget TRASPLANTA'R, v. a. vide TRANS-PLANTA'R.

> TRASPONE'R, v. a. to transfer, to remove, to transplant, to vanish away, to get out of fight.

Trasperérse, v r. to fall into a swoon; TRATADO'RES, s. m. pl. persons apalto to vanish.

to convey from one vessel into an- TRASPORTAR, v. a. vide TRANS-

PORTA'R. TRASE'RO, adj. that come behind, IRASPUE STA, f. f. a fudden disap-

pearing or getting out of fight. nished, got out of fight; also transplanted.

TRASQUA'RTO, f. m. a back-room. IRASQUILADO'R, f. m. a shearer, a Tratar a une, to have to do with a man. clipper.

TRASQUILADU'RA, f. f. a shearing [TRAII'LLO, f. m. a little trade.

or chipping. TRASQUILA'R, v. a. to clip, to flicar,

to cut off the hair or wool. TRASQUILIMO'CHO, adj. fhorn

close. TRASQUILO'NES, f. m. pl. notches Tiato, manner, behaviour, way of pro-

in hair that is ill cut,

fide one's felf, as one that is half a- | thretching the joints with ropes. fleep; to be as it were in a dream.

TRASIE, f. m. the fret of an inflrument.

Dar al traffe, to fink down, to founder at fea.

TRASTEAR, v. a. to tumble the lumber of a house, to turn it over, to look | it ought to go ftraight-ways. about among goods.

TRASIEJADO'R, f. m. a tiler; also Través, in fortification, a flank. a mender.

TRASTEYADURA, f. f. tiling; also mending and altering.

order; in cant, to break in at the top of a house.

TRASTE'JO, s. m. the tiling of a reof.

TRASTIE'NDA, f. f. a back shop. TRAISTO, f. m a piece of lumber.

Trássos, pl. the lumber of a house, houshold-goods; generally taken for things not in use, or of no use.

TRASTORNA'DO, f. m. a madman or a drunken man.

TRASTORNADO'R, f. m. an overthrower, one that turns things topfyturvy.

TRASIONARDL"RA, f. f. overthrowing, turning things toply-turvy.

TRASNOCHA'DA, s. f. the passing of TRASTORNA'R, v. a. to overthrow, to turn topfy-turvy.

his mind or opinion.

shovel corn, or the like, from one TRASTRAVA'DO, adj. crossed, laid athwart.

TRASTRI'GO, f. m. better than wheat. Buscar pan de trastrigo, to look for better brend than wheat can make; to be foolishly nice.

TRASTROCADU'RA, f. f. chopping and changing.

TRASTROCA'R, v. a. to chop and change.

Trastrocaise en las palabras, to mistake in speaking, to speak one word instead of another.

TRASTRUE'CO, I f. m. a chopping TRASTRUE'QUE,] and changing. TRASTUMBA'R, v. n. to fall over and

over. TRASUDA'R, v. n. to sweat with fear, fright, or through weakness, to be in a cold sweat.

a resemblance, a portraiture.

TRASVENI'R, v. a. to differ, to vary, to difagree.

TRASVINA'RSE, v. r. to oose out of a wine-vessel. Said of wine.

TRATA'BLE, adj. tractable, that can be managed. TRATADO, f. m. a treaty, a treatife.

It is also used for a strong man that is all bones and finews.

pointed to discuss such matters as are proposed; managers.

TRATAMIE'NTO, f. m. an handling or dealing.

TRATA'NTE, f. m. a dealer.

TRASPUESTO, adj. disappeared, va- TRATA' NZA, s. f. obs. vide TRATO and TRATAMIENTO.

> TRATA'R, v. a. to handle, to deal, to · trade, to treat.

to converfe with him.

TRATO, f. m. trade, traffick, management, handling, dealing. In the univerfity of Alcala, it fignifies the cuftom they have of vexing new-comers, by playing upon them.

ceeding in life, and the like.

to a channey; a great log of wood to [TRASSONAR, v.n. to dont, to be be Train de cuirda, a way of racking by

Tráto doble, double dealing.

Mugér de mal trato, a bad woman. TRAVE'RSAS, f. f. pl. certain ropes in a flrip, to called.

TRAVE'S, f. m. the inclination or bent of any thing to one of the fides when

Través, misfortune, milhap.

Través, adv. (al través) athwart, ncrofs.

Dar al través, to be cast away at sea. 7 RASTEJA R, v. a. to mend the tiles | Salir al través, to come athwart a man. of a house; thence to mend other Ir al traves, a fea-term, our failors call things; also to alter, to contrive, to | it hulling; that is, when a ship at sea

takes

takes in all her sails in a calm, to save them from beating against the masts; or else in a storm, when it is so sierce they can bear no fail.

lie across or athwart another.

TRAVESA'R, v. a. vide ATRAVE-SA'R.

TRAVESEA'R, v. n. to act in an unquiet manner, to move or proceed ir- TREMOLINA, f.f. commotion in the regularly.

Travescár, v. n. to think or speak in a Tremolina, a tumult, an uproar. witty or lively manner.

Traveseár, v. n. to live in a loose and immoral manner.

TRAVESE'RO, adj. that is placed across.

Flauta travesera, a German flute. TRAVESI'A, s. f. a cross-way, a path TREN, s. m. the train of artillery. across.

Travesía, thwarting, crossing. Viento travessia, a contrary wind.

TRAVESSU'RA, f. f. unluckiness, TRENA'DO, adj. reticulated. waggishness, wantonness, archness, TRENCAS, s. f. pl. certain bits of reed TRICLINIO, s. m. a dining-room. disorderliness, rakishness.

TRAVIE'SA, f. f. vide TRAVESIA. A traviessas, adv. athwart.

TRAVIE'SO, adj. unlucky, naughty; waggish, rakish, wanton.

rebel.

TRAVO, f. m. in cant, a fencing- TRENCI'LLO, f. m.

master. TRAYE'LLA, f. f. obf. vide TRAHIL-LA.

TRAZA, f. f. a scheme, a plan.

triver. TRAZA'R, v. a. to scheme, to con-

trive. TRAZO, f. m. the delineation of a

plan. Los trazos, pl. in painting, the folds of the drapery.

TRAZUMA'RSE, v. r. to transpire.

TRE

TRE'BEDES, s. f. a trevet. TREBEJA'R, v. a. to toy, to play, Dárle una buena trepa, to give a good Trigo tremesino, wheat that is ripe in to jest, to dandle, to play with a child.

TREBE'JO, s. m. a chess or draughtman; also a rattle, or other child's toy.

TRE'BOL, f. m. the sweet tresoil. Trébol real, the large sweet tresoil.

TRE'CE, adj. thirteen.

Estarse en su trece, to be positive or obflinate.

TRECE NO, adj. the thirteenth. TRECEMIESI'NO, adj. thirteen months [old.

TRECE'SIMO, adj. the thirtieth. TRECHE'L, f. m. a coarse sort of

wheat. TRE'CHO, f. m. a space or distance. A trechos, adv. at diffances.

TRECIENTOS, adj. three hundred. TRE'FE, adj. light, weak, that cafily bends and gives way; also troubled]

with the phthifick. TREFEDAD, f. f. lightness, weakness, phthifick.

TREGUA, f. f. truce; reft.

TREINIA, adj. thirty. TREMBLO'R. f. m. vide TEMBLO'R. TREMEDAL, f. m. a quaking bog, a quagmire.

TREMENDO, adj. dreadful. TREMENTINA, C. f. sturpentine.

TREMENTINO'SO, adj. full of tur-1 pentine.

タREMER, v. n. to tremble.

TREMESTNO, adj. three months old. Trigo tremsfine, corn that comes up and 15 ripe in three months.

TREMIE'LGA, f. f. the cramp-fift that |

benumbs the hands of those who med dle with it.

TREMIE'LGO, f. m. a numbress, a heaviness, a dulness.

TRAVESA'nO, adj. that lies, or is to TREMOLA'NTE, adj. flying, waver ing in the air.

TREMOLA'R, v. n. to fly, to waver, or play in the air like the colours or flags of a ship.

air or of the air.

TREMO'R, f. m. dread, fear, quaking for fear.

TREMULA'NTE, adj. vide TREMO-LA'NTE.

TREMULA'R, v. n. vide TREMO LA'R.

TRENA, s. f. a belt, a band worn Tributo, in cant, a woman kept son across.

Trena, in cant, a jail, a prison.

put in bec-hives for certain purposes.

Meierse hasta las trencas, to enter into a bog and get bemired. Metaphorically, to enter deep into an affair.

Travelo, not docile, stubborn, apt to TRENCELLI'N, s.m. a little tress of TRIE'NNIO, s. m. the space of three TRENCI'LLA, f. f. hair.

Trencillo, the loop worn on the hat. TRENO, f. m. a fort of cart without

wheels, a fledge. Treno, in cant, a prisoner.

TRAZADO'R, s. m. a schemer, a con- Trenos, s. m. pl. the Lamentations of TRIFO'LIO, s. m. vide TREBOL. the prophet Jeremiah.

TRE'NZA, s. f. a twist, tresses.

hair.

TRENZA'DO, f. m. the hair twisted into tresses.

TRENZA'R, v. a. to twist into tresses. TRE'O, s. m. a very small square sail they hoist out in galleys in a storm.

TRE'PA, s. f. a skip, a jump, a tum- furrows or gutters. ble; also the border of a garment; a TRIGO, s. m. corn, wheat. beating.

beating.

TREPADE'RA, s. f. the herb bind- Trigo rubión, red wheat. weed.

TREPADO'R, f. m. a vaulter, a tum bler, a skipper, a jumper.

TREPADU'RA, f. f. a vaulting or tumbling. TREPANA'R, v. a. to trepan the fcull,

as surgeons do.

TREPA'NO, f. m. the tool with which furgeons trepan the scull.

TREPA'R, v. n. to vault, to tumble, to skip, to jump; also to slumble. TREPICHE, f. m. vide TRAPICHE. TREPIDACIO'N, f. f. fear, trem-

bling. TRE'PIDO, adj. timorous, fearful. TRES, adj. three.

TRESAME"JO, adj. three years old. TRESDOBLA'R, v. a. to triplicate. TRESNA, f. f. obf. vide RASTRO. TRESQUILA'R, v. a. vide TRASQUI-

LA'R.aptness to bow, or give way; also the TRE'TA, f. f. a trick, a slight, a stra-

tagem, a feint.

TREZA, f. f. in cant, a beaft.

TRI

TRIA'CA, f. f. treacle. TRIANGULA'R, adj. triangular. TRIA'NGULO, f. m. a triangle, a figure that has three fides and angles. TRIAQUE'RO, f. m. one that makes treacle. TRIBU, f. f. a tribe. TRIBULACIO'N, f. f. tribulation, af-

fliction. TRIBULA'R, v. a. to afflict, to trouble.

TRIBULOS, f. m. pl. briars, bram-

bles. TRIBU'NA, f. f. a tribune or gallery in a church, high above the people, either for the musick, for a prince, or for a person of quality.

TRIBUNA'L, s. m. a tribunal, a judgment-seat.

TRIBU'NO, f. m. a tribune.

TRIBUTACIO'N, f. f. vide TRIBU. TO. TRIBUTA'R, v. a. to pay tribute.

Tributar obséquio, to be very obsequious, to pay great respect to. TRIBUTA'RIO, adj. tributary.

TRIBUTO, s. m. tribute, tax, duty, imposition.

Tribuco, a constant duty, an unintermit. ting duty.

pleasure. TRICE'SIMO, adj. vide TRIGE'SI.

MO.TRICO'RNE, adj. that has three

horns. TRIDE'NTE, f. m. a trident, a fork with three teeth.

TRIENNAL, adj. triennial, of three

years.

TRIFAUCE, f. m. that has three jaws, as poets feign Cerberus to have.

TRIFIDO, adj. divided in three.

TRIFO'RME, adj. having three forms or figures.

TRENZADE'RA, s. f. a frame to weave TRIGA'ZA, s. f. f. 1 the wheat-straw TRIGA'ZO, f. m. \ when short and

chopped. TRIGE'SIMO, adj. the thirtieth.

TRIGLIFO, f. f. the triglyph, in architecture, an ornament of the Dorick frize, confilling of triangular

Trigo candeál fine white wheat.

three months.

Trigo albar, the wheat that soonest ripens.

Prov. Harto trigo tiene mi padre en un cántaro, my father has corn enough in a pitcher; applied to those who boast of very inconsiderable matters.

Prov. De trigo o de avena, mi cafa Ilena, my house full of wheat, or oats; if we cannot have the best, we may be fatisfied with plenty of the

worst Prov. Siembra trigo en barrial, y pon viña en cascajal, sow com in clay, and plant vines in gravel.

Prov. Todo es nada, sino trigo y cebada, all is nothing, except wheat and barley; that is, all stores without bread are worth little.

TRIGONOMETRI'A, f. f. trigonome-

try. TRIGONOME'TRICO, adj. belonging to trigonometry.

TRIGUE'nO, adj. of a wheat colour.

TRIGUE'RA, s. f. an herb so called. TRIGUE'RO, adj. that grows in wheatlands or corn-sields, as a certain kind of asparagus; that frequents them, as a certain kind of sparrow; or that deals and traffiks in wheat, as a cornfactor.

TRILINGUE, adj. of three tongues. TRILLA, f. f. the fifth called a mul-

let. Tilda, threshing or treading out the corn. TRIL.

TRISI'LABO, adj. that contains three

TRI TRILLADE'RA, 1. f. vice TRIL. TRILLA'DO, f. m. a beaten road. gRILLADO'R, f. m. a thresher. TRILLA'R, v. a. to thresh, to tread out corn. quillar, to frequent, to haunt with fre quency. Trillar, to beat; to reprimand. qRILLAZO'N, s. f.] a flail; a flat gate of the guts or intestines. TRILLO, f. m. they draw and turn over the corn spread on the floor, and it bruises the ear and thrusts out the grain, which serves instead of threshing or treadused, and is more expeditious than either. TRIME'STRE, s.m. the space of three TRIPITRO'PA, s. f. a violent revolumonths. qRI'N.1, s. f. a term in heraldry; as, TRI'PLA, s. f. called by our musicians escudo in trina, the escutcheon divided triple proportion. three coats. grina en pal, the escutcheon divided into TRIPLICA'R, v. a. to treble. two equal parts, and the left subdi vided, which makes three. TRINCA, s. f. f. three things of the same TRIPLICIDA'D, s. f. triplicity, a term kind, quality, class, or nature. TRINCAFIA, s. m. a certain ma- TRIPLO, adj. vide TRIPLICE. nœuvre so called on board a ship. TRINGAPIAONES, s. m. an idle loit- TRIPO'DE, f that has three legs. ering fellow. wind. grincar, to cut or break into pieces. Trincar, to go jumping, to jump, to hop. meat. Trinchante, the knife used in carving. TRINCHA'R, v. a. to carve meat. TRINCHE'A, If. f. a trench. TRINCHE'RA, TRINCHERA'R, v.a. to make trenches. Tripular, to mix, to intermix. a small dish to cut meat upon, or to { help about the carved meat. TRINCHERO'N, f. m. augment. of trinchés and trinchera. CHETE. TRINE'O, f. m. vide TRENO. TRINIDA'D, f. f. the Blesled Trinny. TRINITARIA, f. f. a flower to called. Venir en un tric, to come in a trice. TRINITA'RIO, f. m. the religious Tris tras, a clattering noife. tarians. TRINO, adj. three-fold. Trino. that contains three things. TRINQUETA'DA, f. f. a manner of vity that latts three days. tlorm, TRINQUE'TE, f. m. a tennis-court. Trinquête, f. m. the fore-math, and the fore-sail in a ship. TRIO'NES, f. m. a constellation so called. TRIPA, f. f. a gut, a tripe, the Trifiar, to diffurb others by noise and $\{T_i\}_{i=1}^{n}$ raunch. Tipa ciega, the great gut, called the TRISECA'R, v. a. to cut into three inch-pin, Trivar, pl. the guts. Edir lis tripus, to vomit up one's or dividing into three equal parts. bowels. Prov. Las trijas eften llenas, que ellas Movan las piernas, let the guts be TRISTEME'NTE, adv. fidly. full, for it is they that carry the TRISTEZA, f. f. fadnels, melancholy, 10 G 2. Prov. Tripa Hena, ni bien huye, ni Trifféza, in cant, the sentence of bien pleas toll guts neither run away | death. bor fight well; when a man is too TRISTIGA, f. f. a fewer, a fubterrafull, he is unfit for any thing.

IRIPARTIR, v. a. to divide into three parts. TRIPASTOS, a pulley formed with three wheels. TRIPE, f. m. a kind of woollen stuff so called. TRIPE'RA, f. f. a tripe-woman. TRIPERI'A, S. f. the tripe-market. Tripeiía, a heap of tripes, the aggremade of three $\{TRIPE'RO, \bar{f}\}$, m. a tripe-man. planks fluck with sharp slints, which TRIPHTO'NGO, f. m. the union of three vowels pronounced like one. TRIPICALLE'RO, f. m. a tripe-seller. TRIPILLA, f. f. a little gut, tripe, or paunch. ing with oxen, as was anciently TRIPITRA'PE, f. m. a mass of trisles or ridiculous things heaped together; a confusion of ideas. tion in the guts or intestines. into three equal parts, to contain TRIPLE, adj. triple, treble, threefold. TRIPLICE, adj. that includes three things. in aftrology. TRIPO'DA, If. f. a vessel or a stool TRIPO'LIO, s. m. a plant so called. TRINCAR, v. n. to lie close to the TRIPO'N, f. m. a great gut, tripe, or paunch; a great-bellied man. TRIPUDIA'R, v. n. to dance merrily and immoderately. TRIPU'DIO, s. m. a merry dancing. TRINCHA'NTE, s. m. a carver of TRIPU'DO, s. m. a great-gutted fel low, all guts. TRIPULACIO'N (de náos) s. f. the manning of ships. TRIPULA'R, v. a. to man a ship, to furnish it for navigation. TRINCHE'RO, or TRINCHE'O, f. m. TRIQUE'IE, a word only used in the adverb a cada triquete, at every step. TRIQUITRA'QUE, s. m. a clattering noife, the chopping of meat, or the like; taken also in a lewd sense. TRINCHETE, f. m. vide TRAN- Que triquitráque tiene! what a clack she has. TRIRRE'ME, f. f. a kind of galley used by the ancient Romans. TRIS, f. m. an inflant. belonging to the order of the Trini- TRISA, f. f. a fish, called likewise sabale. TRISAGIO, f m. the thrice repeated fong of the Seraphims; and any vellifailing with only the fore-fail in a [TRISCA, f. f. the noise of treading]on any brittle thing, as glass, nutshells, or the like; used also for any other noise. TRISCA'R, v. n. to make such a noise

or the like; to crackle.

nean duct to carry off filth.

and noify jokes.

equal parts.

ful.

they much boldness when heartily Iristina, in cant, the juil, the dun-

the guts heart; that is, to bully and TRITSURA, f. f. f. ZA.

ufraid.

*

fortow.

gcon.

fyllables. TRITO'NES, s. m. pl. tritons, sea-deities. TRITURACIO'N, f. f. trituration. TRITURA'R, v. a. to triturate, to grind. TRIUMPHADO'R, s. m. one that triumphs. TRIUMPHA'L, adj. triumphal. TRIUMPHA'NTE, adj. triumphant, great, splendid, glorious. TRIUMPHANTEME'NTE, adv. triumphantly, greatly, splendidly. TRIUMPHA'R, v. a to triumph; metaph. to live great or extravagantly; to rust in playing at cards. TRIUMPHO. s. m a triumph, a stately procession after victory; also a trump at cards. TRIVIA'L, adj. trivial, common, vulgar, known to all TRIVIALIDA'D, f. f. any thing that is trivial, vulgar, or common. TRIVIALME'NTE, adv. trivially, commonly, frequently. TRIVIO, f. m. the division of a place into three roads. TRIZA, i. f. a mite, a fragment, a small part of a thing. TRO TRO'BA, I f. vide TROVA. TROBADO'R, f. m. vide TROVA-DO'R. TROBA'R v. a. vide TROVAR. TROCA' BLE, adj. permutable. TROCADO'R, f. m. that exchanges or permutes. TROCAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide TRUE-QUE. TROCA'R, v. a. to change, to batter; also to vomit, TROCATINTE, f. m. a ridiculous exchange. TRO'CHA, f. f. a track or foot-step. TROCHEMO'CHE, adv. at random, disorderly, without regard. Hacer las cosas a trochemoche, to do things at random, or hand over head. TROCISCO, f. m. a trochisk; a word used in physick. TRO'CO, f. m. a woman's head-wire. TROGLODITA, f. m. a crucl man, 2 favage. TRO'MPA, f. f. a firaight infirament or trumpet of brafs, not winding like a trumpet. Tiompa, an elephant's trunk, or the trunk of any creature, as flies and gnats; a child's trumpet; also a top for boys to whip Trompa de paré, a Jew's harp A trompa y talega, adv. confusedly, without any order. TROMP A'DA, f. f. a blow given with the tufk, or with a trumpet. as that of treading on glass, nut-shells, Trompada, the blow that two men give each other by suddenly meeting face to face. TROMP AZO, f. m. a great blow. TROMPLY, f. f. a trumpet. TROMPETER'R, v. n. to found a TRISECCIO'N, f f. the act of cutting \ trumpet. TROMPETE'RO, f. m a trumpeter. TRISTE, adj. fad, melancholy, dole-IROMPICA'R, v. n. to flumble often, or violently. IROM I'CO, f. m. a child's top or g g. IROMPICO'N, f. m. a violent flumble. TROMPILLA'R, v. n. to jumble together, to flumble, to fall. Prov. Hater de tripas cerazón, to make TRISTO'R, f. m. Jobs. vide TRISTE-TROMPO, I f. m. a top to play "ROMPO'N. \ with.

TRONADO'R, f. m. a thunderer.

 $TRON_{\bullet}$

TRONA'R, v. n. to thunder.

[4Q]

TRONCA'L, adj. belonging to a stock or trunk.

TRONCA'R, v. a. to cut off fhort. TRONCHA'R, v. a. to break, to fnap off boughs of a tree, or the like.

TRO'NCHO, f. m. the flalk of a TRU'CHA, f.f. a trout. cabbage or any other plant of that | fort.

TRO'NCO, f. m. a flock or trunk of a tree; metaph, a body without a head; also a truncheon; a dull senseless fellow; in architecture, the body | TRUCHAMA'N, s. m. an interpreter. of a column.

TRONCO'N, f. m. a great trunk or stock of a tree, or the like.

TRONE'RA, f. f. a loop-hole to fire the fide of a ship; the embrazures fire.

Tronéra de la llave, a key-hole.

der, or any thing like thunder.

nine choirs of angels.

TRONQUI'LLO, f. m. a little trunk TRUE'QUE, f. m. exchange. of a tree, or the like.

TRONZONA'R, v. a. to cut in pieces. TRONZUE'LO, f. m. a little trunk or TRUHA'N, f. m. a buffoon, a jester. flock of a tree, or the like.

TRO'PA, f. f. a troop. TROPE'L, s. m. a croud, a multitude TRUHANEA'R, v. n. to play the bufof people, or the noise of many peo-

ple; also confusion, disorder. TROPELI'A, f. f. an infult, a wrong, an injury.

TROPELI'STA, f. m. an insulting person, one that does wrong to others.

TROPPELLA'R, v. a. vide ATRO-PELLA'R.

TROPEZADE'RO, f. m. a stumblingplace.

TROPEZA'R, v. n. to slumble. TROPE'ZON, f. m. a flumble. TROPEZO'SO, adj. apt to flumble.

TROPHE'O, f. m. a trophy. TRO'PICO, f. m. a tropick, of which there are two, that of Cancer, and

that of Capricorn. TROPIL'ZO, f. m. a stumble; a stum- TU, pron. thou.

bling-block. TROPOLOGIA, f. f. an allegorical discourse, or a discourse full of tropes and figures, or for correcting the manners of others.

TROPOLO'GICO, adj. allegorical. TROQUE'O, f. m. a fort of foot in the measure of verses, confissing of the first syllable long, and the second fhort.

TROTACONIE'NTOS, f. m. a galloper from monastery to monastery, a gadding woman.

TROTADO'R, f. m. a trotting horse. TROTADURA, f. f. a trotting.

TROTAR, v. n. to trot as a horse does.

Agua tretada, water diffurbed by beafts going into it.

 $\mathcal{T}ROME$, f. m. a horse's trot.

TROTO'N, adj. trotting.

TROTONERIA, f. f. continual trotting,

TROVA, f. f. obf. verfe. Trema, a metrical composition.

TROVADO'R, f. m. a poet, a bard. Trovador, a verse-maker, one who com. poles metrically.

TROPAR, v. a. obf. to meet by chance.

Troum, v. a. obl. to make verses. Traveir, v. a. to imitate a metrical compolition.

Trough, to invert the fense of words. TROTTSTA, f. m. a poet, or bard, a verfe-maker.

TROX, If me a granup to keep 1 $A RO(NE_i)$ corn in

TRO'ZO, f. m. truncheon, a piece of Tu/o, the flrong feent of burning charwood, or of any other thing.

TRU

Trucha falmonéra, a salmon-trout. Prov. No se tôman trúchas a b ágas

envitas, there is no taking of trouts with dry breeches; nothing is to be done without trouble and labour.

TRUCHUE'LA, f. f. the fish called poor Jack, but commonly taken for the smaller fort of it; also a little | trout.

through in a wall, the port-hole in TRU'CO, f. m. a truck-table to play on, the play of billiards.

in batteries out of which the cannon TRUCULE'NTO, adj. cruel, bloody. favage.

TRUE, f. m. a kind of linen so called. THONI'DO, s. m. the noise of thun- TRUECO, s. m. exchange, barter, per- TULI'PA, s. f. a small tulip, mutation.

TRO'NO, f. m. a throne, one of the TRUENO, f. m. the noise of the thun-

der, or of any fire-arm.

TRU'FA, f. f. a fcoff, a joke, a ban-

TRUHA'NA, s. f. a she buffoon, a jester.

foon or jester.

TRUHANERIA, f. f. buffoonty, or playing the jester.

TRUHANI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of truban.

TRUJAMA'N, s. m. an interpreter; also one who advises another in consequence of his superior skill or practice; also a broker.

TRUJAMANEA'R, v. a. to interpret, to translate; also to play the broker. TRUJAMANI'A, f. f. the prosession or practice of interpreting; also the art of playing the broker.

TRU'LLA, f. f. a rout of people.

Tu por tu, coarse, or ill language. Venir a tu por tu, to come to abuse one another.

TUB

TUBO, s. m. a tube, a pipe.

TUD

TUDE'L, f. m. the little pipe that is put into a sackbut to play, or the reed of a hautboy or the like.

TUDE'SCO, f. m. a fort of great coat | fo called.

TUE

TUERA, f. f. a kind of gourd which is very bitter.

Amargo como unas tueras, extremely bitter.

TUERO, f. m. a fire-brand.

TUE'RTO, adj. crooked, awry, wrong done; also squint-eyed, or one-eyed. Prov. Mas wale therto que ciego, better be one-eyed than blind.

Tuertos, f. m. pl. the twisting of the gurs.

TUETANO, f. m. marrow. Haffa los tuétanos, with all the possible

vigour.

TUF

TUFARADA, f. f. the flrong feent that | a thing emits.

TUFO, f. m. the fleam or exhalation from the earth cauted either by na. TUMULTUO'SO, adj. tumultuous. tural or by artificial fire.

coal, or of any thing elfe. Tufo, pl. the fide-locks of heir that hang along the temples. Tufor, pl. pride, arrogance, haughty contempt of.

TUG

TUGU'RIO, f. m. a hut, a finall and poor habitation.

IUT

TUICIO'N, f. f. tuition, desence, protection. TUITIFO, adj. that defends, that pro. tects.

TUL

TULIPA'N, f. m. a tulip.

TULLI'DO, f. m. one that is lame of the limbs, disabled, maimed, crip. pled.

TULLIDURA, f. f. among falconers, the dung or mewtings of a hawk. TULLIMIE'NIO, f. in. maining, or crippling.

TULLIR, v. a. to maim, to tripple, to take away the use of the limbs. Tulifr, in falconry, to dung; our sel.

coners call it mewting in the longwinged hawks; and flicing in the fhort-winged.

TUM

TUMBA, f. f. tomb, cossin, the arched covering over a grave. Baúl de tumba, a trunk that has the top

round or arched.

Tumba, a tumble, a fall.

TUMBADI'LLO, f. m. a, fea-term of which I know not the meaning.

TUMBA'DO, adj. rounded on the top like the old-fashioned trunks or cof. fins.

TUMBA'GA, f. f. a metal so called; and also any ring made of that me-

TUMBACO'N, f. m. a large ring or bracelet made of tumbaga. TUMBA'R, v. a. to tumble, to make

fall. Tuml ar, to tumble as tumblers do.

Tumbar, to play one tricks or teaze him with mockery. Tumbar, to blunt the talle, to deprive of

its flrong taffe. Tumbarfe, v. r. to lay down, especially to fleep.

TU'MBO, f. m. a tumble.

Tumbo, fingle chance.

Tumbo de olla, the residue in the pot when the meat has been taken out-TUMBO'N, f. m. a kind of coach, and a kind of trunk fo called.

TU'MIDO, adj. fwoilen. TUMO'R, f. m. a swelling, or any

rifing. TUMULO, f. m. a tomb, a sepulchic,

a heap of flones, a hillock. ے a tumult, a TUMULIO, f. m. TUMULI UACIO'N, f. f. 5 mutiny, a fedition, an uproar, a broil, a fray,

an inforrection. TUMILLITIAR, v. n. to make a tumak or mutiny, to raife an uproar or in-

furrection, to make a fray. TUMULTUARIAME'NTE, adv. the

fame as rumultus famenti. TUMULTUARIO, adj. the fame as tumultuof.

TUMULTUOSAMINNIE, adv. tumultuouffy.

TUN

TUN

TUNA, s. f. a kind of American fig, and the tree that produces it. quia, the idle life that logues, beggars,

and vagabonds live.

TUNA'L, f. m. the same as tuna when it means a tree.

TUNANIE, f. m. a mumper, a beggar, a regue, a vagabond.

TUNI'R, v. n. to mump, to beg. TU'. DA, f. f. a beating.

Tanda, the shearing of cloth.

TUNDICIO'N, f. f. the act of shearing conh. TUNDIDO'R, f. m. a cloth-worker, a

thearer of cloth. qUNDIDU'RA, f. f. a shearing of

c'oth.

gUNDI'R, v. a. to shear cloth. TUNDIZNO. f. m. the hair of the TURCO, f. m. in cant, wine. cloth when flieared.

gi"NICA, f. f. a tunick, tunicle, part of the Roman dress, part of a religi- TURGE'NCIA, s. f. swelling; a medious mun's dress, covering, integu-TOME

TUNICE'LA, f. f. a I'ttle shirt, vest, over a nut, or the like.

TUP

TUPA, f. f. the eating to fatiety. quel', f m. a toupet; the hair of the forthead put over the wig. TUPIR, v. a. to thicken or mill cloth. Tuffife, v. r. to fill the belly.

TUR

TU'RA, f. f. obf. lasting, durance, continuance.

TURA'R, v. n. obf. to last. TURBA, f. f. a rout, a rabble, a multitude; also turf or peet to burn.

TURBACIO'N, f. f. disorder, confufion, trouble, furprize.

TURBADAME'NTE, adv. disorderly, { confusedly, surprisedly.

TURBA'DO, adj. disordered, in a confusion, surprised, astonished, out of countenance,

TURBADO'R, f. m. one that causes any kind of disturbance.

TURBAMU'LTA, f. f. a croud, a great concourfe of people.

TUKBANTE, f. m. a turbant, the covering for the head worn by Mahometans.

IUkBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to alter or change the usual order or disposition of things.

to be out of countenance.

founds, puts in disorder.

TURBIA'R, v. a. obf. vide TUR-BAR.TU'RBIDO, adj. vide TU'RBIO.

TURBI'NO, f. m. a powder so called. TU'RBIO, adj. thick, troubled, puddly, disturbed.

TURBIO'N, f. m. a fudden short storm, a strong gust of wind. TURBIO'SO, adj. obl. vide TUR-

BIO.TURBIT, f. m. a root so called. TURBULE'NCIA, f. f. turbulency, un-

quietness, restlessness. TURBULENTAME'NTE, adv. turbulently.

TURBULE'NTO, adj. turbulent, troublesome, quarrelsome.

TURDI'GA, s. f. a certain part of an TUTO, pron. thine. ox's hide.

cal term.

TURGE'NTE, adj. swelling; said of the bodily humours; a medical word. or garment; also the thin film that is TURLERI'N, f. m. in cant, a thief. TURMA, f. m. the testicle of any creature.

Turma de tierra, vide CRIADI'LLA. TURNA'R, v.n. to do any thing among many, each in his turn.

TU'RNIO, f. m. a turn. Túrnio, adj. goggle-eyed; also stern.

TU'RNO, f. m. vide TU'RNIO. TURO'N, f. m. a field-mouse.

JURQUE'SA, f. f. a Turky stone; also a mould to cast bullets in.

TURQUESA'DO, adj. blue, of the colour of a Turky stone.

TURQUI', adj. blue, very dark. TURQUI'A, s. f. in cant, a pistol. TURRA,R, v. a. to toast, to scorch.

TURRO'N, f. m. a sweetmeat made of almonds with honey.

Turión, in cant, a stone. TUKRONA'DA, f. f. in cant, a stroke of a stone.

TURRONE'RO. f. m. one that makes or fells the sweetmeat called turron. TURUMEO'N, f. m. a rub or rifing in any thing; a knob on a place or thing that should be smooth.

TUS

TUS, pron. post. thy; as, tus amigos, thy friends. TUSAR, v. a. obf. to cut, to shear, to poll the hair. TUSO'N, f. m. a fleece,

Turbarse, v. r. to be surprised or amazed, | Caballero de la orden del tuson, a knight of the golden fleece. TURBATI'VO, adj. that disturbs, con- TUSO'NA, f. f. a strumpet, a prostitute. TUSSILA'GO, f. f. an herb so called.

TUT

TUTANO, f. m. vide TUETANO. TUTEA'R, v. a. to speak samiliar with one's fuperiors. TUTE'LA, s. f. tutorship, guardianship. TUTELA'R, adj. tutelar. TUTHI'A, f. f. vide ATUTHI'A. TUTO'R, f. m. a tutor, a guardian. TUTORI'A, s. f. tutorship, guardianship. TUTRIZ, s. f. a female guardian, a protectress.

TUY

Soi tuyo, I am yours. El mio y el tuyo, meum et tuum. Los tuyos, thine, those of thy party; thy kindred.

T Y M

TYMBAL, f. m. a ketile-drum. TYMBALE'RO, s. m. a kettle-drummer. TIMBRE, f. m. the crest of a helmet, or of a coat of arms. Tymbre, any glorious deed. TYMPANI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of 15mpano. TYMPANO, f. m. a kettle-drum. In anatomy, the drum ef the ear.

T Y P

TYPHON, f. m. a whirlwind. TYPO, s. m. a type, an emblem. TYPOGRAPHI'A, f. f. typography; the art of printing. TYPO'GRAPHO, f. m. a printer.

TYR

TTRANAME'NTE, adv. tyrannically. TYRANI'A, f. f. tyranny. TYRANICAME'NTE, adv. tyrannically. TYRA'NICO, adj. belonging to tyranny. TYRANI'LLO, f. m. a little tyrant. TYRANIZA'R, v. a. to tyrannize, to

play the tyrant. TIRANO, f. m. a tyrant. Tyrano, adj. tyrannical, tyrant-like. TYROCINIO, f. m. the novitiate in any religious house. TIRO'N, L. m. a beginner, a learner.

VAC

VA'CA, f. f. a cow; also all beef, though it be ox-beef.

Faca, a kind of fong or rustick piece of poetry.

Vaca, the flock that two gamesters or two players have in common.

Vaca de Sant' Anton, an insect so called. Prov. Mas wale waca en paz, que polles con agraz, beef in peace and quietness is better than chicken with sour fauce.

VACACIO'N, f. f. vacation, leifure, time that schools are shut at the universities, that conrts do not sit.

VACA'DA, s. f. a herd of cows. VACA'NCIA, f. f. vacancy, emptiness; also vacation-time or leisuretime.

VACA'NTE, adj. vacant, void. VACA'R, v. n. to be at leisure; also to

be void. VACIADE'RO, f. m. a fink, a place to

empty out foul water, or the like. VACIADU'RAS, f. t. pl. what is emptied out of any place.

VACIAMIE'NTO, f. m. emptying, evacuating.

VACIAR, v. a. to empty; also to cast in a mould.

Vaciar la bolja, to spend all one's mo-

ney. Vaciar el vientre, to ease one's self. Vaciar metales, to cast metals. Vaciar figuras, to cast figures. VACIEDA'D, s. f. emptiness. Decir vaciedades, to talk nonsense. VACILACIOIN, f. f. unsteadiness. VACILA'NTE, adj. wavering, uniteady,

fickle. VACILA'R, v. n. to waver, to be fickle VAHO, s. m. steam, light vapeur. or uniteady.

VACIO, adj. empty; metaph. vain or foolish.

Henchir el wacio de otro, to succeed in the place of another.

Ser vacio, to be foolish or conceited.

De vacio, adv. emptily.

Effar de vacio, to have nothing to do, to be empty-handed. VA'CO, adj. void, vacant.

I'ACUIDA'D, f. f. vacuity, empti-

ness. I'ACU'NO, adj. belonging to cows. VA'CUO. as j. empty, vacant.

$\mathbf{V} \mathbf{\Lambda} \mathbf{D}$

VADE, f. m. the leather-case in which | fludents keep their loofe papers. VADEA'BLE, adj. fordable.

Vadeable, that may be conquered, overcome, got, or obtained.

VADEA'R, v. n. to ford.

FADENE'CUM, f. m. a letter-case or pocket-book.

VADE RA, f. f. 7 a ford in a river. *VADO*, f. m.

Testar el wade, to try the ford; metaph. VALENTVA, f. f. valour, courage; also tion. to try cautiously whether an assair may be done with fafety.

Dar wale, to give way to that which [cannot be obstructed; also to furnith means to go through with any bufinels.

No ballar wade, to find no ford; metaph. not to know how to compass a businefs.

No estár al wado, ni a la puente, to be [neither at the fold, nor at the bridge; to be at a loss without knowing how to proceed.

VADO'SO, adj. that has many fords.

VAF

VAFE, f. m. a bold stroke.

V A G

VAGABU'NDO, f. m. vide VAGA-MU'NDO.

VAGAME'NTE, adv. without any scope ! or determination.

VAGAMUNDEA'R, v. n. to play the vagabond, to stroll about.

VAGAMU'NDO, f. m a vagabond. VAGA'R, v. n. to wander, to stray, to idle about

Estár de vagár, or andár de vagár, to have nothing to do, to be idle.

No me waga, I am not at leisure. idle or spare time; the vacation or VAGARO'SO, adj. obs. slow, leisurely;

alfo spacious. VAGA'RO, f. m. the grape when it has been pressed; the olives when pressed.

VAGIDO, f. m. the cry of a child. VA'GO, adj. wandering, wavering. Dar en vágo, to give a blow against the air; that is, to be fruitrated and dif appointed of our hopes.

VAGUEACIO'N, f. f. inconstancy or wavering of the mind.

VAGUEA'R, v. n. to wander, to stroll about.

VAGUEDA'D, s. s. vide VAGUEA-CIO'N.

VA'GUIDO, f. m. giddiness in the head, a swimming in the head.

Váguido, danger of ruin or loss. Váguido, adj. troubled with a dizziness in the head.

VAH

VAHA'R, v. n. vide VAHEA'R. VAHARE'RA, s. f. a distemper in children so called.

VAHEA'R, v. n. to reek, to exhale, to steam, to fume.

VAI

VAIDO, f. m. vide VAGUIDO. VAINA, f. f. a sheath, a scabbard. VAINI'LLA, f. f. vainille, an Indian pod used in chocolate.

VAIVE'N, f. m. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination; also a danger or peril.

VAL

VAL, f. m. a dale, a valley.

Fal, a fink, a drain, a common fewer. VALA'R, adj. belonging to an enclosing wall.

I'A'LE, adv. farewel; substantively \ used, a promissory note.

El postréro o ultimo vale, the last farewel, the pangs of death.

PALEDE'RO, adj. that will be available.

VALEDO'R, f. m. intercessor, mediator, favourer, supporter.

VALENTA'CHO, f. m. a valiant fel- VALOREA'R, low.

a courageous action.

Falencia, boatting language.

Hambre de valenta, an arrogant poor, a proud beggar.

Pisár de valencia, to walk in an arrogant manner.

VALENTO'N, f. m. a bully. FALENTONA'DA, 6 L. a boaft, a brag, a proud expression.

FALENTONA'ZO, f. m. a braggart, a braggadocio.

FALE'O, f. in. a fort of brush-wood to FANAGLORIOSAME'NIF, adv. vainmake brooms.

VALE'R, v. n. to be worth; metaph. to be in favour, to be powerful. Valer, to be useful; also to defend.

Valer a uno, to protect one; also to be in great authority.

Valerse, v. r. to make use of.

Valerje de uno, to enjoy the favour of one. No podérse valér, not to be able to help

one's felf. No podérse valér con uno, to be unable

to persuade one. Prov. Mas vale un toma que dos te dare, one gift is better than two pro-

mises; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush. Prov. Mas vale tarde que nunca, benter late than never.

Prov. Mas vale bien de lexos que mal de cérca, good at a distance is better than evil near hand.

Prov. Mas válo sólo que mal accompanádo, better to be alone than in bad company.

VALERIA'NA, f. f. the herb valerian.

VALEROSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, valoroufly. VALERO'SO, adj. brave, valorous,

VALE UDINA'RIO, adj. poor in health.

VALI'A, f. f. value, worth; 'also favour; also faction or party in a state.

A las valias, at the stated price, at the common price that it shall go in its due season.

VALIDACIO'N, f. f. validity, confirmation, strength of an act, contract, and the like.

VALIDAME'NTE, adv. firmly, strong-

ly, with validity. VA'LIDO, valid, available.

Valido, p. p. assisted, supported. Valido, f. m. a favourite.

VALIE'NTE, adj. brave, valiant. VALIENTEME'NTE, adv. bravely, va. liantly.

VALIMIE'NTO, f. m. value, worth; also favour or protection.

VALIO'SO, obf. adj. worthy; rich. VALIZA, f. f. a mark at the entrance of an harbour to direct ships.

VALLA, f. f. a rail fixed round, an enclosure.

Rompér la walla, to enter at once and first in a business. VALLADA'R, f. m. a ditch, a trench,

an intrenchment. VALLADEA'R, v. a. vide VALLA'R.

VALLA'DO, f. m. a parapet, an intrenchment made to furround. VALLADO'R, f. m. a ditcher. l'ALLA'R, v. a. to surround with a

rail, intreachment, or other like thing. VALLE, f. m. a valley.

VALLE'JO, f. m. a little valley. VALO'NA, f. f. a band, a ruff. VALO'NES, f. m. pl. great Walloon-

breeches. VALO'R, f. m. valour, worth, value,

courage. VALORA'R. Iv. a. to set the price

to a thing. PALORPA, f. f. price, value, estima-

VALUACIO'N, f. f. a valuation. FALUA'R, v. a. to value, to pize, to estimate, to set a price to, or a value upon.

VAN

FANAGLO'RIA, f. f. vanity, vainglory.

PANAGLORIA'RSE, v. r. to be vain or vainglorious, to boall.

glorionfly. TAN^* FANAGLORIO SO, adj.

TANAMINTE, adv. vainly.

TANGAR, v. n. to talk idly. FINECE'RSE, v. r. to be vain, to be | VARAPA'LO, f. m. a long pole;

Ltong. TANGUA'RDIA, f. f. the van or vanguard or an army.

fumption VASILLO, f. m. a small vessel. VANO, adj. wanting substance, wantjug reality, vain.

Tano, hollow, empty, wanting foli-

Juo, (speaking of certain fruits) want- VARCHI'LLA, s. f. a certain measure ing the internal and eatable parts. as

dry or jotten. l'ant, ineffectual, vain, fruitless. Fano, a.rogant, haughty, prefemptuous,

Fow, wanting durability, wanting sta-

bility, vain. Fane, wanting a reason, a foundation, a proof, va n.

uselessly, without reason or justice, needlefsly.

Suir en wano, to fail of success.

VAP

PAPO'R, f. m. vapour, exhalation, the atm

TAPO ACIO'N, f. f. exhalation, evapo-

non. TAP RA'R. Iv. n. to steam, to kexhale, to evapo-FBPOREA'R. rarok(Za'R) rare.

PAPORU'SO, adj. full of vapour or fleam.

VAPULACIO'N. f. 3 vapulation, VARIAME'NTE, adv. variously, di- VAXE'L, f. m. a vessel, a ship, a TAPULANIENTO, f. m. \$ beating. TAPULA'R, v. a. to whip.

VAQ.

IAQUEA'R, v. n. to leap the cows, faid of the bull.

VAQUERIA, i. f. vide VACA'DA. VAQUERI'LLO, i. m. a young herdfman, a boy that tends the cows. FAQUERIZO, adj. belonging to the

VAQUE'RO, f. m. a cow-herd, a herdf man; also a loofe coat with long fkirts

as the herdfinen wear. Projust a, adj belonging to herdimen. IAQUETA, f. f. a heiter; also calf's

leather. Tequeta de Moscovia, Russia leather.

Cara de way Ea, an impudent fellow. IAQUILLA, f. f. a little cow, a heller.

Viov. Quando te diéren la waqui la acude con le jeguetla, when they give you a heiter, make hafte with the tope; that is, lofe not the opportunitr. but lead her away.

FAMUTTA, f. f. a little cow, a hei-

Prov. F. q ita tentis? ach me quelo, have you beef? I will flay here. Applied to those who lay hold of any apportunity to dine at other people's

VAR

a flich; also a yard, and a hawk's pearch,

Fara de liga, a lime twig. Product filear, a lifting rod. Fana rich, a fechter.

Prama iglicia, a rod of juffice. Tara of form, a yard of cloth.

Para de Ales a garden-plant fo called. Periodia cara among rofficks, to hit the bull Ralfully in a bull-feaft.

bers so called on board ships. VARA'L, f. m. any long pole; metaph.

a tall fellow:

Parapalo, an assistion, a trouble, a cause of grief.

VARAR, v. a. to lay a ship aground. FANIDAD, s. s. vanity, pride, pre- Varár, to launch a ship, to push it from the dock or the shore on the water.

tarded; said of any assair or bustneis.

VARA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with a rod, a pole, or a yard.

of corn.

VARDA'SCA, f. f. a thin rod:

with a thin rod. VAREADO'R, s. m. he that beats with [VASTAGO, s. m. a flock or stem of a a rod.

VARIA'R, v. a. to measure out by VASTEDA'D, s. f. vassity, great amyards; also to thresh or beat with a pole or wand.

En vain, in vain, ineffectually, Vaicar, to strike the bull with a spear in a bull-feast.

> Vareárfe, v r. to grow weak or feeble. VARET''N, f. m. augment of wara. VATE, f. m. a bard, a poet, a poetical I'ARE'NGA, f. f. something on board |

VARETA, f. f. a small wand or twig; | palace of the Vatican. birds.

Varitas, pl. the stripes on any stuff. VARETEA'R, v. a. to stripe, or draw firipes or lines

VARIABLE, adj. variable, change able, inconstant, mutable.

VARIACIO'N, f. f. variation, difference.

verfly, differently.

VARIA'R, v. a. to vary, to alter. VARI'CE, f. f. varix, a morbid dilatation of a vein.

VARICO'SO, adj. varicous, diseased with dilation, speaking of a vein.

VARIEDA'D, f. f. variety, diver- VAYA, f. f. scoff, jest, mockery. firy:

VARI'LLA, f. f. a little wand, rod or ltick.

Va illa de cuello, the throat.

VA'RIO, adj. various, changeable, mutable.

with corrupt blood.

VARNPZ, i.f. varnish.

VARNIZA'R, v.a. to varnish.

VZRO'N, f. m. a man; a man of importance; alfo a baron.

Paron is used as an adjective when we fay un bijo waron, a fon-

VARONIA, 1.1. the male line. Farmia, when it means a barony or ter-

ritory giving title to a baron, it is better written baronia. VARONI'L, adj. manly.

VARONILME'NIE, adv. manlily.

VAS

VASALLAGE, f. m. vaffallage, the duty, subjection, or dependence of the [FEDIJILLA, 1. f. dim. of and ja. vallal on his lord; and extensively, [FED170'80] adj. full of tocks of duty, subjection, and dependence in VEDLYUNO, I hair, or susts of wool. general.

I'ASA'LLO, f. m. a vaffal, a fubjett. Takl, f. f. a rod, a wand, a twig, Fuladle, any one who acknowledges another as his superior.

Mal wafallo, a good for nothing fellow.

on.

the flomach.

by the people of that country, and it frector. is faid of their language.

vainglori- \ VARADE'ROS, f. m. pl. certain tim- \ VASCOSIDA'D, f. f. filte, nastiness, loathsomeness.

VASCO'SO, adj. filthy, nafty.

VASCUENCE, f. m. the language of Bifcay.

VASE'RA, f. f. a cupboard. Vasera de orinál, the case in which an

urinal is kept. VASIJA, f. f. a vessel.

VASIJILLA, f. f. dimin. of valija.

VA'SO, f. m. a vessel, a cup; also 2 ship, a boat, the body of the hive. or any thing fit to contain another. No tenér vaso, to have no vessel; that

is, to have no capacity. VASSALLA'GE, f. m. vasiallage, duty of a subject to his prince or lord.

VARDASCAZO, s. m. a blow given VASSALLO, s. m. a subject, a vasfal.

vine or other tree.

plitude.

VASTO, adj. vast, greatly ample.

VAT

prophet.

a ship that I know not what it is; VATICA'NO, s. m one of the seven called also Percha and Cerrésa. mountains in Rome, where is the

a twig that has bird-lime on to catch VATICINADO'R, f. m. who foretels or divines.

VATICINA'R, v. a. to foretel, to divine.

VATICINIO, f. m. foothfaying, foretelling, divining, a prediction.

$\mathbf{V} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{X}$

VAXILLA, f. f. the plate that is used

$\mathbf{V} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{Y}$

for the fervice of the table.

VEC

VECE'RO, f. m. he that comes to perform any thing in his turn. VECINAMUNTE, adv. nearly.

VARIZ, f. f. a varix, a vein swelling VECINDA'D, f. f. neighbourhood, vicinity, nearnefs.

VECINDA'RIO, f. m. the number of inhabitants in a town; also a list of them.

VECI'NO, adj. neighbour; also an inhabitant, a house-keeper.

Versuo, adv. near, not far.

VED

VEDA, f. f. prohibition by law. VEDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a forbidding. VEDA'R, v. a. to forbid. VEDEGAMBRE, L. m. white helle-

bore. VEDITA, f f. a lock of hair, or wool;

alfo the groin.

FEDRINDO, adj. glazed. TEDULO, f. m. the ground a vine-

V E E

yard flands on.

I'ASA'R, f. m. a shelf to fet things IEEDOIR, f. m. an overfeer, an infpector, a comptroller,

LASCA, f. f. a qualm, a loathing in Leedor general, f. m. an inspector-general.

TASCONGADO, adj. of Bileay, fpoken DEEDURYA, f.f. the office of an in-

V E G 工业尺子

VEG

VE'GA, f. m. a plain pasture ground by a river fide. VEGA'DA, I. f. a turn, taking of one's turn. VEGETA'ELE, } adj. vegetable. FEGETA'L,

VEGETA'RSE, v. r. to vegetate. VEGETATIVO, adj. vegetative, that VELEJA'R, v. a. to fail, to croud has a vegetable life.

VEH

VEHEME'NCIA, f. f. vehemence, earnellness. VEHEME'NTE, adj. vehement, hot, furious, raging, carneft.

WEHEMENTEME'NTE, adv. vehemently, earneftly. VEIII'CULO. f. m. vehicle.

$\mathbf{v} \in \mathbf{J}$

VEJANCO'N, adj. cld, peevish, and impertinent. Used also fubstantively. VEJEDA'D, f. f. obf. v. VEJE'Z. VETESTO'RIO, f. m. any thing contemptible as being old. $\nu_E j_E' T_E$, f. m. a little old man. VEJE'Z, f. f. old age. VEJEZUE'LO, f. m. a little old man. VEJIBLE, adj. obf. v. VIEJO. VEJOTE, I. m. augment. of viejo, a very old man.

VEI

VEINTE, S. m. twenty. FEINTEDOSE'NO, adj. the two and FELLACO'N, f. m. a great knave. twentieth, the twenty-second. VEINTE'NA, f. f. the twentieth part. FEINTENA'R, f. m. the twentieth part. VEINIE'NO, adj. the twentieth.

VEL

VE'LA, f. f. a sail; also a candle, and a watch or watchman. Vela burda, or borda, a main sail. Vela de gabia, a top-fail. Vela redonda, though in express terms it feems to be a round fail, yet it fignifies a square sail. Vela maéstra, or mayor, the main-fail. Vela de artimon, } the mizzen-f.il. Vela mezána, Vila de trinquéte, the forc-sail. Vela latina, a triangular fail, vulgarly called a shoulder-of-mutton-fail. Fela del juanete, the top gallant-sail. Velad effaies, the flay-fails. Hacer se a la vela, to set sail. Recogér las welas, to furl the fails. Tinair weles, to spread the fails. Namegar con welus tenaidas, to fail with full fails. Ir a welay a remo, to fail and row; metaph, to make all possible speed. FELACHO, f. m. the top-fail. FALACIO'N, f. f. marriage, most properly a private wedding, a betrothings TELIDIA, f. f. a watching.

FELA'DO, f. m. a new married man. Prov. Sale welado, y feafe un jalo, let it be a hufbind, though it be but a Alick; faid to express a woman's carneffacts to be married.

PELADO'R, f. m. one that watches much; alto a large lamp or candleflick to work by at nights

FELSGE, f. m. the aggregate of the fails belonging to a fluip.

TELEMBRE, I. I. an espoulal or becrothing.

VELA'MEN, f. m. the whole fet of fails VELONE'RA, f. f. the stand on which belonging to a ship.

VELA'R, v. n. to watch; also to betroth, to espouse.

Velar las armas, to watch the arms, a ceremony formerly performed by those that were to be knighted.

VELA'RTE, f. m. a fort-of fine cloth. VELEID A'D, s. f. velleity, whim, vain and inefficacious will or defire.

FELERI'A, f. f. a tallow-chandler's shop.

VELE'RO, f. m. a chandler, he that makes or fells candles.

Veléro, adj. that is a good failer. VELE'SA, f. f. the herb toothwort, charvil or chervil.

VELETA, f. f. a weather-cock, a vane to show which way the wind blows; also the top of a fishing-rod. VELE'TE, f. m. a thin veil.

VELICACIO'N, f. f. twitching, stimulation, vellication.

heavy, VELICA'R, v. z. to vellicate, to twitch, to stimulate.

VELI'LLA, f. f. a little candle; allo a fmall fail.

VELI'LLO, f. m. a little veil; also a thin fort of web like gauze. VE'LITES, f. m. pl. foldiers among the

Romans in light armour. VELLACA'DA, f. f. a gang or pack of

knaves; or a roguery. VELLACAME'NIE, adv. knavishly, arch!y.

VELLACA'R, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.

VELLACA'ZO, f. m. a great knave. VELLA'CO, f. m. a knave.

| VELLAQUEA'R, v. n. to play the

knave, to be arch. VELLAQUERI'A, f. f. knavery, archnels, waggishnels.

FELLAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little knave a little wag.

VELLECI'LLO, f. m. foft down, fmall down and foft.

VELLE'RA, f. f. the woman that trims and adorns other women by her | VENCIMIE'NTO, f. m. overcoming, trade.

VELLERI'FES, f. m. pl. in cant, the petty officers of justice.

VELLI'DO, adj. downy, full of down or foft hair.

VELLO, f. m. down or fost hair on a man's body, or on the face before the beard grows, or on a woman's face; also the nap on cloth.

VELLOCI'NO, f. m. a fleece. FELLO'N, f. m. a fleece of wool. . Monéda de vellon, small change, brass

money. VELLORI', f. m. a cloth made of the natural colour of the wool without dying.

Caballo willing, a horse of a colour betwixt black and foriel.

TELLORPELA, f. f. the herb and flower paig'es or cowflips.

PELLOSPLLA, f. f. an herb fo called. TELLO'SO, adj. downy, full of down or fost hair.

TELLOTA, f. f. v. BELLOTA. PELLOTA'DO, adj. like an acorn, of PE'NDIDA,

an acorn's colour. FELLOTE'RO, f. m. one that gathers or

fells acorns. PELLU'DO, adj. downy, full of down;

fubil, ufed; velvet.

TELLUTE'RO, f. m. a man whose trade is to wenve firk, especially that kind called filpa.

TELO, f. m. a veil, a covering; metaph, an excuse, a pretence. PRLOCIDAD, f. I. Swiftness.

TELO'N, f. m. an oil-lamp.

the oil-lamp is usually placed. VELO'Z, adj fwift. FELOZME'NTE, adv. fwiftly. VELU'DO, f. m. velvet.

VEN

VE'NA, f. f. a vein; metaph, a vein or disposition, as a rein of madness, and a vein of metal.

Vena cefálica, f. f. the cephalick vein. Vena basilica, f. f. the great vein that pailes through the liver.

Vena mediana, f. f. the middle vein. Vena sagitá'ia, s. f. the biggelt vein in the middle finger.

Vena poética, s. f. a poetick vein. Vena de loccira, s. f. a vein of madness. VENABLO, f. m. a javelia, a huatiman'i fpear.

VENADE'RO, f. f. the place where animals of the stag-kind of wild boars are wonted to refort.

VENA'DO, f. m. a deer; venifon. VENADO'R, f. m. a hunter.

VENAGE, f. m. a number or mass of veins; all the veins of the budy. VENA'L, adj. to be fold.

FENALIDA'D, i. f. venality. VENATICO, acj. that has a little of

the madman. VFNAIO'RIO, adj. belonging to hunt.

ing. FENCEDO'R, f. m. a conquerer, VENCEIJO, s. m. the bird called a martlet. In falconry, a hawk's jeffes;

also a gin. Prov. Dar el concéjo y el wencéj, 10 give the advice and the gin; that is, not only to advise a man how to do

his business, but to furnish him with the means. "ENCE'R, v. a. to overcome, to con-

quer. VENCIBLE, adj. conquerable, that may be overcome.

VENCIDA, f. f. a conquell, ove coming.

A tres va la vencula, the third effect makes the conquest.

conqueit.

VE'NDA, f. f. a fillet for the head, for bleeding, or the like.

VENDAJE, f. m. commission paid to one for his having fold our goods. VENDAR, v. a. to bind with mice. Fendar los ojos, to bird the cycs, to blirde

fold. VENDATAL, f. m. the wind that brings home ships from the Well-in-

dies. PENDEDE'RA, f. f. feminiae of the deam.

TENDEDO'R, f. m. a feller. PENDETA, f. f. a publicle fale. TENDE'R, v. a. to fell.

Fenuer palabras, to ute many decelifel words,

Effect vendido en la converfición to la in company where all play upon 1

man. TENDIBLE, adj. fulcable, that may be fold.

TENDITION, I.C. C. a file.

PENDIMIA, f. f. the vininge. Pior Diffus de aundomnis calvante

after the vintage to bring baken; after meat most ud. VENDIMIADE'RA, f. f. a womin

that works at the vintage to gather grapes

FENDIMIADO'R, f. m. a vintage man

that gather the grapes. VENDIMIN'R, v. a. to make the vintage, to gather the grapes. 1.7 1.72

JENEFICIA'R, v. a. to bewitch, to hart with witchcraft.

cerv. TENENA'R, v. a. to poison: IENENA'RIO, A. m. an apothecary.

FENEINO, f. m. poifon. TENENUSIDAD, f. f. poisoning qua VENEANE RO, f. m. the man whose

lity.

VENE'R.A. f. f. a scollop-shell, the VENTA'R token of a military order.

thipful, worthy to be honoured.

thip. respect.

respects another, or a holy thing; al worfhipper VENERA'NDO, adj. venerable, to be

respected or worshipped. FENERA'R, v. a. to venerate, to re-

spect, to honour. FENE'RO, adj. venereal, lustful. TENE'RO, f. m. a place where there are veins of metal.

FENERUE'LA, f. F. a small shell. TENGADO'R, f. m. a revenger:

TENGA'LA, f. f. a cane or staff denoting command. Vergala, a thin fort of filk stuff.

FENGA'NZA, f. f. revenge. TENGA'R, v. a. to revenge. VINGATITO, adj. revengeful. JE'NIA, 1. f. leave, licence.

FENIA'L, adj. venial, pardonable, that may be pardoned. VENIALIDA'D, f. f. venialness, state

of being excuseable. I'ENIALME'NTE, adv. venially, not

mortally. FENIDA, f. f. a coming or arrival.

VENIDE'RO, adj. future, that is to VENTREGA'DA, f. m. the coming VE'RBO, f. m. a verb. come or hall come.

FENILLA, f. f. a small vein.

wheat full of matter, which foon breaks and is cured.

Veninos prend os y parédos, sore pimples, or bites full of matter, that is, prena ds; and others broken, and the matter out, which are parfairs; that is, delivered of the corruption.

VENIR, v. n. to come; also to fit as apparel.

Finir a minos, to decline, to fall to a worfe chate.

Ploy. Priméro wiene, priméro tiene, first come, full ferved.

Prov. Con bien wengas mal, fi wienes Jolo, welcome mischief, if thou comest alone; missortunes seldom come fingle.

TENO'SO, adj. veiny, full of veins. TENTA f. 1 a fale; alfo an inn. Prov. Vénta deflace rénta, the fale takes off the farm, or the revenue. It deems that in Spain, if a man fells his ellate, the farmers leafes are all void Andio de sinta en vidura, to go from inn to inn, to wander about begging like counterfeit pilgrime.

FENT Fig. 1. 1. advantage; also ex transitionry pay allowed to feme parti-

Culai foldiers. PENTATOS AME'NTE, adv. advanta

geomity, profitably. ThN AJOSO, adj. advantageous, profitable.

TENT MALLE, f. in, a fan. TENIZINA, I. I. a window.

Terima conjects, a window that has non tara before it.

in the afternoon to fee the gentlemen tide about the Breets.

For mas de l'as rairices, the nostrils.

dows of the house or a number of windows.

PENLF1'CIO, f. m. witchcraft, for- PENTANA'ZO, f. m. the blow and noile made in flutting a window with force.

VENTANE'RA, f. f. a woman that is always gazing at the window.

trade is to make frames for windows. PEN: NO'SO, adj. poisonous, veno- VENTANI'LLA, s. f. a little window.

VENTEA'R, v. n. to blow.

VENERA'BLE, adj. venerable, wor- VENTERI'L, adj. of, or belonging to an inn.

VENERACIO'N, f. f. veneration, wor- VENTE'RO. f. m. an inn-keeper. VENTILACIO'N, s. f. ventilation.

FENERADO'R, f. m. he who highly VENTILA'R, v. a. to winnow; also to debate, to bandy, to argue.

VENTI'SCA, s. f. a blast of wind, a strong gust.

VENTISCA'R, v. n. to blow hard, said of the wind when it raises the | VERANAR, Jv. n. to pass the sumfnow.'

VENTISQUE'RO, f. m. the place where the winS has blown the fnow in heaps.

VENTOLE'RA, f. f. a strong but not | VFRA'NO, f. m. summer. lasting wind.

Ventoléra, vanity, pride, haughtiness, oftentation.

VENTO'R, f m. a blood-hound. VENTO'SA, f. f. a cupping glass. VENTOSEA'R, v. a. to apply cupping. glasses.

VENIOSIDA'D, s. f. windiness. VENTO'SO, adj. windy.

VENTRADA, s. f. litter; as, Esa cochina ha traido seis lechones de una ventráda, the sow had six pigs at a lit-

VENTRA'L, adj. belonging to the venter or belly.

or falling out of many things toge- | VERBOSIDA'D, f. f. abundance of ther.

VENINO, I. m. a pimple, bile. or VENTRE'RA, f. f. a band worn tied | VERBOSO, adj. verbose, prolix, exuround the belly.

> where the meat conveyed from the stomach is digested.

> VENTRU'DO, adj. great-bellied. VENTU'RA, f. f. luck; good luck. A dibi y a ventúra, at a venture, happy

be lucky. Prov. Ven ventura, ven ; dura, come good luck, come and be lasting.

Prov. Ventura te de Diós bijo, que el sabés pôco te básta, God give you good luck, child; a little learning will ferve your turn; fortune railes men more than merit.

Prov. Unas ban wentura, y otras wentráda, fome maids have luck, and others a bellyfull; that is, fome have the good fortune to be well married and others are got with child without being married.

Prov. Quándo la mála wentúra se dué me natie la aespiérte, when itt luck falls afleep, let no body awake her.

 $FENTUR\, S'RO_i$ adj. accidental, that comes by chance; used subtle a soldier of fortune one that goes to feek his fortune.

FENTURILLA, f. f. fome good luck.

FENIURINA, f. f. a flone fo called, a kind of gent.

come:

TENIUROS AME'NTE, adv. luckily, fairn andly.

TENTURO'SO, adj. Inchy, fortune. Thus wentera, to come to the windows PETAUS, f. 1 the goddels of beauty; alto a planet fo called.

TENUSTIDED, L. f. beauty, gracefulnote.

FENILINAGE, I. in. all the win- FENUSIO, adj. beautiful, graceful.

VER

FER, v. a. to see; to consider, to understand.

A mi wer, in my opinion.

Fer y créer, to see and believe; seeing is believing.

Prov. Ojos que wen no enwejéren, eyes that see do not grow old. The pleaof curious people that love to see every thing.

Prov. Ojos que no wen corázon que no llora, what the eyes do not fee, the heart does not feel.

VERA, f f. the sea-shore.

VERACIDAD, s. f. veracity, observance of truth.

VERANA'DA, f. f. the summer for beatts.

FERANE'RO, f. m. the place where beafts pais the fummer.

VERANEA'R, mer.

FERANIE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to fummer; faid also of one that during the hot fummer cannot eat.

VE'RAS, f. f pl. truth. De wéras, in good camest.

Con muchas weras, very earnestly, verily. VERAZ, adj. veracious, observant of truth.

VERBA'L, adj. verbal, by word of mouth.

VERBALME'NTE, adv. verbally. VERBA'SCO, f. m. the herb wolfolade

or the great lung-wort. VERBE'NA, f. f. the herb vervain. VERBERACIO'N, f. f. the act of whip-

ping or beating. VERBERA'R, v. a. to whip, to beat. VEREIGRA'CIA, adv. for example.

words. berant in words.

VENTRI'CULO, f. m. the ventricle, VERBA'CHO, f. m. a kind of mineral green earth.

VERDA'D, f. f. truth.

Prov. La verdád adelgáza mas no quicbra, truth may be drawn thin, but will not break.

Prov. Quien werdad no me due, werdad no me ciée, he that does not speak truth to me, does not believe me when I speak truth.

Prov. La werdad effa en el vino, in wine is truth.

FERDADERAME'NTE, adv. truly, really, fincerely.

TERDADE'RO, adj. true, real, fincere.

VERDA'L, adj. greenish; applied to a kind of plums. VERDA'SCA, f. f. a green twig.

I'E RDE, and green, youthful, fieth. Forde, f. m. grafs.

Estárse uno wérde, to continue youthful.

No dewar worde, ni Jico, to leave neither green, nor dry; to fweep all away. Dack un werds, to make a merry boot. TERDE'A, f. f. green wine of Flow

rence. FERDENE, v. n. to look green, to be greenith.

TERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green. PENIURO, adj. future, that is to PERDECIE'NTE, adj. growing green,

thriving, looking fresh. TERDECILLO, adj. greenish, somewhat green.

Perce Mo. J. m. a little bird fo called. TERDITGER, f. m. a light green. FERDEMAR, f. in. a Rone which is

powdered by painters. TERDEGAMBRE, f. m. white helles bore.

/TR.

I'EST A'L, f. f a challe woman. Mully

used in an ironical sense.

or passage into a house.

garment.

a phantom.

DO.

room.

PESTE, f. f. v. FESTIDURA.

VESTIDURA, f. f. a garment.

the print of a man's foot.

FESTIGLO, f. m. an horrible monster,

* ERDEGUEA'R, v. a. to look green, to grow green. VERDENIAR, f. m. a flone of the colour of sea water used by painters. VERDEMONIA''nA, f. m. a mineral, in colour green. VERDERO'L, f. m. a fort of fish for calléd: VERDERO'M, f. m. a green bird. VERDESCURO, adj. dark green. VERDE'TE, f. m. a colour used by painter-VERDINE'GRO, f. m. a deep green, that has a cast of black. VERDINO, adj. very green. VERDOLA'GA, f. f. the herb pursiain. VERDO'N, f. m. a green-bird. VERDO'R, f. m. greenness; metaph. youthfulness. VERDO'SO, adj. greenish; in cant, a ! VERDUGADO, s. m. a petticoata VERDUGO, f. m. an executioner, a hangman; also a wheal raised with a · lash or a blow; also the shoot or sprout of a tree. Verdugo, the mark left by a blow given with a whip. VERDUGO'N, f. m. augmen. of verdugo. TERDULE'RA, f. f. an herb-woman. VERDU'RA, f. f. greenness, fresh. Findurus, f. f. pl. all forts of pot-herbs. VERE'DA, f. f. a path. Verdias, f. f. pl. they call the divisions country or a province, for collecting of taxes or the like. IEREDA'RIO, adj. an epithet applied [to postillions, post-horses, and hackney horses. VEREDE'RO, f. m. a messenger that carries to small districts. VEREDI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of vereda. VERENGE'NA, f. f. v. BERENGE'- NA_{\bullet} VE'RGA, f. f. a rod, a wand, a yard, a man's member; also the yard of a VERSA'R, v. n. to turn round. fhip. Verga mayor, or Verga grande, the mainyard of a fhip. Verga de gata, the cross-jack, a yard at | VERSATIL, adj. that will turn. the upperend of the mizzen-mast under the top, flung there, and having no halliards. TERGATIO, f. m. a bull's pizzle. FERGANTE, f. m. a scoundrel, a base fellow. VERGE'L, f. m. a garden, a bower. VERGE TA, S. f. v. VERGUETA. VERGONZA'NTE, f. m. a poor perfon ashamed to beg. FERGONZOSAME NTE, adv. bafhfully, modelly, flamefully. VERGONZO'SO, adj. bashful, modest, fhameful. Parter vergonzar, the privy-parts. $TFRGO\tilde{n}A$ obtained f. f. flame, FERTICAL, adj. vertical. bashfulness, VERGRE'NZA, f. f. f. modefly. Vergüenza, the privy parts. $V_{crg}u\delta u \approx a$, the pillory. Sacar a uno a la vergiidaza, to expose a man by way of punishment to some | FERTIL'NIE, I. m. the running down publick fliame, as flanding on the pillory, or at the whipping poll, or leading him about with a crier proclaiming his crime. Prov. Quien werguénesa no tiene toda la willa es fuya, he who has no flame has the town for his own; that is, impudence carries all before it. $\mathcal{F}ERGO\%O'SO$, adj. obf. v. $\mathcal{F}ERGON$ - $ZOSO_{*}$ FERGUEN'R, v. a. to beat any thing with rods, or with a rod.

 ${\it VERGUL}(R)$

FERGUMRO, 1

prehends offenders.

] 6 m. an officer called

a verger.

PERGDE(T, I, I, m) an officer that ap-

Verguéra, dimin. of verga, a twig, a VESQUIR, v. n. obs. to live. a small rod. FE'RJA, f. f. an iron or wooden grate. VERIDICAME'NTE, adv. truly, fin- VESTIBULO, f. m. a porch; an entry cerely. VERI'DICO, adj. one that speaks FESTIDO, s. m. a suit of cleaths, a truth. I'ERIFICACIO'N, f. f. verification. VERIFICA'R, v. a. to verify, to make | FESTIGIO, f. m. a footstep, a track, good. FERI'L, f. m. v. BE'RIL. FERISPAIL, adj. likely. PERISIMILITUD, f. f lik-linefs. VERMEJO, adj. v. BERMEJO. VERMELLO'N, f. m. vermillion, a curious red found in the quickfilver mines. VERMICULAR, adj. vermicular, VERMINO'SO, & breeding of worms, having worms. VERNAL, adj. belonging to the spring, vernal. FFRNIZ, f. f. v. BRENIZ. VERO, adj. true. VERUNICA, f. f. the herb fluelling VE ROS, f. m. pl. vairy in heraldry; in garments it is a wavy or scalloped ornament. VEROSI'MIL, adj. v. VERISIMI'L. VEROSIMILITU'D, f. f. v. VERISI-MILITUD.VERRA'CO, f. m. a hog. VERRAQUEA'R, v. n. to grumble as a hog does. VERRIO'NDEZ, f. f. the lust of hogs. officers make among themselves of the VERRIO'NDO, adj. in luft, speaking of a hog. VERROCAL, f. m. v. BERROCAL. VERRUCARÍA, adj. fem. an epithet VEXACIO'N, f. f. vexation, trouble, given to the fun-flower. VERRUE'CO, f. m. v. BERRUECO. VERRUGA, f. f. a wart. VERRUGO'SO, VER :UGUIE'NTO, adj. full of warts. VERRUGUILLA, s. f. a little wart. VERSADO, adj. versed, used, acquainted. Versarse, v. r. to use one's self, to ac- Dar un vexigazo, to play a trick to de. quire use and practice, to make onefelf skilful. VERSICULA, f. f. the place where the choir-books are laid up. VERSIFICA'R, v.n. to verify, to make verfes. VERSILLO, f. m. a short line or verse. VEYE'NTE, f. m. obs. a beholder. FERSIO'N, f. f. a version, a transla-· tion. VERSISTA, f. m. a maker of blank verfe. VE'RSO, f. m. a verse. Also a small piece of iron cannon.

VEY

I'EYE'CE, f. f. obs. v. FEJEZ.

VEZ, f. f. a time, and turn. Una wex, once; nos reces, twice; tell weler, theice; chen refeer, a hundred times, &c. A were, fometimes, by turns. Por éfla véz, for this time.

Bu vés de Lourée me me d' poma, intead of honouring me, he dugraces me-FERITCE, f. m. vertex, the point over Una véz de vino, a glass or draughtol Wine.

Tal view, adv. perhaps. TERTICIDAD, f. f. verticity; the Let wis à tal qual mes, fometimes. Unit with que; todas las vecce que; tope

poling that, Ligardinal west my turn will come FEZA'R, \mathbf{v}_{s} , \mathbf{v}_{s} , ATRAA'R.

TEZO, I. m. cuflom, afe, habita

FUJ, f. f. a way, or means. 7725, the bowel die excrements will through; also the method of product life, conduct, or attion. PE, la ven, the milky way, the galaxy-Prov. D. luengas das, luengas on hills from long ways, long lies; thit is travellers have a privilege of lying

TE'SPERO, f. m. the vesper, the evening flar. TESPERITELO, f. m. vide MUR GIELA'GO.TESPERTINO, adj. of the evening.

VERTEBRAS, f. f. pl. the back-

head; also the superior point of any [

of any water, or the place where water

Fertiente del monte, the fleep of the hill.

TERTIGO, f. in. vertigo, giddiness.

VES

Verticate delvis, the fleep or defeent of

vertiginous,

FERTEDE'RO, f. m. a fink.

TERTER, v. a. to fpill, to flied.

bones.

figure.

falls.

a river.

giddy

power of tarning.

TERTIGINO'SO, adj.

VESTIME'NTO, f. m. vide VESTI. IESTI'R, v. a. to clothe, to appaid, to put on cloaths. Prov. Al rever me la vufit, andife offi I put it on the wrong way, so let it go; applied to those who are in the wrong, and will not be fet right. VESTUA'RIA, s. m. an attiring. VET

VETA, f. f. the great vein or body of the filver or other metal, running in the earth: D seubrir la veta, to discover the intention of a perion. VETA'DO, adj. full of veins of metal;

said also of fine stone or marble, that has curious veins.

VETERA'NO, s. m. a veteran soldier, VETILLA, s. f. dimin. of reta.

 $\mathbf{V} \in X$

VEXAMEN, f. m. a trial, an examination; also vexation, troubly. FEXA'R, -v. a. to vex, to trouble. VEXI'GA, f. f. a bladder; alio a blister.

Vexíga de pérro, the plant alkakeng, er winter cherries.

VEXIGA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a blad. full of wind.

VEXIGUE'LA, ? f. diminutive of VEXIGUI'LLA, \ v. viga.

ceive one.

VEZ

VIA

two errands under one; to kill two birds with one stone. VIADE'RA, f. f. a piece of wood in a Vid con brazes, a vinc that spreads in

weaver's loom or frame. FIADO'R, f. m. a traveller.

IIId'GE, f. m. a voyage, a journey. Buén viágo, a good voyage, or a good

journey. l'INTA'DOR, s. m. a traveller. TIMR, v. n. to voyage, to travel. IIAIA'NTE, f. m. one who travels. VIAL, adj belonging to the road and i to travelling.

pla'NDA, f. f. meat, victuals. VIANDA'NTE, f. m. a traveller, a wayfaring man, a passenger.

man takes to do a thing immediately. precipitation.

VIATICO, f. m. provision for a jour. VIDRIE'RO, f. m. a glazier. ney. It is generally taken for the VIDRIO, f. m. glafs. sacrament given to sick persons.

VIB

PIBORA, s. s. a viper, a serpent of VIDRO, s. m. v. VIDRIO. alive. VIBORI'LLO, f. m. the young new-

boin viper. TIRORRE'ZNO, f. m. idem. TIR ACION, f. f. vibration. TIRRAIR, v. n. to brandish, to shake, to cast violently.

VIC

TICAPIA, f. f. a vicarage. VICARIA'L, adj. belonging to the VIEJA'ZO. s. m. augment. of viejo. vicar.

FIG. IRIATO, s.m. the dignity or office of the vicar.

FICA'RIO, f. m. a vicar.

VICEALMIRA'NTA, f. f. the second Tener alguna cosa de viejo, to have some galley in a fquadron.

VICEALMIRA'NTE, f. m. vice-admiral, the second commander of a ficet, VICECANCILLER, f. m. vice-chanceller.

TICEDIO'S, f. m. the pope. VICESIMO, adj. v. VIGESIMO. VICE FERSA, adv. on the contrary. VICA'R, v. a. to vitiate, to adulterate,

to corrupt, FIGIO, f. m. vice; also rankness, vicioulects in land, or the like. FICIOS AME'NIE, adv. viciously.

IICIO'80, adj. vicious; also rank, overfruitful.

Los panes fe échan de paro viciajes, the corn is to rank, or to over-full, that it lodges,

TICISSITU'D, f. f. a change, vicillitude,

FFCHMA, 6.6. a victim, a facrifice, an chlation,

FICIOIR, f. m. a victor, a conquercr. This word is afed by way of applaute, when any person does a thing well.

FIGIORESI'R, v. a. to applaud, to Paile in general

Picto's, I. i. viflory, conquell, triumph,

FIGIORIOS AMENTE, adv. victorioufly,

UCTORICZ8O, adj. victorious, con-

PROPERTY S. S. V. PATTITAL FREE m the name of an animal } in Peru, a kind of wild-goar.

\mathbf{V}) \mathcal{D}

ITD, I. f. a vinc. It is also that part of f awaman which comes out with the ther birth, to called begante it is Thomy.

Prov. Una via y des mandados, to de Vid sariada, a vine that grows up against a wall or over an arbour.

> Via pasmada, a vine that is blasted. many branches.

Vid tendida, a vine that lies flat.

Vides abrazádas, vines that run up trees.

a vine trunk without Vid mocha, branches.

VIDA, f. f. life.

Hombre de buéna, à de mala wida, a good or an ill liver.

Dá se buéna vida, to live at one's case. VIDRIA'R, v. a. to glaze earthen ware.

VIDRIE'RA, f. f. a glass window. VIARA Z.A. f. a sucden freak that a Luenciado vidriéra, a scossing name for a very delicate person.

and does it the world way through VIDRIERIA, f. f. the place where glass is worked or fold.

VIDRIO/SO, adj. glasty.

Hombre vidrioso, a man that is like glass; that is, who is touchy and must be gently handled.

that species which brings its young VIDUAL, adj. belonging to a widow. VIDUE'nO, or VIDUnO, f. m. a vine.

VIE

VIE'JA, f. f. an old woman. Prov. Poco a polo bila la vieja el copo, little by little the old woman spins her distaff full; that is, patience and application carry one through any work though ever so tedious.

VIETECTTO, adj. oldish.

VIETO, adj. old.

Viejo, f. m. an old man. Scidado viejo, an old soldier, a veteran

old habitude left.

Prov. Si quieres wiwir fano, hazte wieje tempráno, if you would be healthy, be old betimes; that is, take care of yourfelf as old men do.

FIELDO, f. m. 7 a fan to fan corn. ITENDRO, obt. } VIENTECILLO, f. m. a fost biceze. VIE'NTO, f. m. the wind.

Viento, any thing very light. Fience, a bone so called, that dogs have in the head.

Bunnelss de vience, a kind of fritters so called.

I fe con el wiento que corre, to follow the party that prevails.

L'anto en popa, a fair wind. Cofi de wiento, an idle flory, a thing of no moment.

Viente remolinade, a whirlwind. Photo maveria, a contrary wind.

Prov. Viento y wenth a poco dura, wind and good luck are feldom lafting. IIENIRAZO, f. m. a great belly or

paunch. PIE'NTRE, f. m. the belly, the paunch.

I Tamer, any internal cavity when large [and capacious.

L'iévere de carnéro, a flicep's paunch. Trinne de colúmi, in architecture, the middle part of the column.

O vejus de a ibutri, fruitful ewer.

Dewientre y lome, by father and mother.

Sucar el wientre de mal año, to est one's belly full at another man's table.

Prov. El wientre agino no ôge a ningimo, is, a man when hangry is not fit to he advifed or fpoke to about bufineb.

helly from an avil year; that is, to

make use of one's time, and feed heartily when it is to be had.

Prov. Ciento de un vientre, y cala ino de su miénei, un hundred of one belly, and every one of his particular mind; fo many men, fo many minds though they be all brothers.

FIENTRECFLLO, f. m. dimin. of Wientre.

MIERNES, C. m. Briday. Viernes, any meagre day. Cara de zueines, a lean bony face. Lo busé la simana que no tenga viernas, I will never do it.

VIG

VIGA, f. f. a beam.

Viga de lagar, the great beam over the wine-preis, which presses the grapes to squeeze the wine out.

Andar de viga en viga, to step from beam to beam; to skip idly, to sunter about; to be tossed about from post to pillar.

VIGE'SIMO, adj. the twentieth. VIGILA'NCIA, f. f. vigilance, watchfulness.

VIGILA'NTE, adj. vigilant, diligent, watchful.

VIGILIA, f. f. the eve of a holiday;

any fasting day. Vigilia, watching, the state of being

awake; want of fleep. Vigilia, nightly lucubration, produce of

literary labour. Vigilia, in cant, the hangman's trumpet.

VIGOLE'RO, f. m. the hangman's help-

VIGO'R, s. m. vigour, force, lise, strength, sprightlines. I'IGORA'R, v. a. to envigour, to give vigour.

VIGO'RNIA, f. f. v. BIGO'RNIA. FIGOROSAME'NTE, adv. vigoroully. VIGOROSIDA'D, f. f. v. VIGOR. VIGORO'SO, adj. vigorous.

VIGO'IE, f. m. v. BIGO'IE. VIGüE'LA, f. f. a fort of lute. VIGüELI'STA, f. m. one who plays upon the vigüela.

FIGUERIA, f. f. a parcel of beans. VIGUEITA, f. f. a little bean.

VIL adj. vile, base.

FILECE'R. v. n. to grow vile or bases VILE'ZA, s. f. baseness, vileness. FILHO'RRO, f. m. in cant, the rogue

that fluns a danger by flight. VILIPENDIA'R, v. a. to abuse, to despise, to contemn, to set very low.

FILIPE'NDIO, f. m. contempt, abuse, FILLA, f. f. a town.

FTLLAGE, f. m. a village, a small collection of houses in the country. FILLANAGE, f. m. the peafants, the country people.

FILLANAME'NYE, adv. bafely, vilely, clewaifhly, meanly.

FILLANCHON, f. m.a clown. FILLANGEGO, f. m. a fort of pafforal poem or long,

FILLANCIQUERO, L. m. one who composes willancieous

FILL ANERY A, f. f. the fame as willanha and millanage.

TILLANE/SCO, adj. belonging to the country and the peafantry?

TILLANTA, f. f. lowness of birth, condition or flate.

Villania, baseness. base action, villany.

an empty belly hears no body; that \VIII. ANVA, f. f. villanage, meanicle, bafencia.

PILLA'NO, adj. ruftick, of the country, not of the town.

Sach el widetre de mel dir, to deliver the Phlane, f. m. a clown, a countryman, a peafaut.

1481

Villary.

vant is fent to fetch another, and

Villano, barto de ajos, a clown stuffed with garlick; a base slinking fellow; a clod-pate, an obstinare blockhead. VILLANOTE, f. m. vide VILLAN-CHO N. VILLa'R, f. m. a great village, a borough. VILLE TA, s. f. a little town. VILLE'TE, s. m. a billet, a bill, a note, a letter. VILLEVINA, f. f. a kind of linen fo called. VILLO'RIA, f. f. a country feat. VILLORIN, f. m. a kind of coarse cloth. VILLO'RAO, f. m. a contemptuous word for a village, a small paltry village. VILME'NTE, adv. viiely, basely. VILO, only used in the adverb en vilo, in the air, without any firmness or stability. VILO'RDO, adj. heavy, lazy, dull. VILO'RTA, f. f. a ring made of willow or of some such pliable branch. Juégo de villoria, a fort of sport so

VIM

VIMBRE, f. f. a twig.

called.

VIN VINAGE'RA, f. f. a mass cruet. VINA'GRE, f. m. vinegar. Vinagre, a rough, austere, crabbed fellow. Vinagre, the juice of fruits before they they are ripe. VINAGRE RA, f. f. a vinegar bottle or cruet. VINAGRILLO, f. m. a fort of paint or wash formerly used by women, chiefly made with vinegar. Vinagrillo, a fort of rosy vinegar used in fnust to quicken its relish. VINAGRO'SO, adj. rough, austere. VINARIE'GO, adj. skilful in the cultivation and management of vines. VINATE'RO, s. m. a countryman that sells wine. VI'NCULA, f. m. band, bond, obligation, entail. FINCULA'R, v. a. to entail an estate, to bind fure, to make fast. VINDICATIVO, adj. revengeful. VINDI'CTA, f. f. revenge. FPNO, f. m. wine. Vino de manzánas, cyder. Vino de racion, ordinary wine for fer- VIRGINEO, adj. idem. vants. Vino iinto, red wine. Vino claréte, a paleted wine. Tino brózno, a harsh unpalatable winc. Vino budlie, wine that is pricked. Vino dejvanecido or rebotádo, decayed wine. Tho de majuélo, wine of a young vinc. FINOLE'NCIA, f. f. excess in drinkmg. I'INOLE'NTO, f. m. a drunkard, one | PIRIPOTE NIE, adj. marriageable; given to wine. JANOS IDAID, f. f. vinofity. FINO'SO, adj. that has qualities resembling those of wine.

VII

I'l'n'.1, f. f. a vineyard. Entrose como por wina wendimicida; he ! gathered; he went in with great freedom. Vilias y juán danzánte, in cant, signisies, feamper, get away, fave yourfelf. VINADE'RO, f. m. one that farms a vineyard or that looks to a vineyard. VINE DO, f. m. a diffrict that is all vineyards.

VIO

VIO'LA, s. f. a viol, a stringed instrument of musick; also a slower called violet. VIOLA'CEO, adj. of a violet colour. VIOLA'BLE, adj. that may be violated. VIOLACIO'N, f. f. violation. VIOLA'DO, adj. of a violet colour; TO.chiefly made of violets; as, Lamedor wiolado, syrup of violets. VIOLADO'R, f. m. a violater, a defiler, an infringer. VIOLA'R, v. a. to violate, to defile, to trees. infringe. Violar, f. m. the spot that produces violots. VIOLE'NCIA, f. f. violence. VIOLENTAME'NTE, adv. violently. VIOLENTA'R, v. a. to force, to use violence, VIOLE'NTO, adj. violent. VIOLETA, f. f. a violet. VIOLI'N, f. f. the mulical instrument called a violin. VIOLINI'STA, f. m. a player upon the violin.

VIP

VIOLO'N, f. m. a base viol.

VIPERI'NO, adj. belonging to vipers.

VIQ

VIQUITRO'QUES, s. m. pl. timbers in a ship so called.

VIR

VIRA, f. f. a shaft or arrow to shoot out of a cross-bow; any wooden pin; the lining of the shoe, or the narrow slip of leather on the infide, that runs along the feam to strengthen it. Ir mas desécho que una vira, to walk as ftraight as an arrow. VIRAIO'N, f. m. a large dart or arrow. VIRA'R, v. a. to turn. VI'RGEN, f. f. a virgin. Virgen, adj. fem. untouched, unpolluted. Azeite wirgen, the first oil that runs from the clives without preffing.

VIRGINA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a virgin. VIRGINIDA'D, f. f. virginity. VI'RGO, f. m. a maidenhead. Virgo, the fixth fign in the zodiack. VPRGULA, f. f. a comma. VIRIL, adj. manly. Viril, f. m. a fine glass to set before any

thing, that it may be feen, and not handled, or to preferve it from duft. VIRILIDA'D, f. f. manhood. VIRILME'NTE, adv. manly.

faid of a girl. VIROLE'NTO, adj. he who has the fmall-pox, or is marked by it.

FIROTAZO, f. m. a blow, wound, or firelize of a fhaft, bolt, or arrow.

VIRO'IE, f. m. a bolt, a shaft, an ar row to floot out of a cross-bow; a long piece of iron fastened in a ring put about the neck of runaway flaves. intruded into a vineyard that had been Virote jostrado, a shaft with a little plate full of tharp points at the end, that it ! may knock down the game.

Trága virôte, a fellow that walks as stiff as if he had fivallowed a flake.

Mirár por el wirótr, to miud one's bufiness, as he who is to shoot looks narrowly to his thaft.

Echár un wiróte tras ótra, to fend one thaft after another. When one fer-

both stay; or when a man throws away good money after bad. VIRRE'INA, f. m. the viceroy's wife. VIRREINATO, f. m. the dignity or office of the viceroy, and the time that his government lasts. VIRREY, f m. a viceroy. VIRRE'INO, f. m. vide VIRREINA. VIRTUA'L, adj. virtual. VIRTUALMENTE, adv. virtually. VIRTU'D, f. f. virtue. Perdér su viriud, to wither, said of Hacer de necessidad viriud, to make a virtue of necessity. Prov. Virtudes wencen senales, virtue overcomes ill tokens; that is, though a man seem to be ill inclined, he may overcome all bad tokens and inclinations, and be virtuous. VIRTUOSAME'NTE, adv. virtuoufly, VIRTUO'SO, adj. virtuous. VIRUE'LAS, f. f. pl. the fmall-pox. VIRULE'NCIA, f. f. virulence. FIRULE'NTO, adj. virulent. VIRUITA, f. f. a thin bit of lath or chr.

VIS

VISAGE, f. f. the face, the vifage, Hacer viságes, to make faces. VISA'GRA, f. f. a hinge. PISA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant, the eyer. VI'SCERAS, f. 1. the bowels, the intestines. VISCO'NDE, a viscount. VISCOSIDAID, f. f. vi. iousness, clammineis. VISCO'SO, adj. viscous, clammy, slick. ing like birdlime. VISE'RA, f. f. the vizor of a helmet. Calár la viséra, to pull down the vizor or beaver of a helmet in order to engage an enemy. VISIBILIDA'D, f. f. visibility, the state of being visible. VISIBLE, adj that may be seen. VISIBLEMENTE, adv. vifilly. VISIO'N, f. f. vision, apparition. Ver visiones, to be run away with one's own imaginations. Ver v'siones,, to see spectres; said to ne dicule ugly people that are approaching or coming to us. VISIONA'RIO, adj. visionary, belonging to a vision. FISIR, f. m. a visier among the Turki-

l'ISI'TA, f f, a visit, a visitation, a fearch, an enquiry; also a visitant, one who goes to see another. Visita de náirs, the fearching of flips by the king's officers to clear them. Visita de juéz à prelial, a judge's going a circuit to try causes, or a prelater going his vifitation.

Visita de carcel, a gaol delivery. FISITACIO'N, I. f. vinitation, fearth, enquiry. TISITADOR, f. m. visiter, searcher.

FISITA'R, e. a. to visit, to search, to try, to enquire into.

Visitar lugares santo, to go pilgrimages, to frequent places of devotion.

Visitar como juéz o prelávo, to go a visitation as a bishop, or a circuit as a judge.

Visi ar comadres, to go gossiping from one house to another. Visitarse, v. r. to visit, to keep up the

intercourse of ceremonial falutations at the houses of each other.

I'ISII'O, adj. visible, obvious, to the cyc.

FISLUMBRAR, v. a. to dazzle. PISLUMBRE, f. f. a dazzling light; alto a glimmering. 11/80.

fight.

Hacer wifes, to glimmer as a glass does in the sun. VISO'JO, adj. squint-eyed. VISONO f. m v. BISONO. FISO'RIO, adj. belonging to the fight. ITSORRE'T, f. m. a viceroy. ITSPERA, f. f. the eve of a feast, or any other day. Tyreras, pl. the vespers, the evening service. En vispéras, very near. Visiéras Sicilianas, the Sicilian vespers. VISTA, f. f. the fight, the fense of feeing; also aspect, appearance. Vijla, the eye or eyes; also a vision or apparition. Vista, notice, knowledge. Awista de, before, or with the. Vissa de aduána, one who visits the goods and feals them. Vijias, pl. the windows and doors of any edifice; also a prospect. A ia vista, facing, near, just by. A la vista, directly, without dilatation. Comér à trazar con la vista, to look at one very angry. Estar a la vista, to be observing. PISTI'LLAS, f. f. pl. an high place to discover the country or the fea. PISTOS AME'NTE, adv. beautifully. VIsTO'SO, adj fightly, gay, beautiful; in cant, the coat. Vijiosos, pl. in cant, the eyes. VISUA'L, adj. vifual.

VIT

VITA'L, adj. vital, belonging to the

FITALI'CIO, adj. during the life of one. VITALIDA'D, f. f. vitality, power of sublishing in life. VITE'LA, f. f. a young helfer; also the leather made of a cow's skin. VITELI'NA, adj. fem. of a dark colour, speaking of the bile or choler. VITO, f. m. food, sustenance, provifion. VITOR, f. m. v. VICTOR. VITO'RIA, f. f. victory. VITORIOSAME'NTE, adv. victorious-VITORIO'SO, adj. victorious. ITTUEO, adj. vitreous, glaffy.

ITRIFICACIO'N, f. f. vitrification, production of glass. FITRIFICA'R, v. a. to vitrify, to change into glass. ITTRIO'LO, f. m. vitriol, copperas. VITUA'LLA, f. f. victuals, provisi-VITUPERN'BLE, adj. blame-worthy. FITUPERACIO'N, f. f. blame cen fure.

· THUPERADO'R, f. m. a blamer, a cenfurer.

FITUPERAR, v. a. to blame, to cenfure. TITUPE'RIO. f. m. blame, censure. VHUPERIOS AMENIE, adj. injurioully, thamefully, ignominioully. FITUPERO'SO, adj. ignominious, shameful, shamelest.

VIV

PIVA! an interjection; let him live. Piva d réy! may the king live! used in acclamations. Thua qu'en vence, let the conqueror live. Applied to those who are always for the drongest party. Physic, f. m. an extraordinary night horfe-guard for the fecurity of a

camp,

PIPACIDA'D, f. f. liveliness, spright-

VIVANDE'RO, f. m. a vivandier, a futler to an army. VIVA'QUE, s. m. a small quarter soi foldiers. VIVAR, f. m. a coney-warren. VIVARACHO, adj. brifk. gay, lively. PIVA'Z, adj. strong, full of vigour; alfo gay, active, lively, VIVE'RO, f. m. a park or a warren; also a pool, a maishy place. VIVERES, f. m. pl. provisions for a place, aimy, or ship. VIVEZA, s. f. liveliness, sprightliness. VIVIDO'R, f. m. one that knows how to live well. VIVIE'ND 1, f. f. a dwelling. VIVIE NTE, f. m. a living creature. VIVIFICACIO'N, f. f. vivification. VIVIFICADO'R, f. m. vivifier. VIVIFICA'R, v. a. to give life, to enliven. VIVI'P ARO, adj. viviparous, bringing the young alive. VIVI'R, v. n. to live. Vivir, to live, to dwell. Viva v. m. mil ans,, I thank you. Vivir a cuenta à voluntad de otro, tobe maintained by another. Vizir en una casa, to live in a house. Como se vive, se mure, such life, such death. Piov. Quien quisière vivir sano côma poco y cene temprano, he that would be healthy, must eat temperately, and sup betimes. VIVO, adj. alive. Estár en carnes vivas, to be naked. Vivo, ingenious, crafty; also inconsider-Vivo, active, diligent. Al vivo, very like. Guerra viva, actual war. Ojos vivos, very gay and lively eyes.

VIU

of the structure.

VIU'DA, f. f. a widow. VIUDEDAD, f. f. widowhood. VIUDO, f. m. a widower.

VIZ

VIZCA'CHA, f. f. a kind of hare in America. VIZCONDA'DO, f. m. the flate, or title of a viscount. VIZCO'NDE, f. m. a viscount. VIZCONDE'SA, f. f. a viscountels.

$\mathbf{V} \circ \mathbf{A}$

POACE', quied by ruflians and bul-POARCE', I lies, and sometimes by country sellows for used, or wuestra merced, your worship; you, sir.

VOC

FOCA'BLO, f. m. a word. I'OCABULA'RIO, f. m. 7 a vocabu-L'OCABULARI'STA, obs. \$ VOCACIO'N, f. f. a calling, a vocation. FOCAL, adj. vocal, of the voice. Una wocal, a vowel. FOCALME NTE, adv. vocally, orally, by word of mouth. FOGATITO, f. m. the vocative cafe. POCEMDO'R, f. m. one who makes outcries. YOCEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to fcream, to clamour, to declare, to call aloud. FOCERPA, 1. f. a confusion of voices.

FISO, i. m. a glimmering, a glance, a NIVANIE'NTE, adv. sprightlily, live- VOCE'RO, s. m. ool. an advocate, a lawyer. VOCIFERACIO'N, f. f. vociferation. VOCIFERADO'R, f. m. a boasser. FOCIFERA'R, v. n. to cry out aloud. FOUINGLERI'A, f. f. the noise of many voices; also talkativeness. VOCINGLE'RO, adj. who speaks very loud.

VOL FOLADE'RO, adj. that does, or can fly. POLADO'R, f. m. a flier. En volandas, adj. flying through the air; speaking of a witch. VOLANDE'RO, adj. flying, hanging in the air. FOLANTE, f. m. a fort of thin veil, any loose thing that flutters in the air. VOLANTO'N, f. m. the bird that is ready to fly. FOLA'R, v. n. to fly. Velar con johvora, to blow up with gunpowder. Volá, una gulla, to fly a hawk at a crane. Esosera como volar un bury, that is, as likely as that the ox will fly. VOLATERIA, f. f. all forts of fowl. FOLATIL, adj. that flies or can fly. VOLATILIDAD, f. f. volatility. VOLATIN, f. m. a rope-dancer. VOLCA'N, f. m. a burning mountain. VOLCA'R, v. a. to overturn El cocke se ba volcado, the coach has been overturned. POLEA'R, v. a. to make fly in the air by impulsion. any thing. the will.

POLEO, f. m. the action of making fly De un voléo, in a minute. VOLICIO'N, f. f. volition, the act of VOLQUEN'RSE, v. r. vide REVOL-CA'RSE.

Vivos, f. m. pl. in architecture, is all VOLTARIEDA'D, f. f. inconstancy. that juts out beyond the perpendicular | VOLTNRIO, adj. inconstant. VOLTEADO'R, f. m. a tumbler, a vaulter. VOLTEA'R, v. a. to rool, to tumble, to vault. VOLUBILIDAD, f. f. volubility, inconstancy, mutability. VOLUBLE, adj. voluble, inconstant,

changeable. JOLU'MEN, f. m. a volume, a bulk; fize, bignefs. FOLUMINO'SO, adj. voluminous.

VOLUNTA'D, f. f. the will or affection. POLU'NTARIAME'NTE, adv. volun-

tarily, willingly. VOLUNTA'RIO, adj. voluntary, done with a good will.

FOLUPTA'D, f. f voluptuousness. VOLUPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. voluptuoufly.

POLUPTUO'SO, adj. voluptuous. POLUTA, f. f. the volute, a member of a column.

FOLFER, v. a. to turn; also to return. Volvoer a cantar, to fing again. Volvér a decir, to say again, to repeat. Folwer por, to protect, to defend.

Tilwer, to change one thing into another. Volvér por si, to desend onesels. Volver fobre fi, to reflect upon oneself. Volverse contra algúno, to turn against

one, to be his enemy. FOLFIBLE, adj. that may be turned. VOLUMIE NTO, f. m. turning.

POLO, if. m. a disease in the VO'LVULO, } bowels fo called.

V O M

POMICO, adj. that which causes vomit. Nuis womica, the vomick nut from the East-Indies.

VOMITADO'R, adj. that vomits or throws out of itself.

VOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit.

VOMITIVO, adj. vomitive, that pro-

VO'MITO, f. m. vomit, spue.

Volvér al vémite, to return to the vomit, to fell again into any vice a man had fortaken.

FOMITO RIO, adj. that causes vomiting.

VOR.

VORACIDAD, f. f. voracity.

VORACINE, f. m. a gulph, a gap in the earth, a place that swallows up.

VORAZ, adj. voracious, greedy, gluttonous, devouring.

VO'RTICE, f. m. a vortex.

VORTICINO'SO, adj. vertical, having a whirling motion.

V O S

VOS, pron. ye or you, never used but to inferiors, or where there is great samiliarity.

VOSASTE, s. m. clownish, sor vuéstra

VO'SCO, with you, or you; a clownish word.

VOSE A'RSE, v. r. to talk to one another by thee and thou.
VOSO TROS, ye, or you, in the plural

VOT

number.

VOTADO'R, s. m. a swearer.

VOTA'R, v. n. to vote, to vow, to swear.

VOTO'NO, adj. that has been rowed.

VOTO, s. m. a vow, a vote, an oath.

Tevér voto en concéjo, to have a vote in council.

Voto a tal, an expression to avoid swearing.

Dar su voto, to give on's vote.

Decir su voto, to deliver one's opinion.

$\mathbf{v} \circ \mathbf{z}$

VOZ, f. f. a voice, the noise any creature makes, the sound of an instrument, a report.

Dar una voz, to call aloud to.

Tener voz en capítulo, to have a vote in an assembly.

Pública voz, common fame.

Corrér voz, a report to be spread abroad.

A una voz, unanimously, by common consent.

A voz de pregonéro, proclaimed by a crier.

Dar woes, to cry out, to hollow. VOZNA'R, v. n. to cry like a swan or other aquatick bird.

VUE

VUECELE'NCIA, an abbreviation of vuéstra excellencia, your excellency.
VUE'LCO, s. m. overturn,

VUE'LO, f. m. flight; elevation of the mind.

Vuélos, pl. russes.

VUE'LTA, s. f. a turning about, a way about.

Venir de vuelta, to come back.

Dar una vuelta en el aire, to turn round without touching the ground.

Dar una vuélta de azótes, to give one a whipping.

Ir la quélta de una parte, to go toward fuch a place.

fuch a place.

Otra vuelta, another time.

A vuelta de viage, returning home from a voyage.

Andár a vueltas, to quarrel.

Dar una vuelta, to take a short turn.

Ponér de vuelta y media, to affront, to abuse one.

Tener vueltas, to be inconstant.

VUE'LTO, p. p. of volvér; turced.

VUE'SSO,

VUE'STRO, { pron. yours.

Vuestra mercéd, you, sir; you, madam.

VUL

VULGA'CHO, s. m. the mob.

VULGA'R. adj. vulgar, common.

VULGARIDA'D, s. f. vulgarity; belonging to, or usual with the mob.

VULGARIZA'R, v. n. to become com-

VULGARME NTE, adv. vulgarly.
VU'LGO, s. m. the rabble, the mcb, the multitude, the populace.

Prov. No perdóna el vúlgo, tácha de nin. gúno, the mob spares no body.

VULNERA' BLE, adj. vulnerable, that

vull very can be wounded.

VULNERACION, f. f. the act of wound.

Ing.

VULNERA'R, v. a. to wound.

VULNERA'RIO, adj. that head

wounds.

VULPE'JA, f. f. a fox.

VULTO, f. m. face, visage.

VULTU'RNO, f. m. the name of a wind.

VU'LVA, f. f. the womb.

V U S

VU'SCO, a rustick word; the same as con vos otros, with you.

VUSTE'D, s. m. the same, as usted or vuestra merced, your worship; you, sir, you, madam.

TTBE'RIMO, adj. superi. extraordinary fruitful.

UBI

UBICACIO'N, f. f. ubication, local relation. UBICARSE, v. r. to be in a certain place. U'BIO, s. m. obs. v. YU'GO. UBIQUID A'D, s. f. ubiquity, omnipresence.

UBR

U'BRE, f. f. the udder of any creature. UBRE'RA, f. f. a fort of fore in a child's mouth.

UCE

UCE, a rustick word; the same as vuestra merced, your worship. UCE'NCIA, f. f. the same as vuéstra excellencia, your excellency.

UFA

UFANAMEN'TE, adv. brifkly, contentedly, mettlesomely; also conceitedly. UFANA'RSE, v.r. to be conceited, to boast; also to be merry or brisk. UFANE'RO, f. m. obf. a boafter. UFANE'ZA, \(\) f. f. brifkness, contentedness, mettle; also UFANI A, UFANIDA'D, conceitedness. UF NO, adj. brisk, mettlesome, contented, full of fatisfaction; also conceited.

ULC

If. f. an ulcer. U'LCERA, ULCERACIO'N, f. f. ulceration. ULCERA'R, v. n. to ulcerate. ULCERO'SO, adj. full of ulers.

ULT

ULTERIO'R, adj. farther, on the farther

fide. ULTERIORME'NTE, adv. farther, beyond. ULTIMADAME'NTE, Ladv. lastly. ULTIMAME'NTE, ULTIMA'R, v. a. to finish, to put an end to. ULTIMIDAD, f. f. ultimity, the last itage. U'LT'IMO, adj. Iast. ULI RA, adv. besides, morcover. ULTRAJAMIE'NTO, s. m. vide UL-TRAJE. ULTRAJA'R, v. a. to commit outrage,

to wrong, to abuse, to assront, to reproach. ULTRAIJE, f. m. an outrage, an abuse, an affront, a reproach. ULTRAJOS AME'NTE, adv. abusively,

reproachfully. ULTRAJO'SO, adj. abusive, reproachful, affronting.

ULTRAMARI'NO, adj. foreign, that is or comes from beyond the fea. ULTRAMONTA'NO, adj. on the farther fide, or beyond the mountain. ULTRIZ, adj. fem. that revenges.

ULU

U'I.ULA, s. f. a bird so called. ULULATO, s. m. the act of howling.

UMB

UMBILICA'L, adj. belonging to the

navel.

UMBRA'L, f. m. the threshold of the door. UMBRALA'R, v. a. to put a beam across upon the opening left in building for a window or a door. UMBRA'TICO, adj. relating to shadow. UMBRI'A, f. f. any shady place. UMBRIOSO, adj. shady, full of shade.

UN, adj. m. onc. Un hombre, one man; un cavallo, one hore: ever used when before a substantive; for in other cases it is uno, as if one alk how many, the answer is uno, or una,; but un is only of the masculine gender.

UNA

UNA, adj. fem. one; una mugér, one woman. La una, one of the clock. A una, together, at once. UNA'NIME, adj. unanimous. UNANIMEME'NTE, adv. unanimoufly. UNANIMIDA'D, f. f. unanimity.

UNC

U'NCIA, s. f. an ancient coin, whose value is not known. UNCIO'N, f. f. unction, anointing. Extrêma uncion, the sacrament of extreme unction given only to people in a dying condition. UNCIO'NES, pl. salivation. Por fedir pedira la unción, rather than not beg, he will beg the extreme unction. UNCIR, v. a. to yoke oxen.

UND

UNDECAGONO, f. m. a figure of eleven angles or fides. UNDE'CIMO, adj. cleventh. UNDI'SONO, adj. making a found like [water falling. UNDO'SO, adj. wavy, full of waves; used only by poets; as mar unab.o,

UNG

the wavy fea.

UNGARINA, f. f. a man's coat made in the Hungarian fashion. UNGIMIENTO, f. m. v. UNCIO'N. UNGI'R, v. a. to anoint. UNGUENTARIO, f. m. a maker or teller of ointments. UNGUENTA, I. m. ointment.

UNI

UNICAMEINTE, adv. fingularly. UNICAPULE, adj. that has but one stalle. U'NICO, adj. fingular, the only one. UNICO'RNIO, f. m. an unicorn. ULIRO'NEO, adj. that offers itself UNIDAME'NTE, adv. jointly. UNID ND, f. f unity. without requiring any fearch or in- UNIFICAR, v a. to make one of many by union or mixture.

UNIFORMA'R, v. a. to make uniform. UNIFO'RME, adj. uniform. UNIFORME'NTE, adv. uniformly. UNIFORMIDA'D, f. f. uniformity. UNIGE'NITO, adj. the only begotten. UNIO'N, f. f. union. UNI'R, v. a. to unite. UNI'SONO, adj. unifon. UNITIFO, adj. unitive, that joins, that unites. UNITO/SO, UNITUO'SO, {adj. v. UNITIFO. UNIVERSAIL, adj. universal. UNIVERSALIDA'D, s. f. universality. UNIVERSALME'NTE, adv. univerfally. UNIVERSIDAD. f. f. university. UNII'E'RSO, f. m. the universe, the world. '-UNIFOCO, adj. that has one fignification, UNO

UNO, adj. onc. Uno por uno, one by one.

UNT

UNTADO'R, s. m. an anointer, a dauber UNTADURA, f. f. an anointing, a daubing. UNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem. UNIA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub. Uniar la mano, to greafe the sit, to bribe. UNTAZA, f. f. a coarse ointment. UN'TO, f. m. ointment, sat, grease. UNTOISO, 7 adj. fat, greafy, daub-UNTUO'SO, \(\frac{1}{5}\) ing. UNTUOSIDAD, f. f. greafiness. UNTU'RA, f. f. anointing, daubing. UNTURILLA, f. f. a little anointing.

UñA

Und, f. f. the nail of a man's singer or toe, the hoof of a beaft, the talon or claw of a bird. It is also a hardness or feab, growing upon balls where they are galled. Una de catállo, the herb colts foot. Una de ásno, the herb foal-soot. Uña de ánela, the slunke of an anchor. Una de wáca, cow-heal. Sol con anas, the sun when it shines out now and then from amidft the watery clouds.

Hacer el testamento en la úna, to make a man's will on his nail; to have nothing to leave.

Sacar por la una la grandeza del léon, to guess at the bigness of a lion by his claw.

Panéise en weinte unas, to fland upon twenty nails; that is, upon all four. Tener unas, to be hard to be underflood.

Prov. Unas de gáro, y bábito de beáto, a cat's claws, and a religious man's habit. A wolf in fleep's cloathing. UnA'DA, f. f. a mark made with the nail, the impression lest by the nail. UnaRADA, f. f. a teratch with a

UnE

nail.

UnE'RO, f. m. the little skin that flies up about the nails; fometimes taken for a whitlow. UnETA, f. f. a play among children.

U ñ I

UnIDU'RA, f. f. a coupling, a yoking. UnI'R, v. a. to couple, to yoke.

UiU

UnUE'LA, f. f. a little nail, claw, talon, or hoof.

UP

UPA'R, v. n. to struggle in order to get up or to rife high.

URA

URACHO, f. m. in anatomy, the aperture at which the urine issues.

URB

URBANAME'NTE, adv. courteoully, civilly.
URBANIDA'D, f. f. civility.
URBA'NO, adj. civil, courteous, well beloved.

URC

URCA, f. f. a vessel called a hulk; also a sort of whale.

URCE, f. m. an herb so called.

URD

URDIDE'RA, s. f. an engine used by weavers; and sem. or urdidor.

URDIDO'R, s. m. who warps in a loom; also who contrives or begins.

URDIDU'RA, s. f. wurping in a loom; a contrivance, a beginning.

URDIE'MBRE, g. m. the warp in a URDIMBRE, S. loom.

URDI'R, v. a. to warp in a loom; also to contrive, to begin.

URE -

URE'TERA, f. f. the urethra.

URG

URGE'NCIA, f. f. urgency. URGE'NTE, adj. urgent, pressing. URGI'R, v. n. to urge.

URI

URINA, f. f. urine. UKINA'RIO, adj. urinary.

URN

URNA, f. f. an urn, such as anciently they preserved the ashes of the dead in. URNICA, f. f. diamin. of urna.

URO

URO, s. m. a wild bull.

URS

URSA, f. f. v. OSSA.

USA

USACIO'N, f. f. v. USO.

USADAMENTE, adv. customarily.

USA'GE, f. m. v. USO.

USA'GRE, f. m. a tetter, a ring-worm.

USA'NZA, f. f. usage, use, fashion, custom.

USA'R, v. a. to use, to accustom, to be in fashion.

Prov. Lo que se usa no se escusa, what is

USI

fashionable cannot be avoided.

USIE'R, f. m. a door-keeper, a messenger, a groom of the great chamber. USITA'DO, adj. usual, frequent.

USO

USO, s. m. use, custom, fashion. Also the usance of exchange.

Ujò hace macstro, use makes a master, or makes a perfect man.

UST

USTA'GA, s. f. a sea-term; I think it means a pulley, but am not sure.

USTE'D, (an abbreviation of vuestra mer-ced) you, sir; you, madam.

USTIO'N, s. f. the actual burning of any thing.

USU

USUA'L, adj. customary, usual.

USUFRU'CTO, s. m. the growing profits or advantage reaped by land, houses, employments, &c.

USUFRUCTUARIO, s. m. he that receives the profit or advantage made of a thing, but is not the proprietor.

USU'RA, s. f. usury.

USURA'R v. n. to usure, to practise USUREA'R, susury.

USURA'RIO, adj. usurious.

USURE'RO, s. m. an usurer.

USURPACIO'N, s. f. usurpation, taking another man's right.

USURPADO'R, s. m. an usurper.

USURPA'R, v. a. to asurp, to possess

UTE

UTENSI'LIOS, f. m. pl. utensils, no cessaries in a house.

UTE'RO, f. m. the womb.

UTI

UTILIDA'D, s. f. usefulness, profitable, beneficial, UTILIDA'D, s. f. usefulness, profitable, ness.

UTILIDA'D, s. f. usefulness, profitable,
UTILIME'NTE, adv. usefully, profitable,
UTILIZA'R, v. a. to be profitable.

Utilizarse, v. r. to get some benefit from any thing.

UTR

UTRE'RA, s. f. a young heifer.
UTRE'RO, s. m. a steer, a young bullock.

$\mathbf{U} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{A}$

UVA, s. f. a grape:

Uva all'illa, a sort of sweet grape.

Uva créspa, or espina, a gooseberry.

Uva de pérro, the wild bay-tree.

Uva pássa, a raisin.

Uva lupina, the herb wolf-bane.

Uvas javiés, a sort of small but excel.

lent grapes.

Uwas de Almunécar, grapes of Almune.
car, which are long.

Uwas ligeruélas, the grapes that are field ripe.

Uva canilla, the plant called o-dinary yellow prickmadam, or stonecrop.

Hacérse uva, to be drunk.

Ponér a uno de uva casca, to leave a man like the buss of a casca.

like the husk of a grape, after the wire is pressed out; to strip him of all he has. UVA'DA, s. f. plenty of grapes, UVAGUEMAE'STRO, s. m. an officer in the army, under whose care is the baggage.

UVATE, s. m. a sort of conserve.

UVASPI'N, s. m. a gooseberry.

UVE

U'VEA, adj. fem. the appellative of one of the tunicks of the eye.
UVE'RO, f. m. one who fells grapes.

UVASPINE'RO, f. m. agoofeberry bush.

UVI

UVILLA, f. f. a small fort of grapes.

$\mathbf{U} \mathbf{X}$

UXIE'R, f. m. an inferior officer at court, a porter.

X

in Spanish is sometimes pronounced in the throat, and has the same sound with the J consonant, or jota.

X A B

XABALO'N, f. m. one of the small beams that form the roof of a house. XABALONA'R, v. a. to place the small beams in forming the roof of a house. XABLACO'N, f. m. the same as xabalon. $\overline{XABALCONA'R}$, v. a. the same as xabalonar.

XABE'BA, f. f. a fort of Moorish pipe to play on.

Xabeba, a large net so called. XABE'CA, f. f. a large net fo called. XABE'GA, f. f. the same musical instrument as xabiba; as also the same

net as xabeba and xabeca.

XABEGUE'RO; adj. that fishes with the xobiga, or belonging to the net called

xabiga. XABE'QUE, f. m a kind of vessel called a shebeck; it is a fort of large galley driven with oars.

XABO'N, f. m. foap-

XABONA'R, v. a. to loap, to wash with foap.

Xabonar a une, to reprove a man sharply. XABONCI'LLO, f. m. washing balls perfumed, used to shave.

XABONE'RA, f. t. the herb foap-wort. XABONERI'A, f f. the place where the foap boilers live.

XABONE'RO, f. m. a foap-beiler. XABONE'TE, f. m. a wash ball.

XAC

XA'CARA, f. f. a fong fo called; also a fort of dance.

Xácara, a gang of young people singing | Xaque y maie, checkmate. at night through the fireets; also a lie, a story.

XACARANDA'NA, I f. in cant, the XACARANI'NA, gibberish, or language of rogues and goal-birds; a company or gang of them; a cant, or a canting crew.

XACAREA'R, v. n. to fing a fong called xúcara; also to plague and vex one. XACARE'RO, f. m. one who likes to firg xáciras.

XA'UARO, f. m. a bully, a boafter, a bravo.

XdCO, f. m. a kind of fhort fack wore arciently by foldiers. Xáco, f. m. v. XAIQUE.

$X \land D$

XdDA, f. f. obf. v. AZ.1'DA. XADIA'R, v. a. to dig with a spade.

X A E

XAE'Z, v. JAE'Z.

X A G

XA'GA, f. f. obf. v. LLA'GA. XAGUADE'RO, f. m. obf. v. DESA-GUADERO.

$X/V_1/H$

XAHARRAR, v. n. v. JAHARAR, to platter wall with fine lime. XAHA'RRO, f. m. fine plaster for plattering of walls. XAIIERPZ, f. f. obf. an oil-mill.

XAL

XALA'PA, the purging root called julap.

XALEA'R, v. a. to call the dogs in hunting. XALES, f. m. obs. canvass to cover waggons. XALES, f. m. a kind of very coarfe linen cloth. X: LLU'LLO, f. m. a bit of dough made

a cake and baked on charcoal. XALMA, S. f. v. ENXA'LMA. XALO'QUE, f. m. the fouth-west wind. XALVEGA'R, v. a. to white-wash. La casa está bién xalvigáda, the house

X A M

was well white-washed.

CA'R.

forrow.

XAMACUCO, f. m. v. ZAMACUCO. XAMA'R. v. a. v. LLAMA'R. XdMRORLIE R, f. m. an officer about the king's person so called. XAMBRAR, v. a. v. ENXAMBRAR. XAMETE, f. m. a fort of fattinet, half filk half woilled. XAMU'GA, f. f. a particular fort of faddle made for women to ride on. XAMUSCAR, v. a. vide CHAMUS.

X A N

XANDALO, adj. affected in speaking or in walking. XANO, adj. obf. v. LLANO.

XAP

XAPC'IPA, f. f. a fort of pancake.

X A Q

XA'QUE, f. m. a check at chess; in cant, a russian, a belly. Xáque de aqui, go out. XAQUE'CA, f. f. v. AXAQU'ECA. XA'QUETA, f. f. a fort of loofe upper garment. XAQUIMA. f. f. a halter for a beaff.

XAQUIMA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with a halter. Xaquimázo, missortune, hurt, cause of

X A R

NARA, f. f. applant fo called.

Auta, a kind of dart or arrow. XARM' EE, f. m. frup, a fweet draught made by apothecaries for fick people. XARABEATRSE, v. r. to make use of fyrups. XARA!Z, f. m. v. I.AGA'R. NARAL, f. m. a heath, a place full of firabs or buffics. XARAMAGO, f. m. wild rape. XA'RCIAS, f. f. pl. the rigging of a thip; all forts of fishing-tackle. NARETAS, f. f. pl. the nettings in a ship; nets made of small ropes, used to cover men in close fight; also the XVA, f. f. v. CIIVA. grating made like lattice-windows for the light and air to pass through. XARYFE, f. m. v. XERIFE.

NARPFO, adj. curious, beautiful, lovely, delicate.

XAROPAR, v. a. to drench, to purge. NAROTE, f. m. a potion, a dreach, a purge. XARÖPEA'R, v. a. v. XAROPAR.

XARAGIN, f. m. a garden of pleafure. XARRO, f. m. a vociserous man, a feolding woman.

X A U

XAURA'DA, adj. afflicted, forrowful, comfortless. XA'URIA, f. f. a pack of hounds. XAUTO, adj. infipid, wanting falt.

XEA

XE'A, f. f. obf. the name of a duty paid upon goods by the Moors.

XEF

XE'FE, f. m. schief, a commander of a party.

XEL

XELFE, s. m. in cant, a slave.

XEM

XEMA'L, adj. belonging to the meafure of a span called xeme. XE'ME, f. in. half a foot, or as much as a man can span with his thumb and foré-finger. Xeme, the female face.

$_{-}$ XEN

XENA'BE, XENA'BE, f. m mustard. XENO, adj. obf. v. ZLENO.

XEP

XEPE, f. m. v. ALUMBRE.

XEQ

XE'QUE, s. m. a lord, a commander, a governor.

XER

XERA, f. f. as much land as a pair of ex n can plough in a day. XL'RGA, f. f. a coarse fort of fluff like fack-cloth.

Estar una cosa en xerga, to be begun, and not finished; coarse and unpolished. XE/RGON, f. m. a straw bed.

XERDFL, f. m. a title of dignity among the Moors XERPNGA, f, f. a fyringe; also trouble

vexation. XERINGA'R, v. a. to fyringe; also to molefl, to plague.

XLR/NGAZO, i. m. fyringing. XERQUERIA, s. s. a slaughter-house

where they kill sheep.

XET

XEITA, f. f. a mushroom; metaph, they give this name to a black's mouth, or a hog's fnout. Nota de prscádo, a sish-pond.

X I A

$X I \Lambda$

XIBIA, f. f. the cuttle-fifh. XIBIO'N, f. m. the cuttle-bone or fifh.

XIC

XICARA, f. f. a dish used to drink chocolate out of.

XIF

XIFA, f. f. the bad part of the meat

that they throw away when they kill beafts.

XIFERI'A, s. f. the action of killing sheep or oxen, as butchers do.
XIFE'RO, adj. clownish, dirty.

Xiféro, s. m. a butcher; also a butcher's knife.

XIFERA'DA, f. f. a blow with fuch a knife.

XIL

XILGUE'RO, f. m. a bird called a gold-finsh.

XILOBA'LSAMO, f. m. the balmtree.

Xilobálfamo, f. m. a balsam made by boiling and squeezing the leaves of the balsam trees.

X I M

XIMELGA, f. f. sailors call it a fish, being a piece of timber or plank, made saft either to mast or yard to strengthen it when in danger of breaking.

XI'MIA, f. f. a she-ape. XI'MIO, f. m. a he-ape; metaph. one that is always making ugly faces.

XIR

XI'RIDE, f. f. a plant so called.

X I S

XISCA, f. f. a kind of wild reed fo called.

XIT

XITA'R, v. a. to drive out, to drive away.

X I X

XIXALLO, f. m. a shrub so called.

XIXALLA'R, f. m. the mountain where
the xixallo grows in abundance.

$\mathbf{X} \mathbf{Q}$

XO, a word used to stop horses or other beasts.

X O R

XORGOLIN, s. m. in cant, the subordinate companion of a rogue.

XUA

XUAGA'RZO, s. m. a thorny bush that grows in mountainous places so called.

XUB

XUBE'TE, f. m. an armour formerly in use,

XUC

XUCLA, f. f. one of the seven signs that the Arabs place on their consonants to denote some vowel.

ХÜĞ

XUGO, f. m. the juice of any herb or fruit.

XUGOSIDA'D, juiciness, juice.

XUGO'SO, adj. full of juice. XU'GUE, f. m. filthiness, foulness.

XUL

XULO, the leader of the flock; the same as manso.

XUR

XURE'L, f. m. a fort of fish so called.

XUT

XUTA, f. f. an American bird so called, easily domesticated.

V

** ** * * *

¥

Is properly a Greek vowel, but often used in Spanish.

7, a conjunction copulative; and.

7, an interjection, denoting anger or contempt.

Y A

YA, adv. already.
In sia, obf. supposing, granting,
Ya se suc, he is gone,

Y A C

YACE'R, v. n. to lie in a place. Commonly used on tombstones; as, acqui yaze, here lies such a one.

2'ACI'JA, f. f. a bed or the like where one lies.

Ser de mala yacija, to be full of pains; also to be a mean, base, wandering fellow.

YACTU'RA, f. f. loss.

1

Y A M

YAMBO, f. m. an inmbick; a Latin foot fo called that has the first fyllable short, the second long.

YA'MBICO, adj. confisting of iambicks.

YAN

YANTAR, s. m. food, meat.

Yantár, v. a. to eat, to breakfast.

Yantár, s. m. a tax that was formerly so called.

YAR

YA'RO, f. m. the herb cuckoopit or calves-foot.

YEG

YE'GUA, f. f. a mare.

Prov. El que desalába la yegua, este la lleva, he who dispraises the mare, has her.

YEGUA'DA, f. f. a herd of marcs.

YEGUECITA, f. f. a little marc.
-YEGUE'RO, f. m. a keeper of marcs.
YEGUEZUE'LA, f. f. a little or young marc.

YEL

YE'LMO, f. m. a helmet, a head-piece.

YER

YERMA'R, v. n. to make waste, to depopulate. YE'RMO, adj. desert, not inhabited.
Yérmo, s. m. a desert, a solitude.
Un padre del yermo. one of the holy anchorets of old.
YE'RRO, s. m. an error, a mistake.
YE'RTO, adj. stiff, stretched out, extended, like a dead body.
YE'RVO, s. m. a plant so called, which

YES

produces little pods like pea pods.

Yesca, whatever is quite dry, and disposed of course to kindle and be burnt.
Yesca, the incentive of any passion.
YESCO, s. m. the herb danewert, or dwarf-elder.

YEZ

YEZGO, f. m. a kind of willow.

Y O

Yo, pronoun, I. Latin ego.
Yo, often used as an interjection of contempt.

YOG

YOGA'R, v. a. obs. to rejoice, to make merry i

merry; also to join in carnal copulation; also to be, to stay, to remain, to abide. YOGUIR, v. a. obs. the same as yogar.

YU

JUCCA, f. f. a root in America, of which the natives make a kind of bread.

· YUG,

YUGA'DA, f. f. an acre of ground, or as much as a yoke of oxen can plough up in a day. TUGE, f. m. obf. a judge, 1UGO, f. m. a yoke.

Yugz, matrimony. Tugo, law, superior authority. Tugo, any heavy or oppressive thing. Yugo de navio, a strong timber that YUNTA, f. f. a yoke of oxen. strengthens the stern of a ship. Sacudir el yugo, to throw off all kind of obedience or subordination.

Sujetárse al yugo, to submit to the dominion or order of.

YUGUE'RO, f. m. a ploughman. YUGULA'R, adj. jugular; said of the veins in the throat.

YUN

YU'NQUE, f. m. an anvil. Prov. Quando fueres yunque, sufre como cómo mariállo, when you are an anvil, bear like an anvil; when you are a hammer, strike like a hammer. That is, suit yourself always to your conditions.

YUNTERI'A, f. f. the place where they keep oxen.

TUNTE'RO, f. m. one who guides oxen when they plough.

YUNTO, adj. (rustick for junto) joined, united.

YUS

YUSE'RA, f. f. an horizontal stone used in oil mills. YU'SO, adv. obf. beneath, under. De Dies un suso, under God. yunque; quando fueres martillo, biere YUSSION, f. f. an order, or the thing ordered.

YUY

YUYUBA, f. f. v. AZUFA'IFA.

The last letter of the Spanish alphabet.

ZA, a word used in some parts to frighten dogs.

Z A B

ZABIDA.) f. f. a kind of house-leek, Zd'BILA. \ or rather of aloes. ZABO'RDA, f. f. the running of a thip aground. ZABORDA'R, v. n. to run a thip

aground.

ZABO'RDO, f. m the running a thip aground.

ZA'BRA, f f. a fort of vessel or ship. Zanuca''R, v. a. to overturn, to mingle, to mix; also to push.

ZABULLI'DA, f. f. vide $ZA^{h}iBUL$ -Ll'DA.

ZABULLIDU'RA, f. f. plunging, finking suddenly into water.

ZABULLI'R, v. a. to plunge, to put fuddenly under water.

Zabulilije, v. r. to plunge, to fink fuddealy into water; also to disappear, to hide one's felf.

$Z \wedge C$

ZACAPE'LLA, f. f. any noify quarrel, dispute, contest. ZACATIN, f. m. a market, a rag dair. ZACEA'R, v. a. to frighten dogs.

ZAFA, f. f. v. ALBO'RNIA. ZAFA'DA, f. f. clearing out a ship.

 $\mathbf{Z} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{F}$

Zafada, flight, hastening away, running

ZAFA'R, via. to adorn, to beautify; alfo to clear a fhip.

Zajá se, v. r. to run away, to fly; to excule one's felf from doing a thing.

ZAFARE CHE, i. m. vide ESTA'N-

of pomegranate.'

ZAFARI'CHE, f. m. a board to put earthen pots upon.

ZAFERIA, t. f. a firm, a village. ZAFIEDA'D f. f. ruflicity either in language or conduct.

ZAFIO, adj. rude, ruttical, unpolished, unskilled, ignorant, groß.

ZATO, adj. free, without hindrance; alto safe, fice from danger or hurt; free in his behaviour, alert.

Z A G

ZA'GA, adv. obf. behind. Zaga, f. f the extremity behind. Zaga, the load put in the back part of a cart. Zaga, f. m. he who is the last player, the left hand. No ir in zaga, no quedar se en zaga, not to be behind or inferior to others in any

thing. ZAGA'L f. m. a flout youth, a shep-

herd. ZAGA'I.A, fem. of ≈agāl.

ZAGALE'JA, fem. ot zagalejo. ZAGALETTO, f. m. a young country lad; also a fort of women's petticont.

ZaGALITO, f. m. dimin. of zagal. ZAGUA'N, f. m. a porch or entry to a houfe.

ZAGUANE'TE, f. m. dimin. of $\approx a$ guan.

ZAGUE'RO, adj. the last, the hindmost, that remains behind,

ZAH

ZAHARE'ño, adj. (páxaro zahareño) a wild bird.

Zabarino, disdainful, wild.

ZAHARRO'N, f. m. vide MOHARRA'-CHE.

ZaFARI', adj. (granada zafarî) a kind ZAHE' N, adj. the appellative of gold coin. formerly called dobla zaben. coin, formerly called dobla zuben.

ZAHERI'DOR, f. m. reproacher cenfurer.

ZAHERIMIE'NTO, f. m. reproach; censure. ZAHERI'R, v. a. to blame, to re-

proach. ZAHI'NAS, f. f. pl. a kind of pap that

is eaten, lo called ZAHO'N, f. m. great and wide breechess

ZAH INADO, adj of a dusky colour. ZAHONDA'R, v. a. to fink in the carth.

ZAHORI', f. m. an imposter who pretends to into the bowels of the earth, through flone walls, or into a man's body.

ZAHO'RRA, f. f. the ballast of a ship. ZallUMa'R, v. a. v. SAUMA'R.

ZAHUMERIO, f. m. vide SAUME. RIO.

ZAHU'RDA, f. f. a hog-fly; also any dark or filthy place.

$Z \Lambda I$

ZAl'DA, f. f. a kind of bird to called. ZAUNA, f. f. in cant, the purfe. ZAI'NO, adj. dark chefnut without mixture of any other colour. Zaino, adj. treacherous, falle. Mirar de zaino, à le zaine, to look us dissembling deceitful people do.

$Z \wedge L$

ZALA, f. f. the Moorish prayers, devotion, or worthip.

Hacer

Hacer la zala à uno, to court one.

ZALAGA'RDA, f. f. any confused noise made by low people; also a quarrel among bullies on purpose to be parted. Zalagarda, f. f. a false alarm given to an

enemy to harass him.

Zalagárda, a sudden sally out of an ambush with shouts; also a snare or a malicious and deceitful craftiness. f. f. flattery, adula-

ZALA'MA, ZALAME'RIA, { tion.

ZALAME'RO, s. m. f. a flatterer.

ZALE'A, f. f. a sheep's skin dried, but not dressed or tanned.

ZALEA'R, v. a. to shake any thing or drag it with easiness.

ZALEA'R, to part dogs by crying $\approx a$,

ZALE'MA, f. f. an humble inclination bow, or curtefy.

ZALE'O, f. m. the skin of a sheep or ZA'NCA, f. f. a small leg, a spindle cow pulled to pieces by the wolf, and carried by the shepherd to his master.

Zaléo, s. m. the act of shaking any thing as one does the leather of an animal

ZALO'MA, f. f. the cry used by sailors working on board a ship.

ZALOMA'R, v. n. to cry as failors do when they work on board.

ZALO'NA, f. f. a large earthen pot.

Z A M

ZAMACU'CO, f. m. a dunce, a filly fellow; also drunkenness.

ZAMA'NZA, f. f. a cudgelling, a found beating.

ZAMA'RRA, s. f. a garment of sheep skings with the wool on, worn by shepherds.

Zamarreár, v. a. to drag and tear, as the wolf does a sheep.

Zamarrear, to press close in argument. Zamaritár, to beat, to thrash, to cudgel. ZAMARRI'CO, f. m. dimin. of $\approx a$ marro.

ZAMA'RRO, f. m. a garment made or lined with sheep skins; also a dirty, clownish, lumpish fellow.

Barbas de zamá ro, a thick dirty beard. ZAMARRO'N. s. m. augmentative of ZANCU'DO, adj. long-legged. zamarra and zamarro.

ZAMBA'RCO, f. m. the large strap ZA'NDALO, v. SA'NDALO. that is tied round the mules drawing a coach, that the ropes may not hurt ZdNE'FA, f. f. v. CENE'FA. their breaft.

ZA'MBO, f. m. a wild beaft in America fo called.

ZA'MBOZAMBI'GO, ing the legs turned ZANGANDO NGO, i. m. an idle felinwards.

ZAMBO'A, f. f. a fort of quince. ZAMBO'MBA, f. f. a pastoral instru- ZANGANEA'R, v. n to be very idle. ment so called.

Zambómbe, f. m. a ruftick, a clown, a rude witlefs fellow.

ZAMBORO'NDON, adj. groß, rude, clownish.

ZAMBOROTUDO, adj. idem.

ZAMBRA, f. f. a feath or dance; any noity feath; a fray or quarrel.

ZAMRUCA'R, v. r., to throw one-ZAMCUCA'RSE, v. a. j felf fuddenly among any thing in order to be hidden.

ZAMBU'CO, f. m. hiding onefelf fuddenly.

ZAMBULLI'DA, f. f. finking into the water fuddenly.

Zambullida, a particular trick fo called in fencing.

ZAMBULLIRSE, v. r. v. ZABUL-LI'RSE.

ZAMPALIMO'SNAS, f. m. a poor beggar.

ZAMPAPALO, f. m. a glutton, a great eater.

ZAMPA'R, v. a. to put one thing in

another suddenly; also to cat vora cioufly and very quick.

Zamparse, v. r. to rush into a place, to thrust, to clap in suddenly.

ZAMPATO'RTAS, f. m. a glutton; alf) a dunce, a dolt.

ZAMPOnA, f. f. an inflrument confifting of several flutes; in Madrid the boys call by that name a poor of the hospital.

Zampona, an unwitty faying.

ZAMPUZA'R, v. a. to put any thing into the water; also to hide in any place.

ZAMPUZO, f. m. the act of hiding. concealing, or of finding under water.

$Z \cdot A \cdot N$

ZANAHO'RIA, f. f. a carrot; also a vain and faise compliment.

shank; that part of the bird's leg which has not fiesh on it.

Ir en zancas de araña, to proceed artfully.

ZANCA'DA, f. f. a large step.

ZANCADI'LLA, f. f. a trip; also a skip or hop, a snare, a fraud.

ZANCAJEA'R, v.n. to tread aukwardly kicking up the heel.

ZANCAJE'RA, f. f. the step of a coach or chaise.

ZANCAJIE'NTO, adj. vide ZANCA-70'80.

ZANCAJO, f. m. the heel of the foot, stockings, or shoes.

Zancajo, a dull fellow.

ZANJAJO'SO, adj. having the feet turned outward.

Zancajóso, dull, blundering.

ZANCARRO'N, f. m. the foot's bone, dry and without flesh; also any such bone.

Zancarrón, an old, lean, ugly, nasty perion.

Zincarrón, an ignorant professor of any art of filence.

ZINCO, f. m. stilts; also a stalker.

Poner a uno en zancos, to raise one, to make one's fortune.

Subirse on zancos, to grow proud and haughty.

ZANDA'I.IA, f. f. v. SANDA'LIA.

ZANDI'A, f. f. v. SANDI'A.

ZA'NGA, f. f. a play at cards in four. ZANGA'LA, f. f. a fort of linen full of

gum and well polified. adj. splay-legged, hav- ZANGAMA'NGA, f. f. deceit, fraud. ZANGANDU'LLO, j low, a filly fel-

low.

ZA'NGANO, f. m. a drone; a lazy fellow.

ZANGALI'LLA, f. f. a kind of tempo. rary mill.

ZANGARILLE'JA, f. f. a young dirty girl.

ZANGARREA'R, v. a. to feratch the guittar, to play upon it without art.

ZANGARRIANA, f. f. a diffemper in ZAPHYR, adj. a delicate azure blue. the head among theep; also melancholy.

lad.

ZANGOLOTEA'R, v. n. to move in ZAPOTE, f. m. an American tree for decently.

ZANGOLOTEO, f. m. indecent motion of one's body.

ZANGUA'NGA, f. f. a feigned infirmity to avoid work.

Hacer la zanguánga, to feign an insirmity in order to avoid work and be idle.

ZANGUATO, s. m. a tall and lean man; an idle fellow; a fimpleton; one who feigns simplicity.

Za'NJA, i. f. a trench dug to lay the foundation of a house; also any foun-

Abrir las zánjas, to dig, to begin an

ZANJA'R, v. a. to make a treach.

ZANJO'N, f. m. a great trench. ZANJONCI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of

ZANQUEADO'R, f. m. a stalking perfon; also a great walker.

ZANQUEA'R, v. n. to stalk; also to

ZANQUILA'RGO, adj. long-legged. ZANQUI'LLA, f. f. a long and thinlegged person.

ZANQUITUE'RTO, adj. having the legs crocked.

ZANQUIVA'NO, adj. having long legs.

Z A P

ZAPA, f. f. the spade used by the pioneer in war.

Zápa, a hoe for a garden.

Zápa, f. f. shagreen; also a work resembling shagreen.

ZAPADO'R, f. m. one who faps; an underminer.

Caminar a la zapa, to undermine. ZAPA'R, v. a. to hoe in a garden; in a martial sense, to sap; that is, to fink a deep trench, descending by stens

to get into the enemies works. ZAPARRA'DA, f. f. v. ZAPARRA'ZO. ZAPARRASTRA'R, v. n. to drag one's garment along the ground, fo that they gather up the dirt.

ZAPARRASTRO'SO, adj. that drags his garment loofe along the ground, fo that it gathers the dirt.

Zaparrastroso, ill done, clumfily made or done.

ZAPARRA'ZO, s. m. a great blow given by falling from on high; also sudden insirmity and so 'den misfortune in prosperity.

ZAPATA, f. f. a piece of leather put under fomething that it may not be fpoiled by rubbing.

Zapata, a piece of timber put under a beam that leans on a pillar.

Zapara, a kind of half-boat. ZAPATA'ZO, f. m. a great blow with a

thoc. ZAPATEADO'R, f. m. who makes a noise with the shoes as in sencing.

ZAPATERIA, f. f. a shoemaker's shop or butiness. ZAPATE'RO, f. m. a shoemaker.

ZAPATICO, f. m. a fmall thoc. ZAPA'TO, f. m. a shoe.

Zapato fobre pillar, a piece laid on a pillar for a beam to rest on. Meterse en un zapato, to creep into a sioc

for fear. Andar con zapatos de fiélire, to move lecretly, privately.

ZA'PE, the word used to a cat, to bid her be gone.

ZAPEA'R, v. a. to drive away the cat by crying zape.

ZAPHYRO, f. m. a precious flone called a faphire.

ZANGARULLO'N, f. m. a tall idle ZAPITO, f. m. a wooden vessel into which cows are milked.

called, which now grows in Spain-ZAPUZA'R, v. n. v. ZAMPUZAR.

Z A Q

ZAQUE, a leather bag for wine; also a drunkard.

ZAQUEA'R, v. n. to put the wine from a leather bag into another.

ZAQUIZA'MI, f. m. the space or place between the plattering and the 100h, tilings

tiling, or covering of a house; also the ceiling or wainfcotting; also a cockloft.

Z A R

ZAR, f. m. the czar of Muscovy: ZA'RA, f. f. Indian corn. ZARABA'NDA, s. i. iaraband, a dance; also any noise. ZARABUTE'RO, adj. lying, intrigu-

ZARADIO'N, f. m. a medicine formerly used to cure dogs. ZÁRADI'QUE, f. m. idem.

ZARAGATO'NA, f. f. the herb flea-

wort or flea-bane. ZAKAGOCI', acj. (ciruëla zaragoci) a

fore of plum to called. ZARAGUE LLES, f. m. large breeches. ZARAMA'GO, s. m. a plant or herb

io called ZARAMAGULLO'N, f. m. an aquatick

bird fo called. ZARAMBE'QUE, f. m. a dance very

gay and merry. ZARA'NDA, i. f. a sieve with large ZATI'LLO, i bread holes for the corn to fall through and ZATO, f. m. a bit of bread. the straw to remain behind.

ZARANDADO'R, f. m. he who winnows corn.

ZARANDAJAS, s. f. pl. small trifles ZAZO'SO, adj. lisping. of little value.

ZARANDADERO, f. m. v. ZARAN-DADOR.

ZARANDEA'R, zv. a. to fift the corn. ZE'A, f. f. v. CE'A. ZARANDI'LLO, f. m. a little sieve.

Zarandillo, a little and brifk fellow. Ander come zarandillo, to move brickly | ZE'BRA, f. f. v. CE'BRA.

about. ZARAPALLO'N, f. m. a dull, dirty,

ragged fellow. ZARAPETO, f. ma brisk fellow.

ZARAPITO, f. m. a kind of fea-ZARATA'N, f. m. a cancer in the

breafts of women.

ZARA'ZAS, f. f. pl. a mess made to kill} dogs, rats, &c. also, printed chinaj cotton.

ZARCEA'R, v. a. to clean the waterpipes with long staves or perches. ZARCE'RO, adj. the appellative of a

particular sporting dog. ZARCE'TA, f. f. a bird to called. ZARCI'LLO, f. m. an ear-ring.

ZA'RCO, adj. light blue. ZARE'VITZ, f. m. the eldest son of the czar of Muscovy.

ZARIA'NO, adj. belonging to the czar of Mulcovy.

ZARITZA, f. f. the empress of Muscovy.

ZARCA, s. f. an engine to wind up

ZARPA, f. f. the dirt that slicks to dragging garments.

Zarpa, the paw of a quadruped. ZARPA'R, v. a. to weigh anchor. 2ARPAZO, f. m. the noise made by

something falling down. ZARRACATIN, f. m. a miser; one that haggles much for all he sells or

ZARZA, f. f. a briar, a bramble, a thorn,

a bush. ZARZA'GAN, ZARZANETE, fim. a cold wind.

ZARZAGAVILLO, ZARZAHA'N, f. m. a fort of thin ffriped fills.

ZARZAIDE'A, f. f. (the same as frambuyeo), a raspberry.

ZARZA'L, f. in. n place full of thorns, bramples or buffica.

ZARY AMORA, f. f. a black-berry. ZARZAPARPLLLA, f. f. the plant! called farfa or farfafirella, growing in New Spain.

ZARZAPARILLA'R, f. m. the place ! where the farfaparilla grows. ZARZAPERRU'NA, f. f. dog-briar, eglantine.

ZARZARO'SA. s. f. the wild rose. ZARZO, f. m. an hurdle or crate. Monedor el zárzo, to beat, to chastise. ZA'RZO'SO, adj. tull of briars. ZARZUE'LA, f. f. a comedy or farce in two acts.

Z A S

ZAS, a word to express a cut or a blow.

ZASCANDI'L, f. m. a blow suddenly given, or an act suddenly done.

Zascandil. a deceitful or teasing man; or a meddling fellow that offers and promises what he cannot give.

ZAT

ZATA. Is. f. a float of timber sent! ZATARA, I down a river. ZATICO, 16. m. a small bit of ZITA'RA, s. f. v. AZITA'RA.

Z A Z

Z E A

ZEB

ZED

ZE'DA, f. f. the name of the letter \approx . ZEDI'LLO, f. f. dimin. of zeda. ZEDOA'RIA, f. f. a plant so called.

ZEL

ZELA'DO, adj. jealously or carefully looked after.

ZELADO'R, f. m. a zealous, or a jealous person.

ZELA'R, v. a to be zeulous or jealous.

ZELE'RA, f. f. jealousy. ZE'LO, f. m. zeal.

Zelo, the rut in animals, their desire of copulation.

Zelos, f. m. jealousy.

Dar melor, to make jealous, to occasion jealoufy.

Peule zelos, to shew jealousy, to charge with insidelity in love. ZELO'8O, adj. jealous.

ZELOTIPIA, f. f. jealoufy.

ZEN

ZENIT, f. m. the zenith, the point in the heavens directly over every man's head, the vertical point. ZENZALINO, adj. belonging to gnats. ZENZA'LO, f. m. a fort of gnat.

Z E P

ZE'PHIRO, f. m. the west wind, a zephir, a fost breeze or wind.

ZEQ

ZE'QUI, f. m. a golden coin so called. ZEQUIA, S. S. v. AZEQUIA.

ZET

ZETA, f. f. v. ZEDA.

Z E U

ZEU'GMA, f. f. a figure in grammar for called.

ZIL

ZILO'RGANO, f. m. akind of organ,

ZIP

ZIP ZA'PE, f. m. a noify quarrel with blows.

ZIR

ZIRIGAZA, flattery, adulation; also a trifle,

ZIS

ZISZAZ, words that express a blow, or the noise of a blow.

ZIT

Z I Z

ZIZATA, f. f. v. VALLI'CO. Zazána dissension; also infection. ZIZAnE'RO, adj. who raises dissension or quarrels.

ZOC

ZO'CALO, a dye on which a pedestal stands.

ZOCA'TO, adj. pale with ripeness. ZOCO, f. m. v. ZUECO.

Andar de zocos en colodros, to get out of a danger or of a difficult business, and get into another.

ZO'COBA, f. f. the name of a plant and of a tree.

ZOCLO, f. m. bulkin.

Z O D

ZODI'ACO, f. m. the zodiack, or circle in the heavens on which the twelve figns are, and the fun makes it yearly courfe.

ZOF

ZOFRA, f. f. a fort of carpet.

201

ZOILO, f. m. an envious carping railing person.

Z O L

ZOLLIPA'R, v. a. to figh. ZOLLI'PO, a figh with a hiccough. ZOLO'CHO, adj. filly, foolish, lacking wit.

Z O M

ZO'MA, f. f. v. SO'MA. ZO'MAS, f. f. pl. uneven ridges in the fields. ZO'MPO, adj. v. ZO'PO.

Z O N

ZO'NA, f. f. a zone, or circle in the heavens.

ZONCERIA, f. f. infipidity, foolery, foolishness.

ZO'NZO, adj. infipid, unfavoury, tafteless; also insipid, nauseous, filly, witlefs.

Ave zonzu, an insipid man, a silly witlefs person.

ZONZORRIO'N, f. m. a filly perfon. Z O F

Z O P

ZOPAS, f. f. pl. lisping. ZOPISSA, f. f. the resin mixed with wax.

ZOPO, adj. lame; subst. used, an unhandy person, an aukward fellow.

Z O Q

ZOQUETE, f. m. a short and thick piece of wood; also a large piece of bread.

Zoquéte, s. m. a short and sat person; also an ignorant fellow.

ZOQUETE'RO, adj. beggarly. ZOQUETU'DO, adj. gross, rude, illmade.

Z O R

ZORITA, adj. (paloma zorita) a wild ZUCIO, adj. v. SUCIO. fort of pigeon.

ZO'RRA, f. f. a fox.

Estár una zorra, to be drunk. Cazár una zorra, to make oneself drunk. Prov. Assi dixo la zorra a la uvas no pudiéndolas alcanzar que no estaban maduras, the fox said the grapes were not ripe, when she could not reach them.

Prov. Quando la zorra anda al grillo, no hai para ella, ni para sus bijos, when the fox goes a cricket-hunting, there is not enough for herself, nor her young.

Prov. Mucho sabe la zorra, péro mas el que la toma, the fox is very cunning, but he is more cunning that catches her.

ZORRE!RA, f. f. the hole of a fox; also also a smoky place or house; so called, because they smoke foxes ont of their holes.

ZORRERI'A, f. f. the trick of a fox; also any cunning fly trick.

ZORRE'RO, adj. heavy, lumpish. Perro zorrero, a fox-dog, a kind of small dog fo called.

ZORRI'LLA, s. f. a little fox.

Prov. Zorilla tagarnilléra, bacése muérta por assir la présa, the tricking fox lies as if he were dead to catch her prey. Prov. Zorrilla que mucho tarda caza aguárda, the fox that waits long waits for a prey.

ZO'RRO, f. m. a he-fox; in cant, a cheating beggar; an idle fellow. Prov. Zorro en zorrera el humo lo echa fuera, when a fox is in his hole, the smoke setches him out.

Navio zárro, a ship very heavy. Zórros, f. m. pl. the fox's tail; used to take off dust and powder; also the

fox's skin dressed. Estar bechoun zorro, to be very sleepy. ZORROCLO'CO, f. m. a kind of paste made into wafers to cat.

Zorrocloco, a fellow that looks idle and lumpish, but cunning enough to know his advantage.

Zorrocloco, the act of coaxing, carefling, wheedling, flattering.

ZORRONGLO'N, adj. that does what is ordered him in an awkward manner through spight or unwillingness. ZORRU'NO, adj. relating to a fox.

ZORU'LLO, f. m. v. ZURU'LLO." ZORZA'L, f. m. the bird feldfare.

ZORZALE'NA, adj. fem. (azeituna zorzaléna,) a very small round fort of olives.

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ZOSTER, f. m. a distemper so called. Z O T

ZO'TE, f. m. a dolt, numbikul, a heavy dull fellow.

$Z \circ Z$

ZOZO'BRA, f. f. a contrary wind, a hard-gale; also trouble, grief. ZOZOBRA'R, v. n. to be in danger of foundering at fea; also to be in great trouble and affliction.

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ZU'BIA, f. f., a place where many waters meet.

ZUC

ZUCIEDA'D, f. f. v. SUCIEDA'D.

ZUE

ZUE'CO, f. m. a wooden shoe; also a fort of shoes with wooden soles. Zueço, adj. plain, applied to flyle.

ZUF

ZU'FRE, f. m. v. AZU'FRE. ZUFRI'R, v. n. v. SUFRIR.

$Z \cup I$

ZUI'ZA, f. f. a fort of sport, like a muster of soldiers. Zuiza, s. f. quarrel, dispute, contest. ZUIZON, f. m. v. CHUZO'N.

ZUL

ZULA'QUE, f. m. a kind of cement or mastick made of lime, oil, and other ingredients. ZU'LLA, f. f. an herb given to cattle.

Zullarse, v. r. to ease oneself. ZULLEN'CO, adj. said of a feeble old

person. ZULLO'N, f. m. a wind expelled without noise.

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ZUMACA'L, I. m. a place full of fu-ZUMACA'R, mach-herb. Zumacár, v. a. to tan skins with sumach. ZUMACAYA, f. f. v. ZUMAYA. ZUMA'QUE, f. m. the fumach-herb whose slowers are used in dying, and the bark in tanning. Zumaque, in cant, wine.

Ser afinado al zumaque, to be drunk. ZUMAYA, f. f. a bird of the owl kind ZU'MBA, f. f. a large bell hanging on the neck of cattle; also mocking, joking upon one.

ZU'MBA'R, v. n. to hum, to buz like a bee; also to mock, to play upon one Zumbarse, v. r. to jest.

ZUMBEL, f. m. frown, angry aspect. ZUMBIDO, f. m. a humming or buzzing noife.

ZUMBO, f. m. the fame as zumbido, but less used.

ZUMBO'N, adj. jesting, mocking. Palómo zumbón, a kind of pigeon fo called.

ZUMIE'NTO, adj. full of juice, juicy. ZUMI'LLO, f. m. the herb called dragon. ZU'MO, f. m. juice, sap, moisture. Zumo de cepas à parras, wine.

ZUP

ZUMO'SO, adj. juicy, full of juice.

ZU'PLA, f. f. foul, bad wine; also any bad liquor; the dregs of any thing.

ZUR

ZURA'NA, f. f. v. ZORITA.

F N.

O. S. C. S. R. E.

ZURCIDE'RA, s. f. a woman that darns. ZURCIDO'R, f. m. who mends cloths; also a pimp. ZURCIDU'RA, f. f. mending of cloths. ZURCI'R, v. a. to lie, to tell stories. ZU'RDO, adj left-handed. A zuraui, adv. with the left hand, badly. Zurdo, left; said of the hand, and of any thing that is on the left fide. No ser zurdo to be expert, not to bea fool, ZUK!TA, f. f. v. ZORITA. ZURI'ZA, I. f. v. ZUIZA, ZURO, adj. v. ZORITA. ZURRA, f. f. obf. v. ZORRA. Zurra, the maccration that ikin must un-

dergo to be turned into leather. Zuria, continued labour, incessant study. Zurra, a handful of blows given to one. Zurra, a reprimand, a rebuke, Zurra, an interjection expressing that we

are teazed and will be fo no more. Zurra al caname, beat him, chastise him. Zurra, f. f. obf. a fox. Zurra, currying of ikins, or any other

thing, Zurra, a whipping or beating; also dif-

pute, contest. Zurra, blame, reproach. ZURRADO'R, f. m. a currier; also onc

who chastifes or beats. ZURRA'PAS, f. f. the lees or dregs finking in the bottom of a vessel,

Con zuri ápas, in a nasty manner. ZURRAPO'SO, adj. full of lees. LURRAPI'LLAS, i. t. a few dregs. ZURRIA'.GA, i. f. a strap of leather to

cast his dart with, a lash for a top or any fuch whipa 11 Zurriaga, a bird so called, a kind of

lark. ZURRIAGA'R, v. n. to make a buzzing or humming noise.

Zurriar, to speak with a bad tone of voice. ZURRIBUNDA, if. if. quarrel, frey, - battle, fight.

ZURRIBU'KRI, f. m. a herd of mean people; also a mean person.

ZURRYDO, f. m humming, buzzing. ZURRIO, f. m. a humming or buzzing noise. ...

ZURRI'R, v. n. to emit a bad or rough found.

ZURRO'N, f. m.a leather budget or bag. Zurron, the first pellicle of some fruits. Zurron, the top of the stalk of corn where the grains are wrapped up.

Zurron, that kind of tkin in which some children are wrapt up when coming in this world.

Zurron, a kind of little bag found in antmals, that is full of worms, or on trees that is full of caterpillars or the like.

ZURRO'NA, f. f. a bad woman, a cheating wench.

ZURRU'SCO, f. m. a toast burnt. ZURUJA'NO, f. m. obf. v. CIRUJA'-NO.ZURU'LLO, f. m. a long and round

piece of any thing.

ZUT

ZUTANI'LLO, f. m. dimin of xu. ZUTANICO, tano. ZUTANITO. ZUTANO, f. m. f. fuch a onc-

ZUZ

ZUZA'R, v. a. v. AZUZAR. ZUZO, a word to call dogs or incite them.